# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



## 118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-1997**

Legislative Document

No. 1834

H.P. 1289

House of Representatives, April 24, 1997

An Act to Improve the State's Child Support Enforcement and Overpayment Recovery Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Received by the Clerk of the House on April 22, 1997. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative NASS of Acton. Cosponsored by Senator LONGLEY of Waldo and

Representatives: HATCH of Skowhegan, KERR of Old Orchard Beach, KNEELAND of Easton, ROWE of Portland, Senators: MICHAUD of Penobscot, MILLS of Somerset.

Вe	it	enacted	by	the	People	of	the	State	of	, V	<b>Aaine</b>	as	follows:	
----	----	---------	----	-----	--------	----	-----	-------	----	-----	--------------	----	----------	--

- Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §807, sub-§3, ¶J, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 599,
  \$3, is amended to read:
  - J. For the purposes of defending a civil action filed against a corporation, an officer of the corporation if the corporation is organized in this State and has 2 or fewer shareholders; or

## Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §807, sub-§3, ¶K is enacted to read:

K. A person who is not an attorney, but who is representing the Department of Human Services in accordance with Title 19-A, section 1615; Title 19-A, section 2009, subsection 8; Title 19-A, section 2201, subsection 1-B; and Title 19-A, section 2202, subsection 1-B.

### Sec. 3. 19-A MRSA §1615 is enacted to read:

#### §1615. Representation of department

6

8

10

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

42

44

46

48

50

The commissioner may designate employees of the department who are not attorneys to file the record of proceedings commenced under this subchapter in District Court and to represent the department in court in those proceedings. The commissioner shall ensure that appropriate training is provided to all employees designated to represent the department under this subchapter.

### Sec. 4. 19-A MRSA §2009, sub-§8 is enacted to read:

- 32

  8. Motions by department. When the department provides child support enforcement services, the commissioner may designate employees of the department who are not attorneys to prepare motions under this section, to file those motions in District Court and to represent the department in court if a hearing is held. If a hearing is requested, the department is represented at the hearing by counsel. The commissioner shall ensure that appropriate training is provided to all employees who are designated to represent the department under this section.
  - Sec. 5. 19-A MRSA 2101, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is amended to read:
  - 2. Compliance with a support order. "Compliance with an erder-ef-support a support order" means that the support obligor is no more than 90 60 days in arrears in making payments in full for current support, in making periodic payments on a support arrearage pursuant to a written agreement with the department or in making periodic payments as set forth in an-order-ef support

order and has obtained or maintained health insurance coverage if 2 required by an-order-of-support a support order. Sec. 6. 19-A MRSA §2101, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 4 694, Pt. B,  $\S 2$  and affected by Pt. E,  $\S 2$ , is repealed. 6 Sec. 7. 19-A MRSA §2101, sub-§13 is enacted to read: 8 13. Support order. "Support order" means a judgment or order for the support of dependent children issued by any court 10 of the State or another state, including an order in a final decree of divorce or any judgment or order issued in accordance 12 with an administrative procedure established by state law that affords substantial due process and is subject to judicial review. 14 Sec. 8. 19-A MRSA §§2104 and 2105 are enacted to read: 16 18 §2104. Credit for dependent benefits 20 Credit toward a current child support obligation for dependent benefits paid for the child as a result of the obligor 22 parent's disability must be given to an obligor parent who receives social security, veteran's or other disability insurance 24 benefits. The credit may not exceed the amount of the current obligation for the period for which benefits are paid. Credit may not be given toward a past or future obligation for dependent 26 benefits that exceed the current obligation. 28 §2105. Additional child support enforcement services 30 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon written authorization by the Secretary of the United States Department of 32 Health and Human Services, the judicial branch and the department 34 shall provide child support enforcement services in accordance with the United States Social Security Act, Title IV-D, without 36 need of an application for services. When a person is awarded child support, the court shall provide written notice to that 38 person that explains the services provided by the State and the right to refuse services if services are not wanted. 40 Sec. 9. 19-A MRSA §2201, sub-§§1-A and 1-B are enacted to read: 42

1-A. Written agreement to pay past-due support. An obligor who is presently unable to pay all past-due support may come into compliance with the support order by executing a written payment agreement with the department and by complying with that agreement. A condition of a written payment agreement must be that the obligor pay the current child support when due. Before a written payment agreement is executed, the obligor shall:

44

46

A. Disclose fully to the department in writing on a form prescribed by the department the obligor's financial circumstances, including income from all sources, assets, liabilities and work history for the past year; and

6

8

10

12

B. Provide documentation to the department concerning the obligor's financial circumstances, including copies of the most recent state and federal income tax returns, both personal and business, a copy of a recent pay stub representative of current income and copies of other records that show the obligor's income and the present value of assets held by the obligor.

14

16

18

After full disclosure, the department shall determine the obligor's ability to pay past-due support and request the obligor to execute a written payment agreement consistent with the obligor's ability to pay, not to exceed the limits on income withholding in section 2356.

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

- 1-B. Failure to comply with written agreement. Failure to comply with a written payment agreement is grounds for license revocation unless the obligor notifies the department that the obligor is unable to comply with the agreement and provides the department with evidence of the obligor's current financial circumstances to support the claim. The consequences of failing to comply with a written payment agreement and the requirements to avoid license revocation, if the obligor can not comply with the agreement, must be stated in the agreement. If the obligor claims inability to comply with a written payment agreement, the department, upon motion to the District Court, may request the court to determine the obligor's ability to pay past-due support. After notice and an opportunity for hearing, the court may make a finding of money due, render judgment in that amount and order any relief provided under sections 2603 and 2603-A. For purposes of this subsection, the commissioner may designate employees of the department who are not attorneys to represent the department in District Court. The commissioner shall ensure that appropriate training is provided to all employees designated to represent the department under this subsection.
- Sec. 10. 19-A MRSA §2201, sub-§6, ¶¶B and C, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2, and affected by Pt. E, §2, are amended to read:
- B. The department issues a decision after <u>a</u> hearing that finds the obligor is not in compliance with an order of support and the obligor has not appealed the decision within the 30-day appeal period provided in subsection 3; ex

2	C. The court enters a judgment on a petition for judicial review that finds the obligor is not in compliance with an
4	erder-ef-suppert <u>a support order;</u>
	Sec. 11. 19-A MRSA §2201, sub-§6, ¶¶D and E are enacted to
6	read:
8	D. The obligor abandons a timely request for a hearing on the department's notice of noncompliance and is not in
10	compliance with the support order; or
12	E. The obligor fails to comply with a written payment agreement, does not notify the department that the obligor
14	is unable to comply with the agreement and does not provide the department with evidence of the obligor's current
16	financial circumstances.
18	Sec. 12. 19-A MRSA §2202, sub-§§1-A and 1-B are enacted to read:
20	1-A. Written agreement to pay past-due support. An obligor
22	who is presently unable to pay all past-due support may come into compliance with the support order by executing a written payment
24	agreement with the department and by complying with that agreement. A condition of a written payment agreement must be
26	that the obligor pay the current child support when due. Before a written payment agreement is executed, the obligor shall:
28	A. Disclose fully to the department in writing on a form
30	prescribed by the department the obligor's financial circumstances, including income from all sources, assets,
32	liabilities and work history for the past year; and
34	B. Provide documentation to the department concerning the obligor's financial circumstances, including copies of the
36	most recent state and federal income tax returns, both personal and business, a copy of a recent pay stub
38	representative of current income and copies of other records that show the obligor's income and the present value of
40	assets held by the obligor.
42	After full disclosure, the department shall determine the obligor's ability to pay past-due support and request the obligor
44	to execute a written payment agreement consistent with the obligor's ability to pay, not to exceed the limits on income
46	withholding in section 2356.
48	1-B. Failure to comply with written agreement. Failure to
50	comply with a written payment agreement is grounds for license revocation unless the obligor notifies the department that the
-	

	circumstances to support the claim. The consequences of failing
4	to comply with a written payment agreement and the requirements
	to avoid license revocation, if the obligor can not comply with
б.	the agreement, must be stated in the agreement. If the obligor
	claims inability to comply with a written payment agreement, the
8	department, upon motion to the District Court, may request the
	court to determine the obligor's ability to pay past-due
1.0	support. After notice and an opportunity for hearing, the court
	may make a finding of money due, render judgment in that amount
12	and order any relief provided under sections 2603 and 2603-A.
	For purposes of this subsection, the commissioner may designate
1.4	employees of the department who are not attorneys to represent
	the department in District Court. The commissioner shall ensure
16	that appropriate training is provided to all employees designated
	to represent the department under this subsection.
18	
	Sec. 13. 19-A MRSA §2202, sub-§7, ¶¶B and C, as enacted by PL
20	1995, c. 694, Pt. B, $\S 2$ , and affected by Pt. E, $\S 2$ , are amended
	to read:
22	
	B. The department issues a decision after a hearing that
24	finds the obligor is not in compliance with an order of
	support and the obligor has not appealed the decision within
26	the 30-day appeal period provided in subsection 4; ex
28	C. The court enters a judgment on a petition for judicial
	review that finds the obligor is not in compliance with an
30	order-of-support- a support order;
	Co. 14 10 A MIDCA COOPS and C. MAID and E.
32	Sec. 14. 19-A MRSA §2202, sub-§7, ¶¶D and E are enacted to
2.4	read:
34	
2.6	D. The obligor abandons a timely request for a hearing on
36	the department's notice of noncompliance and is not in
2.0	compliance with the support order; or
38	
4.0	E. The obligor fails to comply with a written payment
40	agreement, does not notify the department that the obligor
	is unable to comply with the agreement and does not provide
42	the department with evidence of the obligor's current
	financial circumstances.
44	C 4F 40 4 B#BC 4 00004
	Sec. 15. 19-A MRSA §2204 is enacted to read:
46	00000
4.0	§2204. Caretaker relative; change of payee
48	
F.0	When the department pays cash aid to a caretaker relative
50	who provides primary residential care for a dependent child for

obligor is unable to comply with the agreement and provides the department with evidence of the obligor's current financial

whom a support order has been issued, the obligor's obligation 2 under the support order to pay child support and provide medical support continues. The child support is payable to the department for as long as the department pays cash aid for the 4 child. Upon notice to the obligor and the payee named in the support order, the department may redirect payments under the б support order to the caretaker relative if the caretaker relative states under penalty of perjury that physical custody of the 8 child was not obtained illegally. The obligor and the payee may 10 contest action to redirect payments at an administrative hearing. The department shall notify the obligor and the payee 12 of the right to a hearing in the notice. If payments are redirected to a caretaker relative, the department may seek to 14 establish an administrative support order against the nonobligated parent.

16

18

20

Sec. 16. 19-A MRSA  $\S 2301$ , sub- $\S \S 1$  to 3, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B,  $\S 2$  and affected by Pt. E,  $\S 2$ , are amended to read:

1. Public assistance. Debts due the department for public assistance are as follows.

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

- When an-order-of-support a support order has not been established, a payment of public assistance for the benefit of the dependent child creates a debt due the department from the responsible parent for past support. The amount of debt due the department is established by application of the most current child support scale to the responsible parent's income for the time period in which the department was entitled to support payments. In the absence of sufficient reliable information to calculate a responsible parent's past income, it is presumed that the responsible parent had an earning capacity equal to the average weekly wage of a worker within this State as determined by the Department of Labor statistics for the applicable years. annual income may be used if there is sufficient reliable evidence to conclude reasonably that the responsible parent earned a greater or lesser actual income. disability to pay child support, legal or otherwise, does not bar a determination of past debt due the department for any relevant period in which the disability did not exist. When the department establishes a periodic support payment by administrative decision, the debt is limited to the amount stated in the decision.
- B. When an-order-of-support a support order has been established, the debt due the department from the responsible parent is the amount established under that order.

(1) The debt may not be limited by the amount of public assistance paid for the benefit of the dependent child. Amounts collected by the department in excess of public assistance expended must be distributed pursuant to section 2401.

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

(2) The issuance of an-order-of-support a support order does not relieve the responsible parent of any liability for a debt that previously had accrued under paragraph A.

2. Failure to pay child or spousal support. For actions initiated pursuant to section 2103, failure to pay support obligations under an-order-of-support a support order creates a debt due the applicant. Upon execution of a contract between the department and the applicant, the department may take action to establish, enforce or collect the debt under any appropriate statute, including, but not limited to, remedies contained in this article. The department is subrogated to the rights of the payee as provided in section 2351.

3. Default judgment. If the responsible parent defaults or otherwise fails to appear, and no erder-ef-support support order has been established, the court or administrative hearing officer shall presume that the responsible parent has an earning capacity equal to the average weekly wage of a worker within this State as determined by the Department of Labor statistics for the applicable years. A different annual income than the one specified by this subsection may be used if there is sufficient reliable evidence to conclude reasonably that the responsible parent earned a greater or lesser actual income.

Sec. 17. 19-A MRSA §2304, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is amended to read:

When an-order-of--support a support order has not been established, the department may establish the responsible parent's current parental support obligation pursuant to chapter 63, establish the responsible parent's debt for past support, including medical expenses, and establish the responsible parent's obligation to maintain health insurance coverage for each dependent child. The department may proceed on its own behalf or on behalf of another state or another instrumentality, an individual or governmental applicant services under section 2103 or a person entitled by federal law to support enforcement services as a former recipient of public The department acting on behalf of another state, assistance. another state's instrumentality or a person residing in another state constitutes good cause within the meaning of Title 5,

section 9057, subsection 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a parental support obligation established under this section continues beyond the child's 18th birthday, if the child is attending secondary school as defined in Title 20-A, section 1, until the child graduates, withdraws, is expelled or attains 19 years of age, whichever occurs first. For purposes of this section, "debt for past support" includes a debt owed to the department under section 2301, subsection 1, paragraph A, a debt owed under section 2103 and a debt that accrues under sections 1504 and 1554.

Sec. 18.19-A MRSA §2304, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is amended to read:

6. Subsequent order. A decision under this section remains in effect until superseded by a subsequent order--of--support support order.

- Sec. 19. 19-A MRSA §2351, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is amended to read:
- 1. Subrogation of support rights. If an-erder-ef-support a support order or a spousal support order exists, the department is subrogated to the right of a dependent child, or person having custody of the child named in the order, to pursue any support action or administrative remedy to secure payment of the debt accrued or accruing under section 2301 and to enforce the order. The department is not required to seek an amendment to the erder ef-support support order or to the spousal support order in order to subrogate itself to the rights of the payee. The department is not required to file a motion to intervene or join in any court proceeding in order to subrogate itself to the rights of the payee and to be treated as a party in any further proceedings regarding the support order.
  - Sec. 20. 19-A MRSA  $\S 2352$ , first  $\P$ , as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B,  $\S 2$  and affected by Pt. E,  $\S 2$ , is amended to read:

When the department is subrogated to an-order-of-support a support order or a spousal support order under section 2351, the commissioner may issue to the responsible parent a notice of debt accrued or accruing under section 2301.

Sec. 21. 19-A MRSA  $\S2352$ , sub- $\S1$ ,  $\PB$  and G, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B,  $\S2$  and affected by Pt. E,  $\S2$ , are amended to read:

B. A statement of the terms of the erder-ef-support support order, including the names of each dependent child;

2	G. A statement that at the administrative hearing only the following issues may be considered:
4	(1) The receipt of public assistance by the
6	responsible parent;
	(2) Uncredited cash payments;
8	(3) The amount of the debt accrued and accruing;
10	(4) The accuracy of the terms of the order-of-support
12	support order as stated in the notice of debt; and
14	(5) The maintenance of any required medical or dental insurance coverage; and
16	Sec. 22. 19-A MRSA §2358, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c.
18	694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
20	2. Notice to responsible parent. When an order is issued,
22	the department shall send a copy of the order to the responsible parent by regular mail at the responsible parent's last known
24	address.
26	Sec. 23. 19-A MRSA §2361, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §2, is amended to read:
28	1. Order. The commissioner may commence an action under
30	Title 14, chapter 502 by directing a responsible parent to appear before the department to disclose under oath information that
32	relates to the responsible parent's ability to pay child support. The commissioner may require a responsible parent who
34	is directed to appear to provide documents, papers and other evidence about the responsible parent's income and assets for the
36	purpose of enforcing an -order -of-support a support order. An order to appear and disclose must be served on the responsible
38	parent as provided by the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4.
40	Sec. 24. 19-A MRSA $\S 2601$ , as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B, $\S 2$ and affected by Pt. E, $\S 2$ , is amended to read:
42	
44	§2601. Contempt
	Upon a motion to enforce an-erder-ef-suppert a support order
46	or costs, the court may issue summary process and may find the defaulting person guilty of contempt as provided under Title 14,

48

section 252.

4	1. Installment payments. In an order of support a support order or costs, the court may include an order to pay specified
6	installment payments as provided under Title 14, sections 3127 to 3136.
8	
10	Sec. 26. 19-A MRSA §2603-A is enacted to read:
12	§2603-A. License revocation for nonpayment of child support
14	Upon a motion to enforce a support order, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the court may make a finding of
16	money due, render judgment for that amount and, to compel payment, order:
18	
	1. Suspension of driver's license. Suspension of the
20	obligor's driver's license or licenses and right to operate a motor vehicle;
22	
	2. Revocation of occupational licenses. Revocation of the
24	obligor's occupational, business, trade or professional licenses; and
26	
	3. Revocation of recreational licenses. Revocation of the
28	obligor's hunting, fishing, boating and other recreational or
30	sporting licenses.
30	The court may issue an order to prevent issuance or renewal
32	of licenses under this section. An order to suspend, revoke or
	prevent issuance or renewal of licenses must be based on a
34	finding by the court that the obligor has the present ability to
	pay all or part of the support owed. The court shall specify in
36	its order ways to avoid the loss of licenses and requirements for
2.0	obtaining licenses that are lost or may not be obtained as a
38	result of an order issued under this section.
40	Sec. 27. 22 MRSA §3811, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 654,
	§1, is amended to read:
42	
	3. Overpayment. "Overpayment" means program benefits that
44	an individual or assistance unit receives that exceed the amount
16	of program benefits for which the individual or assistance unit
46	is eligible when the department or a court has determined that
48	the benefits were received as a result of an intentional program violation, an unintentional error by the individual or household
70	or an error by the department. "Overpayment" includes any
	A STATE OF THE MENT OF THE

Sec. 25. 19-A MRSA  $\S2602$ , sub- $\S1$ , as enacted by PL 1995, c. 694, Pt. B,  $\S2$  and affected by Pt. E,  $\S2$ , is amended to read:

overpayment made before or after the effective date of this subsection. 2 Sec. 28. Effective date. This Act takes effect October 1, 1997. **SUMMARY** 8 This bill improves the State's child support enforcement and welfare overpayment recovery laws as follows. 10 12 1. The court is authorized to revoke driver's. occupational, professional and recreation licenses for nonpayment 14 of child support. 16 2. The Commissioner of Human Services is authorized to designate employees of the Department of Human Services who are 18 not attorneys to prepare and issue motions to modify child support orders. 20 The Commissioner of Human Services is authorized to designate employees of the department who are not attorneys to 22 file in court paternity actions that have been commenced by the 24 department and to represent the department in those actions. 26 The definition of "compliance with a support order" for purposes of license revocation actions taken by the Department of Human Services is changed from 90 days without payment to 60 days 28 without payment. 30 Procedures for making and enforcing agreements to pay 32 past-due support in license revocation actions are established. If an agreement is broken, employees that are not attorneys of 34 the Department of Human Services may ask the court to determine the obligor's ability to pay the past-due support. 36 Child support obligors are entitled to credit toward current support obligations for social security, veteran's and 38 other dependent benefits paid as a result of the obligor's 40 disability. 42 When there is an existing child support order and the Department of Human Services pays cash aid to a caretaker 44 relative other than the obligor or the payee named in the order

of support, the obligation to pay child support continues and the

department may redirect payments to the caretaker relative who is providing primary care for the child after notice and opportunity

for hearing is issued to the obligor and to the payee.

46

- 8. Use of administrative remedies of the Department of
  Human Services to recover public assistance overpayments is
  extended to cases in which overpayments result from unintentional
  or agency errors.
- 9. It changes the statutory language "order of support" to "support order."