



## **118th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-1997**

Legislative Document

No. 1715

H.P. 1215

House of Representatives, April 1, 1997

An Act to Conform the State Revolving Loan Fund for Drinking Water with the 1996 Amendments to the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

(EMERGENCY)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 205.

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Speaker MITCHELL of Vassalboro.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

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Whereas, amendments to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act were enacted subsequent to the adjournment of the Second Regular Session of the 117th Legislature; and

Whereas, effective and efficient use of new federal funds authorized in the federal Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996 require conforming language in the laws of this State; and

Whereas, drinking water projects eligible for funding under the new federal laws, prepared to start construction in the spring of 1997, will be severely limited or prohibited from proceeding unless the appropriate alterations are made in the laws of this State; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §5903, sub-§7-A, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 2, §5, are amended to read:

30 A. Any city, town, special district, county, plantation or municipal village corporation within the State; or

B. For the purpose of section 5953, subsection 1, paragraph D only, any water utility as defined in subsection 13-<u>; or</u>

36 Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §5903, sub-§7-A, ¶C is enacted to read:

38C. For the purpose of section 5953, subsection 1, paragraphD, section 5953-B and section 6006-B, any public water40system as defined under Title 22, section 2601, subsection 8.

Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §5953-B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 605, §7, is amended to read:

§5953-B. Loans from safe drinking water revolving loan fund

Loan application. In addition to the other forms of
 financial assistance available under section 6006-B, a <u>public</u>
 water utility system that is a community water system or a
 nonprofit water system that is not a community water system may

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apply for a loan from the safe drinking water revolving loan fund, in this section called the "fund," the proceeds of which must be used to acquire, design, plan, construct, enlarge, repair, protect or improve drinking water supplies or treatment systems owned by the applicant, or for any actions <u>authorized or</u> required under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974 <u>1996</u>, 42 United States Code, Sections 300f to 300j-9, as amended.

The bank may prescribe an application form or procedure for a 10 <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> to apply for a loan under this section. The application must include any information that the 12 bank determines necessary for the purpose of implementing this section and section 6006-B.

For purposes of this section, the term "<u>public</u> water utility 16 <u>system</u>" has the same meaning as defined in Title 35-A <u>22</u>, section 102 <u>2601</u>, subsection <u>22 8</u>.

Loan; loan agreements. Loans from the fund are subject
 to this subsection.

A. The bank may make loans from the fund to a <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection 1. Each of the loans is subject to the following conditions.

> (1) The total amount of loans outstanding at any one time from the fund may not exceed the balance of the fund, provided that the proceeds of bonds or notes of the bank deposited in the fund, revenues from other sources deposited in the fund and binding financial commitments of the United States to deposit money in the fund are included in determining the fund balance.

(2) The loan must be evidenced by a municipal bond or other debt instrument in a form acceptable to the bank, payable by the <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> over a term not to exceed 40 20 years, or 30 years in the case of a <u>public</u> water system that the bank and the Department of <u>Human Services have determined serves a disadvantaged</u> <u>community</u>, with annual principal or interest payments commencing not later than one year after the project being financed is completed.

(3) The rate of interest charged for the loans must be at or below market interest rates<u>, including an interest-free loan</u>.

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(4) Subject to the limitations of subparagraph (3), the rate of interest charged for the loans made to

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<u>public</u> water utilities <u>systems</u> under this section or the manner of determining the rate of interest must be established from time to time by direction of the bank, taking into consideration the current average rate on outstanding marketable obligations <u>and the policies of</u> the Department of Human Services.

B. Loans made to a <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> by the bank under this section must be evidenced by and made in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in a loan agreement to be executed by the bank and the <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u>. The loan agreement must specify the terms and conditions of disbursement of loan proceeds. The loan agreement must state the term and interest rate of the loan, the scheduling of loan repayments and any other terms and conditions determined necessary or desirable by the bank. Loans made to a public water system by the bank under this section may include provisions for forgiveness of principal payments or loan repayment computation that results in an effective negative interest cost.

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3. Eligibility certification. A loan to a <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> may not be made under this section until:

A. The applicant certifies to the bank that it has secured all permits, licenses and approvals necessary to construct the improvements to be financed by the loan;

B. The applicant demonstrates to the bank that it has established a rate, charge or assessment schedule that generates annually sufficient revenue to pay, or has otherwise provided sufficient assurances that it pays, the principal of and interest on the municipal bond or other debt instrument that evidences the loan made by the bank to the <u>public</u> water utility <u>system</u> pursuant to the loan agreement under this section and to pay reasonably anticipated costs of operating and maintaining the financed project and the system of which it is a part; and

C. The applicant certifies to the bank that it has created a dedicated source of revenue that may constitute general
revenues of the applicant through a general obligation pledge of the applicant for repayment of the loan.

D. In the case of a privately owned public water system, the system must demonstrate that:

 48 (1) It has adequate security, guarantees or other assets for repayment of the loan; and
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(2) Undue benefits do not accrue to owners of a privately owned water system due to financing provided under this section; and

E. The Department of Human Services certifies to the bank that the loan eligibility priority, established under section 6006-B, subsection 3, entitles the applicant to financing or assistance under this section.

Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §5959, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 605, §12, is further amended to read:

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 Contractual authority; reports. The Department of
 Environmental Protection, the Department of Human Services and the bank may enter into agreements and shall provide notice as
 provided in this subsection.

Environmental 18 Α. The Department of Protection, the Department of Human Services and the bank may enter into 20 agreements on behalf of the State with agencies of the United States as may be necessary to obtain grants and awards in furtherance of the stated purposes for which the 22 revolving loan funds created under sections 6006-A and 6006-B is are established and take all other 24 actions necessary to comply with the Federal Water Pollution 26 Control Act, Title VI, and the federal Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996 and their amendments provided that notice of each of the agreements is made in a timely fashion to the 28 Governor.

B. Annually, the Department of Environmental Protection and the bank shall notify the Governor of the amount of the fund created under section 6006-A anticipated to be available for the next fiscal year.

36 <u>B-1. Annually, the Department of Human Services and the</u>
 bank shall notify the Governor of the amount of the fund
 38 <u>created under section 6006-B anticipated to be available for</u>
 the next fiscal year.

C. The bank is designated by the State as the instrumentality empowered to:

44 (1) Administer the revolving loan funds, in conjunction with the Department of Environmental Protection and the
46 Department of Human Services;

 48 (2) Accept capitalization grants or other deposits of funds from the Federal Government or any other source
 50 made under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act,

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Title VI or the Federal <u>federal</u> Safe Drinking Water 2 Act; and (3) Manage the revolving loan funds in accordance with 4 applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations. 6 Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the 8 preamble, this Act takes effect when approved. 10 **SUMMARY** 12 14 This bill conforms the state revolving loan fund with the 1996 amendments to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996. 16