



118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1713

H.P. 1213

House of Representatives, April 1, 1997

An Act Relating to Compensatory and Punitive Damages Under the Maine Human Rights Act.

Submitted by the Maine Human Rights Commission pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

hW. Mayo

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative THOMPSON of Naples.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c.
4	474, §l and affected by §3, is further amended to read:
6	B. If the court finds that unlawful discrimination occurred, its judgment must specify an appropriate remedy or
8	remedies for that discrimination. The remedies may include, but are not limited to:
10	
12	(1) An order to cease and desist from the unlawful practices specified in the order;
14	(2) An order to employ or reinstate a victim of unlawful employment discrimination, with or without
16	back pay;
18	(3) An order to accept or reinstate such a person in a union;
20	(4) An order to rent or sell a specified housing
22	accommodation, or one substantially identical to that accommodation if controlled by the respondent, to a
24	victim of unlawful housing discrimination;
26	(5) An order requiring the disclosure of the locations and descriptions of all housing accommodations that the
28	violator has the right to sell, rent, lease or manage; and forbidding the sale, rental or lease of that <u>those</u>
30	housing accommodations until the violator has given security to assure compliance with any order entered
32	against the violator and with all provisions of this Act. An order may continue the court's jurisdiction
34	until the violator has demonstrated compliance, and may defer decision on some or all relief until after a
36	probationary period and a further hearing on the violator's conduct during that period;
38	(6) An order to pay the victim, in cases of unlawful
40	price discrimination, 3 times the amount of any excessive price demanded and paid by reason of that
42	unlawful discrimination; and
44	(7)Anordertopaytothovictimofunlawful discrimination-orif-the-commission-brings-action-on
46	behalf-ofthe-victim,an-order-topay-to-the-victim, thecommissionor-both,civilpenal-damages-notin
48	excess-of-\$10,000-in-the-case-of-the-first-order-under thisActagainsttherespondent,notinexcessof
50	\$25,000inthecaseofa2ndorderagainstthe respondent-arising-underthe-samesubchapter-ofthis
52	Act-and-not-in-excess-of- $$50,-000$ -in-the-case-of-a-3rd

Page 1-LR0783(1)

er--subsequent--order--against--the--respondent--arising 2 under-the-same-subchapter-of-this-Act, - except-that-the total--amount-of--civil--penal--damages--awarded--in--any action-filed-under-this-Act-may-not-exceed-the-limits 4 contained-in-this-subparagraph;-and 6 In cases of intentional discrimination, (8)compensatory and punitive damages as provided in this 8 subparagraph: 10 (a) In an action brought by a complaining party under section 4612 and this section against a 12 respondent who engaged in unlawful intentional discrimination prohibited under sections 4571 to 14 4602, if the complaining party can not recover under 42 United States Code, Section 1981 (1994), 16 the complaining party may recover compensatory and punitive damages as allowed in this subparagraph 18 in addition to any relief authorized elsewhere in this subsection from the respondent. 20 (b) When a discriminatory practice involves the 22 provision of a reasonable accommodation, damages may not be awarded under this subparagraph when 24 the covered entity demonstrates good faith efforts, in consultation with the person with the 26 disability who has informed the covered entity that accommodation is needed, to identify and make 28 a reasonable accommodation that would provide that 30 individual with an equally effective opportunity and would not cause an undue hardship on the operation of the business. 32 34 (c) A complaining party may recover punitive damages under this subparagraph against a 36 respondent if the complaining party demonstrates that the respondent engaged in a discriminatory practice or discriminatory practices with malice 38 or with reckless indifference to the rights of an aggrieved individual protected by this Act. 40 42 (d) Compensatory damages awarded under this subparagraph do not include back pay, interest on back pay or any other type of relief authorized 44 elsewhere under this subsection. 46 (e) The sum of compensatory damages awarded under 48this subparagraph for future pecuniary losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental 50 anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, other nonpecuniary losses and the amount of punitive

Page 2-LR0783(1)

	damages awarded under this section may not exceed
2	for each complaining party:
4	(i) In the case of a respondent who has fewer than 15 employees in each of 20 or more
6	calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$10,000;
8	
10	(ii) In the case of a respondent who has more than 14 and fewer than 101 employees in
12	<u>each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the</u> current or preceding calendar year, \$50,000;
14	(iii) In the case of a respondent who has more than 100 and fewer than 201 employees in
16	each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$100,000;
18	
20	<u>(iv) In the case of a respondent who has</u> more than 200 and fewer than 501 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the
22	current or preceding calendar year, \$200,000; and
24	(v) In the case of a respondent who has more
26	than 500 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding
28	calendar year, \$300,000.
30	(f) Nothing in this subparagraph may be construed to limit the scope of, or the relief available
32	under, 42 United States Code, Section 1981 (1994).
34	(g) If a complaining party seeks compensatory or punitive damages under this subparagraph, any
36	party may demand a trial by jury and the court may not inform the jury of the limitations described
38	in division (e).
40	(h) This subparagraph does not apply to recoveries for a practice that is unlawful only
42	because of its disparate impact; and
44	(9) In addition to other remedies in subparagraphs (1) to (8), an order to pay actual damages in the case of
46	discriminatory housing practices. This subparagraph is not intended to limit actual damages available to a
48	plaintiff alleging other discrimination if the remedy of actual damages is otherwise available under this Act.
50	<u>ve mourne amingou es compretendo araitanto amant anto Addr</u>

Page 3-LR0783(1)

SUMMARY

This bill makes the remedies available in proven cases of unlawful discrimination under the Maine Human Rights Act the same as those now available under the Federal Civil Rights Act of 1991, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988.

2

4

б