



118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1496

S.P. 488

In Senate, March 12, 1997

An Act to Streamline the Long-term Care Regulatory System.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BENNETT of Oxford. Cosponsored by Representative GAGNE of Buckfield and Representative: WINSOR of Norway. **Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, under current Medicaid regulations, a person who remains at home after that person's spouse is admitted to a nursing facility receives a monthly support allowance; and

Whereas, current regulations do not extend such protection to spouses of residents of cost-reimbursed residential care facilities; and

Whereas, absent the spousal support protections, a person may be in drastically reduced financial circumstances as a result of the institutionalization of the spouse, a condition known as "spousal impoverishment"; and

18 Whereas, this inequity in the system creates disincentives for people to use less restrictive alternatives to nursing 20 facility care; and

Whereas, this legislation requires the Department of Human Services to amend its rules to redress this inequity no later than July 1, 1997; and

 Whereas, a comprehensive study of the long-term care delivery and financing system in this State is necessary and must
 be completed in time for action by the Second Regular Session of the 118th Legislature; and

Whereas, without emergency legislation this task can not be completed in a thorough and timely manner; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

40 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Act, Title XIX; and

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1708, sub-§3, \P C, as amended by PL 1995, c. 696, Pt. A, §32, is further amended to read:

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C. Are consistent with federal requirements relative to limits on reimbursement under the federal Social Security

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Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1708, sub-§3, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 50 696, Pt. A, §33, is repealed.

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Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §1708, sub-§3, ¶¶E and F are enacted to read:

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E. Ensure that the rate of reimbursement per day of service provided or the amount otherwise reimbursed for any service rendered may not be reduced by the application of any occupancy standard or adjustment that decreases the amount paid in response to a decrease in the number of patients residing in the facility or the percentage of the facility's beds that is occupied during a given period. Any existing rules that reduce the rate of reimbursement based on an occupancy standard or a decrease in the number of residents do not apply on or after the effective date of this paragraph; and

- F. Do not impose or incorporate any reduction in reimbursement as a sanction for errors or inaccuracies in the facility's records of assessments of residents' functional capacities. Any existing provisions of the department's rules that provide for decreases in reimbursement due to specified error rates in assessment
 records, including the "Minimum Data Set Plus," do not apply on or after the effective date of this paragraph.
 - Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1711-C is enacted to read:

<u>§1711-C.</u> Facility access to resident assessment information

 Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Aggregate data" means information derived from resident assessment information that is organized to protect information about individual residents in a manner that protects identification of the resident and specific information concerning that resident's functional capacity or medical condition.

40B. "Resident assessment information" means all of the
information that nursing facilities are required by rules of42the department to submit to the department or its designee
to provide assessments of the functional capacity of each44resident and to group residents into classes based on
assessed conditions and resources required to provide care.46"Resident assessment information" includes all elements of
information in the "Minimum Data Set Plus" required by the
department in its principles of reimbursement for nursing

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facilities and any similar data sets or information requirements that the department may adopt.

2. Access. No later than October 1, 1997, the department 4 shall adopt rules and, by appropriate arrangements with any designee or contractor of the department responsible for 6 accepting submissions of resident assessment information from 8 facilities, provide for any facility or association of facilities to obtain aggregate data containing all elements of resident assessment information for all facilities submitting such 10 information, organized and presented in a manner that permits 12assessments of levels and trends in quality, resource use, case mix and other factors that can be determined from the elements of information collected by the department. The department may 14provide for such safeguards as are necessary to prevent identification of individual residents and, in the case of 16 requests by a facility or association for information about more 18 than one facility, to prevent identification of individual facilities. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major 20 substantive rules as defined by Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

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Sec. 5. 22 MRSA 3174-I, sub-1, \mathbb{R} , as amended by PL 1995, c. 696, Pt. B, 1, is further amended to read:

E. The department shall perform a reassessment of the individual's medical needs when the individual becomes financially eligible for Medicaid benefits.

(1)Ιf the individual, at both the admission assessment and any reassessment, is determined not to be medically eligible for the services provided by the nursing facility, and is determined not to be medically eligible at the time of the determination of financial eligibility, the nursing facility is responsible for providing services at no cost to the individual until such time as a placement at the appropriate level of care becomes available. After a placement becomes available at an appropriate level of care, the nursing facility may resume billing the individual for the cost of services.

(2)If the individual is initially assessed as needing 44 the nursing facility's services under the assessment criteria and process in effect at the time of admission or is admitted as covered by Medicare for nursing 46 facility services, but is reassessed as not needing 48those services at the time the individual is found financially eligible, then the department shall 50 reimburse the nursing facility for services it provides

to the individual in accordance with the principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities adopted by the department pursuant to section 3173. The department may not adopt or construe its rules for reimbursement under this subparagraph to deny payment for services actually rendered on the ground that the bill or request for reimbursement was submitted to the department after the individual was discharged from the facility. In calculating the fixed-cost component of per diem rates for nursing facility services, the department shall exclude days of service for which reimbursement is provided under this subparagraph.

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Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §3174-I, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

16 4. Assessment period. Assessments under this section for medical eligibility of an applicant for admission to a nursing facility must include review of the applicant's entire medical and social condition for the 30 days prior to the review. The applicant must be considered to be in need of any service that is required to be delivered by or under the supervision of 22 registered professional nursing personnel on any 3 consecutive days during the 30-day review period.

Sec. 7. Task Force to Study the Delivery of Long-term Care in Maine. There is established the Task Force to Study the Delivery of Long-term Care in Maine, referred to in this section as the "task force."

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1. Membership. The task force consists of 12 members.

A. Two members of the Senate must be appointed by the President of the Senate and 2 members of the House of Representatives must be appointed by the Speaker of the House.

B. The following 8 members must be appointed by the Governor:

40 (1) Three long-term care providers, one representing nursing facilities not owned by a residential care
42 facility, one representing residential care facilities not owned by a nursing facility and one representing
44 home health care providers not owned by a residential care or nursing facility;

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(2) The Long-term Care Ombudsman;

(3) One representative of the Department of Human50 Services;

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(4) One representative of the elderly;

(5) One representative of persons with disabilities; and

(6) One representative of the public.

Appointments. All appointments must be made no later 2. than 30 days following the effective date of this Act. The 10 appointing authorities shall notify the Executive Director of the Legislative Council upon making, their appointments. 12 When the appointment of all members is complete, the chair of the Legislative Council shall call and convene the first meeting of 14 the task force no later than August 1, 1997. The task force shall select a chair from among its legislative members. 16

18 3 Duties. The task force shall study the delivery and financing of long-term care in Maine. Particular attention must be paid to the availability of long-term care options across the 20 State, the need for services that are not now available and how to encourage their development, services that are available now 22 but not needed and options for transforming these services into 24 other appropriate and needed services, medical and financial eligibility screening for consumers, reimbursement sources and options, affordability for consumers and other payors 26 and financial stability within the long-term care system.

4. Staffing. The task force may request staffing and clerical assistance from the Legislative Council.

5. Voluntary service. All task force members serve voluntarily, without pay or reimbursement for expenses.

6. Report. The task force shall submit its report with any
 accompanying legislation to the joint standing committee of the
 Legislature having jurisdiction over health and human services
 matters by December 1, 1997.

40 Sec. 8. Amend spousal protection and asset protection rules. The Department of Human Services, Bureau of Family Independence shall amend its rules governing Medicaid financial eligibility no later 42 than July 1, 1997 and extend resource and income protection 44 equivalent to that presently available to the spouses ٥£ individuals residing in nursing facilities to the spouses of residents of cost-reimbursed residential care facilities and 46 shall also amend its rules regarding asset protection and asset 48 transfer to achieve parity among the types of facilities in which long-term care is provided.

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Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

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SUMMARY

bill eliminates occupancy-related penalties, This the so-called "90% rule," for all nursing facilities. It corrects a 8 technical reading of the days-awaiting-placement provision of the statute under which the Department of Human Services has refused 10 to cover services provided to individuals waiting for placement outside of the nursing home, if payment is requested by the 12 nursing home after the patient has been discharged. It eliminates reductions in payment currently used to sanction 14 facilities for paperwork errors. It requires the department to give facilities access to aggregate data concerning guality and 16 efficiency, case mix, resource use and other factors.

This bill establishes a Task Force to Study the Delivery of 20 Long-term Care in Maine and requires a report with necessary legislation by December 1, 1997.

This bill requires the Department of Human Services to amend its rules to extend spousal support protections to the spouse of 24 a resident of a cost-reimbursed residential care facility to the 26 same extent as is now available to the spouse of a nursing facility resident and to amend the rules regarding asset protection and asset transfer to reflect the same parity. 28 It amends the medical eligibility for Medicaid reimbursement for nursing facility care provisions to require review of the past 30 30-day period. It grants eligibility for services required on 3 32 consecutive days in that period.