MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1480

S.P. 478

In Senate, March 11, 1997

An Act to Decriminalize Various Traffic Violations and Enhance Collectibility of Associated Penalties.

Reference to the Committee on Transportation suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MILLS of Somerset.

Be i	it	enacted	bv	the	People	of the	State	of	Maine	as	follows:
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- Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §351, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683,
 Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- 1. Failure to register. A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that person fails to register a vehicle that is operated or remains on a public way as provided by this Title.
- Sec. 2. 29-A MRSA §351, sub-§1-A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 584, Pt. B, §4, is amended to read:
- 14 1-A. Residents required to register. An owner of a vehicle who becomes a resident of this State shall register that vehicle in this State within 30 days of establishing residency. A person who operates or allows a vehicle that is not registered in accordance with this subsection to remain on a public way commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction pursuant to subsection 1.
- Sec. 3. 29-A MRSA §404, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- 2. Dismissal. A person served with a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a violation of this section may have the 26 complaint dismissed if that person shows satisfactory evidence that the vehicle was registered at the time of the alleged 28 violation. The clerk of the District Court violations bureau must dismiss the complaint if, prior to the date required for filing an answer to the complaint, the person charged files with 30 the bureau a copy of the Violation Summons and Complaint together with satisfactory evidence that the vehicle was registered at the 32 time of the alleged violation. If a person files a timely answer of "net-centested" "contest" to a Violation Summons and Complaint 34 alleging a violation of this section and that person presents satisfactory evidence to the court at the time of trial showing 36 that the vehicle was registered at the time of the alleged 38 violation, the court must dismiss the complaint.
- Sec. 4. 29-A MRSA §521, sub-§8, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 482, Pt. A, §4, is amended to read:
- 8. Violation. A person other than a person with a disability or an organization transporting a person with a disability using a set of disability registration plates or a windshield placard commits a traffic infraction and is subject to a \$190 \$125 penalty. The disability registration plates or removable windshield placard may be suspended for improper use.

Sec. 5. 29-A MRSA §558, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 625, Pt. A, §32, is amended to read: Violation. A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that person violates or knowingly permits a violation of this subchapter or a rule adopted pursuant to this 6 subchapter. The violation is a Class C crime if: 8 The violation is knowing or intentional; 10 The violation in fact causes either death or serious bodily injury, as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, to a 12 person whose health or safety is protected by the provision violated; and 14 death or injury is a reasonably foreseeable 16 consequence of the violation. 18 Sec. 6. 29-A MRSA §558, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 625, Pt. A, §33, is amended to read: 20 2.2 1-A. Minimum fine. Notwithstanding Title-17-A,-section 1301 section 103, the minimum fine for a violation of a state rule that adopts by reference the federal regulations found in 49 24 Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 395.3, 395.8e and 395.8k is \$250. If a minimum fine is provided by any rule adopted pursuant 26 to this subchapter, the court shall impose at least the minimum 28 fine, which may not be suspended by the court. Sec. 7. 29-A MRSA §752, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, 30 Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 32 Violation. Any person, corporation, organization or other legal entity that knowingly violates this section commits a 34 Glass-D-exime traffic infraction. A violation of this section is a violation of Title 5, chapter 10. 36 38 Sec. 8. 29-A MRSA §951, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 40 Dealers must be licensed. A person may not engage in 42 business of buying, selling, exchanging, offering negotiate, negotiating or advertising a sale of vehicles unless 44 that person has been issued a license under this subchapter. Violation of this subsection is a Glass--E--erime traffic infraction. 46

Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:

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Sec. 9. 29-A MRSA §951, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683,

- Approval of location. All branch and annex locations must be approved and licensed. The annual fee for each branch or annex location is \$75. Violation of this subsection is a Glass-E erime traffic infraction. Sec. 10. 29-A MRSA §952, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 6 683, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 8 Penalty. A person who fails to comply with subsection 1, paragraphs A to E or subsection 4 commits a Glass-E-erime 10 traffic infraction. 12 Sec. 11. 29-A MRSA §953, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 14 16 6. Penalty. A person who fails to comply with this section commits a Class-E-erime traffic infraction. 18 Sec. 12. 29-A MRSA §955, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 20 22 3. Penalty. A person who fails to comply with this section commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction. 24 Sec. 13. 29-A MRSA §1003, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 26 28 Record. A complete record must be kept at licensee's established place of business, stating the hour and date the vehicle is loaned and returned, the serial number of the 3.0 vehicle loaned, the loaner plate number and the registration 32 number of the customer's vehicle. Failure to keep this record is a Class-E-erime traffic infraction. 34 Sec. 14. 29-A MRSA §1051, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 36 9. Penalty. A person who fails to obtain a vehicle auction 3.8 business license as required by this section commits a Glass-E erime traffic infraction. 40
- Sec. 15. 29-A MRSA §1052, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- 6. Penalty. Violation of this section is a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction.
- Sec. 16. 29-A MRSA §1251, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 584, Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:

- 1-A. Residents required to obtain license. Within 30 days of becoming a resident of this State, a person shall apply to obtain a license in accordance with section 1301. A person who fails to comply with the requirement of this subsection and operates a motor vehicle on a public way or parking area commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction pursuant to subsection 1.
 - Sec. 17. 29-A MRSA §1251, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c. 584, Pt. B, §6, is further amended to read:
 - 2. Penalty. Operating without a license is a Glass-E erime, except-that-if-the-license is issued by this State-and-has expired-within-90-days, the effense-is-a traffic infraction.
- Sec. 18. 29-A MRSA §1304, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:

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- 6. Penalty. A person commits a Glass--E--erime traffic infraction if that person accompanies a permittee who is operating a vehicle on a public way and that accompanying person has impaired mental or physical functioning as a result of the use of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
 - Sec. 19. 29-A MRSA §1408, sub-§3, as corrected by RR 1993, c. 2, §22, is amended to read:
 - 3. Dismissal. A person served with a Violation Summons and Complaint charging a violation of this section may have the complaint dismissed if that person shows satisfactory evidence that the person held a valid license at the time of the alleged The clerk of the District Court Violations Bureau violation. must dismiss the complaint if, prior to the date required for filing an answer to the complaint, the person charged files a copy of the Violation Summons and Complaint with the bureau, together with evidence that the person held a valid license at the time of the alleged violation. If a person files a timely answer of net--contested "contest" to a Violations Summons and Complaint alleging a violation of this section and that person presents satisfactory evidence to the court at the time of trial that the person held a valid license at the time of the alleged violation, the court must dismiss the complaint.
 - Sec. 20. 29-A MRSA §1601, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
 - 4. Dismissal. A person served with a Violations Summons and Complaint charging a violation of this section may have the complaint dismissed if that person shows satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged violation. The clerk of the

- District Court Violations Bureau must dismiss the complaint if, prior to the date required for filing an answer to the complaint, the person charged files a copy of the Violation Summons and Complaint with the bureau, together with satisfactory evidence of 4 liability insurance or financial responsibility that was in effect at the time of the alleged violation. If a person files a б timely answer of net-centested "contest" to a Violations Summons and Complaint alleging a violation of this section and that person presents to the court at the time of trial satisfactory evidence of liability insurance or financial responsibility that 10 was in effect at the time of the alleged violation, the court 12 must dismiss the complaint.
- Sec. 21. 29-A MRSA $\S1612$, last \P , as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, $\S2$ and affected by Pt. B, $\S5$, is amended to read:
- The operation, or the release for operation, of any vehicle registered under chapter 9, subchapter I that is not in compliance with this section is a Glass--E--erime traffic infraction.
- Sec. 22. 29-A MRSA §1768, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- 5. Operation of defective vehicle. A person commits a Glass--E--erime traffic infraction if that person operates a vehicle on a public way with equipment on the vehicle that does not conform to the standards of this subchapter.
 - Sec. 23. 29-A MRSA §1918, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:

§1918. Regrooved tires

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A person commits a Glass-E-crime traffic infraction if that person distributes, has for sale, offers for sale, sells or uses on a motor vehicle a pneumatic tire that has been regrooved below the original tread depth, unless that tire was originally manufactured with extra undertread material.

- Sec. 24. 29-A MRSA §2057, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
- 10. Failure to yield. A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that person operates a vehicle past a yield sign and collides with a vehicle or pedestrian proceeding on the intersecting way.
- Sec. 25. 29-A MRSA §2063, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:

2	7. Penalties. A person 17 years of age or over who violates this section commits a traffic infraction with a maximum
4	fine of \$10 \$25.
6	Sec. 26. 29-A MRSA $\S2074$, sub- $\S3$, as amended by PL 1995, c. 584, Pt. B, $\S8$, is further amended to read:
8	3. Criminal offense. A person commits a Class E crime if
10	that person operates a motor vehicle at a speed that exceeds the maximum rate of speed by 30 35 miles per hour or more.
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14	The complaint for a violation of a speed limit must specify the speed at which the defendant is alleged to have operated a motor vehicle.
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18	Sec. 27. 29-A MRSA §2074, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 584, Pt. B, §9, is amended to read:
20	3-A. Minimum fine. A person who operates a motor vehicle on the Maine Turnpike or the Interstate Highway System at a speed
22	that exceeds the posted speed of 65 miles per hour by less than 30 35 miles per hour commits a traffic infraction punishable by a
24	fine of not less than \$50.
26	Sec. 28. 29-A MRSA $\S 2076$, sub- $\S 5$, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, $\S 2$ and affected by Pt. B, $\S 5$, is amended to read:
28	5. Penalty. An operator failing to comply with the
30	requirements of this-section subsection 1 or 2 commits a traffic infraction. An operator who fails to comply with subsection 3
3.2	commits a Class E crime. An operator commits a Class D crime if
34	that operator is required to stop under subsection 3 and fails to stop for or yield the right-of-way to a train, engine or
36	conveyance on the track.
38	Sec. 29. 29-A MRSA $\S 2081$, sub- $\S 4$, $\P C$, as amended by PL 1995, c. 432, $\S 3$ and affected by $\S 4$, is further amended to read:
40	C. A violation of subsection 2 is a traffic infraction. The court shall waive the fine for a first violation of
42	subsection 2 by a parent or legal guardian if the parent or
44	legal guardian provides the court with satisfactory evidence that the parent or legal guardian has acquired a child
	safety seat for continuous use by the child within 30 20
46	days of the violation.
48	Sec. 30. 29-A MRSA $\S 2081$, sub- $\S 4$, $\P D$, as amended by PL 1995, c. 597, $\S 3$, is further amended to read:

	D. A violation of subsection 3 or 3-A is a traffic
2	infraction. The fine for a violation of subsection 3 or 3-A may not be less than \$25 nor more than \$50 <u>\$75</u> .
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6	Sec. 31. 29-A MRSA $\S 2081$, sub- $\S 4$, $\P E$, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 432, $\S 3$ and affected by $\S 4$, is repealed.
8	Sec. 32. 29-A MRSA §2082, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1995, c.
Ü	65, Pt. A, $\S108$, and affected by $\S153$ and Pt. C, $\S15$, is further
10	amended to read:
1.2	7. Placement of stickers on illegally parked vehicles. A
	person may not place a sticker or other device on the windshield
14	of a motor vehicle parked in a manner that allegedly constitutes trespass by motor vehicle, as defined in Title 17-A, section 404,
16	if the sticker or other device would obstruct the driver's
	forward view. A person who places a sticker in violation of this
18	subsection commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not
20	to exceed \$50 <u>\$75</u> may be adjudged. This subsection does not apply to law enforcement officers engaged in the performance of
20	official duties.
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24	Sec. 33. 29-A MRSA §2102, first \P , as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, \S 2 and affected by Pt. B, \S 5, is amended to read:
26	A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that
2.0	person:
2.8	Sec. 34. 29-A MRSA §2104, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 1993,
30	c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, are amended to read:
32	1. False plates. A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that person attaches or permits to be attached to a
34	vehicle a registration plate assigned to another vehicle or not
36	currently assigned to that vehicle.
30	2. False identification. A person commits a Glass-E-crime
38	traffic infraction if that person obscures identification numbers, identification letters, the state name, validation
40	sticker or mark distinguishing the type of plate attached to a
42	vehicle.
	Sec. 35. 29-A MRSA §2107, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt.
44	A, $\S 2$ and affected by Pt. B, $\S 5$, is amended to read:

A person commits a Glass-E-erime $\frac{traffic\ infraction}{traffic\ or\ commits}$ if that person removes or tampers with a sign, light, flare, reflector or

§2107. Tampering with signs

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2	other signalling or safety device placed by the Department of Transportation, a county or municipal official or a contractor performing repairs or maintenance work on or adjoining a public
4	way.
6	Sec. 36. 29-A MRSA §2108, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
8	§2108. Use of closed way
10	A person commits a Glass-E-Grime traffic infraction if that
12	person operates a vehicle over a public way that is lawfully closed by posted notice for construction or repairs unless
14	permission to pass is expressly granted by a person in charge of the work.
16	Sec. 37. 29-A MRSA §2110, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c.
18	683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
20	6. Forfeitures. For a violation of subsection 2, a forfeiture not to exceed \$50 \$75 may be adjudged.
. 22	Sec. 38. 29-A MRSA §2251, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1993, c.
24	683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
26	8. Violation. A person commits a Glass-E-erime traffic infraction if that person:
28	A. Is required to make an oral or written report and
30	knowingly fails to do so within the time required; or
32	B. Is an operator involved in a reportable accident and knowingly fails to give a correct name and address when
34	requested by an officer at the scene.
36	SUMMARY
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40	This bill converts several motor vehicle violations that are currently crimes into traffic violations. Traffic violations can be enforced through the violations bureau of the District Court.
42	A person accused of a traffic violation may contest it in court.
44	This bill also clarifies certain civil provisions concerning
46	contesting a traffic infraction. Several maximum fines are adjusted to accommodate surcharges. The amount of time a parent
48	has to show the court that a child safety seat has been acquired is reduced from 30 days to 20 days. The requirement that a fine
50	be imposed for a separate violation in order for a fine to be imposed for violations of the seat belt law is repealed.