MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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MINORITY JUDICIARY

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STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES **118TH LEGISLATURE** FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " \mathcal{D} " to H.P. 1000, L.D. 1392, Bill, "An Act to Require the Release of the Results of an HIV Test to an Emergency Services Worker Who Was Possibly Exposed"

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Amend the bill by striking out the title and substituting the following:

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'An Act to Permit the Release of the Results of an HIV Test to a Person Who Has Experienced a Bona Fide Occupational Exposure'

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Further amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting in its place the following:

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- 'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §19203-C, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 404, §7, is further amended to read:
- 36 Petition. Any person who experiences a bona fide occupational exposure may petition the District Court with 38 jurisdiction over the facility or other place where the exposure occurred to require the person whose blood or body fluid is the 40 source of the exposure to submit to an HIV test and to require that the results of the test be provided to the petitioner provided that the following conditions have been met: 42
 - The exposure to blood or body fluids creates significant risk of HIV infection, as defined by the Bureau of Health through the adoption of rules in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 375;

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2	B. The authorized representative of the employer of the person exposed has informed the person whose blood or body
4	fluid is the source of the occupational exposure and has sought to obtain written informed consent from the person whose blood or body fluid is the source of the exposure; and
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8	C. Written informed consent was not given by the person whose blood or body fluid is the source of the exposure and that person has refused to be tested.
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12	Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §19203-C, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1995, c. 404, §10, is further amended to read:
14	4. Determination. The court may require the person whose blood or body fluid is the source of the exposure to obtain an
16	HIV test only if the petitioner proves, by a preponderance of the evidence, that:
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20	A. The exposure to blood or body fluids of the person created a significant risk of HIV infection as defined by the Bureau of Health through the adoption of rules in
22	accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 375;
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26	B. An authorized representative of the employer of the person exposed has informed the patient of the occupational exposure and has sought to obtain written informed consent
28	from the person whose blood or body fluid is the source of the exposure; and
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32	C. Written informed consent was not given by the person whose blood or body fluid is the source of the exposure and that person has refused to be tested.
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36	In determining whether to order the test <u>and release the results</u> to the <u>petitioner</u> , the court shall consider the balance of benefit and harm to both individuals if the test is ordered <u>and</u>
38	the results released to the petitioner.'
40	Further amend the bill by inserting at the end before the summary the following:
42	FISCAL NOTE
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	This bill may increase the number of civil suits filed in
46	the court system. The additional workload and administrative costs associated with the minimal number of new cases filed can
48	be absorbed within the budgeted resources of the Judicial

Page 2-LR0923(3)

Department. The collection of additional filing fees may also

increase General Fund revenue by minor amounts.'

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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SUMMARY

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tested.

This amendment is the minority report. It deletes the definition of "emergency services worker" and the provisions entitling emergency services workers to require a person whose blood or bodily fluid is the source of a bona fide occupational exposure to submit to an HIV test and to receive the results of the test.

It replaces those provisions with language clarifying that anyone, including those who would be included in the definition in the original bill of "emergency services worker," who experiences a bona fide occupational exposure may receive the results of a court-ordered HIV test on a person whose blood or bodily fluid is the source of a bona fide occupational exposure, pursuant to the judicial consent procedures of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 19203-C. This amendment preserves the current law provisions that give the court discretion in ordering the test and adds a provision giving the court discretion to release the results to the person exposed, based upon the balance of benefit and harm to both the person exposed and the person

This amendment also adds a fiscal note to the bill.

Page 3-LR0923(3)