MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1080

H.P. 792

House of Representatives, February 18, 1997

An Act to Establish Public Charter Schools.

Reference to the Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative BARTH of Bethel. Cosponsored by Senator AMERO of Cumberland and Representative MACK of Standish, Senator: CATHCART of Penobscot.

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	Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §1, sub-§26, as corrected by RR 1993, c. 1,
4	$\S44$, is amended to read:
6	26. School administrative unit. "School administrative
U	unit" means the state-approved unit of school administration and
8	includes a municipal school unit, school administrative district,
	community school district, charter school or any other municipal
10	or quasi-municipal corporation responsible for operating or
10	constructing public schools, except that it does not include an
12	applied technology region.
14	Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §202, sub-§§16 and 17, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, are amended to read:
16	
18	16. Other entities. Other entities authorized by the Legislature; and
20	17. Other bureaus. Any other bureau the commissioner
22	establishes <u>*; and</u>
4.6	Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §202, sub-§18 is enacted to read:
24	
	18. Charter schools. Any charter schools.
26	Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA c. 112 is enacted to read:
28	CHAPTER 112
30	Special Asia, and also also also also also also also
	CHARTER SCHOOLS
32	
	§2401. Purpose
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36	Charter schools may be established pursuant to this chapter to provide a learning environment that will improve student
- •	achievement. Charter schools provide additional academic choices
38	for parents and students. Charter schools may consist of
	existing or approved public schools or any portion of an existing
40	or approved public school. Charter schools must comply with the provisions of this chapter to receive state funding as prescribed
42	in section 2406.
44	§2402. Eligibility for application
46	An existing or approved public school may apply to become a
	charter school if, within one year after the teachers and
48	administration of the public school vote to apply for charter

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2	school administrative unit vote to apply for charter school designation.
4	§2403. Provisions for charter schools
6.	1. Application. An applicant seeking to establish a charter school must submit a written proposal to a proposed
8	sponsor as prescribed in subsection 3. The proposal may include:
10	A. A mission statement for the proposed charter school;
12	B. A description of the proposed charter school's organizational structure and governing body;
14	
16	C. A financial plan for the first 3 years of operation of the proposed charter school;
18	D. A description of the proposed charter school's hiring policy;
20	E. The names of the proposed charter school's applicant or
22	applicants and requested sponsor;
24	F. A description of the proposed charter school's facility and the location of the school:
26	G. A description of the grades being served; and
28	
30	H. An outline of criteria designed to measure the effectiveness of the school.
32	2. Ability to contract. The sponsor of a charter school
34	may contract with a public body, private person or private organization for the purpose of establishing a charter school pursuant to this chapter.
36	
38	3. Sponsor and applicant requirements. The sponsor of a charter school is a school board or district school committee.
40	An applicant for a charter school may submit its application to a school board or district school committee, which must either
42	accept or reject sponsorship of the proposed charter school
44	within 90 days. An applicant may submit a revised application for reconsideration by the school board or district school committee. If the school board or district school committee
46	rejects the application, the school board or district school committee committee shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons
48	for the rejection. The applicant may request, and the school
50	board or district school committee may provide, technical assistance to improve the application.

-	2. Charter gearancees. The charter of a charter school
4	must guarantee the following:
-	
6	A. That the charter school complies with federal, state and local rules, regulations and statutes relating to health, safety, civil rights and insurance. The department shall
8	publish a list of relevant rules, regulations and statutes to notify charter schools of their responsibilities under
10	this paragraph;
12	B. That the charter school is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices and other
14	operations;
16	C. That the charter school provides a comprehensive program of instruction for at least a kindergarten program or any
18	one grade from grade one to 12, except that a school may offer this curriculum with an emphasis on a specific
20	learning philosophy or style or on certain subject areas such as mathematics, sciences, fine arts, performance arts
22	or foreign languages;
24	D. That the charter school designs a method to measure student performance in the curriculum areas described in
26	section 6202 and participates in the assessment program or its successor and any nationally standardized
28	norm-referenced achievement test as designated by the state board. The superintendent of the charter school shall
30	report to the school board or district school committee;
3.2	E. That the charter school maintains student records pursuant to sections 6003 and 6205;
34	
36	F. That, except as provided in this chapter, the charter school is exempt from all statutes and rules relating to
38	schools, governing boards and school districts;
30	G. That the charter school is subject to the same financial
40	requirements as a school administrative district, including
	any system of financial records as prescribed by the
42	commissioner or pursuant to this Title. A school's charter may include exceptions to the requirements of this paragraph
44	that are necessary as determined by the school board or district school committee. The department may conduct
46	financial, program or compliance audits of the charter school pursuant to sections 6051 and 6052; and

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H. That the charter school complies with all federal and state laws relating to the education of children with disabilities in the same manner as a school district.

5. Charter requirements. The charter of a charter school must include a description of the charter school's personnel policies, personnel qualifications, methods of school governance and the specific role and duties of the sponsor of the charter school.

- 6. Operational plan. An approved plan to establish a charter school is effective for 5 years from the first day of operation. At the conclusion of the first 4 years of operation, the charter school may apply for renewal of charter school designation. The school board or district school committee may deny the request for renewal if, in the sponsor's judgment, the charter school has failed to complete the obligations of the contract or comply with this chapter. A school board or district school committee shall give written notice of the sponsor's intent not to renew the charter school's request for renewal to the charter school at least 12 months before the expiration of the approved plan.
- 7. Charter amendments. The charter of a charter school may be amended at the request of the governing body of the charter school and with the approval of the sponsor.
- 8. Charter renewal. After renewal of the charter at the end of the 5-year period described in subsection 6, the charter may be renewed for successive periods of 7 years if the charter school and its sponsor determine that the school is in compliance with its own charter and the provisions of this chapter.

\$2404. Powers

Charter schools may contract, sue and be sued.

§2405. Admission requirements

- 40 A charter school shall enroll all eligible students who submit a timely application, unless the number of applications 42 exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level or building.
- 1. Admission preference. A charter school that is sponsored by a school board or district school committee shall give enrollment preference to eligible students who reside within the boundaries of the school district where the charter school is physically located. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a timely application and who reside within the boundaries of the school district where the charter school is

2	physically located, the charter school shall select students from among the applicants who live within the district through an equitable selection process such as a lottery.
4	
6	2. Admission discrimination. Except as provided in subsections 1 and 3, a charter school may not limit admission based on ethnicity, national origin, gender, income level,
8	proficiency in the English language or athletic ability.
10	3. Admission limitations. A charter school may limit admission to students within a given age group, grade level or
12	disabling condition.
14	§2406. Financing
16	Charter schools are financed from the school district's general purpose aid.
18	A charter school that is sponsored by a school board or
20	district school committee is entitled to receive per-student expenditures equal to at least the total average cost per student
22	for the district as a whole. The commissioner shall develop guidelines for determining the average cost per student for the
24	district for the purposes of this section.
26	§2407. Teachers; employment benefits
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28 30 32 34 36 38	The following provisions apply to teachers in a charter school. 1. Rights retained. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who was previously employed as a teacher at a school district does not lose any right of certification, retirement or salary status or any other benefit, provided by law, by the rules of the school board or district school committee or by the rules of the governing body of the charter school, due to teaching at a charter school upon the teacher's return to the school district. 2. Employment preference. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who submits an employment application to the school district where the teacher was employed
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40	The following provisions apply to teachers in a charter school. 1. Rights retained. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who was previously employed as a teacher at a school district does not lose any right of certification, retirement or salary status or any other benefit, provided by law, by the rules of the school board or district school committee or by the rules of the governing body of the charter school, due to teaching at a charter school upon the teacher's return to the school district. 2. Employment preference. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who submits an employment application to the school district where the teacher was employed immediately before employment by or at the charter school must be
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	The following provisions apply to teachers in a charter school. 1. Rights retained. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who was previously employed as a teacher at a school district does not lose any right of certification, retirement or salary status or any other benefit, provided by law, by the rules of the school board or district school committee or by the rules of the governing body of the charter school, due to teaching at a charter school upon the teacher's return to the school district. 2. Employment preference. A teacher who is employed by or teaching at a charter school and who submits an employment application to the school district where the teacher was employed immediately before employment by or at the charter school must be given employment preference by the school district if both the following conditions are met:

	B. A suitable position is available at the school district.
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	Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §5401, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1981, c.
4	693, $\S\S$ 5 and 8, is amended to read:
6	2. School administrative district and charter schools. The
	superintendent of schools in a school administrative district or
8	for a charter school shall, with the approval of the school
	board, provide transportation for:
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	A. Elementary school students a part of or the whole
12	distance to and from the nearest suitable school; and
14	D Cogordoni achool atudenta a nort of or the inholo
14	B. Secondary school students a part of or the whole distance to the district's secondary school or to and from
16	the secondary school in the school administrative unit or
10	units with which the district has contracted for secondary
18	school privileges. The school board may provide
	transportation for secondary school students attending other
20	secondary schools.
22	
	SUMMARY
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	This bill authorizes the establishment of charter schools
26	within the State and sets forth eligibility, application and
	funding requirements for charter schools.