MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1028

H.P. 751

House of Representatives, February 13, 1997

An Act to Amend the Maine Probate Code.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative THOMPSON of Naples. Cosponsored by Representatives: JABAR of Waterville, NASS of Acton, WATERHOUSE of Bridgton.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follow	Be	it	enacted	by	the	People	of the	State	of	Maine	as	follow
---	----	----	---------	----	-----	--------	--------	-------	----	-------	----	--------

- 2 Sec. 1. 18-A MRSA $\S7-402$, sub- $\S(c)$, $\P(26)$, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read: 4
 - To execute and deliver all instruments which that will accomplish or facilitate the exercise of the powers vested in the trustee. ; and
 - Sec. 2. 18-A MRSA §7-402, sub- $\S(c)$, $\P(27)$ is enacted to read:
 - (27) To divide the funds and properties constituting a trust into 2 or more identical separate trusts that represent 2 or more fractional shares of the funds and properties being divided and to make distributions of income and principal by a method other than pro rata from the separate trusts created as the trustee determines to be in the best interest of the trust beneficiaries. In any case when a single trust has been divided by the trustee into 2 separate trusts, one of which is fully exempt from the federal generation-skipping transfer tax and one of which is fully subject to that tax, the trustee may thereafter, to the extent possible consistent with the terms of the governing instrument, determine the value of any mandatory or discretionary distributions to trust beneficiaries on the basis of the combined value of both trusts, but may satisfy those distributions by a method other than pro rata from the separate trusts in a manner designed to minimize the current and potential generation-skipping transfer tax.

30

32

36

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

SUMMARY

- 34 This bill allows trustees to divide a single trust into 2 or This bill is designed to assist in more identical trusts. situations when the federal generation-skipping transfer tax applies so as to permit fiduciaries flexibility to administer 38 trusts in a way that maximizes the use of any exemption against the generation-skipping transfer tax in order to reduce or avoid 40 the imposition of that tax.
- 42 Similar provisions have been adopted in several other jurisdictions.