MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 1003

H.P. 739

House of Representatives, February 11, 1997

An Act to Amend the Maine Civil Legal Services Fund.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative THOMPSON of Naples.
Cosponsored by Senator LONGLEY of Waldo and
Representatives: JABAR of Waterville, KERR of Old Orchard Beach, MAYO of Bath,
PLOWMAN of Hampden, Senators: BENOIT of Franklin, LAWRENCE of York, LIBBY of
York, TREAT of Kennebec.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
4	503, is amended to read:
6	B. Money in the fund must be disbursed by-the-administrater in-accordance-with-allocations-approved-by-the-Legislature
8	telegal-servicepreviders to legal service providers to support the provision of free civil legal services to
10	low-income people or the needy elderly in this State. Only the following legal service providers may receive
12	disbursement to provide free civil legal services:
14	(1) Nonprofit organizations whose missions are to provide free civil legal services and who have at least
16	one year of experience providing free civil legal services;
18	(2) Legal aid clinics of accredited law schools
20	operating exclusively in Maine; and
22	(3) Programs whose primary mission is to coordinate pro bono legal services for low-income people in this
24	State.
26	Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 503, is amended to read:
28	2. Administration. The Supreme Judicial Court, or a person
3.0	or organization designated by the court, is the administrator and shall administer the fund. The administrator shall disburse
32	funds according to determinations made by the commission established in subsection 6. The administrator shall report at
34	least annually to the Legislature on the previous year's income and expenditures.
36	Sec. 3. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 503,
38	is repealed.
40	Sec. 4. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
42	3-A. Funding. Funding for the fund may be provided by the following methods.
44	A. If filing fees are increased above the current level as
46	of January 1, 1997, \$20 of any filing fee paid in the Superior Court, \$20 of any filing fee paid in the Supreme
48	Judicial Court and \$10 of any filing fee paid in any other court must be deposited in the fund. If any new civil
50	filing fee is established after January 1, 1997, \$20 of the new filing fee paid in the Superior Court or the Supreme
52	Judicial Court and \$10 of the new filing fee paid in any

other court must be deposited in the fund. This paragraph does not apply to filings for which the filing fee is waived or there is no filing fee.

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B. A surcharge of \$5 must be imposed by a court on each civil fine, penalty or forfeiture imposed by the court and deposited in the fund.

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Sec. 5. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 503, is repealed.

Sec. 6. 4 MRSA §18-A, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

6. Distribution of funds. The Supreme Judicial Court shall appoint the Civil Legal Services Fund Commission, consisting of 3 persons knowledgeable about the problems of ensuring access to justice in this State, to determine how to distribute the funds in accordance with subsection 1 in a manner that will most efficiently and effectively maintain and enhance access to justice in this State. The commission shall review the allocation at least every 4 years or on the request of any member of the commission and shall make adjustments to the allocation when appropriate. Funds must be distributed at least quarterly with the first distribution occurring no later than January 2, 1998.

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SUMMARY

30 This bill creates a mechanism for funding the existing Maine Civil Legal Services Fund, established by the Legislature in 32 1991, and for distributing those funds among the providers of civil legal services to low-income Maine people and to the needy 34 elderly in Maine. The needy elderly and low-income people have depended on Pine Tree Legal Assistance, the Volunteer Lawyers 36 Project, Legal Services for the Elderly, the Cumberland Legal Aid Clinic, the University of Maine Law School and the Maine Equal 38 Justice Project for access to justice through provision of free This fund is intended to help make up in part legal services. 40 for the severe cuts in these services in the recent past due to the loss of over \$2,000,000 in funding for the services that 42 these organizations provide. It is also intended to provide a stable source of support for those services in the future. bill creates a commission to determine the allocation of funds to 44 providers. Significant changes at the federal level have and continue to require that the commission, composed of people 46 knowledgeable about the problems of ensuring access to justice in 48 Maine, be able to respond quickly and flexibly to the changing environment for providing civil legal services to needy Maine people. This bill funds the Maine Civil Legal Services Fund from 50 increases in civil filing fees in addition to a \$5 surcharge in 52 civil fines.