



118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 495

S.P. 166

In Senate, January 28, 1997

RESOLUTION, Proposing An Amendment to the Constitution of Maine to Alter the Requirements for Redistricting.

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

Buen

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MICHAUD of Penobscot.

Constitutional amendment. Resolved: Two thirds of each branch of the Legislature concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of Maine be proposed:

4

2

Constitution, Art. IV, Part First, §§2 and 3 are amended to read:

Section 2. Number of Representatives; biennial terms; 8 division of the State into districts for House o£ The House of Representatives shall consist of Representatives. 151 members, to be elected by the qualified electors, and hold 10 their office 2 years from the day next preceding the first 12 Wednesday in December following the general election. The Legislature which convenes in 1983 2003 and every 10th year 14 thereafter shall cause the State to be divided into districts for the choice of one Representative for each district. The number 16 of Representatives shall be divided into the number of inhabitants of the State exclusive of foreigners not naturalized 18 according to the latest Federal Decennial Census or a State Census previously ordered by the Legislature to coincide with the Federal Decennial Census, to determine a mean population figure 20 for each Representative District. Each Representative District shall be formed of contiguous and compact territory and shall 22 cross political subdivision lines the least number of times necessary to establish as nearly as practicable equally populated 24 districts. Whenever the population of a municipality entitles it to more than one district, all whole districts shall be drawn 26 within municipal boundaries. Any population remainder within the municipality shall be included in a district with contiguous 28 territory and shall be kept intact.

30

48

Section 3. Submission of reapportionment plan to Clerk of House; House of Representatives' action on commission's plan. 32 The apportionment plan of the commission established under 34 Article IV, Part Third, Section 1-A shall be submitted to the Clerk of the House no later than 120 calendar days after the convening of the Legislature in which apportionment is required. 36 In the preparation of legislation implementing the plan, the commission, following a unanimous decision by commission members, 38 may adjust errors and inconsistencies in accordance with the standards set forth in this Constitution, so long as substantive 40 The Legislature House of Representatives changes are not made. shall enact the submitted plan of the commission or a plan of its 42 own by a vote of 2/3 a majority of the Members of each-House the House of Representatives within 30 calendar days after the plan 44 of the commission is submitted. Such-action-shall-be-subject-to the - Governor's - approval - as - provided - in - Article - IV7 - Part - Third, 46 Section-2.

In the event that the Legislature House of Representatives

shall fail to make an apportionment within 130 calendar days after convening, the Supreme Judicial Court shall, within 60 days following the period in which the Legislature House of <u>Representatives</u> is required to act, but fails to do so, make the apportionment. In making such apportionment, the Supreme Judicial Court shall take into consideration plans and briefs filed by the public with the court during the first 30 days of the period in which the court is required to apportion.

10 The Supreme Judicial Court shall have original jurisdiction to hear any challenge to an apportionment law enacted by the 12 Legislature House of Representatives, as registered by any citizen or group thereof. If any challenge is sustained, the 14 Supreme Judicial Court shall make the apportionment.

16

26

2

4

6

8

Constitution, Art. IV, Part Second, §2 is amended to read:

18 Section 2. Submission of reapportionment plan to Secretary of Senate; Senate's action on commission's plan; division of
20 State into Senatorial Districts; division by Supreme Judicial Court. The Legislature which shall convene in the year 1983 2003
22 and every 10th year thereafter shall cause the State to be divided into districts for the choice of a Senator from each
24 district, using the same method as provided in Article IV, Part First, Section 2 for apportionment of Representative Districts.

The apportionment plan of the commission established under 28 Article IV, Part Third, Section 1-A shall be submitted to the Secretary of the Senate no later than 120 calendar days after the 30 convening of the Legislature in which apportionment is required. In the preparation of legislation implementing the plan, the 32 commission, following a unanimous decision by commission members, may adjust errors and inconsistencies in accordance with the standards set forth in this Constitution, so long as substantive 34 changes are not made. The Legislature Senate shall enact the submitted plan of the commission or a plan of its own by a vote 36 of 2/3 a majority of the Members of each-House the Senate, within 30 calendar days after the plan of the commission is submitted. 38 Such--action--shall-be--subject-to--the-Governor-s--approval--as provided-in-Article-IV,-Part-Third,-Section-2. 40

42 In the event that the Legislature Senate shall fail to make an apportionment within 130 days after convening, the Supreme 44 Judicial Court shall, within 60 days following the period in which the Legislature Senate is required to act but fails to do 46 so, make the apportionment. In making such apportionment, the Supreme Judicial Court shall take into consideration plans and 48 briefs filed by the public with the court during the first 30 days of the period in which the court is required to apportion.

50

The Supreme Judicial Court shall have original jurisdiction to hear any challenge to an apportionment law enacted by the Legislature Senate, as registered by any citizen or group thereof. If any challenge is sustained, the Supreme Judicial Court shall make the apportionment.

; and be it further

Constitutional referendum procedure; form of question; effective date. Resolved: That the municipal officers of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide election, at a statewide election, on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November following the passage of this resolution, to vote upon the ratification of the amendment proposed in this resolution by voting upon the following question:

18 "Do you favor amending the Constitution of Maine to require a majority of each House of the Legislature to separately
20 reapportion the legislative districts and to remove the Governor from the reapportionment process beginning with the
22 Legislature that convenes in 2003?"

24 The legal voters of each city, town and plantation shall vote by ballot on this question and designate their choice by a 26 cross or check mark placed within the corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." The ballots must be received, sorted, 28 counted and declared in open ward, town and plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary of State in the same manner as votes for members of the Legislature. The Governor shall review 30 the returns and, if it appears that a majority of the legal votes are cast in favor of the amendment, the Governor shall proclaim 32 that fact without delay and the amendment becomes part of the Constitution on the date of the proclamation; and be it further 34

36 Secretary of State shall prepare ballots. Resolved: That the Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town 38 and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this resolution necessary to carry out the purpose of this referendum.

SUMMARY

44 This resolution proposes amending the Constitution of Maine to require that, beginning with the Legislature that convenes in 2003, each House of the Legislature decide separately, by a majority vote, the legislative district apportionment plan.
48 Current law requires a 2/3 majority of each House of the Legislature for approval of the plan. The resolution also eliminates the requirement that the Governor approve of the apportionment plan.

52

40

42

2

4

6

8