## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 235

H.P. 180

House of Representatives, January 16, 1997

An Act to Require the Courts to Accept Civil Orders of Arrest on Any Day Court is in Session.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative WHEELER of Bridgewater. Cosponsored by Representatives: BELANGER of Wallagrass, CLUKEY of Houlton, JOY of Crystal, O'NEAL of Limestone, PINKHAM of Lamoine, WATERHOUSE of Bridgton.

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA  $\S3135$ , first  $\P$ , as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 184,  $\S18$ , is amended to read:

civil order οf arrest issued under section subsection 1, or section 3136, shall must direct the sheriff to arrest the individual named in the order and bring the individual to a hearing on any day the days-or-date-specified court is in the---divil---order---of---arrest session. In the case nonindividual debtor, a the civil order of arrest shall--issue must be issued for the arrest of any officer, director or managing agent of the debtor or other agent appointed by the debtor to accept service and who was served with the disclosure subpoena.

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Sec. 2. 14 MRSA  $\S 3135$ , 3rd  $\P$ , as enacted by PL 1987, c. 184,  $\S 18$ , is amended to read:

After the judgment judgment debtor is brought to the court, the clerk shall promptly notify the judgment creditor or his the judgment creditor's attorney of record in person or by telephone that his the presence of one of them is required for a hearing. If a disclosure or contempt hearing cannot be held that day due to the inability of the judgment creditor or his the judgment creditor's attorney to appear or due to the absence of the judge or the inability of the court to hear the matter because of other business, the court or clerk shall release the debtor upon his the debtor's personal recognizance for his appearance on a date certain. If—the A debtor who fails to appear for the disclosure or contempt hearing after being released upon his the debtor's personal recognizance,—the—eeurt—may—issue—additional—eivil orders—of—arrest—to—bring—the—debtor—before—the—eourt—for—hearing commits a Class E crime.

Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §3136, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 184,
§19, is amended to read:

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4. Failure to appear. If the person sought to be held in contempt fails to appear after being duly served with a contempt subpoena and the judgment creditor appears at the time and place named in the subpoena, upon the request of the judgment creditor, the judge shall issue a civil order of arrest directing the sheriff to arrest the person and bring the person to the court on any day the days-or-date-specified the court is in the-civil erder-of-arrest session. In the case of a nonindividual, a the civil order of arrest shall must be issued for the arrest of any officer, director or managing agent who was served with the contempt subpoena.

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### **SUMMARY**

4	This bill changes the civil order of arrest process so that
	a sheriff may arrest the individual named in the order and bring
6	that person to court on any day the court is in session, rather
	than just the days designated by the court. The bill also makes
8	it a Class E crime for a debtor to fail to appear for the
	scheduled disclosure or contempt hearing after being released on
10	the debtor's personal recognizance.