



118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1997

Legislative Document

No. 61

H.P. 36

House of Representatives, January 9, 1997

An Act to Require Reimbursement to Counties for Services Rendered by County Law Enforcement Officers.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative WHEELER of Bridgewater. Cosponsored by Senator FERGUSON of Oxford and Representatives: BUNKER of Kossuth Township, CLUKEY of Houlton, McALEVEY of Waterboro, O'NEAL of Limestone, PINKHAM of Lamoine. Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, currently, a municipality is compensated by the court when a law enforcement officer from that municipality is required to be in court to handle the municipality's caseload or to act as a witness in a criminal or traffic infraction case or to perform some act authorized or required under the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure; and

12 Whereas, a county whose law enforcement officer is in court performing the same duties as the municipal law enforcement 14 officer is not compensated by the court; and

16 Whereas, this is an unequal treatment of law enforcement officers that results in a loss of revenue for the counties; and

18

4

Whereas, it is necessary to correct this unequal treatment as quickly as possible; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

28 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

30

Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §173, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1993, c. 675, Pt. B, §9, is further amended to read:

32

40

4. Distribution of fees and fines. All law enforcement officers appearing for a scheduled trial in District Court at times other than their regular working hours, at the order of a prosecuting official and whether or not they are called upon to give testimony, must be compensated out of the General Fund at the rate of \$10 for each day or part of a day that the officer is required to be physically present.

The court officer required to be present at an arraignment may be an officer other than the arresting officer, provided that the municipality has designated the officer to handle the arraignment caseload of that municipality. In addition, one or more municipalities may designate either a municipal law enforcement officer or a county law enforcement officer to represent the municipalities at arraignments on a rotating schedule.

48

The court shall pay any municipality <u>or county</u> a flat fee of \$10 50 for each day or part of a day that a municipal <u>or county</u> law enforcement officer, designated by the municipality <u>or county</u> as

its court officer, is required to be physically present in a 2 District Court in order to adequately handle that municipality's In addition, the court shall pay any or county's caseload. 4 municipality or county a flat fee of \$10 per day for every day or part of a day, but no more than \$10 for any one day, the municipality or county loses the services of one or more law 6 enforcement officers because the officer or officers are performing some act authorized or required by the Maine Rules of 8 Criminal Procedure or are witnesses in a criminal or traffic infraction case within the jurisdiction of the District Court. A 10 , municipality or county is considered to have lost the services of 12 a law enforcement officer when the officer, who normally performs duties of patrolling or maintaining order, is physically unable to perform those duties of patrolling and maintaining order for 14 the municipality or county.

The sheriffs of the several counties shall designate and furnish deputy sheriffs to serve as bailiffs in each division of the District Court within their counties, if so requested by the Chief Judge. A deputy sheriff designated as bailiff must be approved by the Chief Judge and may not serve as a court officer for any law enforcement agency.

16

26

36

38

40

42

- 24 Compensation for reasonable and necessary expenses, as agreed to by the parties, must be paid by the District Court.
- In those municipalities where a police officer has been furnished to serve as a bailiff, the Chief Judge may continue to authorize the use of a police officer as a bailiff and the municipality must be compensated by the District Court. A person now appointed to serve as bailiff may not serve as court officer for a municipal police department, as provided in this subsection.
- 34 **Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

SUMMARY

This bill requires counties to be compensated by courts for the use of county law enforcement officers in the same manner as municipalities are compensated for the use of municipal law enforcement officers.