MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1996

Legislative Document

No. 1653

H.P. 1203

House of Representatives, January 8, 1996

An Act to Amend the Election Laws.

Submitted by the Department of the Secretary of State pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

♂OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative NADEAU of Saco.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §1, sub-§48, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,
4	§6, is amended to read:
6	48. Voting district. "Voting district" means an area set off from another in the same municipality for voting purposes.
8	It includes wards and precincts. In a municipality which that has only one voting place <u>district</u> , it means the entire
10	municipality.
12	Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §22, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
14	§22. Records and documents are public; exception for ballots
16	and voter address
18	1. Public records. All lists, books, documents and records required to be prepared by or filed with a public official are
20	public records. Public records are open to public inspection during regular business hours under proper protective regulations
22	made by the official charged with their custody.
24	2. Ballots. Ballots are not public records and may be inspected only in accordance with this Title.
26	3. Address of registered voter. The registrar must exclude
28	a registered voter's address from public inspection if:
30	A. The voter, or a member of the voter's family residing with the voter, is under court ordered protection from
32	another individual; and
34	B. The voter submits a written request to exclude the voter's address from public inspection to the registrar with
36	an attested copy of the court order of protection.
38	Upon receipt of the information in paragraph B, the registrar must exclude the address of the voter from public inspection.
40	The voter's name, political party affiliation and electoral division is public information. The registrar shall also make
42	the voter's written request and the attested copy of the court
44	order of protection available for public inspection upon the request of any person.

Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA $\S101$, first \P , as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,

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§6, is amended to read:

2	The municipal officers of each municipality shall appoint in writing a qualified registrar of voters within 10 30 days after the regular-election-of municipal officials are sworn to office.
4 6	Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §101, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
8 LO L2	2. Term of office. He- The registrar shall serve fer-energy ear-and until his a successor is appointed and sworn. If the municipal officers appoint the municipal clerk to serve as registrar, the term of the registrar is the same as the term of the clerk.
L4 L6	Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §145, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
18	1. Candidates for nomination by nomination petition. If enrolled, candidates for nomination by nomination petition must withdraw their enrollment at-least-3-menths-before the required date-for-filing-ef-the nomination-petitien by March 1st of that election year.
22	Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §152, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed.
26	Sec. 7. 21-A MRSA §302, sub-§1, $\P\P B$ and D , as enacted by PI 1985, c. 161, §6, are amended to read:
28 30 32	B. The name of a candidate for Governor or for President in the last preceding gubernaterial—er—presidential general election who was nominated by petition under the proposed party's designation pursuant to subchapter II and who received 5% or more of the total vote cast in the State for Governor-er-for-President-in that election;
36 38	D. The name and, address, telephone number and signature of the voter or one of the group of voters who file files the declaration of intent.
10	Sec. 8. 21-A MRSA §303, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862, §3, is further amended to read:
14	B. The names, addresses and, telephone numbers and signatures of the voters who file the declaration of intent.
	Sec. 9. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

1. Content. A nomination petition must contain the name of only one candidate, his the candidate's place of residence, the

office sought and electoral division. A nomination petition may contain as many separate papers as necessary and may contain the candidate's consent required by section 355. It may also contain the candidate's political designation, which may not exceed 3 words in length, and may not incorporate the candidate's name, or the designation or an abbreviation of the designation of a party which that is qualified to nominate candidates by primary election. A candidate who intends to form a new party about that person's candidacy must use the proposed party's designation.

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A. When 2 United States Senators or 2 county commissioners are to be nominated, the nomination petition must contain the term of office sought by the candidate.

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- B. The names of presidential electors must be placed on the petition as a slate. The names of the candidates for President and Vice President must be placed on a petition for the nomination of presidential electors.
- Sec. 10. 21-A MRSA §355, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, §29, is further amended to read:

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- Residence declared. The consent must contain declaration of the candidate's place of residence and the fact that the candidate has not been enrolled in a party qualified to participate in a primary or general election as of March 1st of election year meets the and that the candidate qualifications of the office the candidate seeks. The candidate must verify by oath or affirmation before a notary public or person authorized by law to administer oaths affirmations that the declaration is true. If, pursuant to the challenge procedures in section 356, any part of the declaration is found to be false by the Secretary of State, the consent and the nomination petition are void.
- A. Candidates for the office of county charter commission need not verify by oath or affirmation that they are not enrolled in a party.
- Sec. 11. 21-A MRSA §364, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

§364. Candidacy by nomination petition

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The nomination of a candidate or nominee, other than by party, to fill a vacancy must be made by nomination petition. The nomination process shall-be is in the same manner as provided by subchapter II, except that all petitions must be filed by 5 p.m. on the latest date established in the Governor's proclamation for the meeting of the appropriate political

	filing-by-party-eandidates-for-the-special-election.
4	Sec. 12. 21-A MRSA §412, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c.
6	154, §6, is further amended to read:
8	2. Filing fees. A candidate for the office of president
10	who does not file a petition with the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection 1 must pay a \$2,500 filing fee to the Secretary of State. A candidate must pay the filing fee at the time that
12	candidate files the required written statement of intent and no later than December 1st in the year next prior to the year of the
14	presidential preference primary. <u>If the candidate's party does</u> not file the certification required under section 411-A by
16	December 1st of the year next prior to the election, the candidate may request in writing a refund of the \$2,500 filing
18	fee from the Secretary of State.
20	<pre>Sec. 13. 21-A MRSA §737-A, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, §68, is further amended to read:</pre>
22	C. If the percentage difference shown by the official
24	tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place candidate is at least 4% or-more but less than 6% of the
26	total votes cast for that office, the deposit is \$1,000.
28	Sec. 14. 21-A MRSA §737-A, sub-§1, $\P\P D$ to F are enacted to read:
30	D. If the percentage difference shown by the official tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place
32	<pre>candidate is at least 6% but less than 8%, the deposit is \$5,000.</pre>
34	E. If the percentage difference shown by the official
36	tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place candidate is at least 8% but less than 10%, the deposit is
38	<u>\$10,000.</u>
40	F. If the percentage difference shown by the official tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place
42	candidate is 10% or more, the deposit is \$15,000 or the total cost to the State to conduct the recount, whichever is
44	higher.
46	Sec. 15. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 459, §73, is further amended to read:
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committees to fill the vacancy er_{r} -where-a-special-election-is-te

be-held,-by-5-p-m--of-the-date-specified-in-the-proclamation-for

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Application or request received. On receipt of a completed application or a request for an absentee ballot signed by the applicant, the clerk may immediately send or deliver an absentee ballot and return envelope to the applicant or to a 3rd person designated in the application or request. The clerk may not deliver an absentee ballot to any 3rd person who is a candidate or a member of a candidate's immediate family. clerk may not deliver to a 3rd person any absentee ballot requested under subsection 2-A. If a municipal election is to be held on the same date as a statewide election, absentee ballots for the municipal and statewide election may be issued in response to the same application. The clerk shall issue to any 3rd person designated in an application or request only enough absentee ballots to ensure that that person does not have more than 2 5 absentee ballots for voters in a municipality at any time. A 3rd person must, unless good cause is shown, return an absentee ballot to the clerk's office within the time limits provided in section 755. The clerk shall include a ballot application to be completed by the person who signed only a written request, unless the written request is sufficient under subsection 2. The clerk shall type or write in ink the name and the legal address of the person for whom the absentee ballot is intended in the upper left hand section of all return envelopes.

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- A. If the clerk receives a duplicate application from a person from whom the clerk has received a return envelope apparently containing an absentee ballot, the clerk may not furnish another absentee ballot for that person.
- B. The clerk may issue a 2nd absentee ballot to an applicant if the applicant requests one in person or in writing and:
 - (1) The applicant states good cause, including, but not limited to, loss of, spoiling of or damage to the first absentee ballot; or
 - (2) An absentee ballot for the applicant that was furnished to a designated 3rd person is not returned to the clerk's office within 2 business days of the date that ballot was sent or delivered to the 3rd person or the date that 3rd person was notified by the clerk that the ballot was available, or by 10 a.m. on the day before election day, whichever is earlier. If a ballot for an applicant is not returned to the clerk within 2 days of notification, the clerk shall mail a ballot to that applicant on the 3rd day after notification and may issue no other ballot to the applicant except for good cause as provided in this subsection. This

2	subparagraph does not affect the time for delivery of absentee ballots under section 755.
4	Sec. 16. 21-A MRSA §754-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 357, §§12 and 19, is amended to read:
6	1 Pellet deliment by mail and material by mail and
8	1. Ballot delivered by mail and returned by mail or in person. When a voter obtains his a ballot from the clerk by mail and returns his that ballot in person to the clerk or by mail and
10	he receives no assistance in marking his the ballot, the following procedures apply.
12	A. The voter must mark his the ballot according to section
14	691 or 692 so that it is impossible for anyone present at the time to see how he the voter voted.
16	B. While the voter is marking the ballot, there may be no
18	communication between the voter and any other individual as to the person or question for which the voter is to vote.
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22	C. After the voter has completed marking his the ballot, he the voter must then seal the ballot in its return envelope and complete the affidavit on the envelope. No notary or
24	witness certification is required.
26 28	D. The voter must then complete the address on the envelope and mail it to the clerk of the municipality of which he the voter is a resident. He- The voter must send a completed
	application, if necessary, in a separate envelope.
30 32	<pre>Sec. 17. 21-A MRSA §1055, 2nd ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:</pre>
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36	No person operating a broadcasting station within this State may broadcast any such communication without an oral or visual announcement of the name and address of the political
38	action committee which that made or financed the expenditure for the communication and statement that reads: "A copy of our
40	report is available from and may be viewed at the office of the Seeretary-ef-State Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices."
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46	STATEMENT OF FACT
48	This bill makes several changes and clarifies the election laws as follows.

	The bill clarifies the meaning of a voting district for a
2	municipality.
4	The bill clarifies the records and documents that may be
6	open to public inspection. It also requires that certain records may be excluded from public inspection pursuant to a court order
8	of protection.
10	The bill changes the appointment of a qualified registrar of voters from 10 days to 30 days after municipal officials are sworn to office.
12	The bill amends the term of office for the registrar of
14	voters.
16	The bill amends the deadline for candidates by nomination petition to withdraw their enrollment.
18	The bill repeals the provision regarding the removal of a
20	voter's name from the voting list for failure to meet voting requirements.
22	The bill clarifies the provisions regarding the declaration
24	of intent for the formation of a new party by requiring the name of a candidate for Governor or for President in the last
26	preceding general election who was nominated by petition under the proposed party's designation. It also requires the telephone
28	number and signature of the voter or group of voters who file a declaration of intent.
30	The bill amends the requirements in a nomination petition by
32	requiring that a candidate who intends to form a new party must use the proposed party's designation.
34	The bill amends the statement required of a candidate in the
36	candidate's consent on a candidate's petition to include declaring that the candidate meet the qualifications of the
38	office the candidate seeks.
40	The bill clarifies language regarding the filing deadline of a nomination petition where a special election is to be held.
42	The bill provides for a refund of the filing fee for a
44	candidate for the office of President.
46	The bill changes the numbers on percentage of vote spread between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place candidate for
48	which a \$1,000 recount deposit is required. The bill also establishes additional recount deposits.
50	escapitshes addictional recount deposits.

The bill increases the number of absentee ballots that a 3rd person may have in a municipality at any time.

4 The bill provides for the return of an absentee ballot in person.

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The bill amends the provision regarding a broadcast announcement of a political action committee to provide that a committee's report may be viewed at the office of the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices.

The bill amends the election laws to make them gender-neutral.