MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 1570

H.P. 1125

House of Representatives, June 12, 1995

An Act to Establish a User Fee System for Towns Requiring Sheriff's Services.

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative OTT of York.
Cosponsored by Representatives: CARLETON of Wells, FARNUM of South Berwick,
JOYCE of Biddeford, KERR of Old Orchard Beach, LaFOUNTAIN of Biddeford, LEMONT
of Kittery, MARSHALL of Eliot, MURPHY of Berwick, NADEAU of Saco, Senator:
LAWRENCE of York.

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Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA \$1341, sub-\$1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 375, is further amended to read:

Assessment. When a person is sentenced to incarceration in a county jail, the sentencing court shall eensider - and - may assess as part of the sentence a reimbursement fee to help defray the expenses of the offender's room and board and to reimburse a municipality for costs incurred under Title 30-A, section 1565 10 unless the court determines that the offender does not have the 12 ability to pay. The fee may not exceed the cost of incarcerating the offender or \$20 per day, whichever is less, plus the cost incurred by a municipality under Title 30-A, section 1565. 14 reimbursement fee assessed shall to pay for post-conviction room 16 and board must be collected by the county treasurer of the county in which the offender is incarcerated, paid into the treasury of that county and credited to the county responsible for paying for 18 incarceration of the offender. Any reimbursement fee 20 assessed to reimburse a municipality must be returned to that municipality.

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Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §1341, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 752, \$1, is amended to read:

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Amount of fee. After considering all relevant evidence on the issue of the offender's ability to pay under subsection 2, the court may enter, as part of its sentence a reimbursement fee as set out in subsection_1 that shall must be paid by the offender for-his-incarceration-in-the-county-jail. The fee shall must bear a reasonable relationship to the offender's ability to Upon petition by the offender, the amount may be modified to reflect any changes in the financial status of the offender.

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Sec. 3. 29-A MRSA §2605, sub-§§1 and 4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, are amended to read:

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Suspension by clerk. If a person fails to appear in court on the date and time specified in response to a Uniform Summons and Complaint, a summons, a condition of bail or order of court for any criminal violation of Title 23, section 1980; a civil violation under Title 28-A, section 2052; or any criminal provision of this Title, or for any further appearance ordered by the court, including one for the payment of a fine, either in person or by counsel, er fails to pay a fine imposed for a criminal traffic offense or fails to pay an assessment levied

pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1341 to reimburse a municipality for costs incurred under Title 30-A, section 1565, the clerk shall suspend the person's license or permit, the right to operate a motor vehicle in this State and the right to apply for or obtain a license or permit.

If a person who is not an individual fails to appear or pay a fine in a criminal traffic offense, the clerk shall suspend the registration of the motor vehicle involved in the offense or that person's right to operate that vehicle in the State.

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- Rescission of suspension. On appearances or payment of or assessment, whichever was the basis for suspension, on the condition of payment of and reinstatement fee to the Secretary of State, the clerk of the court in which the suspension was ordered shall rescind the suspension and notify the Secretary of State who, upon receipt of the \$25 reinstatement fee, shall delete any record of the suspension from that person's driving record.
- Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §452, as amended by PL 1991, c. 478, is repealed and the following is enacted in its place:

§452. Law enforcement functions

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1. Duty of sheriff to patrol. The sheriff in each county, in person or by the sheriff's deputies, to the extent the sheriff undertakes to patrol, shall patrol those areas in the county that have no local law enforcement but may not be required by law to patrol the entire county.

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2. User fees for law enforcement functions. The county commissioners of each county may annually assess a fee against each municipality in the county for the costs of providing law enforcement functions to that municipality. The county commissioners shall establish a formula for calculating the costs attributable to each municipality. The county commissioners may establish categories of law enforcement functions for which a user fee is charged. If a user fee is charged, it must be charged for each municipality in the county that uses the function. For the purposes of this section, the unorganized territory of a county must be treated as one municipality.

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If the county commissioners of York County assess a fee pursuant to this subsection, the municipalities that use law enforcement functions must pay 60% of the cost to the county of providing these functions, apportioned among these municipalities on a per capita basis, based on the latest Federal Decennial Census. The balance must be funded by the general county tax on all municipalities in the county.

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3. County commissioners may enter into contract. The county commissioners, with the sheriff's agreement, may enter

into a contract with a municipality under section 107 to provide specific patrol services by the sheriff's department in return for payment for these services. A municipality with a full-time police department or a municipality that contracts with the county commissioners pursuant to section 107 for patrol services may not be assessed a fee under subsection 2.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §453, last \P , as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C. §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

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The county commissioners, after consulting with the director or chief dispatcher, may enter into an agreement with a municipality under section 107 to provide specific communications for municipal law enforcement functions, including dispatching of municipal units, and to provide communications services related to dispatching county police services in that municipality in return for payment for these services. The county commissioners may assess a municipality a fee for the capital costs of communications equipment.

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Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §1565 is enacted to read:

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§1565. Reimbursement of county expenses for booking and pretrial detention at the York County jail; right of municipality to recover expenses from arrested person

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1. Fee for booking expenses. Except as provided in this section, the county commissioners of York County may impose a fee upon a municipality for reimbursement of county expenses incurred with respect to the booking or other processing of a person arrested by that municipality's law enforcement agency or, in the case of a person arrested by the sheriff's department or State Police, for a crime committed in that municipality if the arrested person is brought to the county jail for booking or detention. The fee imposed by the county pursuant to this section may not exceed the actual administrative costs incurred in booking or otherwise processing an arrested person. As used in this section, the term "actual administrative costs" includes only those costs for functions that are performed in order to receive an arrestee into a county detention facility. Operating expenses of the county jail facility including capital costs and those costs involved in the housing, feeding and care of inmates may not be included in calculating "actual administrative costs." "Actual administrative costs" may include any one or more of the following as related to receiving an arrestee into the county jail:

A. The searching, wristbanding, bathing, clothing, fingerprinting, photographing and medical and mental screening of an arrestee;

2	B. Document preparation, retrieval, updating, filing and court scheduling related to receiving an arrestee into the
4	<pre>county jail;</pre>
6	C. Warrant service, processing and detainer;
8	D. Inventory of an arrestee's money and creation of cash account;
10	E. Inventory and storage of an arrestee's property;
12	F. Inventory, laundry and storage of an arrestee's clothing;
14	G. The classification of an arrestee;
16 18	H. The direct costs of automated services utilized in paragraphs A to G; and
20	I. Unit management and supervision of the detention function as related to paragraphs A to H.
22	2. Fee for pretrial detention costs. Except as provided in
24	this section, the county commissioners of York County may impose a fee upon a municipality for reimbursement of county expenses
26	incurred with respect to the pretrial detention costs, for a maximum of 10 days, of a person arrested by that municipality's
28	law enforcement agency or, in the case of a person arrested by the sheriff's department or State Police, for a crime committed
30	in that municipality if the arrested person is brought to the county jail for detention. The pretrial detention cost per diem
32	rate must be set pursuant to Title 34-A, section 1210.
34	3. Exceptions. A fee may not be assessed under subsection 1 or 2 in the following instances:
36	A. An arrest on a bench warrant for failure to appear in
38	court;
40	B. When a person is ordered by a court to be remanded to the county jail;
42	C. An arrest made pursuant to an arrest warrant originating
44	outside of the jurisdiction of a municipal law enforcement agency:
46	D. An arrest on a parole violation or a probation-ordered
48	return to custody, unless a new charge has been filed for a crime committed in the jurisdiction of the municipality
50	against which the fee is sought to be assessed;

2	E. An arrest of a prisoner who has escaped from a county, state or federal detention or corrections facility; and
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6	F. When an arrestee is held in temporary detention at a court facility for purposes of arraignment and the arrestee has been previously booked at the jail.
8	A municipal law enforcement agency that makes a mutual aid
10	request must pay fees that result from arrests made in response to the mutual aid request except that in the event the Governor
12	declares a state of emergency, a municipality may not be charged a fee for an arrest made during a riot, disturbance or event that
14	is subject to the declaration.
16	4. Recovery of fees from arrested person. A municipality that is charged a fee under this section may recover that fee
18	from the arrested person if that person is convicted of any criminal offense related to the arrest. The sentencing court
20	shall assess, pursuant to Title 17-A, section 1341, a reimbursement fee to reimburse a municipality that is charged a
22	fee under this section. If a person does not pay this fee that person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this
24	State and the right to apply for or obtain a license or permit must be suspended pursuant to Title 29-A, section 2605.
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28	STATEMENT OF FACT
28 30	This bill makes the following changes to laws regarding the
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5. It gives the county commissioners of York County authority to collect from a municipality fees for booking and pretrial detention costs at the county jail for arrestees from that municipality.

6. It allows a municipality to recover these booking and pretrial detention costs from the arrested person if that person is convicted of any criminal offense related to the arrest. The bill provides that the sentencing court shall assess as part of the sentence a reimbursement fee to cover a municipality's costs under this bill unless the court determines that the person does not have the ability to pay. It also provides that if a person is assessed this fee and does not pay, that person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this State must be suspended.