MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 1540

H.P. 1096

House of Representatives, May 23, 1995

An Act Concerning Potato Blight Eradication and the Disposal of Cull Potatoes.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative KNEELAND of Easton. (GOVERNOR'S BILL) Cosponsored by Representatives: AHEARNE of Madawaska, CAMPBELL of Holden, CLUKEY of Houlton, CROSS of Dover-Foxcroft, DESMOND of Mapleton, DONNELLY of Presque Isle, HEESCHEN of Wilton, HICHBORN of Lagrange, JONES of Pittsfield, JOY of Crystal, KILKELLY of Wiscasset, MARSHALL of Eliot, MAYO of Bath, O'NEAL of Limestone, ROBICHAUD of Caribou, SIROIS of Caribou, SPEAR of Nobleboro, STROUT of Corinth, TYLER of Windham, WHEELER of Bridgewater, Senators: CASSIDY of Washington, KIEFFER of Aroostook, MICHAUD of Penobscot, PARADIS of Aroostook.

2	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
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6	Whereas, the practice of maintaining potato cull piles has created a threat to the potato industry in that the disease may
8	grow and be spread to nearby potato crops; and
10	Whereas, the discovery of the A2 strain of late blight has raised the possibility of devastating economic losses due to this
12	disease; and
	Whereas, these potential losses could negatively affect the
14	health, safety and welfare of the citizens of this State and the potato industry unless action is taken to remove the potato culls
16	and potato cull piles; and
18	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of
20	Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and
22	safety; now, therefore,
24	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
26	Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §1007 is repealed.
28	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §1007-A is enacted to read:
30	§1007-A. Penalty for maintaining potato cull piles
32	1. Purpose. The Legislature hereby declares that the A2
34	strain of late blight and other potato diseases constitute a clear and present danger to the production of potatoes in the
36	State and to a substantial portion of the economy of the State. Control of the A2 strain of late blight and other potato diseases
	through the control of potato cull piles could result in the
38	saving of potato crops and improvement in the economy. In the exercise of the police power of the State, the Legislature finds
40	that it is necessary to require the proper disposal of cull potatoes and potato cull piles and to provide a procedure for
42	disposal of those potatoes by the department by implementing best
	management practices pursuant to Title 17, section 2805 when the
44	owner or lessee of the property on which those potatoes were
16	grown, stored or disposed of fails to comply with the requirements of this section.
46	
	requirements of this section.
48	 Disposal of cull potatoes required. The owner or lessee
48 50	

- shall properly dispose of potato cull piles for the purpose of 2 killing the A2 strain of late blight and other potato diseases. The disposal must take place no later than June 10th of each year 4 unless the commissioner designates otherwise. In addition, a person may not maintain a cull potato pile between June 10th and October 1st of each year, or between such other dates as the 6 commissioner may designate. A person who fails to dispose properly of cull potatoes and cull potato piles as required by 8 this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation and not more than \$200 for 10 each succeeding day that the violation fails to be in compliance 12 with the requirements of this section may be adjudged.
- 14 3. Rules. The commissioner is authorized to adopt any rules necessary to implement this section in accordance with the 16 provisions of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, except that the commissioner may suspend the notice requirements to the 18 extent necessary and may adopt rules without making the findings required for emergency rules under Title 5, section 8054. In adopting any rules necessary to implement this section, the 20 commissioner shall consult with the Maine Potato Board. 22 commissioner may determine best management practices for the handling of cull potatoes in accordance with Title 17, section 24 2805.
- 26 4. Authorization. The commissioner may properly dispose of potato culls and potato cull piles that constitute a violation of 28 subsection 2 for the purpose of potato disease control. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may enter on private 30 property to effectuate the disposal and to inspect the disposal to determine whether proper disposal has been made. The 32 commissioner has a cause of action against the owner or lessee of any real property of this State to recover the actual costs of 34 removing and disposing of cull potatoes and cull potato piles. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee must be held 36 harmless for any such entry on private property if the entry is related to the inspection and disposal of cull potatoes and cull 38 potato piles.
- 40 Employees and agents of the department may enter at reasonable hours any farm where potatoes are grown or other premises where 42 potatoes are stored, packed, loaded for shipment or handled and enter any building with the consent of the property owner, 44 lessee, occupant or agent or, pursuant to an administrative search warrant, to inspect the farm or other premises to 46 determine compliance with subsection 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80E, 48 paragraph (b), the commissioner may obtain an administrative inspection warrant pursuant to this subsection by describing the 50 farm or other premises to be inspected and the purpose of the inspection and demonstrating that the inspection sought is

reasonable and represents a minimal intrusion in furtherance of a legitimate governmental obligation of the department. This demonstration is deemed to be a demonstration of probable cause.

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6. Potato Cull Removal Fund. The Potato Cull Removal Fund is established and may be used by the commissioner to enforce the provisions of this section and to pay the expenses of potato cull removal. The commissioner may receive funds from any source to be deposited into this fund, which does not lapse. If at any time the balance of the fund falls below \$15,000, any penalties collected under this section must be deposited into the fund. Whenever the balance of the fund exceeds \$15,000, any penalties collected must be deposited to the General Fund.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

STATEMENT OF FACT

Cull potatoes and cull potato piles present a serious threat to the potato industry because they can be the source of disease that can infect a growing crop. The recent discovery of the A2 strain of late blight creates an extremely serious risk of devastating economic losses to the crop. It is necessary to prohibit cull potatoes and cull potato piles when a growing crop may become infected with the A2 strain of late blight or other serious potato diseases.

This bill makes it a civil violation to maintain cull potatoes and cull potato piles between June 10th and October 1st of each year and gives the Commissioner of Agricultural, Food and Rural Resources or the commissioner's designee the authority to inspect farms to determine whether cull potatoes and cull potato piles are being maintained illegally. The commissioner also has the authority to remove illegal cull potatoes and cull potato piles and can recover the costs of removal and disposal from the landowner. A forfeiture for each violation is set at \$1,000 and \$200 for each additional day. A Potato Cull Removal Fund is established to pay the expenses of potato cull removal.