#### MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



#### L.D. 1516

	L.D. 1310
2	DATE: June 22, 1995 (Filing No. S- 317)
4	
6	JUDICIARY
8	Reported by: Senator MILLS of Somerset for the Committee.
10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
12	STATE OF MAINE
14	SENATE 117TH LEGISLATURE
16	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516, Bill, "An
20	Act to Amend the Laws Governing Child Support"
22	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the title and before the statement of fact and inserting in its place the
24	following:
26	'Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted
28	as emergencies; and
30	Whereas, enactment of this legislation provides the Department of Human Services with more tools to collect child
32	support payments from responsible parents;
34	Whereas, collecting more child support reduces the Aid to Families with Dependent Children costs to the State; and
36	
38	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
40	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,
42	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
44	•
	Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §807, sub-§3, ¶G, as amended by PL 1991, c.

Page 1-LR2367(2)

885, Pt. E, §4 and affected by §47, is further amended to read:

2	G. A person who is not an attorney, but is representing a party in any hearing, action or proceeding before the
4	Workers' Compensation Board as provided in Title 39-A, section 317; er
6	Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §807, sub-§3, ¶H, as repealed and replaced by
8	PL 1989, c. 858, §1, is amended to read:
10	H. A person who is not an attorney, but has been designated to represent either the Department of Human Services, under
12	Title 22, section 3473, subsection 3, or the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation, under Title 34-B,
14	section 1204, subsection 7, in Probate Court proceedings. or
16	Sec. 3. 4 MRSA §807, sub-§3, ¶I is enacted to read:
18	I. A person who is not an attorney, but is representing the Department of Human Services in a child support enforcement
20	matter as provided by Title 14, section 3128-A, subsection 7 and Title 19, section 504-C, subsection 10. This paragraph
22	is repealed October 1, 1998.
24	Sec. 4. 9-B MRSA §161, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 1981, c. 501, §28, is further amended to read:
26	D. The making of reports or returns required under the
28	D. The making of reports or returns required under the United States Internal Revenue Code, chapter 61, and including the submission of information concerning interest
30	earned on accounts, investigatory activity authorized by the United States Internal Revenue Code and any use to which the
32	reports or returns would be subjected once submitted;
34	Sec. 5. 9-B MRSA §161, sub-§2, ¶1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 86, §1, is further amended to read:
36	
38	I. Any disclosure of records made pursuant to Title 22, section 16, 17 or 4314;
40	Sec. 6. 14 MRSA §3121, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1971, c. 408, §1, is amended to read:
42	
44	3. Judgment creditor. "Judgment creditor" means any person, corporation, partnership or other entity who or which is the owner of any judgment unsatisfied in whole or in part, and the
46	Department of Human Services when it is collecting child support.
48	Sec. 7. 14 MRSA §3121-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 655, is further amended to read:

Page 2-LR2367(2)

ĸ.	4	S	
----	---	---	--

48

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516
2	· 1. Commencement of proceedings. Notwithstanding Title 4, section 155, and any provisions set forth elsewhere, and except
_	as provided in subsection 2 and Title 19, section 504-C,
4	<u>subsection 2</u> , any proceeding under this chapter shall <u>must</u> be commenced in a division of the District Court as follows.
6	,
	A. Except as provided in paragraph D, if the judgment
8	debtor is an individual who resides within this State, the proceeding shall must be commenced in the division in which
10	the judgment debtor resides.
12	B. Except as provided in paragraph D, if the judgment debtor is a nonresident individual, the proceeding shall
. 14	<pre>must be commenced in the division in which the debtor is commorant.</pre>
16	
	C. Except as provided in paragraph D, if the judgment
18	debtor is not an individual, the proceeding shall must be commenced in a division in which the debtor maintains a
20	place of business. If the judgment debtor does not maintain a place of business in this State, the proceeding shall must
22	be commenced in a division in which a civil summons could be served upon the debtor or in any division in which the
24	action resulting in the judgment could have been brought.
26	D. Any proceeding under this chapter may be commenced in the division where the judgment creditor, if an individual,
28	resides or, if not an individual, has a place of business, except that a consumer debt proceeding must be commenced, at
30	the option of the creditor, in the division where the consumer transaction occurred or where the judgment debtor
32	resides. Consumer debts are limited to debts arising from purchases that are primarily for personal, family or
34	household purposes.
36	Sec. 8. 14 MRSA §3128-A is enacted to read:
38	§3128-A. Order to seek employment
40	1. Order: exceptions. If a child support obligor claims inability to pay in a disclosure proceeding under section 3125 or
42	Title 19, section 504-C, the court may order the obligor to seek employment and make progress reports on that activity to the
44	court or the Department of Human Services unless:

- A. The obligor proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the obligor is engaged in diligent, bona fide efforts to seek work; or

Page 3-LR2367(2)

	B. The obligor proves by a preponderance of the evidence
2	that the obligor does not have the ability to seek work.
4	2. Contents. The order must contain, but is not limited
	to, the following directives:
6	
	A. That the obligor seek employment within a specified
8	amount of time;
U	amount of time,
10	D That the chliman file models with the count on the
10	B. That the obligor file weekly with the court or the
• •	Department of Human Services, as applicable, a report on any
12	new employment of the obligor or at least 5 new attempts by
•	the obligor to find employment;
14	
	C. That the obligor include in the report filed pursuant to
16	paragraph B the name, address and telephone number of the
	new employer or the names, addresses and telephone numbers
18	of the employers with whom the obligor attempted to seek
	employment and the names of the individuals the obligor
20	contacted to inquire about or apply for employment; and
22	D. That failure to comply with the order is evidence,
	absent good cause, of willful nonpayment of child support
24	for which the obligor may be held in contempt.
6.4	Tot writer the obligor may be nert in contempt.
26	3. Duration. The order continues in effect for 6 months or
20	until the obligor finds work, whichever occurs first.
28	ducti the obligor tinus work, whichever occurs first,
20 .	A Cubaccust and me The second was forced as a second second
20	4. Subsequent orders. The court may issue any order or
30	combination of orders under this chapter to enforce an order
	under this section.
32	
	5. Report. If an obligor is ordered to report to the
34	Department of Human Services pursuant to subsection 2, the
	Department of Human Services shall monitor compliance with the
36	order and may petition the court to enforce the order.
	$\cdot$
38	6. Failure to report. Failure to report or otherwise
	comply with an order under this section, absent good cause, is
40	evidence of willful nonpayment of child support for which the
	obligor may be held in contempt under section 3136.
42	
	7. Representation of the Department of Human Services;
44	training. The Commissioner of Human Services may designate
	employees of the department who are not attorneys to represent
46	the department in District Court in a proceeding filed under this
	section. The Commissioner shall ensure that appropriate training
48	is provided to all employees designated to represent the
	department under this subsection.

Page 4-LR2367(2)

can be reached and the address of the debtor.

8

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

- 8. Rulemaking. The Department of Human Services shall adopt rules to implement its responsibilities under this section.
- Repeal. This section is repealed October 1, 1998.
- Sec. 9. 14 MRSA §3134, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1987, c. 708, §9, is further amended to read:

Issuance of civil order of arrest. If the judgment debtor fails to appear after being duly served with a subpoena 10 under section 3123 or with an order to appear and disclose under Title 19, section 504-C, and the judgment creditor appears at the 12 time and place named in that subpoena, the creditor may request 14 the court to issue a civil order of arrest. The court shall issue a civil order of arrest upon the written request of the creditor stating that he the creditor knows of no infirmity, 16 disability or good cause preventing the appearance of the 18 The request must contain the address and telephone number where the creditor or his the creditor's representative

- Sec. 10. 14 MRSA §3135, last ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 498, §1, is further amended to read:
- Unless the judgment debtor shows good cause for failure to appear after being duly served with a disclosure subpoena under section 3123 er, a contempt subpoena under section 3136 or an order to appear and disclose under Title 19, section 504-C, the debtor must be ordered to pay the costs of issuing and serving the civil order for arrest. The costs of issuing and serving the civil order for arrest are \$25 plus mileage at a rate of 22¢ per mile. The fee payable to sheriffs and their deputies for civil orders for arrest is governed by Title 30-A, section 421, subsection 6.
- Sec. 11. 19 MRSA §448-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. V, §5, is repealed.
- Sec. 12. 19 MRSA §448-A, sub-§4-A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 40 410, Pt. V, §7, is repealed.
- Sec. 13. 19 MRSA §448-A, sub-§4-B is enacted to read:
- 44 4 B. Fees and costs. The Department of Human Services shall charge a \$2 per week fee to all obligors whose child support payments are made to the department to reduce the department's costs in providing support enforcement services.

  The department may collect fees owed by the obligor by using any remedies available for collection of child support. The department shall retain all fees and apply them toward the Aid to

Page 5-LR2367(2)

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

. 24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

Families with Dependent Children or the child support enforcement programs. The department shall apply amounts collected toward fees only after the amount owed to the family for the current period is paid. The department shall collect the fee from obligors whose child support is paid to the department under an income withholding order by notifying the payor of income to the obligor to increase withholding by \$2 per week. The department or any other person may not be required to issue a new or amended withholding order to collect the fee, but shall notify the obligor in advance of the increase in withholding.

Sec. 14. 19 MRSA §495, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1993, c. 607, §4, is further amended to read:

When a court order of support has not been established, a payment of public assistance for the benefit of the dependent child creates a debt due the department from the responsible parent for past necessary support. The amount of debt due the department is established by application of the most current child support scale to the responsible parent's income for the time period in which the department entitled to support payments. In the absence of sufficient reliable information to calculate a responsible parent's past income, it is presumed that the responsible parent had an earning capacity equal to the average weekly wage of a worker within this State as determined by the Department of Labor statistics for the applicable years. A different annual income may be used if there is sufficient reliable evidence to conclude reasonably that responsible parent earned a greater or lesser actual income. A present disability to pay child support, legal or otherwise, does not operate to bar a determination of past debt due the department for any relevant period in which the disability did not exist. When the department establishes a periodic support payment has-been-established-under-section 497-A-or-former-section-498 by administrative decision, the debt is limited to the amount stated in the decision.

Sec. 15. 19 MRSA §498-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1993, c. 607, §8, is further amended to read:

1. Responsible parent's failure to comply. If a responsible parent fails to aequire—the obtain health insurance coverage as required under—section—497 A—or—497—B by an administrative decision, that parent is liable for any expenses incurred for any dependent children that would have been paid by the insurance coverage, regardless of incurred expenses. Incurred liability may be enforced as a child support debt under this subchapter or by judicial action.

50

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516



- Sec. 16. 19 MRSA §500, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 532, §3, is amended to read:
- 3. If the commissioner finds that the collection of any support debt accrued or accruing under section 495 is in jeopardy, the commissioner may make demand under subsection 1 for immediate payment of the support debt, and upon failure or refusal immediately to pay, the commissioner may file and serve liens pursuant to section 503 503-A. No action under sections 504, 506 and 507 may be taken until the notice requirements of subsection 1 are met.

12

14

18

20

22

24

26

28

2

- Sec. 17. 19 MRSA §503, as amended by PL 1993, c. 607, §9, is repealed.
- Sec. 18. 19 MRSA §503-A is enacted to read:

#### §503-A. Liens

- 1. Judgment. Twenty-one days after receipt by a responsible parent of a notice of debt under section 500 or 30 days after the date of mailing to the responsible parent of a decision of the department that requires the responsible parent to pay child support, the amount stated in the notice of debt or in the decision is a judgment in favor of the department, the obligee, or both. The judgment is a lien against all property of the responsible parent. The lien is separate from and in addition to a lien filed under this section.
- 30 2. Filing. For real property, a lien is perfected when a notice of support lien is filed in the registry of deeds of the county or counties in which the real property is located. For personal property, including motor vehicles or other items for 34 which a certificate of ownership is issued by the Secretary of State, the lien is perfected when a notice of support lien is delivered to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State 36 shall mark, hold and index the notice of support lien as if it 38 were a financing statement within the meaning of Title 11, section 9-402. The notice of support lien must state the name 40 and address of the responsible parent, the amount of the child support debt accrued, the date of the decision or notice of debt 42 by which the debt was assessed and the name and address of the authorized agent of the department who issued the notice.

44

46

3. Effect. A person who knows of a support lien may not pay over, release, sell, transfer, encumber or convey property that may be subject to the lien, unless:

48

50

A. The commissioner waives or releases the lien in writing; or

Page 7-LR2367(2)

•
•

2	B. A court of competent jurisdiction orders a release.
4	4. Order to seize and sell. A lien under this section may be enforced or collected through an order to seize and sell under
6	section 774-B.
8	This subsection is repealed October 1, 1998.
10	Sec. 19. 19 MRSA §504, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 532, §3, is amended to read:
12	A. A lien has been filed pursuant to <u>former</u> section 503 <u>or</u>
14	section 503-A; or
16	Sec. 20. 19 MRSA §504, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1993, c. 607, §10, is further amended to read:
18	B. Twenty-one days have elapsed from the date of receipt of
20	the <u>a</u> notice of debt under section 500 or <u>30 days after the</u> date of mailing to a responsible parent of a decision has
22	been-received under-section 497 A or 497-B of the department that requires the responsible parent to pay child support.
24	Sec. 21. 19 MRSA §504, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 532,
26	§3, is amended to read:
28	3. Order; contents. The order to withhold and deliver shall must state the amount of the support debt accrued and accruing
30	and the terms of seetiens former section 503 or sections 503-A and 509 and shall demand a listing of property, including wages,
32	which that is due or belongs to the responsible parent.
34	Sec. 22. 19 MRSA §504-C is enacted to read:
36	§504-C. Order to appear and disclose
38	1. Order. The commissioner may commence an action under
40	Title 14, chapter 502 by directing a responsible parent to appear before the department to disclose under oath information that relates to the responsible parent's ability to pay child
42	support. The commissioner may require a responsible parent who

is directed to appear to provide documents, papers and other 44

evidence about the responsible parent's income and assets for the purpose of enforcing a court or administrative order for child

support. An order to appear and disclose must be served on the responsible parent as provided by the Maine Rules of Civil

48 Procedure, Rule 4.

46

#### Page 8-LR2367(2)

Rds.

46

48

50

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT // TO S.P. 550, L.D. 1510
	2. Venue. The Department of Human Services may commence
;	the action by ordering the obligor to appear at an office of the
	department, provided the distance to be travelled by the obligor is no more than 100 miles from the obligor's place of residence.
	If the department files the action in court, the department shall
1	file the action in the division of the District Court where the
;	obligor resides or in the division that has ordered the obligon to pay child support, if any.
1	3. Notice to responsible parent. The department shall
	include a notice to the responsible parent with each order to
1	2 appear and disclose. The notice must include the following information:
1	
	A. The date, time and place of the disclosure proceeding;
1	6 B. The amount of child support the responsible parent owes:
1	
	C. That the department may file a record of the proceeding
2	in court to collect the debt;
2	D. That, if the department files a record of the proceeding
	in court, the court will notify the responsible parent by
2	4 regular mail of the date, time and place of the court hearing;
2	·
	E. That, if a record of the proceeding is filed in court,
2	8 the court may issue any lawful order, including a sale of turnover order, an order to seek employment or a civil order
3	
_	
3	F. That, if a record of the proceeding is filed in court and the responsible parent is not making regular child
3	
3	parent to show why regular payments can not be made; and
3	G. The penalties as provided by this section that could be
3	8 incurred by the responsible parent for failure to appear,
4	failure to provide documents, papers and other evidence as required or intentionally providing false information.
	redutted of furencionaria bioxidation tarse informacion.
4	
4	under which the responsible parent owes child support.
_	

4. Notice to obligee. The department shall provide notice to the obligee of the time and place of the disclosure proceeding and the nature of the proceeding.

5. Limitation of action. The department may issue an order to appear and disclose only if the responsible parent owes \$500

Page 9-LR2367(2)

or more	e in	overdue	child	support,	the am	ount has	been	owed	for a	<u>at</u>
				ne respo						
		_		nts to re		-				-

6. Continuance. The department may grant a continuance of the proceeding for good cause.

7. Transcribable record. The department shall prepare an official, transcribable record of all proceedings held under this section.

8. Failure to appear. If the responsible parent fails to appear after being served with an order to appear and disclose, the department may request a civil order of arrest pursuant to Title 14, sections 3134 and 3135 for violating the order to appear and disclose by filing a copy of the order to appear and disclose, proof of service of the order and an affidavit attesting that the responsible parent failed to appear for the administrative disclosure proceeding.

9. Court action. The commissioner may file the record of a proceeding in the District Court to ask the court for any appropriate relief under Title 14, chapter 502, including an order requiring the responsible parent to seek employment and report that activity to the department. The record must be accompanied by a motion. The department shall notify the responsible parent by regular mail upon filing the record in court. The notice to the responsible parent must include a copy of the department's motion. The filing of the record, along with proof of service of the order to appear and disclose, constitutes a filing under the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 3(1) and further service is not required.

10. Representation of the Department of Human Services. The commissioner may designate employees of the department who are not attorneys to represent the department in District Court in a proceeding filed under this section. A designated employee may prepare and sign the motion as required under subsection 9. The Commissioner shall ensure that appropriate training is provided to all employees designated to represent the department under this subsection.

11. Employee protection. An employer who discharges, refuses to employ or takes disciplinary action against a responsible parent, or who otherwise discriminates against the parent because the parent must appear before the department pursuant to this section is liable in an action by the responsible parent for compensatory and punitive damages, plus attorney's fees and court costs.

4

6

8

10

12

14

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

12. Penalties. Failure to appear before the department
absent good cause, is a civil violation for which a forfeiture
not to exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged. Failure to provide
documents, papers and other evidence as required, absent goo
cause, is a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed
\$1,000 may be adjudged. Intentionally providing false
information is a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to
exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged for each violation.

#### 13. Repeal. This section is repealed October 1, 1998.

- Sec. 23. 19 MRSA §506, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 532, §3, is amended to read:
- 1. Seizure and surrender. Whenever a lien has been filed pursuant to <u>former</u> section 503 <u>or section 503-A</u>, the commissioner may collect the debt stated in the lien by seizing, if this can be done without breach of the peace, or demanding surrender of, any property subject to the lien and disposing of it.
  - Sec. 24. 19 MRSA §507, sub-§§1 and 2, as amended by PL 1985, c.
    652, §35, are further amended to read:
  - 1. Liens on real property. Actions to foreclose liens on real property filed under <u>former</u> section 503 <u>or section 503-A</u> may be brought in the county where the lien is filed pursuant to the procedures of Title 14, chapter 403, subchapter II.
  - 2. Liens on personal property. Actions to foreclose liens on personal property filed under <u>former</u> section 503 <u>or section 503-A</u> may be brought in the county where the lien is filed pursuant to the procedures of Title 14, chapter 509, subchapter III.

#### Sec. 25. 19 MRSA §774-B is enacted to read:

#### §774-B. Order to seize and sell

- 1. Execution of support liens. The Department of Human

  Services may issue an order to seize and sell to execute a support lien established under former section 503 or section

  503-A or to enforce and collect any money judgment assessed under this chapter, chapter 5 or chapter 7. An order to seize and sell has the same effect as a writ of execution issued by the District Court or the Superior Court.
- 2. Issuance of order. An order to seize and sell is an order, under official seal of the Department of Human Services, directed to a county sheriff or a levying officer authorized by law to enforce a District Court or Superior Court judgment. The

Page 11-LR2367(2)

R. d.S.

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

- order must command the recipient of the order to seize and sell specific nonexempt real and personal property of an obligor to satisfy the support lien upon which the order is based. The department must know or have reason to believe the obligor has a substantial ownership interest in the property identified in the order. Before issuing the order, the department must search the records of the applicable registry of deeds for real property and the records of the Secretary of State for personal property to determine if there are other persons who have an ownership interest in the property.
- 3. Content of order. An order to seize and sell must be signed by the Commissioner of Human Services or the commissioner's designee. The order must be for the amount of the support lien or the amount of any other money obligation determined under this chapter, plus fees and costs, if any. The order must identify the specific property that is the subject of the order. The order must include notice that tells the obligor and other persons who are known to have an ownership interest in the property how to contest the seizure and sale of the property, including notice of the right to an administrative hearing within 5 business days. The order must list the type and value of property that is exempt as provided in subsection 15.

4. Order limited. The county sheriff or levying officer may not seize property not specifically identified in the order.

5. Sheriff or levying officer. An order to seize and sell may be sent by the Department of Human Services to a county sheriff or levying officer. When the order is issued, the department shall serve a copy of the order on all persons other than the obligor who the department knows have an ownership interest in the property identified in the order. If personal service is unsuccessful, the department shall mail the order to the person's last known address by regular mail. Upon receipt of the order, the sheriff or levying officer shall proceed to execute the order in the same manner as prescribed for execution of a judgment. A sheriff or levying officer shall return the order, along with any funds collected, to the department within 90 days of the receipt of the order. Funds resulting from execution of the order must first be applied to the sheriff's or levying officer's costs, then to any superior liens and then to the support lien or other money obligation and any inferior liens of which the department has notice. Any amounts in excess of this distribution must be paid to the obligor. If the order is returned not fully satisfied, the department has the same remedies to collect the deficiency as are available for any civil judgment.

Page 12-LR2367(2)

A.	4. <sub>.2</sub> .	
----	--------------------	--

6. Right to hearing. Before the sale, the obligor and any
other persons who claim an ownership interest in the property
seized under an order to seize and sell have a right to an
administrative hearing to contest the seizure and sale of the
property and to establish the value of their relative interest in
the property. A request for a hearing must be in writing and
must be received by the Department of Human Services within 10
calendar days of the seizure. Upon receiving a request for a
hearing, the department shall notify all persons who the
department has reason to believe have an ownership interest in
the property of the time, place and nature of the hearing.

A. Anyone requesting a hearing has the right to a preliminary hearing within 5 business days of the hearing request. At the preliminary hearing, if the hearing officer determines there is reasonable ground to believe that the seizure was lawful and that the obligor owes a support debt that could be satisfied in whole or in part by nonexempt property that has been seized, the hearing officer shall require the seizure to remain in force and shall schedule a final hearing, allowing all parties reasonable time to collect evidence and prepare for the final hearing. If the hearing officer determines that the seizure was not lawful or that the obligor does not owe a support debt that could be satisfied in whole or in part by nonexempt property that has been seized, the hearing officer shall declare the order to seize and sell void.

B. The Department of Human Services shall notify any person who the department has reason to believe has an ownership interest in the seized property of the time and place of the final hearing. At the final hearing, the hearing officer shall determine:

(1) Whether the obligor owes a support debt;

3 8

(2) Whether the support debt could be satisfied in whole or in part by the property seized; and

(3) The value of the interests of all persons with an ownership interest in the property.

7. Commercially reasonable sale. The sheriff or levying officer may sell the property seized as a unit or in parcels and at any time and place and on any terms not otherwise prohibited by this section, but every aspect of the disposition including the method, manner, time, place and terms must be commercially reasonable. The property may not be sold for less than the debtor's interest in the property that is exempt. The property may not be sold for less than the full value of the interest in the

Page 13-LR2367(2)

property owned by the nonobligor parties with an interest superior to that of the Department of Human Services. The property may not be sold for less than the debtor's interest in the property that is exempt. The Department of Human Services reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

8. Notice of sale. Within 30 days of receiving notice of a sale from the county sheriff or levying officer, the Department of Human Services shall send by regular mail an accounting and proposed distribution of the net proceeds of the sale to the obligor, all joint owners of the property sold and any known lienholders with an interest in the property. The accounting and proposed distribution must include notice of the right to challenge the proposed distribution at an administrative hearing within 30 days. The department may not distribute the proceeds of the sale until the appeal period has run and all appeals have been decided.

9. Release. Upon receiving payment in full of the order amount plus fees and costs, if any, the Department of Human Services shall release the order to seize and sell. Upon receiving partial payment of the order amount or if the department determines that a release or partial release of the order will facilitate the collection of the unpaid amount, fees and costs, the department may release or may partially release the order to seize and sell. The department shall release the order if it determines the order is unenforceable.

10. Right to redeem. An obligor or other person or entity having an interest in real or personal property seized under an order to seize and sell at any time prior to sale of the property may pay the amount of the support lien or other money obligation and any costs incurred by the county sheriff or levying officer serving the order. Upon payment in full, the property must be restored to the obligor or other person or entity having an interest in that property and all proceedings on the order must cease.

- 11. Right to redeem after sale. An obligor or other person or entity having an interest in real property seized and sold by a county sheriff or levying officer pursuant to an order to seize and sell may, within 240 days after sale of the property, redeem the property by making payment to the purchaser in the amount paid by the purchaser plus interest at the statutory interest rate payable on judgments recovered in the District Court and the Superior Court.
- 12. Release not a bar to other action. At any time after seizure and sale of property under an order to seize and sell, the Department of Human Services may release all or part of the seized property without liability if payment of the support lien

Page 14-LR2367(2)

a.	4	<b>G</b> .

	tate collection of the support lien or money obligation.
The r	elease or return of the property does not prevent future
	to collect the order amount from that property or other
proper	
	<del></del>
1	3. Statute of limitations. The Department of Human
	es may issue an order to seize and sell to collect a
	t lien or other money obligation under this chapter,
	er 5 or chapter 7 at any time within the statutory
	ation period for enforcing and collecting child support
amount	<u>.s.</u>
1	4. Additional remedies. The use of an order to seize and
	is not exclusive and the Department of Human Services may
	ny other remedy provided by law for the collection of child
suppor	
	·
1	15. Exempt property. The following property is exempt from
	re and sale, except to the extent that it has been
	elently conveyed by the obligor:
LIAUUL	dencty conveyed by the obligor:
	mba ablicanta comunicata internati nat ta comunicat #12 E00
	A. The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$12,500
	n value, in real or personal property that the obligor uses
2	as a residence;
	·
I	3. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$2,500 in value,
	3. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$2,500 in value, in one motor vehicle:
i	n one motor vehicle:
i	3. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$2,500 in value, in one motor vehicle; C. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in
<u>:</u> 2	n one motor vehicle:
<u>:</u> 2 2	n one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in
<u>:</u> 2 2	n one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or
<u>i</u> 2 2 2 0	In one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the
i 2 2 1 1	In one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a
i 2 2 1	In one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the
i 3 3 9 1 1	In one motor vehicle;  C. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;
i 2 2 2 1 1 2	In one motor vehicle:  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000
i 2 2 2 1 1 2 2	In one motor vehicle;  The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of
i 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the
i 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools,
i 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  On The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and
i 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  On The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and
i 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	In one motor vehicle:  C. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  C. The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and necessary for carrying on the obligor's trade or business
i 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1	In one motor vehicle:  C. The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  C. The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and necessary for carrying on the obligor's trade or business
i 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  On the obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and necessary for carrying on the obligor's trade or business, and intended to be used or wrought in that trade or business;
i 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor:  On The obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and necessary for carrying on the obligor's trade or business and intended to be used or wrought in that trade or business;  The obligor's interest in the following items held
i 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The obligor's interest, not to exceed \$200 in value in any particular item, in household furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, books, animals, crops or musical instruments that are held primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor;  On the obligor's aggregate interest, not to exceed \$5,000 in value, in any implements, professional books or tools of the trade of the obligor or the trade of a dependent of the obligor, including, but not limited to, power tools, materials and stock designed and procured by the obligor and necessary for carrying on the obligor's trade or business, and intended to be used or wrought in that trade or business;

(1) One cooking stove:

50

Page 15-LR2367(2)

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516

	(2) All furnaces or stoves used for heating; and
2	
4	(3) All cooking and heating fuel not to exceed 10 cords of wood, 5 tons of coal or 1,000 gallons of
7	petroleum products or the equivalent amount of another
6	type of fuel;
8	F. The obligor's interest in the following items held
10	primarily for the personal, family or household use of the obligor or a dependent of the obligor:
12	(1) All food provisions, whether raised or purchased, reasonably necessary for 6 months;
14	
16	(2) All seeds, fertilizers, feed and other material reasonably necessary to raise and harvest food through one growing season; and
18	
20	(3) All tools and equipment reasonably necessary for raising and harvesting food;
22	G. The obligor's interest in one of every type of farm implement reasonably necessary for the obligor to raise and
24	harvest agricultural products commercially, including any personal property incidental to the maintenance and
26	operation of the farm implements;
28	H. The obligor's interest in one boat, not exceeding 5 tons burden, used by the debtor primarily for commercial fishing:
30	and
32	<ol> <li>Professionally prescribed health aids for the obligor or a dependent of the obligor.</li> </ol>
34	16. Repeal. This section is repealed October 1, 1998.
36	Sec. 26. 19 MRSA §777-E is enacted to read:
38	Same and the same
40	§777-E. Annual statement
	The Department of Human Services shall send an annual
42	statement of arrearages to all obligors who owe past-due child
44	support that the department is authorized to collect. The
44	statement must include notice to the obligor that the department may collect the amount owed by issuing an order to seize and sell
46	property. The statement may include such other notices that the
48	department considers appropriate. The department shall send the

Page 16-LR2367(2)

known address. If the obligor disagrees with the department's

	statement of arrearages, the obligor must immediately notify the
2	department.
4	Sec. 27. 19 MRSA §780-A, sub-§6 is enacted to read:
6	6. Fees. A notice to the obligor and payor of income that the payor of income must withhold and send to the Department of
8	Human Services a fee of \$2 per week in addition to the amount
10	withheld for child support.
12	Sec. 28. 22 MRSA §17 is enacted to read:
14	§17. Access to financial records of deposit accounts of individuals who owe overdue child support
16	1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
18	following meanings.
20	A. "Depositor" has the same meaning as used in Title 9-B, and includes "share account holders" of credit unions.
22	
24	B. "Financial institution" means a trust company, savings bank, industrial bank, commercial bank, savings and loan association or credit union organized under the laws of this
26	State or otherwise authorized to do business in this State.
28	C. "Match" means an automated comparison by name and social security number of a list of obligors provided to a
30	financial institution by the department and a list of depositors of any financial institution.
32	D. "Obligor" means a person who owes overdue support.
34	
36	E. "Overdue support" means a debt of \$500 or more for maintenance and support of a child or children that has been owed for a least 60 days, if the obligor had prior notice of
38	the debt and a prior opportunity to contest the amount owed. "Overdue support" includes spousal support or alimony
40	being collected in conjunction with child support.
42	2. Computer match. Upon written request from the commissioner to a financial institution in this State with the
44	technological capacity to perform a match, the financial
46	institution shall perform a match using the list of obligors' social security numbers provided by the department. The
48	department is responsible for making its computer data compatible with the data of the financial institution with which a match is sought. The department's data, at a minimum, must include the

Page 17-LR2367(2)

full name and social security number of and the amount of overdue

2	support owed by each obligor. The department may not request a financial institution to perform a match under this section more often than once every calendar year.
4	orcen than once every carendar year.
•	3. Compilation of match list. After completing a match
6	requested by the department under subsection 2, a financial institution shall compile for the department a list of those
8	depositors whose social security numbers match the list of social
	security numbers of obligors provided by the department. The
LO	list must contain the following information, if available to the
12	financial institution through its matching procedure, for each
1.2	account identified:
14	A. The obligor's full name;
L6	B. The obligor's social security number:
L8	C. The financial institution account number; and
LO	c. The linancial institution account number; and
20	D. The amount of deposits contained in the account, if
-0	available.
22	MI ASSAGRA
	4. Notice to department. A financial institution that has
24	compiled a match list under subsection 3 shall send the list to
	the department at the address designated by the department.
26	
	5. Notice to customer. The financial institution may not
28	provide notice in any form to a depositor contained in a match
	list submitted to the department under subsection 4. Failure to
30	provide notice to a depositor does not constitute a violation of
	the financial institution's duty of good faith to its customers.
32	
	6. Reasonable fee. To cover the costs of carrying out the
34	requirements of this section, a financial institution may assess
_	a reasonable fee to the department not to exceed the actual costs
36	incurred by the financial institution.
	7 Confidentiality Who list of ablicant with their
38	7. Confidentiality. The list of obligors, with their social security numbers and the amount of the overdue support
40	provided by the department to a financial institution is
10	confidential. The information may be used only for the purpose
42	of carrying out the requirements of this section. Knowing or
	intentional use of the information, without authorization from
14	the department, is a civil violation for which a forfeiture not
_	to exceed \$1,000 may be adjudged.
46	
	8. Immunity from liability; hold harmless. A financial
48	institution is immune from any liability for its good faith
	actions to comply with this section. The department shall defend

Page 18-LR2367(2)

and hold harmless, including compensation for attorney's fees, a

	financial institution that acts in good faith to carry out the
2	requirements of this section.
4	9. Rulemaking. The department shall adopt rules to carry
	out this section.
6	10. Repeal. This section is repealed October 1, 1998.
8	10. Repeat. Inis section is repeated occoper 17 1990.
	Sec. 29. 22 MRSA §2761-B is enacted to read:
10	\$2761-B. Hospital-based paternity acknowledgement
12	JEIVE DI MODICAL DUBCA PACCIALCY COMMUNICAGEMENT
	1. Birthing center. As used in this section, "birthing
14	center" means a hospital or other facility that provides
	childbirth services.
16	
1.0	2. Procedure. A birthing center shall provide an
18	opportunity for all unmarried parents to complete a voluntary
20	acknowledgement of paternity. A birthing center shall provide to
20	each unmarried mother and alleged father, if present, writter information about paternity establishment provided by the
22	department, forms needed to voluntarily acknowledge paternity and
LL	the opportunity to speak with a person who is trained to clarify
24	information and answer questions about paternity establishment.
	The birthing center shall forward all completed acknowledgement
26	forms to the department.
28	3. Written information. The department shall develop ar
	acknowledgement form and written information for use by birthing
30	centers in carrying out the requirements of this section. The
	information must include a description of the benefits and
32	responsibilities of paternity establishment. The information
34	must include instructions on completing the acknowledgement form.
34	4. Technical assistance. The department shall provide
36	birthing centers with training and technical assistance as needed
	to carry out the requirements of this section.
38	
	5. Reimbursement. The department may establish by rule a
40	fee to reimburse birthing centers for each voluntary
	acknowledgement of paternity form completed.
42	
	6. Rulemaking. The department shall adopt rules to
44	implement this section that comply with all applicable federal
16	regulations.

Page 19-LR2367(2)

178, §2, is amended to read:

48

Sec. 30. 36 MRSA §191, sub-§2, ¶P, as amended by PL 1995, c.

R. d S.

2

4

6

R

10

14

16

18

26

28

30

32

34

36

- The public disclosure by the State Tax Assessor of the last known business address and title of professional license or certificate of any person whose license or certificate of authority to conduct a profession, trade or business in this State has not been renewed, reissued or otherwise extended by order of the assessor pursuant to section 175. This disclosure may be made only after no further administrative or judicial review of the available under section 151 or order is the Administrative Procedure Act; and
- Sec. 31. 36 MRSA §191, sub-§2, ¶Q, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 12 178, §3, is amended to read:
  - suppliers possessing The listing of special fuel certificates under section 3204+; and
  - Sec. 32. 36 MRSA §191, sub-§2, ¶R is enacted to read:
- R. The disclosure to an authorized representative of the 20 Department of Human Services of information in the 22 possession of the bureau identifying the location of an interest-bearing account in the name and social security 24 number of a delinquent payor of child support as requested by the Department of Human Services.
  - Sec. 33. 36 MRSA §191, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 668, §2, is amended to read:
- Additional restrictions for information provided by Internal Revenue Service. Federal returns and federal return information provided to the State by the Internal Revenue Service shall may not be disclosed to other states, districts and territories of the United States or provinces of Canada, to legislative committees or the agents of the committees, to any person retained on an independent contract basis or the employee of that person, or to the Attorney General for the purpose of 38 criminal investigations and prosecutions unrelated to this Title. These restrictions are in addition to those imposed by subsection 40 Upon request by the Department of Human Services under Title 22, section 3755-A, information provided by the Internal Revenue Service concerning the location of interest-bearing accounts in 42 the names and social security numbers of delinquent payors of 44 child support may be disclosed to an authorized representative of the Department of Human Services in the form of a list or automated computer match list. 46
- Sec. 34. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated 48 from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Page 20-LR2367(2)

2		1995-96	1996-97
4	HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF		
6	Administration - Income Maintenance		
8	Positions - Legislative Count	(18.0)	(18.0)
10	Personal Services All Other	\$469,152 663,848 67,000	\$492,610 707,390
12	Capital Expenditures	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
14	Provides funds to increase	\$1,200,000	φ1,200,000
16	child support enforcement staff by one Counsel		
18	position, one Support Enforcement Field Supervisor		
20	position, one Clerk Typist III position, 3 Clerk Typist		
22	II positions, 9 Human Services Aide II positions		
24	and 3 Human Services Enforcement Agent positions		
26	to upgrade effectiveness and increase revenues.		
28	Aid to Families with Dependent		
30	Children Children		
32	All Other	(\$1,250,000)	(\$1,250,000)
34	Deappropriates funds due to an anticipated increase in		
36	revenue from fees charged for child support enforcement		•
38	services.		
40	Aid to Families with Dependent Children		
42		(	(** ***
44	All Other	(\$1,200,000)	(\$2,000,000)
	Deappropriates funds due to		
<b>4</b> 6	an increase in child support staff. Expectations are that		
48	the increase in staff will upgrade effectiveness and		
50	increase revenues.		

Page 21-LR2367(2)

Q.	4	<b>G</b> .
----	---	------------

	•		
2	Aid to Families with Dependent Children		
4	·		
	All Other		(\$1,000,000)
6			
8	Deappropriates funds due to		
	expanded child support		
10	enforcement authority.		
12	Aid to Families with Dependent Children - Foster Care		
14			
	All Other	(\$100,000)	(\$100,000)
16			
10	Deappropriates funds due to		
18	an anticipated increase in child support revenue from		
20	parents with financial		
	resources, whose children are		
22	in the custody of the		
	Department of Human Services.		
24			
•	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES		
26	TOTAL	(\$1,350,000)	(\$3,150,000)
28	Sec. 35. Allocation. The following	r funde are a	llocated from
20	the Federal Expenditure Fund to carry		
30	Act.	y out the put	P0000 01 410
32		1995-96	1996-97
34	<b>HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF</b>		
36	Administration - Income Maintenance		
38	Positions - Other Count	(31.0)	(31.0)
	Personal Services	\$795,210	\$834,971
40	All Other	1,293,110	1,300,210
	Capital Expenditures	119,000	
42	mom x	#2 207 220	#2 12E 101
44	TOTAL	\$2,207,320	\$2,135,181
44			
46	Allocated federal matching		
	funds for 2 Support		
48	Enforcement District		
	Supervisor positions, 2 Clerk		
50	Typist III positions, 4 Clerk		

Page 22-LR2367(2)

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556,	L.D. 1516	
2	Typist II positions, 16 Human Services Aide III positions, 6 Human Services Enforcement		
4	Agent positions and one Paralegal position in the		
6	Division of Support Enforcement and Recovery.		
8	Aid to Families with Dependent		
10	Children		
12	All Other	(\$2,069,754)	(\$3,449,590)
14	Deallocates funds due to an anticipated increase in		
16	revenues due to additional child support enforcement		
18	staff.		
20	Aid to Families with Dependent Children		
22	All Other		(\$1,724,759)
24			
26	Deallocates funds due to an anticipated expanded child support enforcement authority.		
28	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES		
30	TOTAL	\$137,566	(\$3,039,168)
32	Sec. 36. Allocation. The following Other Special Revenue to carry out the	ng funds are a e purposes of th	
34		1995-96	1996-97
36	HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF	27,00	2,5,0,5,
38	Aid to Families with Dependent		
40	Children Children		
42	All Other	\$1,250,000	\$1,250,000
44	Allocates funds due to an anticipated increase in		
46	revenue from fees charged for child support enforcement		
48	services.		

Page 23-LR2367(2)

**50** 

Aid to Families with Dependent

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516 Children 2 All Other \$2,724,759 Allocates funds due to an 6 anticipated increase in child support revenue due to 8 expanded child support enforcement authority. 10 Aid to Families with Dependent Children 12 14 All Other \$100,000 \$100,000 Allocates funds due to an 16 anticipated increase in child support revenue from parents 18 with financial resources, 20 whose children are in the custody of the Department of 22 Human Services. . 24 Aid to Families with Dependent Children 26 All Other \$3,269,754 \$5,449,590 28 Allocates funds due to an 30 anticipated increase in child support revenue due to 32 additional child support enforcement staff.

# DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TOTAL

\$4,619,754

\$9,524,349

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.'

Further amend the bill by inserting at the end before the statement of fact the following:

•FISCAL NOTE

46 1995-96 1996-97

APPROPRIATIONS/ALLOCATIONS

50

48

34

36

40

42

Page 24-LR2367(2)

	General Fund	(\$1,350,000)	(\$3,150,000)
2	Other Funds	4,757,320	6,485,181
4			
	REVENUES		
6			
	Other Funds	\$4,757,320	\$6,495,181
8			
10	This bill includes net	General Fund appro	priations of
	(\$1,350,000) and (\$3,500,000	) in fiscal years	1995-96 and
12	1996-97, respectively; net Fed	-	
	of \$137,566 and (\$3,039,168) in	n fiscal years 1995-96	and 1996-97,
14	respectively; and Other Special and \$9,524,349 in fiscal years		
16			- <b>-</b>

These appropriations and allocations to the Department of Human Services reflect increases in child support revenue and the corresponding savings those increases have on the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program due to 49 additional positions within the Division of Support Enforcement and Recovery, expanded authority for enforcement staff and the ability to charge fees for child support enforcement services.

. 24

26

28

18

20

22

The Governor's proposed current services budget includes changes that may affect this bill's impact on the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program. This estimate of the fiscal impact may need to be adjusted based on final legislative actions on the current services budget.

30

32

34

36

38

40

In addition to the impact on the Department of Human Services, this bill may also result in some significant increases in Judicial Department workload and administrative costs. increases in cases result primarily from the authority granted to Human Services Department of to have nonattorney representatives enforce these child support laws in court, the addition of new enforcement personnel, the creation of new support enforcement procedures and the creation of several new civil violations. The amount of the additional General Fund appropriations that may be required by the Judicial Department can not be determined at this time.

42

44

The collection of additional fines may increase General Fund revenue by minor amounts.'

46

#### STATEMENT OF FACT

This amendment replaces the bill. It contains sections that are revised versions of the child support enforcement proposals originally proposed in L.D. 706, Part I.

This amendment does the following.

- 1. The amendment allows the Department of Human Services to train and authorize nonattorneys to represent the department in two types of child support enforcement proceedings in court. A nonattorney representing the department may ask the court to order a delinquent child support obligor to seek work to become able to make child support payments. A nonattorney may also represent the department in an action for appropriate relief after the department has issued an order to an obligor to appear before the department and disclose the obligor's assets and ability to pay child support.
- 2. This amendment alters Part I, section 12 of L.D. 706 in 2 significant respects. First, because financial institutions are being asked to serve as enforcement arms of the State, the amendment requires the department to reimburse financial institutions who carry out a computer match. Second, the amendment removes the requirement that the financial institutions turn over funds when there is a match between its records and those provided by the Department of Human Services.

This amendment clarifies that the computer match is based on social security numbers. This reflects the current record-keeping practice of financial institutions in this State. This amendment makes clear that the department must provide computer data that is compatible with the data of the financial institution. It also limits the number of match requests per calendar year to one. This amendment places the burden on the department to provide an address to which the financial institutions must send the computer match list.

This amendment removes the requirement that financial institutions transfer deposits when a match is found. Instead, financial institutions are directed to compile a list of the matched social security numbers and corresponding names. The requirement of providing account information is currently too costly for financial institutions. When that information is available, however, the financial institution must report it to the department.

This amendment prohibits financial institutions from notifying their depositors that a match has been found. This guards against depletion of matched accounts. To protect the

Page 26-LR2367(2)

financial institution, the amendment also makes clear that failure to provide notice is not a violation of a financial institution's duty of good faith to its customers.

4

2

This amendment authorizes financial institutions to assess a reasonable fee to the Department of Human Services to cover actual costs incurred in carrying out the match.

8

10

12

This amendment prohibits the knowing or intentional use of the information without department authorization. Violation of the prohibition is a civil violation. This amendment also makes clear that a financial institution is immune from liability for its good faith actions to comply with this law.

14

16

18

This amendment amends the Maine Banking Code to authorize the disclosure of this information to the Department of Human Services. The Maine Banking Code is also amended to authorize the disclosure of information to the Internal Revenue Service for uses of the information beyond the Internal Revenue Service.

20

22

24

26

28

30

This amendment amends the disclosure prohibitions in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, to authorize the Bureau of Taxation to provide Internal Revenue Service information to the Department of Human Services upon request under current child support enforcement disclosure statutes. The information that may be useful to the Department of Human Services is the identification of financial institutions in which delinquent child support obligors have interest-bearing accounts. Because interest on accounts must be reported to the Internal Revenue Service by financial institutions, the information about names, social security numbers and account numbers is readily available.

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

48

50

З. This amendment amends the law on the enforcement of money judgments to ensure that the Department of Human Services can act as a judgment creditor when collecting child support on behalf of the recipient or because the obligor owes a debt to the It also establishes the procedure by which the department or the intended recipient of child support asks the court to issue an order requiring the obligor to seek employment if the obligor has claimed an inability to pay child support in either a disclosure proceeding before the department or before a disclosure proceeding in court. The court may not issue the order to seek work if the obligor shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the obligor is already engaged in a work search or that the obligor is unable to search for work. The burden is on the obligor to show either of these facts. If the obligor is ordered to seek employment, the obligor must make weekly reports either to the court, when a private party asks for an order to seek work, or to the department. The report must include the name of the new employer or information about employers the

Page 27-LR2367(2)



- obligor has contacted that week for employment. The order expires in 6 months or earlier if the obligor finds work. Failure to comply with the order, absent good cause, may result in contempt sanctions imposed by the court.
- 4. This amendment replaces cites to specific sections of Title 19 under which the Department of Human Services has established support obligations because of past repeals and replacements making references to all possibly appropriate sections cumbersome or difficult. The specific cites are replaced with generic "administrative decision" language.

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

48

50

2

4

6

8

10

- amendment repeals and replaces the current provisions on liens for child support and makes the appropriate cross-reference changes. After a responsible parent is notified of the child support debt due or the order establishing child support and the initial appeal period has run, the amount stated in the debt or the administrative decision is a judgment in favor of the department, the obligee or both, and the judgment is a lien against all property of the responsible parent. department can perfect the lien, establishing priority over subsequent lienholders, by filing a notice of support lien in the registry of deeds for real property and with the Secretary of State for certain personal property. No notice of the lien is required to be given to joint owners of the property. A lien may be collected through an order to seize and sell.
- 28 This amendment includes a new provision to authorize the Department of Human Services to order an obligor to appear before 30 an enforcement agent or other department representative and disclose the obligor's assets and the extent of the obligor's 32 ability to pay child support. The oblique must also be given notice of the disclosure proceeding. This procedure can be used 34 only if the obligor owes \$500 or more in overdue child support, the amount has been owed for at least 60 days and the responsible 36 parent is not making reasonable, regular payments to reduce the A transcribable record must be made of the proceeding. The department may file the record of the proceeding in District 38 Court for any appropriate relief under the enforcement of money 40 judgment provisions, including an order to seek employment. Failure to appear may result in a civil order of arrest, which requires the obligor to comply with the order to appear and 42 Failure to comply is also a civil violation. employer may not discharge, refuse to employ or take disciplinary 44 action against an employee who misses work to comply with the order to appear and disclose. 46
  - 7. This amendment revises the warrant for distraint proposal included in L.D. 706, and renames it an "order to seize and sell." The Department of Human Services may issue an order

Page 28-LR2367(2)

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516

A 9.

2

4

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

46

to seize and sell to collect support due under a support lien or as otherwise established. An order to seize and sell is the administrative equivalent to a writ of execution issued by a court to a judgment creditor.

The order to seize and sell, issued by the department to a sheriff or other person authorized by the court to seize and sell property, directs the recipient to seize and sell specifically listed property of the obligor. A specified value of certain types of property is exempt.

Before issuing the order, the department applicable records registries to determine if others have ownership interests in the property to be seized and sold to satisfy the support debt. A copy of the order must be served on or mailed to all others having an ownership interest in the The order must contain information about contesting the seizure through an administrative hearing. A hearing must be requested by the obligor or other interested party within 10 calendar days, and a preliminary hearing, if requested, must be held within 5 business days of the receipt of the request by the The hearing officer determines in the preliminary hearing whether the seizure should go forward. If so, the final hearing is scheduled with enough time to allow the parties to gather evidence. The determinations made at the final hearing include the value of the interests of all the parties with ownership interests in the seized property, the proper distribution of the proceeds of the sale and the lowest bid that the value of the interests superior cover department's as well as protecting the obligor's interests in the exempt property. The property must be sold in a commercially reasonable manner. The department reserves the right to reject The obligor and other persons with interests any and all bids. in the property may redeem the property before or after the sale.

- 8. This amendment retains unchanged the provisions requiring birthing centers to provide an opportunity for all unmarried parents of newborns to acknowledge paternity as close to the birth of the child as possible.
- 9. This amendment repeals on October 1, 1998, provisions adopted in this amendment pertaining to:
  - A. Matching financial records;
- B. Orders to seek employment;
- 48 C. Orders to seize and sell property; and
- D. Orders to appear and disclose.

Page 29-LR2367(2)

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 556, L.D. 1516

R	<b>∳</b> 8.	
10		

2

6

8

18

22

10.	Th	is amend	ment	address	es tl	ne	collect	ion	of	fees	by	the
division	of	support	enfo	rcement	and	r	ecovery	for	ch	ild	supp	ort
enforceme	nt	services.										

- 11. It repeals current law authorizing the department to establish fees by rule for welfare and nonwelfare cases.
- 12. It requires the Department of Human Services to charge
  the obligor \$2 per week for support enforcement services. It
  applies to all cases, whether welfare or nonwelfare. Payments
  made by obligors will first be allocated to the current support
  obligation, as required by federal law, then to fees and finally
  to arrearages. The fees are added to the child support
  obligation, become part of the debt due if not paid and may be
  collected by the department through any means by which the
  department collects child support in general.
- 13. It amends the child support withholding order section to require a notice to both the obligor and the payor or employer, about the \$2 per week fee.
- 14. It also adds an appropriation section, allocation sections and a fiscal note to the bill.

Page 30-LR2367(2)