MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 1498

H.P. 1063

House of Representatives, May 4, 1995

An Act to Increase Access to Primary Care Physician Services in Maine.

Reference to the Committee on Business and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative CAMPBELL of Holden.

Cosponsored by Representatives: BAILEY of Township 27, BRENNAN of Portland, CAMERON of Rumford, DEXTER of Kingfield, FITZPATRICK of Durham, LIBBY of Buxton, LUMBRA of Bangor, MORRISON of Bangor, SAXL of Bangor, WINN of Glenburn, YACKOBITZ of Hermon, Senators: CAREY of Kennebec, FAIRCLOTH of Penobscot, PENDEXTER of Cumberland, RUHLIN of Penobscot, SMALL of Sagadahoc.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2

Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §3279, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

4

6

R

10

12

14

16

18

2-A. Joint-program resident. An applicant who is enrolled in a program of premedical, medical and graduate medical training conducted jointly by a college or university accredited by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges, a medical school accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education and a graduate educational program approved by the Accreditation Council on Graduate Medical Education may receive a temporary educational certificate from the board to act as a hospital resident as part of that graduate educational program if the applicant is concurrently enrolled in the final year of medical training and the initial year of graduate medical education. The board may not issue a certificate pursuant to this subsection for a period longer than that required to obtain the M.D. degree. The period during which the certificate is in force may not be considered in determining satisfaction of the requirement for postgraduate medical education under section 3271, subsection 2.

22

20

STATEMENT OF FACT

24

26

28

3.0

This bill allows students enrolled in a program that combines undergraduate, medical and graduate education to be temporarily certified as residents while enrolled in their final year of medical school, thus increasing the number of residents available to work in hospitals. Following completion of the final year of individual training, the person may be certified as a hospital resident.