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No. 1461

H.P. 1042

House of Representatives, May 2, 1995

An Act to Update and Clarify the Election Laws.

Submitted by the Department of the Secretary of State pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative NADEAU of Saco.

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 4	Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §1, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
б	1. Absentee voter. "Absentee voter" means a person who qualifies under section $751 \frac{751-A}{1000}$ to cast an absentee ballot.
8	Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §23, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,
10	§6, is amended to read:
12	1. Registration and enrollment applications. The registrar shall keep registration, enrollment and changes of enrollment
14	applications and requests in his the registrar's office permanently, except that those records must be kept only 10 years
16	for a voter whose name has been removed from the voting lists of the municipality under sections 161 and $162 \ 162-A$.
18	Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §102, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,
20	\$6, is amended to read:
22	The registrar may appoint one or more deputies. If the registrar is to-be-absent-from-the-municipality unavailable for a
24	period exceeding 15 consecutive days, he <u>the registrar</u> shall appoint a deputy registrar who must be physically-present-in-the
26	municipality available to perform the dutics of the registrar. If the registrar and his the appointed deputy are absent-from-the
28 30	municipality <u>unavailable</u> for more than 15 consecutive days, the <u>municipal</u> clerk shall serve as registrar pro tem.
32	Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §103, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862, \S 1 and 2, is further amended by repealing and replacing the headnote
34	to read:
26	§103. Registration appeals board
36	Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §103, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862, §§1
38	and 2, is further amended by inserting before subsection 1 a new paragraph to read:
40	In a city or town that has a population of 5,000 or more, if
42	a person is aggrieved by the decision of the registrar of voters to remove a name from the voting list or to refuse to place it on
44	the voting list, that person may appeal in writing to the registration appeals board.
46	Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §103, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862,
48	§1, is further amended to read:

1. Population of 5,000 or over. In-a-eity-er-tewn-that-has a-population-of-5,000-or-over,-a-board-of-registration-consisting 2 ef The registration appeals board consists of 3 members who must 4 be appointed as follows: The municipal committee of each of the major political parties shall nominate one member, who must be enrolled in the party of the municipal committee that nominates 6 the member, and the municipal officers shall appoint the persons nominated by the municipal committees and the 3rd member must be 8 nominated by the clerk of the municipality and appointed by the municipal officers. The clerk of the municipality may give the 10 municipal committees of the political parties a list of qualifications necessary for a person to fulfill the duties of 12 the beard--of registration appeals board, and the municipal 14 committees shall take those qualifications into consideration when nominating members to the board. The 2 members of the board nominated by the municipal committees of the major political 16 parties may be members of the political committee nominating them and of the county or state committees of the political party that 18 nominates them and may be members of a state or county delegation to a political convention. When a municipal committee nominates 20 a member to the beard-of registration appeals board, it shall also nominate an alternate board member, who shall-serve serves 22 if the member nominated by the municipal committee is or becomes 24 unable to serve.

Sec. 7. 21-A MRSA §103, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

2. Population of 4,000 to 5,000. A city or town which that
 30 has a population of 4,000 to 5,000 may, by vote of its legislative body, have a beard--ef registration instead--ef--a
 32 registrar appeals board.

34 Sec. 8. 21-A MRSA §103, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1985, c. 614, §4, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

6. Hours. Upon receipt of a complaint by a person
 aggrieved by the decision of the registrar, the chair of the registration appeals board shall immediately fix a time and place
 for the board to meet for a prompt hearing. After hearing, the board may affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the registrar
 of voters. The aggrieved person may appeal the decision of the board to the District Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil
 Procedure.

- 46 Sec. 9. 21-A MRSA §103, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
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 7. Actions of the registration appeals board. A
 50 registration appeals board may only act by unanimous or majority action. 2 Sec. 10. 21-A MRSA §104, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed.

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Sec. 11. 21-A MRSA §115, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 6 161, §6, is amended to read:

8 2. Voting restricted to district. In a municipality which that has voting districts, a voter may, except as provided in
 10 section 630, vote using only in the ballot or ballots for the district in which he the voter resides on election day.

Sec. 12. 21-A MRSA §122, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1993, c. 14 695, §7, is further amended to read:

Election day registration. The registrar shall accept 16 4. registrations of applicants who appear in person on election The registrar shall issue to each of these applicants a day. 18 certificate entitling the applicant to be placed on the voting list at the voting place. Only one certificate may be issued to 20 any a person. An applicant whose address has changed since the applicant last voted must be-allowed-to vote at-the applicant's 22 using the ballot or ballots for the new polling place, if applicable, on election day. 24

26 Sec. 13. 21-A MRSA §129, sub-3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 695, §9, is further amended to read:

3. Failure to notify. If a voter fails to notify the registrar of a change of name or address before the close of registrations, the voter must appear before the registrar on election day and follow the procedure outlined in section 661 if the voter wishes to vote, unless the registrar has already made the correction in following the procedure prescribed by section 128. If the voter wishes to exercise the right to vote, the voter must be-allewed-te vote at using the ballot or ballots for the new polling place, if applicable, on election day.

Sec. 14. 21-A MRSA §144, sub-§§2 and 3, as amended by PL 1993, 40 c. 330, §1, are further amended to read:

42 2. Party designation removed from voting list. On receipt of the application, the registrar shall remove the party designation beside the name of the applicant on the voting list. 44 The registrar shall make a notation on the voting list that the applicant is ineligible to vote at a caucus or primary election 46 for 15 days and that the applicant is - incliqible to -file -a petition-as-a-candidate-for-nomination-by-primary-election-for-3 $\mathbf{48}$ Fifteen days after receiving the application, the menths. 50 registrar shall enroll the applicant in the party requested.

2 This subsection does not apply in the case of a voter who changes enrollment under subsection 4.

3. Restrictions during change of enrollment. Except as
 provided in subsection 4, a voter may not vote at a caucus, convention or primary election for 15 days after filing an
 application to change enrollment. A--voter--may--not--file--a petition-as-a-candidate for-nomination by primary-election-within
 3-months-after-filing-an-application-to-change-enrollment, except as-provided-in-subsection-4. A voter must file an application to
 change enrollment prior to January 1st to be eligible to file a petition as a candidate in that election year.

Sec. 15. 21-A MRSA §154, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1993, c. 695, §§13 and 14, is further amended to read:

 18 1. Application. A person qualified to register under section 111, subsections 1 and 2 and section-751,- subsection-8,
 20 who is resides outside the United States and does not maintain a fixed and principal home or other address in the State may
 22 register and enroll by filing a federal postcard application or an application designed by the Secretary of State and-previded-by
 24 the-registerar containing the following information:

26 A. First name, middle name or initial and last name, or first name or initial, middle name and last name;

B. Residence <u>Last residence</u> address <u>immediately before</u> 30 <u>departing from the United States</u>, including street, street number, apartment number, town and zip code;

C. Mailing address;

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D. Date of birth;

E.---Last--domicile--immediately-before--departure--from--the 38 United-States;

40 F---Voting-district-of-the-last-domicile-within-the-United States;

H. Notification that failure to complete the entire 44 application may prevent registration;

46 I. Passport or identity card registration number;

48 J. Signature;

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- K. Sworn statement that the applicant is a United Statescitizen and that all information is correct;
- 4 L. Date of application;

6 M. Date of registration; and

- 8 N. Choice of political party if the registrant wishes to enroll in a political party or an indication that the 10 applicant chose not to enroll in a party.
- 12 Sec. 16. 21-A MRSA §161, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

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4. Proof of qualification is requested. If the registrar is in doubt as to the qualifications of any <u>a</u> person to vote, he <u>the registrar</u> shall request that person's appearance at a reasonable time and place to offer proof. If the person fails to appear, the registrar shall remove-his-name-from-the-voting-list and send him <u>that person</u> a notice in accordance with section 162

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> Sec. 17. 21-A MRSA §163, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, 24 is amended to read:

26 **§163. Appeal**

162-A.

If-any In a town that does not have a registration appeals 28 board, if a person is aggrieved by the decision of the registrar of voters to remove a name from the voting list or to refuse to 30 place it on the voting list, he the person may appeal in writing to the municipal officers of a municipality by filing a 32 complaint. The municipal officers shall immediately fix a time 34 and place for a prompt hearing. After hearing, the municipal officers may affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the registrar of voters. The aggrieved person may appeal the 36 decision of the municipal officers to the District Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. 38

40 Sec. 18. 21-A MRSA §334, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

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§334. Qualification of candidate for primary nomination

A candidate for nomination by primary election must file a 46 primary petition and consent under sections 335 and 336. He <u>The</u> <u>candidate</u> must be enrolled, on or before April-1st <u>March 15th</u>, in 48 the party named in the petition and must be eligible to file a petition as a candidate for nomination by primary election under 50 section 144, subsection 3. The registrar in the candidate's municipality of residence must certify to that fact upon the petition.
Sec. 19. 21-A MRSA §335, sub-§7, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

B. The <u>clerk or</u> registrar of each municipality concerned
shall certify which names on a petition appear on the voting
list of that municipality as registered and enrolled voters
and shall strike out any names which <u>that</u> do not satisfy
subsection 3.

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- Sec. 20. 21-A MRSA §335, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 14 161, §6, is amended to read:
- 16 8. When filed. A primary petition must be filed in the office of the Secretary of State before 5 p.m. on April-1st March
 18 15th of the election year in which it is to be used.
- 20 Sec. 21. 21-A MRSA §336, sub-3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 214, §1, is amended to read:

Residence and party declared. The consent must contain 3. a declaration of the candidate's place of residence and party 24 designation and a statement that the candidate meets the qualifications of the office the candidate seeks, which the 26 candidate must verify by oath or affirmation before a notary public or other person authorized by law to administer oaths or 28 affirmations that the declaration is true. If, pursuant to the challenge procedures in section 337, any part of the declaration 30 is found to be false by the Secretary of State prior-to-the-date ef-the-general-election, the consent and the primary petition are 32 void,-pursuant-to-challenge-procedures-in-section-337.

Sec. 22. 21-A MRSA §353, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, 36 is amended to read:

38 §353. Qualification of candidate for nomination by petition

A person who seeks nomination by petition qualifies by filing a nomination petition and consent as provided in sections
 354 and 355. If enrolled, the person must also withdraw his enrollment in a party prior to March 1st to be eligible to file a
 petition as a candidate in that election year, as provided in section 145, -at-least-3-menths-before-the-filing-date-for-the
 nemination--petition. The registrar in the candidate's municipality of residence must certify to that fact on the petition.

Sec. 23. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§7, ¶B, as repealed and replaced 2 by PL 1985, c. 614, §14, is amended to read: Petitions must be delivered to the <u>clerk or</u> registrar 4 в. for certification at-least-5-business-days-before-the-date ef-the-primary by 5 p.m. on May 25th in the election year in 6 which the petitions are to be used. 8 Sec. 24. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§7, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 614, §15, is amended to read: 10 12 C. The <u>clerk or</u> registrar of each municipality concerned shall certify which names on a petition appear on the voting list of the municipality as registered voters and shall 14 strike out any names which that do not satisfy subsection 3. 16 Sec. 25. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§8-A, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 383, \S 8, is amended to read: 18 20 Filed with the Secretary of State. A nomination 8-A. petition must be filed in the office of the Secretary of State by 22 5 p.m. on the--date-of--the-primary-election June 1st in the election year in which it is to be used. 24 Sec. 26. 21-A MRSA §355, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1989, c. 166, $\S3$, is further amended to read: 26 28 3. Residence declared. The consent must contain а declaration of the candidate's place of residence and the fact 30 that the candidate has not been enrolled in a party for-3-months prior-to-the-filing-date-for-the-nomination-petition gualified to participate in a primary or general election as of March 1st of 32 that election year. The candidate must verify by oath or affirmation before a notary public or other person authorized by 34 law to administer oaths or affirmations that the declaration is true. If, pursuant to the challenge procedures in section 356, 36 any part of the declaration is found to be false by the Secretary 38 of State before--the--general--election, the consent and the nomination petition are void, -pursuant-to-challenge-procedures-in 40 section-356. Candidates for the office of county charter commission 42 Α. need not verify by oath or affirmation that they are not enrolled in a party. 44 Sec. 27. 21-A MRSA §363, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 46 161, §6, is amended to read: 48 3. Acceptance filed. A person chosen under this section 50 must file his a written acceptance containing a statement that the person meets the qualifications of the office sought and declaring the person's residence and party enrollment with the Secretary of State.

Sec. 28. 21-A MRSA §367, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 466, §14, 6 is amended to read:

8 §367. Candidate withdrawal

10 A candidate who wishes to withdraw from an elective race shall notify the Secretary of State in writing of the candidate's
 12 intent to withdraw and-the-reasen-for-withdrawal. This notice must be signed by the candidate. If the reason for the
 14 withdrawal is catastrophic illness, the procedures set forth in section 374-A, subsection 1, paragraph B must be complied with if
 16 the candidate is to be replaced.

18 Sec. 29. 21-A MRSA §501, as amended by PL 1987, c. 188, §4, is further amended to read:

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§501. Wardens and ward clerks

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 In a city. In a city, the <u>clerk of the municipality</u>
 must be the supervisor of all elections except the clerk's own <u>election. The</u> selection, term of office, compensation and
 partial duties of wardens and ward clerks are determined by the city charter. Additional duties are prescribed by this Title.

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In a town. 2. In a town, unless-otherwise-determined-by 30 eharter, the clerk of the municipality shall be the supervisor of all elections except the clerk's own election. With Unless otherwise determined by charter, the clerk acts as warden on 32 election day, or with the approval of the municipal officers, he 34 shall the clerk may appoint a-warden-and-may-appoint another person to act as warden. The clerk may appoint one or more deputy wardens to assist in the duties on election day. 36 The elerk-may-designate -himself-as-warden-or-deputy-warden. If the clerk appoints another person as warden, the clerk may serve as 38 deputy warden. The municipal clerk, warden and deputy warden shall--be--paid are entitled to a reasonable compensation as 40 determined by the municipal officers.

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3. Provisions applicable to both towns and cities. Neither
 the warden nor any deputy warden may be an officer of a municipal committee of a political party. Deputy wardens shall perform the
 duties of the warden when necessary and may not replace election clerks prescribed by this Title. The warden and deputy wardens
 must be registered voters of the municipality, except when a nonresident clerk is acting as either warden or deputy warden.

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Sec. 30. 21-A MRSA §503, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, §10 2 and affected by §46, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§503. Election clerks

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Election clerks are governed by the following provisions.

 Qualifications; appointment; compensation. Election
 clerks must be at least 18 years of age, registered to vote and a resident of the municipality. The municipal officers of each
 municipality shall appoint election clerks no later than May 1st of each general election year to serve at each voting place
 during the time the polls are open and as counters after the polls close. A list of the election clerks appointed by the
 municipal officers must be posted at each voting place. Election clerks are entitled to a reasonable compensation as determined by the municipal officers.

20 **2.** Representation of parties. The municipal officers shall consider the following for appointment as election clerks.

A. The municipal officers shall consider persons nominated by the municipal committees of the major parties to serve as 24 election clerks. The municipal officers shall appoint at least one election clerk from each of the major parties to 26 serve at each voting place during the time the polls are 28 open. The municipal officers shall also appoint a sufficient number of election clerks to serve as counters after the polls close. The election clerks must be selected 30 so that the number of election clerks from one major party does not exceed the number of election clerks from another 32 major party by more than one.

B.The municipal officers may also consider persons36nominated by the municipal committee of a minor party and
registered voters who are not enrolled in a party to serve38as election clerks as needed. The municipal officers shall
appoint at least one election clerk nominated by the40municipal committee of a qualified minor party represented
on the last general election ballot for each voting place at42the committee's request.

 C. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the municipal officers may also consider persons who are 17 years of age to serve as
 student election clerks for a specific election. A student election clerk may not assist a voter unless the voter
 specifically requests assistance from the student election clerk.

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2	All nominations for election clerks must be submitted to the
2	municipal officers no later than April 1st of each general
	election year. If a municipal committee of a major party fails
4	to submit a list of nominees to serve as election clerks, the
	municipal officers may appoint registered voters enrolled in that
6	party to serve as election clerks.
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8	3. Number appointed to serve each voting place. The
	municipal officers shall appoint at least 2 election clerks as
10	provided by subsection 2, paragraph A to serve at each voting
	<u>place during the time the polls are open. If required, they</u>
12	shall also appoint one election clerk as provided by subsection
	2, paragraph B to serve at each voting place during the time the
14	polls are open. Additional election clerks may be appointed as
	needed. In the event of a vacancy in the election clerks
16	appointed under this subsection, the municipal officers shall
	appoint alternate election clerks who may be called into service.
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	4. Number appointed to serve as counters. The municipal
20	officers shall appoint election clerks in the same manner as in
	subsection 3 to serve as counters after the polls close.
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	5. Vacancies. If a sufficient number of election clerks is
24	not available to serve on election day, the municipal clerk or
	the warden may appoint the necessary number of election clerks to
26	fill the vacancies. When filling a vacancy, the municipal clerk
	shall first draw from the list of alternates appointed under
28	subsection 3 and make every attempt to appoint a person with the
	same enrollment status as the person who vacated the position.
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	6. Oath of office. Before assuming the duties of office,
32	election clerks are sworn by the municipal clerk or the warden
	and the oath is recorded.
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	7. Term of office. An election clerk holds office for 2
36	years from the date of appointment and until a successor is
	appointed and qualified, except that an election clerk who is
38	appointed to represent a qualified minor party represented on the
00	last general election ballot holds office only for 2 years from
40	the date of appointment.
10	ene date of appointment.
42	8. Duties. Election clerks shall attend the voting places
	for which they are appointed at each election during the time the
44	polls are open or during the counting of the ballots after the
* *	polls close, as required by the terms of their appointment. They
46	are under the direction of the warden and shall assist the warden
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	as requested
48	<u>as requested.</u>

9. Application of city charter. This section does not affect a city charter that provides for the election of 2 persons 2 to assist the warden in receiving, sorting and counting ballots. The persons elected under the authority of the charter are 4 considered to be election clerks and each must represent a 6 different major party. 10. Training. The Secretary of State shall encourage 8 municipalities to provide training biennially to all election 10 officials. 12 Sec. 31. 21-A MRSA §602, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, §15 and affected by §46, is further amended to read: 14 16 The names of candidates for any one office may not be Α. split into more than one column regardless of number. The initial letters of the last names of the candidates must be 18 printed directly beneath each other in a vertical line and the-initial-letters-of the respective party designations of 20 each nominee must be printed directly beneath each other in 22 a vertical line. Sec. 32. 21-A MRSA §602, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 24 161, $\S6$, is amended to read: 26 7 Contents concealed. The ballots must be folded uniformly so that the interior contents are concealed, except in 28 municipalities using electronic tabulating systems. 30 Sec. 33. 21-A MRSA §603, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read: 32 Available for publication. -A- Within a reasonable time 34 3. before the election, the Secretary of State shall make specimen ballots available for publication in all newspapers having 36 general circulation in the area to which the ballots pertain. A single specimen ballot so published may carry the name of each 38 candidate for State Senator and Representative to the Legislature in the area covered by the circulation of the newspaper. The 40 name of the voting district need not be printed on the published 42 specimen ballot. Sec. 34. 21-A MRSA §603, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 44 161, $\S6$, is repealed. 46 Sec. 35. 21-A MRSA §603, sub-§§4-A and 4-B are enacted to read: 48

4-A. Clerk to review specimen ballots. Upon receipt, the 2 clerk shall review the specimen ballots for accuracy and must immediately notify the Secretary of State of any errors. 4 4-B. Duplication of specimen ballots. Specimen ballots may be duplicated as needed at the clerk's own discretion. 6 8 Sec. 36. 21-A MRSA §604, sub-§3 is enacted to read: 10 3. Candidate or nominee to fill vacancy. When a candidate for nomination or a nominee is chosen to fill a vacancy, the Secretary of State and the clerk of each interested municipality 12 shall perform the duties required by this section as promptly as possible. 14 16 Sec. 37. 21-A MRSA §606, first ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 695, $\S26$, is further amended to read: 18 Within a reasonable time before any election, the Secretary 20 of State shall furnish each municipality with official ballots, and specimen ballots, test-ballets-for-electronic-veting-systems including a sufficient number to be used for testing electronic 22 tabulating systems if applicable, instruction posters, election 24 return forms, posters of specimen ballots for constitutional resolutions and statewide referenda, including the Attorney General's explanatory statements prepared under Title 1, section 26 353, and the summary of the proposal prepared under section 901, 28 subsection 5, materials setting forth the full text of all constitutional resolutions and statewide referenda and other 30 materials necessary for conducting and reporting the results of the election. 32 Sec. 38. 21-A MRSA §606, sub-§§1 and 2, as amended by PL 1991, 34 c. 780, Pt. U, $\S24$, are further amended to read: 36 1. Number of ballots furnished. The Secretary of State shall furnish-cach-voting-place-with-at-least--75-ballots-for 38 every-50-votes-cast-at-that-voting-place-at-the-last-election-of that-type review the number of votes cast at the last election of that type as well as current registration and enrollment 40 statistics in each voting district when determining the number of 42 ballots to be furnished to each municipality. If the clerk believes that extra ballots will be needed, the clerk must 44 request them from the Secretary of State a reasonable time before the election. The Secretary of State may send the requested 46 number to the clerk and may furnish as many additional ballots as the Secretary of State believes necessary. 48 2. How packaged. The ballots must be packed in sealed, 50 marked packages in units as determined by the Secretary of

State. The other election materials must be separately packed in a sealed package or packages or box or boxes and sent to the clerk of each municipality. Each package or box must be labeled on the outside with the-number-of each kind of material enclosed and the name of the voting place for which it is intended.

Sec. 39. 21-A MRSA §606, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 8 695, §27, is further amended to read:

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Receipt issued; inspection of ballots in an election. 10 3. The clerk shall immediately send the Secretary of State a receipt 12 for the ballots the clerk receives. Upon receipt of a package or box containing ballots for an election, the clerk shall open, in 14 the presence of one or more witnesses, the sealed package or box containing the ballots in order to ensure that the ballots do not differ-materially-from-the-appropriate-specimen-ballot-described 16 in-section-603 contain any errors and that the correct number of ballots have been received. The clerk shall immediately notify 18 the Secretary of State if a ballot differs-materially-from-the appropriate-specimen-ballot-described -in-section-603 is incorrect 20 or if a sufficient number has not been received. <u>Ballots to be</u> used for testing electronic tabulating devices may be removed at 22 this time and immediately marked as provided by section 3-A.

Sec. 40. 21-A MRSA §606, sub-§3-A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 695, §28, is amended to read:

28 3-A. Use of test ballots in an election. Ballots may be used to test automatic <u>electronic</u> tabulating equipment <u>devices</u> under section 854. In the presence of one or more witnesses, the 30 clerk shall clearly mark each ballot used for testing with the word "TEST" across the front side of the ballot in black or blue 32 indelible ink. The clerk shall keep a record of the number of 34 ballots used for testing purposes throughout-the preelection-and postelection and seal the record with the test ballots in a 36 container labeled "TEST BALLOTS" at the conclusion of the testing of-the-tabulating-equipment.

Sec. 41. 21-A MRSA §606-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 40 363, §2, is amended to read:

2. Secretary of State to furnish ballots. The Secretary of State shall provide-to-the-clerk-at-least-75-ballots-for-every-50
votes-cast-at-that-voting place-by-persons-registered-or-enrolled under-section-156-in-the-last-election-of-that-type review the
number of votes cast at the last election of that type by persons registered and enrolled under section 156 when determining the
number of ballots to be furnished to each municipality. These ballots shall must contain the names of the nominees or

candidates for offices in the electoral divisions in which the voters registered under section 156 reside. 2 Sec. 42. 21-A MRSA §621, first ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. Λ 862, $\S5$, is further amended to read: 6 The Secretary of State shall send the warrants warrant to the municipal clerk, who shall prepare and present them the 8 warrant to the municipal officers. The municipal officers of each municipality shall announce an election as follows. 10 Sec. 43. 21-A MRSA §622, as amended by PL 1985, c. 819, Pt. 12 A, \$ and 23, is further amended to read: 14 §622. Warrant 16 announcing election The warrant for an must read substantially as follows. 18 20 (Title of election) ELECTION WARRANT State of Maine 22 (Name of county), ss. 24 (Name of Municipality) (name of constable or resident), a constable (or 26 То resident) of (name-of--municipality) this municipality: You are hereby required in the name of the State of Maine to notify the 28 voters of this municipality of the election described in this 30 warrant. To the voters of (name-of-municipality-and-voting-district,-if 32 any) the above-named municipality and (voting district): 34 You are hereby notified that an election will be held at (name of voting place) on (day and date of election) for the 36 purpose of (nomination or election) to the following offices: (list of offices); and determining the following referendum 38 questions: (list of questions). 40 The polls shall must be opened at a.m. and closed at 42 p.m. The registrar of voters or board of registration will shall 44 hold office hours while the polls are open to correct any error in or change to a name or address on the voting list; to accept 46 the registration of any person eligible to vote and to accept new 48 enrollments.

A person who is not registered as a voter may not vote in 2 any election. A voter who is not enrolled in a political party may not vote in a primary election. 4 Dated. 6 (date signed). 8 . 10 . 12 Majority of municipal officers 14of-(name-of-municipality) 16 Sec. 44. 21-A MRSA §623, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, 18 is amended to read: §623. Officer's return on warrant 20 2.2 The officer's return must appear on the back of the warrant substantially as follows. 24 OFFICER'S RETURN 26 (Name-of-county),-ss. State-of-Maine 28 I certify that I have notified the voters of (name--of municipality-and-voting-district,-if-any)-of the time and place 30 of the (title of election) election by posting an attested copy of the-within this warrant at (place of posting) on (date of 32 posting) which is at least 7 days next prior to election day. 34 Dated-at-(name-of-municipality), (date signed). 36 (Signature of Officer) 38 Constable (or resident) of 40 (name-of-municipality) 42 Sec. 45. 21-A MRSA §627, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 44 161, $\S6$, is amended to read: 46 4. Pollwatchers. Municipalities must provide a polling place large enough to allow at least one worker from each political party to remain outside the guardrail enclosure for the 48 purpose of checking voters, challenging voters or viewing. 50 Additional party workers may be allowed if arrangements are made

with the municipal clerk prior to election day. If those arrangements are not made in advance of election day, the warden 2 has the discretion to either allow or prohibit additional party 4 workers to be present. If the ehairman chair of any party's state committee submits a written complaint to the Secretary of State at least 30 days before an election, the Secretary of State 6 shall authorize an inspection of the polling place considered to be too small to allow party workers access. If the Secretary of 8 State finds a polling place to be too small to allow party workers access, he the Secretary of State shall instruct the 10 municipal officers to change the location of the polling place to one of a suitable size. The municipal officers must advertise 12 the change of the polling place at least 3 times in the daily or 14 weekly newspaper, or both, that covers the area.

16 Sec. 46. 21-A MRSA §628, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

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 3. Defective, lost or destroyed. If a ballot box becomes
 20 defective, lost or destroyed, the clerk must apply in writing to the Secretary of State for another. The Secretary of State shall
 22 supply <u>or approve</u> a replacement at the expense of the municipality.

Sec. 47. 21-A MRSA §629, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1985, c. 315, is further amended to read:

 Provided by municipality. The municipal officers of each municipality shall provide a sufficient number of voting booths for each election. Those municipalities using voting machines must comply with section 811, subsection 4. These municipalities-using-voting-devices-must-comply-with-section-842, subsection-4.

A. In a general election, the municipal officers in each municipality of 4,000 or more population must provide at least one voting booth for each 150, or fraction exceeding 1/2 of that number, of the voters qualified to vote at each voting place. In a municipality of less than 4,000
population, the municipal officers must provide at least one voting booth for each 200, or fraction exceeding 1/2 of that number, of the voters qualified to vote in each voting place.

B. In other than a general election, the municipal officers may provide fewer voting booths than required by paragraph A
when circumstances indicate that fewer booths will be adequate to provide for an orderly flow of voters on
election day. C. In any election, the municipal officers may provide more than the number of voting booths required by paragraph A.

A reasonable time before a general election, 4 D. the Secretary of State shall notify the clerk of each municipality of the requirements of this subsection. 6 The clerk shall calculate the number of voting booths required at each voting place based on the number of voters 8 registered at that time. Within 10 days after receiving the notice, the clerk shall certify in writing to the Secretary 10 of State the number of voters registered at each voting 12 place and the number of voting booths the municipality will provide at each voting place for the election.

E. The Secretary of State may arrange for inspections to ensure that municipalities comply with this subsection.

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Sec. 48. 21-A MRSA §629, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 447, §14, is further amended to read:

3. Described. Each booth must have within it a pencil or
 marker without an eraser and a shelf on which a voter may mark a ballot conveniently. An instruction poster provided under
 section 605 must be securely placed above the shelf to assist the voter. Each booth must have back and side panels large enough to
 screen the voter from the observation of others.

Sec. 49. 21-A MRSA §630, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1989, c. 502, Pt. A, §63, is further amended to read:

Voting places. Befere--July--1,--1985,---each Each
 municipality shall must provide at least one voting place which that is in a building which and is accessible as defined in
 subsection 1.

36 A----The--Secretary-of--State--shall--grant--a-waiver-from--the requirements - of - this - subsection - to - any - municipality - which satisfactorily--demonstrates--that--those--requirements--ought 38 net-to-apply-or-would-create-an-extreme-hardship--Factors 40 which-the-Secretary-of-State-may-consider--in-making-that determination -- include -- - but -- - are -- not -- - limited -- to -- - the following -- The -municipality - has - no - handicapped - voters - and 42 the -- physical---limitations--of--a--voting--place--make--it impractical--to--provide --an--accessible--voting--place --as 44 described--in-subsection--1---The-Secretary-of-State-shall promulgate -- in-- accordance -- with -- the -- Maine -- Administrative 46 Procedure-Act--Title-5--chapter-375--subchapter-II--rules 48 governing-the-eircumstances-and-procedures-for-granting-a waiver-under-this-paragraph.

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B. In municipalities in which one or more voting places are inaccessible to handicapped voters and in which the office 2 of the clerk is in a building which that is accessible as 4 defined in subsection 1, paragraph A, the municipal officers shall designate the office of the clerk as an alternative voting place for physically handicapped voters who reside in 6 voting districts which that do not have accessible voting In municipalities in which one or more voting 8 places. places and the office of the clerk are inaccessible to 10 physically handicapped voters and in which one or more voting place-is places are accessible to these voters, the 12 municipal officers shall designate one of these accessible voting places, as centrally located as possible, as the 14 alternative voting place for physically handicapped voters who reside in voting districts which that do not have accessible voting places. A physically handicapped voter who 16 wishes to vote at an alternative voting place must notify the clerk of the municipality at least 48 hours before the 18 date of any election. This notice may be waived if an 20 emergency exists. The clerk shall keep a list of the persons who give this notice. 22

Not later than 10 days before the date of any election, the clerk shall issue a public notice designating the location of the alternative accessible voting place. This notice is not required in any municipality in which all or no voting places are accessible to these persons.

When a physically handicapped voter votes at the office of 30 the clerk or at an alternative voting place, that voter shall vote by absentee ballot and the method of voting shall 32 must be the same as in section 754-A. If an alternative voting place has-been is designated, the clerk shall furnish 34 a reasonable number of absentee ballots and return envelopes to the warden. When the clerk or the warden receives such a 36 ballot, the clerk or warden shall follow, as far as applicable, the same procedure prescribed in subchapter IV for the clerk to follow in handling absentee ballots. 38

40 Sec. 50. 21-A MRSA §631, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

42 **6. Voting districts.** Voting districts are defined as wards that may be further divided into precincts.

Sec. 51. 21-A MRSA §651, sub-§2-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 347, §4, is repealed.

48 Sec. 52. 21-A MRSA §652, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

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§652. Certified voting list and official ballot box

The certified copies of the voting list provided by the 4 registrar and official ballot boxes shall must be used exclusively at each voting place. If it becomes impossible to 6 use the official ballot box, the warden shall direct the method by which voting is to proceed. The ward--elerk warden shall 8 record the reason why the ballot box was not used and shall place an attested copy of this record in the package with the ballots 10 cast.

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Sec. 53. 21-A MRSA §662, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 225, is amended to read:

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4. Collection of signatures. The warden may select and 16 designate a specific location at the voting place, accessible and observable by the voters, where the collection of signatures may 18 The warden may limit the number of persons take place. collecting signatures to one for each specific question, 20 candidate or issue. More than one individual representing a specific question, candidate or issue may be present to collect 22 signatures as long as arrangements are made with the municipal clerk prior to election day. If arrangements are not made in 24 advance of election day, the warden has the discretion to either allow or prohibit additional petition circulators to be present. 26 Persons collecting signatures may not solicit a voter's signature until the voter has completed voting. The warden may direct the 28 under subsection 2, paragraph A, of removal, any person collecting signatures who does not comply with the requirements 30 of this subsection.

32 Sec. 54. 21-A MRSA §671, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

5. Ballot deposited. When he <u>the voter</u> leaves the voting
booth, the voter shall proceed to the ballot box. The clerk shall require the voter to deposit in the ballot box all ballots,
marked or unmarked, issued to the voter under subsection 3, and the voter shall then leave the area enclosed by the guardrail.
He <u>The voter</u> may not leave the guardrail enclosure until he <u>the voter</u> has deposited his <u>the</u> ballot.

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A. If, by vote of the municipal officials, a municipality has required the use of a <u>an</u> outgoing voting list, the voter must announce <u>his the voter's</u> name and, upon request, street address to the election clerk in charge of that list before depositing the ballots in the ballot box.

Sec. 55. 21-A MRSA §673, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 50 466, §19, is further amended to read:

2	A. Only the following reasons for challenges may be accepted by the warden. The challenged person:
4	(1) Is not a registered voter;
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8	(2) Is not enrolled in the proper party, if voting in a primary election;
10	(3) Is not qualified to be a registered voter because the challenged person is not:
12	(a) At least 18 years of age;
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16	(b) A citizen of the United States; or
18	(c) A resident of the municipality or appropriateelectoral district within the municipality;
20	(4) Did not properly apply for an absentee ballot;
22	(5)Is-not-a-qualified-absentee-voter-as-preseribed-by section-751;
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26	(6) Did not properly complete the affidavit on the absentee return envelope;
28	(7) Did not cast the ballot or complete the affidavit before the appropriate witness;
30	(8) Communicated with someone as prohibited by section
32	754-A, subsection 1, paragraph B or subsection 3, paragraph B or D;
34	(9) Did not have the ballot returned to the clerk by
36	the time prescribed;
38	(10) Voted using the name of another; or
40	(11) Committed any other specified violation of this Title.
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44	Sec. 56. 21-A MRSA §673, sub-§3, as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 357, §§3 and 19, is amended to read:
46	3. Ballot marked. The warden shall write a number on the
48	outside of the ballot. The warden shall also complete a certificate on which appears the word "Challenged," the name of
50	the voter challenged and the reason for the challenge over his <u>the voter's</u> signature. The challenger shall also sign the

certificate. After the challenger has signed the certificate,
the warden shall place the number which that was written on the ballot in a conspicuous place on the certificate. No-one-other
than Only the warden may know the ballot number. The warden shall place the challenge certificate in an <u>a sealed</u> envelope
marked "Challenge Certificate #(certificate number)" and shall retain the envelope until it is sealed with the ballot materials
pursuant to section 698.

10 Sec. 57. 21-A MRSA §682, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, §19 and affected by §46, is further amended to read:

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Influence prohibited. Within 250 feet of the entrance
 to the voting place as well as within the voting place itself, a person may not influence or attempt to influence another person's
 decision regarding a candidate or ballot issue. This limitation does not prohibit a candidate from attending the voting place and
 orally communicating with voters, as long as the candidate does not attempt to influence their vote. A candidate may not state
 the name of the office sought or request a person's vote.

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Sec. 58. 21-A MRSA §682, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, §20 and affected by §46, is further amended to read:

- Advertising prohibited. A person may not display any 3. advertising material, operate any advertising medium, including a 26 sound amplification device, or distribute campaign literature, 28 posters, palm cards, buttons, badges or stickers intended containing a candidate's name or otherwise intending to influence 30 the opinion of any voter within 250 feet of the entrance to either the voting place or the registrar's office. The term "sound amplification device" includes, but is not limited to, 32 sound trucks, loudspeakers and blowhorns.
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Party workers and others who remain in the voting place outside the quardrail enclosure may not use within the voting place 36 cellular phones, beepers, voice or signal pagers or similar audible 38 devices that make noise or allow direct voice communication within the voting place. The warden may exempt election officials and emergency workers such as Emergency 40 Medical Technicians and police from this provision.

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A. This subsection does not apply to advertising material
on automobiles traveling to and from the voting place. It
does not prohibit a person from passing out stickers at the
voting place to be pasted on the ballot at a primary
election. It does not prohibit a person who is at the polls
solely for the purpose of voting from wearing a campaign
button when the longest dimension of the button does not
exceed 3 inches.

2 B. A person who knowingly engages in activities prohibited by this section commits a Class E crime.

C. Nonpolitical charitable activities and other
 nonpolitical advertising may be allowed at the discretion of
 the clerk if arrangements are made prior to election day.
 If arrangements are not made in advance of election day, the
 warden may, at the warden's discretion, either allow or
 prohibit nonpolitical charitable activities and other
 nonpolitical advertising.

Sec. 59. 21-A MRSA §693, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, 14 is amended to read:

16 §693. Spoiled ballots

If a voter spoils his the ballot, he the voter may obtain a 18 replacement, not more than twice, by returning the spoiled ballot to the election clerk in charge of issuing ballots. The warden 20 or ward clerk shall mark "Spoiled by voter" on the outside of the spoiled ballot, sign it and keep-it--segregated-from-the-other 22 place it in an envelope marked "Spoiled ballots." If ballets. 24 a replacement ballot is issued to the voter, the warden or ward clerk must indieate-that-fact mark "Replacement ballot issued" on 26 the outside of the spoiled ballot.

Sec. 60. 21-A MRSA §696, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

C. If a voter marks a write-in square for an office, but does not write in <u>both</u> a name and <u>a</u> municipality of residence in the blank space provided to the right of the write-in square, that vote for that office shall <u>is</u> not be counted, <u>unless a determination of choice under subsection 4</u> is possible.

38 Sec. 61. 21-A MRSA §697, as amended by PL 1993, c. 447, §15, is further amended to read:

§697. Use of red pens by election officials

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Any <u>An</u> election official, ballet <u>election</u> clerk, - assistant 44 ballet-elerk or any person employed as a counter of ballots must use pens or pencils containing only red ink or red lead.

Sec. 62. 21-A MRSA §698, sub-§§2-A and 2-B, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 473, §25 and affected by §46, are amended to read: 2-A. Used ballots placed in tamper-proof containers. The
election clerks shall place the sealed-packages-of used ballots, envelopes containing challenge certificates, spoiled ballots,
defective ballots, void ballots, used absentee ballots, used absentee envelopes and, used absentee applications and official
tally tapes from electronic tabulating systems in tamper-proof ballot containers. The ballot containers must be furnished by
the Secretary of State.

10 If a tamper-proof container becomes defective, lost or destroyed, the clerk must apply in writing to the Secretary of State for 12 another. The Secretary of State shall supply or approve a replacement at the expense of the municipality.

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A tamper-proof ballot container must be sealed before leaving the precinct with a numbered seal that must correlate with a certificate identifying the person sealing the container and the time of the sealing. The seals and identifying certificates must be furnished by the Secretary of State.

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A. Transfer and resealing of the ballots to other
 containers for permanent storage must be done 60 or more days following the election. The municipal clerk shall make
 the transfer in the presence of one representative-from-each of--the--major--political--parties or more witnesses. The
 containers must be securely sealed.

28 2-B. Unused ballots placed in containers. At the close of the polls, all unused, unsealed absentee and regular ballots must be veided invalidated by a physical mark unless all voted ballots 30 have-been-validated are used in the course of the election. All 32 sealed ballots must remain sealed and---be---wrapped---with tamper-proof--tape. All unused ballots, including both the unsealed and the sealed ballots, must be placed in the containers 34 in which the regular ballots were delivered. The containers 36 containing the unused ballots must be clearly marked to indicate that the containers contain unused ballots. These ballots must be stored separately from the used ballots. 38

40 Sec. 63. 21-A MRSA §737-A, 4th ¶, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 473, §31 and affected by §46, is amended to read:

A losing candidate in any election who desires a recount 44 must file with the Secretary of State a written request for a recount within 7 business days after the election. The recount 46 is held under the supervision of the Secretary of State, who shall allow the eandidate <u>candidate's representatives</u> or the 48 eandidate's counsel to recount the ballots. <u>The candidate may</u> 48 not act as a counter of ballots.

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Sec. 64. 21-A MRSA §737-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 2 473, §31 and affected by §46, is amended to read:

4 1. Deposit for recount. All deposits required by this section must be made with the Secretary of State when a recount is requested. Once the recount-has-begun State Police have taken 6 custody of the ballots and other election materials from the municipalities, the deposit made by the candidate requesting the 8 recount is forfeited to the State if the resulting count fails to change the outcome of the election. If the recount reverses the 10 election, the deposit must be returned to the candidate requesting the recount. The amount of the deposit is calculated 12 as follows.

A. If the percentage difference shown by the official
 16 tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place candidate is 2% or less of the total votes cast for that
 18 office, a deposit is not required.

- B. If the percentage difference shown by the official tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place
 candidate is more than 2% and less than 4% of the total votes cast for that office, the deposit is \$500.
- C. If the percentage difference <u>shown by the official</u> tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place <u>candidate</u> is 4% or more <u>of the total votes cast for that</u> office, the deposit is \$1,000.
- 30 Sec. 65. 21-A MRSA §751, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §§24 and 25, is repealed.

Sec. 66. 21-A MRSA §751-A is enacted to read:

<u>§751-A. Proper at any election</u>

Absentee ballots may be cast in any election by any voter 38 who desires to do so.

- 40 Sec. 67. 21-A MRSA §752, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §26, is further amended to read:
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Α. At least 90 days before the election to which they 44 the Secretary of pertain, State shall furnish each municipality with a reasonable number of blank absentee ballots for use by members of the Armed Forces and citizens 46 outside the United States who have met the qualifications in 48 section 751 751-A. These ballots must be similar to regular ballots, except that no candidate names may be printed. The 50 Secretary of State shall prepare a ballot listing all

offices to be selected with a space after each office to write in the voter's preference. The following instructions must be printed in bold type at the top of the ballot: YOU MAY VOTE FOR A PERSON BY WRITING IN THAT PERSON'S NAME AND MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE IN THE BLANK SPACE UNDER THE PROPER OFFICE.

8 Sec. 68. 21-A MRSA §752, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §28, is further amended to read:

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3. Form of envelope. The return envelope in which the absentee ballot is placed must include on its outside a conspicuously printed summary warning to the voter of the provisions of section 791, subsection 1, paragraph C and Title 17-A, section 703. The envelope must also include an affidavit to be signed by the voter, a witness or witnesses when required and a certification to be completed and signed by an aide who assists a voter under section 754-A, subsection 3.

20 Sec. 69. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1985, c. 357, §§10 and 19, is further amended to read:

Request in writing. If-a-voter-is-temporarily-outside
 the-State, a <u>A</u> written request for an absentee ballot from the voter, the voter's spouse, a blood relative of the voter or the
 voter's former guardian is sufficient <u>for the municipal clerk to issue an absentee ballot</u>.

Sec. 70. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 30 473, §35 and affected by §46, is further amended to read:

Application or request received. 32 On receipt of a 3. completed application or a request for an absentee ballot signed by the applicant, the clerk may immediately send or deliver an 34 absentee ballot and return envelope to the applicant or to a 3rd 36 person designated in the application or request. The clerk may not deliver an absentee ballot to any--3rd-person-whose-name 38 appears - on - absentee - ballot a candidate or a member of a candidate's immediate family. The clerk may not deliver to a 3rd 40 person any absentee ballot requested under subsection 2-A. If a municipal election is to be held on the same date as a statewide 42 election, absentee ballots for the municipal and statewide election may be issued in response to the same application. The clerk shall issue to any 3rd person designated in an application 44 or request only enough absentee ballots to insure ensure that that person will <u>does</u> not have more than 10 2 absentee ballots 46 for voters in a municipality at any time. A 3rd person must, 48 unless good cause is shown, return an absentee ballot to the clerk's office within the time limits provided in section 755. 50 The clerk shall include a ballot application to be completed by the person who signed only a written request, unless the written
request is sufficient under subsection 2. The clerk shall type or write in ink the name and the legal address of the person for
whom the absentee ballot is intended in the upper left hand section of all return envelopes.

A. If the clerk receives a duplicate application from a
 person from whom the clerk has received a return envelope apparently containing an absentee ballot, the clerk may not
 furnish another absentee ballot for that person.

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- 12 B. The clerk may issue a 2nd absentee ballot to an applicant if the applicant requests one in person or in writing and:
- 16 (1) The applicant states good cause, including, but not limited to, loss of, spoiling of or damage to the
 18 first absentee ballot; or
- 20 (2) An absentee ballot for the applicant that was furnished to a designated 3rd person is not returned to the clerk's office within 2 business days of the date 22 that ballot was sent or delivered to the 3rd person or the date that 3rd person was notified by the clerk that 24 the ballot was available, or by 10 a.m. on the day before election day, whichever is earlier. If a ballot 26 for an applicant is not returned to the clerk within 2 28 days of notification, the clerk shall mail a ballot to that applicant on the 3rd day after notification and 30 may issue no other ballot to the applicant except for good cause as provided in this subsection. This subparagraph does not affect the time for delivery of 32 absentee ballots under section 755.
- Sec. 71. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1985, c. 357, §§10 and 19, is further amended to read:

Absentee voting in presence of clerk. A person who 38 7. wishes to vote by absentee ballot because he that person will not be present in the municipality or able to vote in person at the 40 voting place on election day may, without completing an application, vote by absentee ballot in the presence of the 42 clerk. The method of voting shall is otherwise be as prescribed 44 in this Article. After the person has voted, the clerk shall determine-whether sign the affidavit on the return envelope as a witness, indicate on the envelope that the voter voted in the 46 presence of a clerk and ensure that the affidavit on the return envelope is properly completed by the voter. Section 682 applies 48 to voting in the presence of the clerk at the clerk's office for 50 the 45 days preceding an election.

Sec. 72. 21-A MRSA §759, first ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 447, §17, is further amended to read:

The following counting procedure must be observed at each voting place,--except-those-veting--places-that-use-electronic voting--systems. Counting--procedures--for--electronic--veting systems-are-described-in-section-858-A.

10 Sec. 73. 21-A MRSA §759, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 466, §31, is amended to read:

Warden to review notes of clerk. Unless a request to
 inspect applications and envelopes is made pursuant to subsection
 8, the warden shall review the notes of the clerk on each return
 envelope as-seen-as-the-polls-are-closed-and-the-regular-ballets
 remeved--from-the-ballot--bex according to the schedule posted
 under subsection 7.

Sec. 74. 21-A MRSA §759, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 357, §§16 and 19, is amended to read:

2. Accepted if correct. If the warden finds that the affidavit is properly completed, that the clerk has verified that 24 the signature on the envelope matches the signature on the 26 application where applicable, that the person is registered and enrolled where necessary, the warden shall then examine the incoming voting list to determine whether the voter voted in 28 person at the election. The warden shall then announce the name of each absentee voter who has not voted at the election and 30 remove each ballot from its envelope without destroying the envelope or unfolding the ballot. After having an election clerk 32 from a political party different from that of the warden mark the letters "AV" beside the name of each absentee voter on the 34 incoming voting lists, the warden shall depesit accept the ballot in-the-ballet-bex. 36

38 Sec. 75. 21-A MRSA §759, sub-§§5 and 6, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, are amended to read:

5. Rejected ballots separate. The warden shall place the
 42 return envelopes containing rejected ballots in a-separate-let.
 an envelope marked "Rejected ballots." He-shall-net-deposit-them
 44 in-the-ballet-bex Rejected ballots may not be counted.

6. Ballots counted. As soon as the absentee ballots have been are processed, they shall-be-removed-from-the-ballot-bex-and
 are counted the same as regular ballots. Rejected-ballots-shall not-be-counted.

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Sec. 76. 21-A MRSA §759, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1993, c. 583, §1, is further amended to read:

4 7. Processing before close of polls. A notice signed by the municipal officers must be posted at least 7 days before election day in the same manner as posting the warrant, or as 6 part of the warrant, under section 621, stating each specific time that the clerk intends to begin processing absentee ballots 8 on election day. The warden may review the notes of the clerk on each return envelope and depesit accept the absentee ballots inte 10 the-ballet-bem for processing before the close of the polls. The clerk shall notify the chairs of each political party of the 12 municipality, in writing, that this procedure is to occur. If 14 the clerk is unable to notify the chair of the municipal political party, the clerk shall notify the chair of the county 16or state political party.

18 Sec. 77. 21-A MRSA §759, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1993, c. 583, §2, is further amended to read:

8. Inspection after polls close. If a candidate or that
22 candidate's representative notifies the warden before 8:00 p.m.
that the candidate wishes to inspect absentee ballot applications
24 and envelopes after the polls close, the warden shall allow the candidate to inspect the applications and envelopes of ballots
26 that have not yet been deposited-into-the-ballot-box processed for 30 minutes after the polls close.

Sec. 78. 21-A MRSA §760, as amended by PL 1985, c. 313, is repealed.

32 Sec. 79. 21-A MRSA §760-A is enacted to read:

34 §760-A. Procedures when clerk processes absentee ballots centrally

The clerk shall use the following procedure when processing 38 the absentee ballots at a central location.

 40 1. Envelope and lists retained. The clerk shall retain possession of return absentee envelopes with the applications
 42 attached, where required, and the list required by section 756, subsection 4.

- 2. Ballot boxes provided. The municipality shall provide 46 an official ballot box to be used by the clerk in all state elections.
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 3. Incoming voting list to be marked. The clerk shall have
 50 the incoming voting list marked to denote absentee voters prior to processing the absentee ballots.

2	Α.	The	munic	ipal	clerk	shall	use	one	of	the	following
	proc	edure	<u>s to</u>	mark	the	incoming	<u>vot</u>	ing	list	for	absentee
4	ball	<u>ots r</u>	eceive	ed pri	or to	election	n day	· ·			

6 (1) On the day immediately preceding, the municipal clerk shall mark the incoming voting list with an "AV" 8 beside the name of each voter who has voted by absentee ballot as of that date. The municipal clerk shall keep 10 the marked list and shall send a copy of the marked list to the polls with the incoming voting list; or

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- (2) On election day, at or prior to the times the 14 municipal clerk has designated under section 759, subsection 7 for processing absentee ballots, the municipal clerk shall make a separate list, by voting 16 place, of all absentee ballots received to date. The 18 clerk shall deliver each list, in duplicate, to the warden at the appropriate voting place. The warden and an election clerk shall compare the list of absentee 20 voters with the incoming voting list and shall mark the incoming voting list with an "AV" beside the name of 22 each voter who has voted by absentee ballot.
- The warden and the election clerk shall then certify on each copy of the absentee voting list that they marked the incoming voting list as described in this paragraph. The warden shall then retain one copy of the absentee voter list with the incoming voting list and deliver the 2nd copy to the municipal clerk. The municipal clerk shall follow this process on election day as often as needed to mark the incoming voting lists to account for all absentee ballots.
- B. In a municipality that has an island voting district, the municipal clerk may communicate the information required to process the absentee ballots by telephone to the island warden and notify the island warden of the names of the absentee voters so that the voting list may be marked in accordance with this subchapter.

42 4. Counting procedure. After the incoming voting list has been marked according to the procedures in subsection 3, the 44 municipal clerk shall then proceed to process the absentee ballots using the procedures set forth in sections 759, 761 and 46 762 at the next time scheduled under section 759, subsection 7. The ballots must be processed publicly so that all those present 48 may observe the proceedings. Sec. 80. 21-A MRSA §762, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 2 161, §6, is amended to read:

- 4 **4. Witness signatures.** The <u>witness or other</u> certifying official's signature, when required.
- Sec. 81. 21-A MRSA §808, sub-§§6, 8 and 10, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 347, §5, are amended to read:

10 6. Electronic tabulating system. "Electronic veting tabulating system" means either a punch card voting system or a mark-sense voting system where the paper ballots or ballot cards 12 are subsequently counted and tabulated by automatic an electronic tabulating equipment device at one or more counting centers. 14 "Electronic veting tabulating system" includes all the software and firmware required to program and control the equipment in the 16 respective systems system.

8. Mark-sense voting system. "Mark-sense voting system"
20 means a system in which votes are recorded on paper ballots by making marks in special voting response locations using a marking
22 device. The votes on the paper ballots are subsequently counted and tabulated by automatic <u>an electronic</u> tabulating equipment
24 <u>device</u> at one or more counting centers.

26 10. Voting device. "Voting device" means the voting machine or electronic voting <u>tabulating</u> system apparatus that the 28 voters use to record their votes on paper ballots or on a tabulating card and-all--tho-automatic-tabulating-equipment-that 30 is-integral-to-the-electronic-voting-system-in-use.

Sec. 82. 21-A MRSA §809, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 347, §5, are amended to read:

 Rules. The Secretary of State and the Attorney General together may adopt rules governing approval of voting machines under section 812 and electronic voting <u>tabulating</u> systems under section 843. The Secretary of State may adopt rules <u>requiring</u> independent testing of voting machines and electronic tabulating
 systems in use or proposed for use in the State and indicating which approved voting machines and electronic voting <u>tabulating</u>
 systems are recommended <u>approved</u> for use by municipalities to minimize-the-cost-of-producing-ballet-materials.

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Use of approved voting machines and systems. Voting
 devices machines and systems approved and recommended pursuant to
 rules adopted under subsection 1 may be used by any municipality
 in a state election. A--municipality-may-use-other-approved
 voting-devices-that-are-not-recommended,-however,-if-the-cost-of
 ballot-materials-for-these-devices-exceeds-the-Secretary-of

State-s--estimated--cost--of--preparing--paper--ballots--for--that 2 municipality,-the-municipality-shall-reimburse-the-State-for-the difference--in---that--cost. Voting machines and electronic tabulating systems that have not been approved for use may not be 4 used by any municipality. 6 Sec. 83. 21-A MRSA §809, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 347, $\S5$, is repealed. 8 Sec. 84. 21-A MRSA §812, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 10 161, \S 6, is amended to read: 12 4. Form and content of ballot label. The titles of offices may be arranged horizontally with the names of candidates for an 14 office arranged vertically under the title of the office, or the 16 titles of offices may be arranged vertically with the names of candidates for an office arranged horizontally opposite the title of the office, or the titles of offices and the names of 18 candidates for an office may be arranged in any horizontal and 20 vertical combination as may be deemed determined advisable by the Secretary of State. 22 The names of candidates must be printed in the order provided by 24 law and, in general elections, the party designation of each candidate, which may be abbreviated, must be printed following 26 the candidate's name. If there are more candidates for an office than can be printed in one column or on one ballot page, the 28 ballot label must be clearly marked that the list of candidates is continued on the following column or page and, so far as 30 possible, the same number of names must be printed on each column or page. Arrows may be used to indicate the place to vote for 32 each candidate and on each measure. Sec. 85. 21-A MRSA §812, sub-§§4-A and 4-B are enacted to read: 34 36 4-A. Ballot labels for separate elections. The different parts of the ballot, such as partisan, nonpartisan and measures, 38 must be prominently indicated on the ballot labels and, if practicable, each part must be placed on a separate page or 40 pages. If 2 or more elections are held on the same day, the ballot labels must be clearly marked to indicate the ballot for 42 each election and, if practicable, the ballot labels for each election must be placed upon separate pages and labels of a different color or tint may be used for each election. 44 46 4-B. Referendum question. A referendum question must be arranged so that the voter may vote for or against it. 48

Sec. 86. 21-A MRSA §817-A is enacted to read:

2 §817-A. Test of voting machines

The clerk shall test the voting machines using a sample of 4 the ballot cards furnished by the Secretary of State in the same manner as set forth in section 854 regarding the testing of 6 electronic tabulating equipment. 8 Sec. 87. 21-A MRSA §821, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, \S 6, is amended to read: 10 12 1. Delivery. He The municipal clerk shall have the voting machines delivered to each voting place at least 12 hours before the polls are opened on election day. At the time of delivery, 14 the ballot labels must be in place on each machine. 16 Sec. 88. 21-A MRSA §822, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read: 18 When it is time for the polls to open, the warden shall open 20 the envelope containing the keys to the voting machines in the presence of an election clerk from a political party other than 22 that of the warden. The warden shall ensure that the voting machine is in proper working order and that the correct ballot 24 labels were delivered by comparing them with the specimen ballot. 26 Sec. 89. 21-A MRSA §825-A is enacted to read: 28 §825-A. Spoiled ballots 30 If a voter spoils a ballot card, the voter may obtain a replacement, not more than twice, by returning the spoiled ballot 32 card to the election clerk in charge of issuing ballot cards. The warden or ward clerk shall mark "Spoiled by voter" on the 34 spoiled ballot card, sign it and place it in an envelope marked 36 "Spoiled ballot cards." If a replacement ballot card is issued to the voter, the warden or ward clerk must mark "Replacement ballot card issued" on the outside of the spoiled ballot card. 38 Sec. 90. 21-A MRSA §842, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 40 161, \S 6, is repealed. 42 Sec. 91. 21-A MRSA §843, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, $\S6$, is amended to read: 44 -A-voting-device An electronic tabulating system purchased 46 or rented by a municipality must meet the following requirements. 48 Sec. 92. 21-A MRSA §843, sub-§§2 and 6, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, $\S6$, are amended to read: 50

2. Voting limited. It must permit each voter to vote at 2 any election for all persons and offices for whom and for which he the voter is entitled to vote; to vote for as many persons for 4 an office as he the voter is entitled to vote for; to vote for or against any question upon which he the voter is entitled to vote; 6 and the automatic <u>electronic</u> tabulating equipment must reject choices recorded on his the voter's ballot er-ballet-eard, if the 8 number of choices exceeds the number for which he the voter is entitled to vote for the office or on the measure. 10 12 6. Change of vote permitted. It must permit a voter to

12 6. Change of vote permitted. It must permit a voter to change or retract a vote he <u>the voter</u> has attempted to cast, in
 14 accordance with section 693, before his <u>the voter's</u> ballot er ballet-eard has been deposited in the ballet-ber <u>electronic</u>
 16 <u>tabulating device</u>.

18 Sec. 93. 21-A MRSA §844, as amended by PL 1991, c. 347, §9, is further amended to read:

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§844. Regulations of Secretary of State

The Secretary of State may make reasonable rules governing 24 the use of electronic veting <u>tabulating</u> systems in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 94. 21-A MRSA §845, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

- 30 **§845.** Custody
- 32 The municipal clerk has custody of voting devices used by the municipality.

Storage and maintenance. He <u>The municipal clerk</u> is
 responsible for the proper storage and maintenance of each device.

38 A. He <u>The municipal clerk</u> shall have <u>store</u> each device sealed-and-stored in a safe, dry building.

B. He <u>The municipal clerk</u> shall have <u>keep</u> each device <u>kept</u> 42 in proper operating condition.

44 Sec. 95. 21-A MRSA §848, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

The Secretary of State shall furnish all ballot materials for all <u>elections</u>, except municipal elections.

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Sec. 96. 21-A MRSA §848, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 2 161, §6, is amended to read:

Ballot format. Ballots furnished for elections must 1. 4 have the titles of offices and the names of candidates arranged 6 in vertical columns. The office title with a statement of the number of candidates to be voted for must be printed above the 8 names of the candidates for that office. The names of candidates must be printed in the order provided by law and. In all except primary and nonpartisan elections, the party designation of each 10 candidate must be printed following or below his the candidate's name, in bold type. The number of columns and the length of the 12 ballot may be adjusted as is necessary to accommodate all of the offices, candidates and write-in spaces constituting the total 14slate for that election. The Secretary of State shall determine 16 the colors of paper on which each ballot must be printed. Symbols such as arrows or ovals may be used to indicate the voter's choice of candidate for each office for which the voter 18 must either complete an arrow or completely fill in an oval to 20 indicate the voter's choice. Sec. 97. 21-A MRSA §848, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 1985, 22 c. 161, §6, are repealed. 24 Sec. 98. 21-A MRSA §851, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read: 26 28 1. Ballots and supplies. He The municipal clerk shall have voting <u>electronic tabulating</u> devices prepared for the the 30 election and shall deliver,-to-the-precinct election officials-or to--the--polling--place, -- voting the tabulating devices, voting 32 booths, tamper-proof ballot boxes, ballots, secrecy ballot eards envelopes, "write-in"-ballets, marking devices and other records 34 and supplies as required to conform with the tabulating system in use and applicable laws. 36 Sec. 99. 21-A MRSA §851, sub-§§2 to 4, as enacted by PL 1985, 38 c. 161, §6, are repealed. Sec. 100. 21-A MRSA §852, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, 40 is amended to read: 42 §852. Procedure at the polling place 44 The following regulations-govern governs the procedure for 46 the conduct of elections in which an electronic veting tabulating system is used. 48 1. Preparation for voting. Before the polls are opened, 50 the election officials shall arrive at the polling place and

place the voting devices in position for voting. The officials shall ensure that the devices are in proper working order and shall--see that the devices-have-the correct ballet-labels-by eemparing--them-with-the--specimen ballots were delivered. They shall open and check the ballots, ballet-eards, supplies, records and forms and post the specimen ballots and instructions to voters.

 Instruction of voters. If requested, election officials
 shall instruct a voter on how to operate the voting-device electronic tabulating system before he the voter enters the
 voting booth. If he the voter needs additional instruction after entering the voting booth, election officials may, if necessary,
 enter the booth and give him the voter additional instructions in accordance with section 672.

3. Depositing ballots in electronic voting device. After
 the voter has marked his the ballot eard, he-must the voter may place the ballot eard inside the secrecy envelope provided for
 this-purpose to maintain the voter's confidentiality and deposit the envelope-with-the-enclosed ballot eard in the ballot-box
 electronic tabulating device. A voter may request the assistance of an election official if the voter has difficulty placing the ballot into the electronic tabulating device.

 4. Spoiled ballots. Any <u>If a</u> voter who spoils his <u>a</u> ballot eard--may--return--it--enclosed--in--the--envelope--and--obtain--a
 replacement--not--more-than--twice, the procedures set forth in section 693 must be followed. The-word-"Spoiled"-must-be-written
 across-the-face-of-the-envelope-which-shall-be-placed-in-the spoiled-ballot-card-container.

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5. Closing of the polls. As soon as the polls have closed and the last qualified voter has voted, all the warden shall run 34 the official tally tapes off of each electronic tabulating device. One copy of the official tally tape, signed by the 36 warden, must be packed in a tamper-proof ballot box with the other election materials pursuant to section 698, subsection 38 2-A. All unused ballet-cards-and-records-and-supplies-shall ballots must be placed in a container and sealed for return to 40 The ballet--bex--shall electronic voting the municipal clerk. 42 device must be opened at the polling place and-all-write-in-votes and--abcontee-and--other-official--paper-ballots--counted--and-the 44 regular--ballot--cards--separated --from--the--envelopes, regular counted ballots are placed in the tamper-proof ballot boxes and 46 all ballots containing write-in votes or red-lines requiring hand counting are counted by the election clerks. The--separated ballot-cards-and-envelopes,--along-with--absentee,-write-in--and 48 ether--official-paper--ballets,--shall-then--be--delivered-to--the 50 counting-center-for-the-official-counting-and-recording-of-all

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	ballets-cast. Once all of the hand counting has been completed,
2	the election clerks shall complete the tally sheets and other
	election forms provided by the Secretary of State and return the
4	ballots and other materials to the clerk packed pursuant to
-	section 698, subsections 2-A and 2-B.
6	Section Vior Subsections 2 A unit 2 Di
0	See 101 21 A MARCA 8952
	Sec. 101. 21-A MRSA §853, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6,
8	is repealed.
10	Sec. 102. 21-A MRSA §854, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6,
	is amended to read:
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	§854. Test of electronic tabulating equipment
14	John Tepe of creationic capatoring clarburge
11	Defense counting the ballots the The sleph much chall have
	Before-counting-the ballots, the The clerk must shall have
16	the automatic electronic tabulating equipment tested prior to the
	polls opening to ascertain that it will accurately eount counts
18	the votes cast for all offices and on all measures. The test must
	be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballots ΘF
20	ballet-cards, marked er-punched to record a predetermined number
	of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure. The test
22	must include one or more ballots which that have votes for each
20	office in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test
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24	the ability of the automatic <u>electronic</u> tabulating equipment to
	reject those votes. In this test a-different-number-of, valid
26	votes must be assigned to each candidate for an office and for
	and against each measure. If any error is detected, the cause for
28	the error must be ascertained and corrected and an errorless
	count must be made and certified to by the clerk before the count
30	is-started polls open on election day. The-tabulating-equipment
	must-pass-the-same-test-at-the-conclusion-of-the-count-before-the
32	election-returns-are approved as official. The test ballots and
52	the tapes generated as a result of the tests must be packed and
2.4	
34	sealed in a container labeled "Test Ballots." The container must
	remain sealed until at least 60 days after the election, unless
36	needed for recount purposes. The tests provided for in this
	section must be open to the public.
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	Sec. 103. 21-A MRSA §855, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6,
40	is repealed.
42	Sec. 104. 21-A MRSA §855-A is enacted to read:
72	bee. 104. 21-A MADA 3000-A 18 enacted to read:
44	§855-A. Proceedings after the close of the polls
46	1. Open to public. The election officials shall run the
	tapes at the close of the election and hand count the necessary
48	ballots and write-ins under the observation of the public, but no
	person except those authorized may touch any ballot.
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Damaged or defective ballots. If it appears that any
 ballot is damaged or defective so that it can not be properly
 counted by the electronic tabulating device, the ballot must be
 counted manually.

3. Official tape certified by warden and ward clerk. The warden and ward clerk, if applicable, shall sign and date each
 official tape printed from each electronic tabulating device and certify to its authenticity.

Sec. 105. 21-A MRSA §§856 and 857, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 12 161, §6, are amended to read:

14 §856. Official returns

16 The official return of each voting district consists of the certified return printed by the automatic electronic tabulating 18 equipment and the tallies of all certified-absentee, write-in, red-lined and other official paper ballots. The Copies of the 20 official returns shall must be open to the public as soon as the count is completed.

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§857. Manual counting authorized

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If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots er-ballot-eards with <u>electronic</u> tabulating equipment, the clerk shall have them counted manually following the provisions governing the counting of paper ballots.

- 30 Sec. 106. 21-A MRSA §858-A, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 447, §20, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
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 6. Counting procedure for absentee ballots. The procedure
 for processing absentee ballots for use with electronic voting systems is the same as for processing regular absentee ballots as
 provided in section 759.

38 Sec. 107. 21-A MRSA §859, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed.

Sec. 108. 21-A MRSA §860, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, §40 and affected by §46, is further amended to read:

44 §860. Violation and penalty

Any person who, before, during or after an election, tampers with or willfully injures any voting device, ballot eards or
 other records or equipment used in the election, or interferes or attempts to interfere with the correct operation of such a device

or equipment or the secrecy of voting, commits a Class C crime. 2 Sec. 109. 21-A MRSA §906, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473, $\S41$ and affected by $\S46$, is further amended to read: 4 Referendum questions on separate ballot. Referendum 6 1. questions must be printed on a ballot separate from the general election ballots, except for municipalities using electronic 8 seanning-devices tabulating equipment. There must be a place on the ballot for the voter to designate the voter's choice. 10 12 STATEMENT OF FACT 14 This bill makes several changes and clarifies the election laws as follows. 16 The bill clarifies under what circumstances the deputy 18 registrar may serve as registrar and the clerk may serve as registrar pro tem. 20 22 The bill also eliminates boards of voter registration and provides for a registration appeals board that reviews decisions of municipal registrars when appeals are necessary. 24 26 The bill repeals the provisions allowing deputies to serve on boards of registration. 28 The bill allows a voter to vote using a ballot at a central 30 location when the voter registers or reports a change of address on election day. 32 The bill also eliminates the provision that an individual be 34 unable to file a petition as a candidate for primary election for 3 months after requesting a change in enrollment and replaces it with a new deadline for filing for an enrollment change prior to 36 filing a petition as a candidate. 38 The bill amends the law to comply with the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 regarding removal of a voter from a 40 voting list. 42 The bill amends the law to provide only for towns that do 44 not have registration appeals boards. 46 The bill requires that a candidate for nomination by primary election be enrolled in the party named on the candidate's petition by March 15th of the primary election year and that 48 primary petition be filed in the office of the Secretary of State 50 by 5:00 p.m. on March 15th of the election year.

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- 2 The bill amends the election laws to allow clerks to certify the signatures on candidates' petitions.
- The bill amends the statement required of a candidate in the candidate's consent on a candidate's petition and adds a reference to the challenge procedures with regard to a petition declared void as a result of a challenge.
- 10 The bill amends the provision to require the registrar of a candidate's municipality to certify that a nonparty candidate was unenrolled by March 1st of the election year.
- 14 The bill amends the deadline for a nonparty candidate to file a nomination petition.
- The bill amends the statement required of a nonparty 18 candidate in the candidate's consent on a nomination petition and adds a reference to the challenge procedures with regard to 20 petitions declared void as a result of a challenge.
- 22 The bill amends the requirements in the written acceptance of a candidate running for a vacated office.
- The bill clarifies the notice requirements of a candidate 26 withdrawing from office.
- 28 The bill clarifies the roles of both the municipal clerk and warden and allows a nonresident clerk to act as warden on 30 election day and allows for the appointment of unenrolled voters to act as election clerks.
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- The bill removes the requirement that the initial letters of each candidate's party on a ballot line up vertically.
- 36 The bill distinguishes the provision for municipalities utilizing electronic tabulating systems.
- The bill requires the municipal clerk to check specimen 40 ballots delivered for accuracy and notify the Secretary of State immediately if any errors are found.
- The bill permits a municipal clerk to duplicate specimen 44 ballots as necessary at the municipal clerk's own discretion.
- 46 The bill enacts a provision that requires the Secretary of State and the municipal clerk to act promptly in the case of a 48 vacancy.

- The bill clarifies what materials the Secretary of State 2 must furnish to municipalities prior to an election.
- 4 The bill clarifies the procedures used by the Secretary of State in determining the number of ballots to be sent to 6 municipalities.
- 8 The bill amends the law concerning contents of the labels placed on packages of election materials sent to municipalities.

The bill clarifies the municipal clerk's responsibilities 12 upon receipt of ballots.

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- 14 The bill clarifies the procedures for testing electronic tabulating devices prior to an election.
- The bill amends the law to require municipal clerks to fill in certain information on election warrants. The bill also amends the language on an election warrant and an officer's return on warrant for clarity and simplicity.
- 22 The bill provides the clerk and warden with specific authority to allow more than one party worker per party to be 24 present at a voting place on election day.
- 26 This bill also provides the clerk and warden with specific authority to allow more than one individual representing a 28 question, candidate or issue to be present at a voting place on election day.

The bill allows municipalities to replace official ballot 32 boxes with the approval of the Secretary of State. The bill also amends the provision that requires a warden to record why a 34 ballot box is not used.

- 36 The bill amends the provisions regarding voting booths to require the pencil or marker provided in the booths to be without 38 an eraser.
- The bill strengthens municipal requirements regarding handicapped-accessible voting places and eliminates the waiver
 provision regarding voting places that are not accessible to the elderly and the handicapped.
- The bill provides consistent statewide terminology of how to 46 refer to subdivisions of voting districts.
- 48 The bill repeals a provision that allows a voter to be challenged because the voter is not a qualified absentee voter.
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The bill amends the election laws to make them 2 gender-neutral and requires that completed challenge certificates be placed in sealed envelopes at the polls on election day.

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The bill clarifies what activities may be conducted within the voting place and within 250 feet of the entrance to the voting place.

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The bill provides the warden with the authority to grant permission to election officials, emergency workers and police to use cellular phones, beepers, voice or signal pagers or similar devices within a voting place. It also provides the clerk and warden with specific authority with regard to allowing or disallowing nonpolitical charitable activities and other nonpolitical advertising within 250 feet of a voting place on election day.

18 The bill amends a provision to make it gender-neutral and to add requirements that the warden or ward clerk mark a spoiled 20 ballot with the words "Replacement ballot issued" and place the spoiled ballot in an envelope marked "Spoiled ballots."

The bill allows ballot counters to utilize their own 24 judgment with regard to a voter's choice when a voter does not completely follow the instructions with regard to write-ins. 26

The bill requires election clerks to pack a copy of the 28 official tally tapes, where applicable, into the tamper-proof ballot containers with the other election materials. The bill 30 enacts a provision that requires municipalities to replace their own tamper-proof ballot boxes with those approved by the 32 Secretary of State if theirs become defective, lost or destroyed. The bill allows the municipal clerk to transfer the used ballots and other election materials from the tamper-proof 34 ballot boxes to another sealed container at least 60 days following an election in the presence of one or more witnesses, 36 instead of the previously required representatives from each 38 political party.

40 The bill clarifies the requirements regarding the packing of unused ballots and other election materials after the polls have 42 closed. The bill also clarifies the roles an individual may take at a recount and states that a candidate may not act as a ballot 44 counter at the candidate's own recount. The bill also clarifies 46 the time when a recount is considered to have begun with regard 46 to the monetary deposit made by an individual who requests a 48 amount of deposit required more consistent.

The bill repeals the provision that an absentee voter fall 2 into certain categories of situations in order to vote absentee. The bill also allows any individual to vote absentee in any election for any reason. The bill also clarifies the contents of 4 the affidavit on an absentee ballot envelope to include the 6 witness signatures when they are required. The bill also amends the provision to make absentee ballot request requirements the 8 same for in-state absentee voters as for out-of-state absentee The bill also eliminates the ability of candidates and voters. 10 their immediate families to serve as 3rd persons handling absentee ballots on behalf of others. The bill also clarifies the provisions regarding absentee voting in the presence of the 12 municipal clerk and adds a provision that the same political 14 activities prohibited on election day under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 21-A, section 682 apply to the clerks's office for the 45 days preceding an election. 16

- 18 The bill requires the warden to place rejected ballots in an envelope labeled "Rejected ballots" and amends the law to state 20 that rejected ballots are not counted.
- 22 The bill allows the municipal clerk to process absentee ballots centrally and itemizes the steps that must be taken when 24 a clerk chooses to do so.
- 26 The bill clarifies a provision by making the terminology consistent when referring to a voting system that tabulates the 28 vote counts electronically.
- 30 The bill permits the Secretary of State to require certain independent testing of voting systems proposed for use or 32 currently in use in the State.
- 34 The bill provides that if a voting machine or system is not approved for use by the Secretary of State's office, it may not 36 be used by any municipality in the State.
- 38 The bill repeals the section that requires the Secretary of State to publish a list of approved voting devices in 40 odd-numbered years.
- 42 The bill provides the format for ballot labels used in voting machines. The bill also provides the format for 44 referendum ballot labels used in voting machines.
- 46 The bill requires clerks who utilize voting machines to test their machines in the same manner as clerks who utilize 48 electronic tabulating systems.

The bill requires the warden to ensure that the voting 2 machines are in proper working order and that the correct ballot labels were delivered to them.

The bill states the procedures to be followed when a voter 6 spoils a ballot in a voting machine municipality.

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The bill removes the requirement that voting devices be sealed as there is no way to do so.

The bill clarifies the language of the provision describing 12 the format of ballots used with electronic tabulating systems and grants the Secretary of State the authority to determine the 14 colors of the ballots to be used in an election.

16 The bill repeals the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 21-A, section 851, subsections 2 to 4 as they do not apply to 18 electronic tabulating systems, which are the subject of chapter 9, subchapter VI, article II.

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The bill clarifies the provisions of the Maine Revised 22 Statutes, Title 21-A, section 854 by making the terminology consistent when referring to electronic tabulating systems, allows an election official to assist a voter who requests 24 assistance in placing the ballot into the electronic tabulating 26 device, eliminates provisions that refer to voting systems other than electronic tabulating systems, provides for the procedure of running, signing and storing and official tally tape in the 28 tamper-proof ballot container and provides for procedures regarding the packing of the ballots and other election materials 30 once the hand counting of red-line and write-in ballots has been 32 completed.

The bill clarifies the provision by making the terminology consistent when referring to electronic tabulating systems such as optech and accuvote and requires that test ballots and the tapes generated as a result of running the tests be stored in a container labeled "Test Ballots" and remain sealed for 60 days following an election, unless they are needed for a recount.

The bill requires that the tally tapes of the electronic 42 tabulating systems be run in public, that damaged or defective ballots be hand counted and that the official tape be certified 44 by either the warden or ward clerk.

46 The bill repeals the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 21-A, section 859, which states that in a recount, ballots must be 48 counted in the same manner as they were on election day because candidates do insist on hand counting regardless of whether the 50 ballots were read by an electronic tabulating device. 2 The bill removes the word "cards," referring to ballot cards, which are not applicable to the use of electronic 4 tabulating systems.