## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



## 117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995**

Legislative Document

No. 1396

H.P. 988

House of Representatives, April 20, 1995

An Act to Abolish the Local Government Records Board and to Assign Its Functions to the Archives Advisory Board.

Submitted by the Department of the Secretary of State pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Received by the Clerk of the House on April 18, 1995. Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 14.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative DAGGETT of Augusta. Cosponsored by Senator: MICHAUD of Penobscot.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
<u>}</u>	Sec. 1. 3 MRSA §927, sub-§3, ¶B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read:
5	B. Independent agencies:
3	(1) Maine State Pilotage Commission;
)	(2) State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers;
2	(3) Board of Licensure for Professional Land Surveyors;
<u>.</u>	(4)Lecal-Government-Records-Beard;
	(5) Maine High-Risk Insurance Organization. This subparagraph is repealed January 1, 1997;
	(6) Driver Education and Evaluation Programs; and
	(7) State Soil and Water Conservation Commission.
	Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §92, as enacted by PL 1973, c. 625, §16, is amended to read:  §92. Declaration of policy
	The Legislature declares that it is the policy of the State to make the operations of State Government and local government more efficient, more effective and more economical through current records management; and, to the end that the people may derive maximum benefit from a knowledge of state affairs, preserve its noncurrent records of permanent value for study and
	research.  Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §92-A, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:
	2-A. Local government. "Local government" means a municipality, school district or other special-purpose district or multi-purpose district
	Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §92-A, sub-§§4 and 5, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 837, Pt. A, §8, are amended to read:
	4. State agency or agency. "State agency" or "agency"
	means any unit of State Government or local government, including any state board or commission, except the Legislature and its committees and subcommittees, the Judicial Department, the

University of Maine System, the Maine Technical College System and the Maine Maritime Academy.

2

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

- 5. Record. "State--recerd" "Record" means any written, printed or graphic matter or any mechanical or electronic data compilation from which information can be obtained, directly or after translation into a form susceptible of visual or aural comprehension, that is in the possession or custody of an agency or public official of the State and has been received or prepared for use in connection with the transaction of public or governmental business or contains information related to the transaction of public or governmental business.
- Sec. 5. 5 MRSA  $\S 93$ , first  $\P$ , as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 674,  $\S 2$ , is amended to read:

The Secretary of State shall appoint a State Archivist subject to review by the Jeint-Standing-Committee-en-State Gevernment joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over state and local government and to confirmation by the Legislature. He The State Archivist shall be chosen without reference to party affiliation and solely on the ground of professional competence to perform the duties of his that office. He The State Archivist shall hold office for a term of 6 years from the date of his the appointment and until his a successor has been appointed and qualified. The compensation of the State Archivist shall be fixed by the Governor.

Sec. 6. 5 MRSA  $\S95$ , sub- $\S\$2$  and 3, as amended by PL 1991, c. 837, Pt. A,  $\S9$ , are further amended to read:

- 32 2. Examination of public records. To have the right of reasonable access to and examination of all state and local government records in Maine;
- 36 Rules. To adopt such rules as are necessary the purposes of this chapter. No restrictions or 38 limitations may be imposed on the use of records that are defined by law as state and local government records or as records open to public inspection, unless necessary to protect and preserve 40 from deterioration, mutilation, loss or Restrictions or limitations imposed by law on the examination and 42 use of state records transferred to the archives under subsection 44 7, paragraph C and subsection 8 remain in effect until the records have been in existence for 50 years, unless removed or 46 relaxed by the State Archivist with the concurrence in writing of the head of the agency from which the records were transferred or the successor in function, if any. The State Archivist shall 48 adopt rules governing the transfer of state records from the

custody of one agency to that of another subject to any applicable provision of law;

2

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

48

- Sec. 7. 5 MRSA §95, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1991, c. 837, Pt. A, §9, is further amended to read:
- 7. Records management program. To establish and administer in the executive branch of State Government an active, continuing program for the economical and efficient management of state and local government records, and for the proper disposition of local government records. Upon request, the State Archivist shall assist and advise in the establishment of records management programs in the legislative and judicial branches of State Government and shall, as required by them, provide program services similar to those available to the executive branch. The State Archivist shall, with due regard for the functions of the agencies concerned:
  - A. Provide standards, procedures and techniques for effective management of state and local government records in the conduct of current business;
    - B. Recommend improvements in current records management practices, including the use of space, equipment and supplies employed in creating, maintaining, storing and servicing state and local government records;
    - C. Establish schedules, in consultation with the heads of state agencies and local government agencies, under which each state agency shall retain state records of continuing value, and dispose, as provided by this chapter, of state records no longer possessing sufficient administrative, legal or fiscal value to warrant their further keeping for current business; and
- D. Obtain such reports from state or local government agencies as are required for the administration of the program;
- The head of each state agency or local government agency shall establish and maintain an active, continuing program for the economical and efficient management of the-state any records of the-state-agency in compliance with the standards, procedures and regulations issued by the State Archivist.
- Sec. 8. 5 MRSA §95, sub-§§9 and 10-B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 837, Pt. A, §9, are further amended to read:
- 9. Destruction of state records. To authorize and receive confirmation of the destruction of the state records of any state

or local agency that, in the opinion of the head of the agency, are no longer of value to the state or local government agency, and that, in the opinion of the State Archivist and the Archives Advisory Board, have no archival value to the State;

Permanent state records of agency administration. To concerning the establishment, establish such standards and operation of state or local government maintenance administered computerized and auxiliary automated information handling as are necessary to ensure the preservation of adequate and permanent state records of the organization, functions, policies, procedures, decisions and essential transactions of the agencies of State Government or local government;

14

16

42

44

46

48

50

2

6

8

10

12

- Sec. 9. 5 MRSA §95-A, sub-§§1 to 3, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 283, are amended to read:
- Notice and demand of return. Whenever the State 18 1. Archivist has reasonable grounds to believe that documents or records belonging to the State or to a local government or any 20 agency of the State or to which the State or its agencies have a 22 lawful right of possession are in the possession of the person or entity not authorized by the State Archivist, other lawful custodian or by law to possess those documents or records, the 24 State Archivist may issue a written notice and demand to that 26 person or entity for the immediate return of the documents or records. The notice and demand shall must be sent by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. 28 The notice and demand shall must identify the documents or records claimed to belong to the State or local government with reasonable 30 specificity. Upon receipt of the notice and demand, the person 32 or entity in the possession of documents or records claimed to belong to the State shall or local government may not destroy, alter, transfer, convey or otherwise alienate those documents or 34 records unless authorized in writing by the State Archivist or by an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction. The notice 36 and demand shall must specifically state that any transfer, conveyance or other alienation of the documents or records after 38 receipt of the notice and demand shall-constitutes a Class E crime in violation of section 97. 40
  - 2. Petition; hearing. Following the issuance of a notice and demand in accordance with subsection 1, the State Archivist, with the assistance of the Attorney General, may petition the Superior Court of Kennebec County or the Superior Court in the county in which documents or records are located, for the return of state documents or records that are in the possession of a person or entity not authorized by the State Archivist, other lawful custodian or by law to possess those documents or records. After hearing, the court shall order the state-

documents or records to be delivered to the State Archivist, or other custodian designated by the State Archivist, upon a finding that the materials in question are state- documents or records and that the documents or records are in the possession of a person or entity not authorized by the State Archivist, other lawful custodian or provision of law to possess the documents or records. The court may issue all orders necessary to protect state the documents or records from destruction, alteration, transfer, conveyance or alienation by the person or entity in possession of the materials and may also order the person or entity in possession of the material to surrender the documents or records into the custody of the State Archivist pending the court's decision on the petition.

14

16

18

20

22

8

10

12

- 3. Presumption. In any proceeding pursuant to subsection 2, there shall-be <u>is</u> a rebuttable presumption that documents or records that were once in the custody of the State <u>or a local government</u> were not lawfully alienated from that custody.
  - Sec. 10. 5 MRSA §95-B is enacted to read:
- §95-B. Local government records
- The following provisions apply to local government records.
- 26

  1. Omissions or errors corrected. When omissions or errors exist in local government records, those records must be corrected under oath by the person who was responsible for those local government records, whether or not that person remains in office.
  - A. If an original town meeting warrant is lost or destroyed, the return may be made or amended on a copy of it.

34

36

38

40

32

- 2. Safe or vault for preservation. Each local government shall provide a fireproof safe or vault for the preservation of all records that are not current records. The official having responsibility for those records shall deposit them in the safe or vault where those records must be kept except when required for use.
- 3. Attestation. The records of a local government official may be attested by volume. Each document is sufficiently attested when the volume in which it is recorded bears the attestation with the written signature of the official.

46

48

4. Delivery to successor in office. Local government officials shall deliver the records of their office to their successors in office upon the expiration of the officials' terms.

50

- 5. Records available for public use. Each local government official shall make records available for public use under that official's supervision at reasonable times unless the use of the records is otherwise restricted by law.
- 6. Protection of records. Local government officials shall carefully protect and preserve the records of their office from deterioration, mutilation, loss or destruction.
- 7. Disposition of records. Records may not be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by any local government official, except as provided by the Archives Advisory Board. Records that have been determined by the board to possess sufficient archival value must be preserved by the municipality or deposited with the State Archivist.
- 8. Regulations of Archives Advisory Board. Each local
  government official shall comply with the standards, procedures
  and regulations issued by the Archives Advisory Board.
- Sec. 11. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§55-A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 304, §2, is repealed.
- Sec. 12. 30-A MRSA c. 15, as amended, is repealed.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

While the Local Government Records Board, successor to the Municipal Records Advisory Board and the County Records Advisory Board, has had an important role in the development of guidelines and schedules for local government records, its current workload has subsided. This is in large part due to its success, with the support of the records management program of the Maine State Archives, in creating retention schedules for a broad range of local government records. Retention schedules authorize the destruction of records after their administrative, legal, fiscal and research value has ended. The schedules also specify which important records must be kept indefinitely.

This bill repeals the Local Government Records Board and transfers the work to the Archives Advisory Board, which is already functioning to make retention recommendations about State Government records. While the Local Government Records Board incurred virtually no costs to the State, modest administrative burdens, difficulties in getting timely appointments to the board and the limited role of the board provide sufficient reason to transfer its functions to the Archives Advisory Board.