MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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_	L.D. 1234
2	DATE: 5/16/95 (Filing No. H- 260)
4	
6	CRIMINAL JUSTICE
8	
10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
12	STATE OF MAINE
14	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 117TH LEGISLATURE
16	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " \mathcal{H} " to H.P. 879, L.D. 1234, Bill, "An
20	Act to Amend the Maine Criminal Code to Ensure Fairness in Classifying a Crime Based on the Value of Loss or Damage"
22	
24	Amend the bill by inserting at the end before the statement of fact the following:
26	FISCAL NOTE
28	This bill will result in the reduction of the class of the crime for certain theft crimes. State correctional facilities
30	may realize savings from a shift of prisoners to county jails and from reductions in the lengths of sentences for certain offenders
32	when the class of crime is reduced.
34	The county jail system may experience an increase in prisoners. The counties are not reimbursed by the State for
36	increases in prisoners sentenced to jail time for Class D and E crimes.
38	CI lines.
	The Judicial Department may realize savings from reductions
40	of indigent defense costs related to those cases in which the
42	class of crime is decreased. The amounts can not be estimated at this time. Reductions in the collection of fines may decrease General Fund revenue by minor amounts.'
44	
46	STATEMENT OF FACT
48	This amendment adds a fiscal note to the bill.

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 879, L.D. 1234

The Department of Corrections has prepared the following correctional impact statement pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 34-A, section 1402: "L.D. 1234, An Act to Amend the Maine Criminal Code to Ensure Fairness in Classifying a Crime Based on the Value of Loss or Damage. It would appear, comparing existing property values to proposed that there would be a shift in offense classifications with a decrease in Class B offenses with corresponding increases in Class C, Class D and Class E offenses.

Sentences imposed for Class E offenses involving incarceration must be served in a county jail facility. Looking at sentences served for Class E offenses, the average length of stay was found to be about 67 days. The average cost per day in a county jail is \$83.22. The projected average cost per sentence for a Class E offense is \$5,576.

Sentences imposed for Class D offenses involving incarceration must be served in a county jail facility. Looking at sentences served for Class D offenses, the average length of stay was found to be about 119 days. The average cost per day in a county jail is \$83.22. The projected average cost per sentence for a Class D offense is \$9,903.

Sentences imposed for Class C offenses involving incarceration of more than 12 months must be served in a state correctional facility. Looking at sentences served for Class C offenses, the average length of stay was found to be about one year and 9 months. The projected average cost per sentence for a Class C offense is \$48,584. The State also pays a portion of the cost of sentences served in county jails for 12 months or less in this class.

Sentences imposed for Class B offenses involving incarceration of more than 12 months must be served in a state correctional facility. Looking at sentences served for Class B offenses, the average length of stay was found to be about 2 years and 11 months. The projected average costs per sentence for a Class B offense is \$81,101. The State also pays a portion of the cost of sentences served in county jails for 12 months or less in this class."

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