



117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 632

H.P. 466

House of Representatives, February 23, 1995

An Act to Reform the Child Custody Laws.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Speaker GWADOSKY of Fairfield. Cosponsored by Representatives: HATCH of Skowhegan, ROTONDI of Madison, STEDMAN of Hartland, Senator: PENDEXTER of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 19 MRSA §214, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1989, c. 272, 4 §1, is further amended to read:

6. Order. The order of the court shall must award allocated 6 parental rights and responsibilities, shared parental rights and responsibilities or sole parental rights and responsibilities, 8 according to the best interest of the child. Where the parents 10 have agreed to an award of shared parental rights and responsibilities or so agree in open court, the court shall make 12 that award unless there is substantial evidence that it should not be ordered. The court shall state in its decision the reasons for not ordering a shared parental rights and responsibilities 14 award agreed to by the parents.

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- When the court issues an order awarding allocated parental rights18and responsibilities or shared parental rights and
responsibilities, the court shall include in the order a20requirement that within 30 days after the court order the parents
file a written plan indicating in detail how the allocated or22shared parental rights and responsibilities will work.
- 24 The court may award reasonable rights of contact with a minor child to any 3rd persons.
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The court may award parental rights and responsibilities to a 3rd person, a society or institution for the care and protection of children, or to the Department of Human Services upon a finding that awarding parental rights and responsibilities to either or both parents will place the child in jeopardy as defined in Title 22, section 4002, subsection 6.

- 34 Every final order issued under this section shall <u>must</u> contain:
- 36 A. A provision for child support or a statement of the reasons for not ordering child support; and

B. A statement that each parent shall-have has access to
records and information pertaining to a minor child, including but not limited to, medical, dental and school
records, whether or not the child resides with the parent, unless that access is found not to be in the best interest
of the child or that access is found to be sought for the purpose of causing detriment to the other parent. If that access is not ordered, the court shall state in the order its reasons for denying that access.

C. An explanation of the reasons for the award of parental50rights and responsibilities.

Sec. 2. 19 MRSA §214, sub-§11, as amended by PL 1989, c. 337, §2, is further amended to read:

Modification or termination. Any order for parental
 rights and responsibilities with respect to a minor child may be modified or terminated as circumstances require upon the petition
 of one or both of the parents. Child support orders may be modified retroactively, but only from the date that notice of a
 petition for modification has been served upon the opposing party pursuant to the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. The parties
 shall must be referred to mediation as under subsection 4.

14The--relocation, -- or -- intended -- relocation, -- of Before a parent relocates a child resident in this State to another state by-a 16 parent or to a place more than 250 miles from where the other person resides, when the other parent is a resident in this State and there exists an award of shared or allocated parental rights 18 and responsibilities concerning the child, is--a--substantial ehange-in-direumstances the parent proposing the relocation must 20 give written notice to the court and the other parent. If the 22 other parent requests a hearing, the court shall hold an expedited hearing to determine if the award of parental rights and responsibilities should be modified because of the proposed 24 relocation. The parent proposing the relocation may not relocate 26 the child before the hearing unless allowed to do so by the court.

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Sec. 3. 19 MRSA §214, sub-§12 is enacted to read:

30 12. Record. The presiding judge shall prepare an official record of all proceedings concerning parental rights and 32 responsibilities, including testimony and exhibits, in each case. A transcript of the testimony need not be prepared unless 34 required for rehearing or appeal. The record may be taken by stenographic notes or by mechanical recordings.

Sec. 4. 19 MRSA §581, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1989, c. 272, 38 §2, is further amended to read:

40 6. Order. Upon petition under subsection 3, paragraph B, the order of the court shall must award allocated parental rights 42 and responsibilities, shared parental rights and responsibilities or sole parental rights and responsibilities, according to the best interest of the child. Where the parents have agreed to an 44 award of shared parental rights and responsibilities or so agree 46 in open court, the court shall make that award unless there is substantial evidence that it should not be ordered. The court 48 shall state in its decision the reasons for not ordering a shared parental rights and responsibilities award agreed to by the 50 parents.

- 2 When the court issues an order awarding allocated parental rights and responsibilities or shared parental rights and responsibilities, the court shall include in the order a 4 requirement that within 30 days after the court order the parents file a written plan indicating in detail how the allocated or 6 shared parental rights and responsibilities will work. 8 The court may award reasonable rights of contact with a minor 10 child to any 3rd persons. The court may award parental rights and responsibilities to a 3rd 12 person, a society or institution for the care and protection of 14 children, or to the Department of Human Services upon a finding that awarding parental rights and responsibilities to either or both parents will place the child in jeopardy as defined in Title 16 22, section 4002, subsection 6. 18 Every final order issued under this section shall must contain: 20 A provision for child support or a statement of the Α. 22 reasons for not ordering child support; and A statement that each parent shall-have has access to 24 Β. records and information pertaining to a minor child, 26 including but not limited to, medical, dental and school records, whether or not the child resides with the parent, unless that access is found not to be in the best interest 28 of the child or that access is found to be sought for the purpose of causing detriment to the other parent. If that 30 access is not ordered, the court shall state in the order its reasons for denying that access; and 32 34 C. An explanation of the reasons for the award of parental rights and responsibilities. 36 Sec. 5. 19 MRSA §581, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1987, c. 179, 38 $\S2$, is further amended to read: 40 10. Modification or termination. An order for parental rights and responsibilities with respect to a child may, upon petition of either spouse, be modified or terminated as 42 circumstances require. The parties shall must be referred to mediation as under subsection 4. 44 46 The -- relocation, -- or -- intended -- relocation, -- of Before a parent relocates a child resident in this State to another state by-a parent or to a place more than 250 miles from where the other 48
- parent resides, when the other parent is a resident in this State and there exists an award of shared or allocated parental rights

and responsibilities concerning the child, is--a--substantial 2 ehange-in-circumstances the parent proposing the relocation must give written notice to the court and the other parent. If the other parent requests a hearing, the court shall hold an 4 expedited hearing to determine if the award of parental rights and responsibilities should be modified because of the proposed 6 relocation. The parent proposing the relocation may not relocate the child before the hearing unless allowed to do so by the court. 8 Sec. 6. 19 MRSA §581, sub-§12 is enacted to read: 10 12 12. Record. The presiding judge shall prepare an official record of all proceedings concerning parental rights and 14 responsibilities, including testimony and exhibits, in each case. A transcript of the testimony need not be prepared unless required for rehearing or appeal. The record may be taken by 16 stenographic notes or by mechanical recordings. 18 Sec. 7. 19 MRSA §751, first ¶, as amended by PL 1981, c. 132, 20 \$1 to 4, is further amended to read: 22 Whenever in any divorce action the custody of a minor child is involved, the court may request the Department of Human Services to investigate conditions and circumstances of the child 24 and his the child's parents. The department shall complete its investigation within 60 days after the court's request. The 26 court may grant an extension for good cause shown. Upon 28 completion of investigation, the department shall submit a written report to the court and to counsel of record at least 3 30 days before date of hearing. The report shall may not be further copied or distributed by anyone. A person who violates a 32 provision of this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$500 may be adjudged. Upon request 34 of any interested party, the court shall require the person making the report to testify at time of hearing. Whoever 36 participates in making a report under this section or participates in a judicial proceeding resulting therefrom shall 38 be is immune from civil or criminal liability, unless such that person acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose. 40 Sec. 8. 19 MRSA §752, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 813, 42 §5, is amended to read:

6. Order. The order of the court shall must award allocated parental rights and responsibilities, shared parental
rights and responsibilities or sole parental rights and responsibilities, according to the best interest of the child.
Where the parents have agreed to an award of shared parental rights and responsibilities or so agree in open court, the court shall make that award unless there is substantial evidence that

it should not be ordered. The court shall state in its decision 2 the reasons for not ordering a shared parental rights and responsibilities award agreed to by the parents. 4 When the court issues an order awarding allocated parental rights and responsibilities or shared parental rights and 6 responsibilities, the court shall include in the order a requirement that within 30 days after the court order the parents 8 file a written plan indicating in detail how the allocated or 10shared parental rights and responsibilities will work. 12 The court may award reasonable rights of contact with a minor child to any 3rd persons. 14 The court may award parental rights and responsibilities with respect to the child to a 3rd person, some suitable society or 16 institution for the care and protection of children or the Department of Human Services upon a finding that awarding 18parental rights and responsibilities to either or both parents 20 will place the child in jeopardy as defined in Title 22, section 4002, subsection 6. 22 Every final order issued under this section shall must contain: 24 A provision for child support or a statement of the 26 reasons for not ordering child support; and A statement that each parent shall-have has access to 28 в. records and information pertaining to a minor child, including but not limited to, medical, dental and school 30 records, whether or not the child resides with the parent, unless that access is found not to be in the best interest 32 of the child or that access is found to be sought for the 34 purpose of causing detriment to the other parent. If that access is not ordered, the court shall state in the order its reasons for denying that access; and 36 C. An explanation of the reasons for the award of parental 38 rights and responsibilities. 40 Sec. 9. 19 MRSA §752, sub-§12, as amended by PL 1989, c. 337, 42 $\S9$, is further amended to read: Modification of orders; compulsory process. Upon the 44 12. motion of one or both of the parents, or any agency or person who has been granted parental rights and responsibilities or contact 46 with respect to a child under this section, the court may alter its order concerning parental rights and responsibilities or 48 contact with respect to a minor child as circumstances require. 50 Child support orders may be modified retroactively, but only from

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the date that notice of a petition for modification has been served upon the opposing party pursuant to the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. The parties shall <u>must</u> be referred to mediation as under subsection 4.

The--relocation,--or--intended--relocation,--of Before a parent 6 relocates a child resident in this State to another state by-a parent or to a place more than 250 miles from where the other 8 parent resides, when the other parent is a resident in this State and there exists an award of shared or allocated parental rights 10 and responsibilities concerning the child, is--a--substantial 12 ehange-in-circumstances the parent proposing the relocation must give written notice to the court and the other parent. If the other parent requests a hearing, the court shall hold an 14 expedited hearing to determine if the award of parental rights 16 and responsibilities should be modified because of the proposed relocation. The parent proposing the relocation may not relocate the child before the hearing unless allowed to do so by the court. 18

In execution of the powers given it under this Title, the court may employ any compulsory process which that it deems determines
 proper, by execution attachment or other effectual form, on which costs shall must be taxed as in other actions.

Sec. 10. 19 MRSA §752, sub-§14 is enacted to read:

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14. Record. The presiding judge shall prepare an official
 record of all proceedings concerning parental rights and responsibilities, including testimony and exhibits, in each
 case. A transcript of the testimony need not be prepared unless required for rehearing or appeal. The record may be taken by
 stenographic notes or by mechanical recordings.

Sec. 11. 19 MRSA §752-A, sub-§§1, 4 and 6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 629, §1, are amended to read:

1. Guardian ad litem; appointment. In contested proceedings under sections 214, 581, 693 and 752 in which a minor 38 child is involved, the court may shall appoint a guardian ad 40 litem for the child. The appointment must be made as soon as possible after the commencement of the proceeding. Ι'n 42 determining-whether-an-appointment-must-be-made,-the-court-shall consider:

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A---The-wishes-of-the-parties;

B---The-age-of-the-child;

50 C----The---nature---of---the--proceeding,---including---the

2 D---The-financial-resources-of-the-parties; 4 E. -- The extent -a-guardian -ad -litem -may -assist -- in -providing information-concerning-the-best-interest-of-the-child/-and 6 F---Other-factors-the-court-determines-relevant. 8 4. Written report. The guardian ad litem shall submit a 10 written report to the court within 60 days of being appointed. The court may grant an extension for good cause shown. - A- The 12 written report of a quardian ad litem may be admitted as evidence in the proceeding for which the guardian was appointed only if 14 the party seeking the admission of the report has furnished a copy to all parties at least 14 days prior to the hearing. The 16 report may not be admitted as evidence without the testimony of the guardian ad litem if a party objects to the admittance of the 18 report at least 7 days prior to the hearing. 20 Payment for services. Payment for the services of the 6. quardian ad litem is the responsibility of the parties, as 22 ordered by the court. In determining the responsibility for payment, the court shall consider: 24 A. The income of the parties; 26 в. The marital and nonmarital assets of the parties; 28 C. The division of property made as part of the final 30 divorce; and 32 D---Which-party-requested-appointment-of-a-quardian/-and 34 E. Other relevant factors. 36 If the court has made a finding of inability to pay on the part of one or both of the parents, the court shall pay the costs the 38 parents are unable to pay. 40 STATEMENT OF FACT 42 This bill makes several reforms concerning procedures and orders when the custody of a child is involved. 44 46 This bill requires the court to require the parents to prepare a detailed plan indicating how the award of allocated or shared parental rights and responsibilities will be carried out. 48 It also requires the court to include in the final order a statement explaining why the court awarded parental rights and 50

responsibilities as it did. These changes are made in all three of the sections under which the court awards parental rights and responsibilities.

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In addition, the bill requires a parent who wants to relocate the child outside the state or to a place more than 250 6 miles from where the other parent resides in this state to give written notice to the court and the other parent before making 8 the move. If the other parent requests a hearing, the court shall hold an expedited hearing to determine if the proposed 10 relocation should result in a change in the award of allocated or shared parental rights and responsibilities. The parent may not 12 relocate the child before the hearing unless the court specifically grants permission to do so. 14

16 This bill requires the Department of Human Services to complete any investigations requested by the court within 60 days 18 after receiving the request. The court may extend that time period for good cause shown.

20 This bill requires the appointment of a guardian ad litem in 22 all contested custody cases. The guardian ad litem will also have 60 days in which to make the report to the court. The court 24 will determine the sharing of the costs of the guardian ad litem between the parents. If one or both are unable to pay, the court 26 will pay the unpaid portion.

28 This bill also requires the presiding judge to prepare a record of all proceedings in child custody and support matters.
30 The record may be made through the use of a stenographer or mechanical recordings.