MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 624

H.P. 458

House of Representatives, February 23, 1995

An Act Concerning Binding Arbitration.

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

♂OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative ROTONDI of Madison. Cosponsored by Representatives: HATCH of Skowhegan, HEESCHEN of Wilton, JOSEPH of Waterville, LUTHER of Mexico, MORRISON of Bangor, SHIAH of Bowdoinham, TREAT of Gardiner, Senator: BUSTIN of Kennebec.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 26 MRSA $\S965$, sub- $\S1$, \PE , as amended by PL 1973, c. 788, $\S119$, is further amended to read:

- E. To participate in good faith in the mediation, fact-finding and arbitration procedures required by this section.
- Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §965, sub-§2, ¶E, as amended by PL 1979, c. 541, Pt. A, §170, is further amended to read:

The Executive Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board shall serve as Executive Director of the Panel of 14 Mediators. He The Executive Director shall annually, on or 16 before the first day of July, make a report to the The Executive Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board, upon request of one or both of the parties 18 to a dispute between an employer and its employees, shall, or upon his the executive director's own motion or motion of 20 the Maine Labor Relations Board may, proffer the services of one or more members of the panel to be selected by Aim the 22 executive director, to serve as mediator or mediators in such a dispute. The member or members so selected shall 24 exert every reasonable effort to encourage the parties to the dispute to settle their differences by conference or 26 If the mediator or mediators are other peaceful means. unable to accomplish this objective and to obtain an 28 amicable settlement of the dispute between the parties, it shall is then be the duty of the mediator or mediators to 30 advise the parties of the services available to assist them in the settlement of their dispute. If the parties are 32 unable to resolve their controversy through mediation, the mediator shall inform the parties that the arbitration 34 process will start in 30 days and will result in a binding 36 determination of their controversy. At this time, the mediator or mediators shall submit a written report to the 38 executive director stating the action or actions that have been taken and the results of their endeavors. The parties may use the 30 days to attempt resolution of their 40 controversy.

Sec. 3. 26 MRSA §965, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1977, c. 696, §204, is repealed.

- Sec. 4. 26 MRSA §965, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1975, c. 564, §18, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 4. Arbitration. If arbitration of the controversy is required, it must be conducted in accordance with this section.

A. If the parties are unable to resolve their controversy through mediation, the arbitration process will start 30 days after the end of mediation and will result in a binding determination of their controversy.

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- B. If an agreement between the parties is not filed with the Executive Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board within 30 days of the end of mediation, the director shall forward to the parties a list of potential arbitrators. Within 5 days of receipt of that list, each party shall select one arbitrator and shall immediately notify the other party in writing of the name and address of the person selected. A person is ineligible to serve as an arbitrator if that person resides, works or operates a business in the public employer's district. The 2 arbitrators jointly shall name a neutral arbitrator within 10 days of their selection. If either party fails to select its arbitrator within the 2 arbitrators fail to name a neutral arbitrator within the 10 days, then the Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board shall appoint the required arbitrators.
 - C. As soon as possible after the selection of the neutral arbitrator, the 3 arbitrators shall meet with the parties or their representatives, or both, either jointly or separately, to make inquiries and investigations, hold hearings or take other steps they determine appropriate. All hearings must be informal and need not conform to the rules of evidence prevailing in judicial proceedings. Any documentary evidence and other data determined relevant by the arbitrators may be received in evidence. The arbitrators have the power to administer oaths and to require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, records and other evidence relative or pertinent to the issues for their determination.

D. No later than 30 days beyond the close of the investigation and hearing, the arbitrators shall submit the report with its determinations to the parties and simultaneously file a copy with the Executive Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board. The arbitrators' determinations on all issues are binding on both parties and the parties shall enter an agreement or take whatever other action may be appropriate to carry out and effectuate the binding determinations. In the event the parties settle their dispute during the arbitration proceeding, the arbitration panel shall submit a report of the record of events to the Executive Director of the Maine Labor Relations Board not more than 15 days after the arbitration proceeding terminates.

- Sec. 5. 26 MRSA §965, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1991, c. 622, Pt. O, §5, is further amended to read:
- 5. Costs. The costs for the services of the mediator,-the members-of-the-fact-finding-beard and of the neutral arbitrator including, if any, per diem expenses, and actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses and the costs of hiring the premises where any mediation,--fact-finding or arbitration proceedings are conducted, must be shared equally by the parties to the proceedings. All other costs must be assumed by the party incurring them.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill removes the fact-finding procedures from the municipal public employees labor relations laws and changes the arbitration procedures so that the decision of the arbitration panel is binding on all issues.