## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	L.D. 346
2	DATE: 3/11/96 (Filing No. H- 754)
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6	JUDICIARY
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10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
12	STATE OF MAINE
14	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 117TH LEGISLATURE
16	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 244, L.D. 346, Bill, "An
20	Act to Change the Maine Rule of Evidence That Currently Allows the Admission of Subsequent Remedial Measures as Evidence of Negligence"
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2 <b>4</b> 26	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in its place the following:
28	'Sec. 1. 14 MRSA §1403 is enacted to read:
30	§1403. Admission of evidence
32	Notwithstanding any court rule to the contrary, when, after
34	an event, measures are taken that, if taken previously, would have made the event less likely to occur, evidence of the
36	subsequent measures is not admissible to prove negligence or culpable conduct in connection with the event. This section does
38	not require the exclusion of evidence of subsequent measures when offered for another purpose, such as proving ownership, control
40	or feasibility of precautionary measures, if controverted, or impeachment.
42	Sec. 2. Application. This Act applies to causes of action in
44	which the harm or injury occurred on or after the effective date of this Act.'
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48	STATEMENT OF FACT
	This amendment replaces the bill with the language contained

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## COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 244, L.D. 346

in the Federal Rules of Evidence, Rule 407.

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The current Maine Rules of Evidence, Rule 407 allows evidence of subsequent remedial measures to be admitted into a court proceeding when the measures are taken to correct tangible things, such as stairways, after an event has occurred. The current rule does not allow the admission of evidence of changes in nontangible things, such as policies and procedures.

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This amendment does not allow the introduction of evidence of subsequent remedial measures for the purpose of proving negligence or culpable conduct. Consistent with the federal rule, however, that evidence may be admitted for other purposes.

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This amendment provides that the change in the admissibility of evidence of subsequent remedial measures applies to causes of action in which the harm or injury occurred on or after the effective date of this Act.

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