MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 118

H.P. 82

House of Representatives, January 17, 1995

RESOLUTION, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Maine to Create the Office of Lieutenant Governor.

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative LEMKE of Westbrook.

Cosponsored by Representatives: AHEARNE of Madawaska, CAMERON of Rumford, DESMOND of Mapleton, GERRY of Auburn, GOULD of Greenville, HATCH of Skowhegan, KERR of Old Orchard Beach, KILKELLY of Wiscasset, LIBBY of Kennebunk, LIBBY of Buxton, MORRISON of Bangor, MURPHY of Berwick, SIMONEAU of Thomaston, Senators: BEGLEY of Lincoln, RAND of Cumberland.

Constitutional amendment. RESOLVED: Two thirds of each the Legislature concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of Maine be proposed:

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Constitution, Art. V, Part First, §§3, 14 and 15 are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

Section 3. Election; votes to be returned to Secretary of State; Secretary of State to lay lists before the Senate and House of Representatives; provision in case of tie. The meetings for election of Governor and Lieutenant Governor must be notified, held and regulated and votes received, sorted, counted and declared and recorded, in the same manner as those for Senators and Representatives; except that the names of the candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor must be grouped on the official ballot and the voter may cast a 16 single ballot for any group, which counts as a vote for each candidate in that group, but the voter may not cast a vote for only one of the candidates in the group. Copies of lists of votes must be sealed and returned to the Office of the Secretary of State in the same manner and at the same time as those for Senators. The Secretary of State, on the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday of the month of January following the election, shall lay the lists returned to the Office of the Secretary of State before the Senate and House of Representatives for examination, together with the ballots cast if they so elect, and they shall determine the number of votes duly cast for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor. In the case of a choice by plurality of all of the votes returned, they shall declare and publish that fact. If there is a tie between the 2 groups of persons having the largest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the Senate and the House of Representatives, meeting in joint session, with each member having a single vote, shall elect one group of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor from those persons receiving an equal number of votes. The persons elected by the Senate and the House of Representatives are declared the Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

Section 14. Vacancy, how supplied; mental or physical disability of the Governor continuously for more than 6 months. When the office of Governor becomes vacant because of the death, resignation or removal of the Governor in office, or any other cause, the Lieutenant Governor shall assume the office of Governor for the remainder of the term of office.

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When the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor become vacant because of the death, resignation or removal of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor in office, or any other cause, the President of the Senate shall assume the office of Governor until another Governor is duly qualified. When the vacancy occurs more than 90 days before the date of the primary election
for nominating candidates to be voted for at the next biennial election, the President of the Senate shall assume the office of
Governor until the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday of the month of January following the biennial election. At the biennial election, a Governor and Lieutenant Governor must be elected to fill the unexpired term created by the vacancy. When the vacancy occurs less than 90 days before the date of a primary election, the President of the Senate shall fill the unexpired term.

Whenever the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate are vacant at the same time, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall assume the office of Governor for the same term and under the same conditions as the President of the Senate.

When the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives become vacant at the same time, the person acting as Secretary of State shall exercise the office of Governor and immediately shall convene by proclamation the Senate and the House of Representatives, which shall fill respectively the vacancies in the offices of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. By joint ballot, the Senate and House of Representatives shall choose a person who shall assume the office of Governor for the same term and under the same conditions as the President of the Senate.

When a Governor in office has been continuously unable to discharge the powers and duties of that office for 6 months because of mental or physical disability, that office is deemed vacant. The vacancy must be declared by the Supreme Judicial Court upon presentment to it of a joint resolution declaring the grounds of the vacancy, adopted by a 2/3 vote of the Senators and Representatives in convention, and upon notice, hearing before the court and a decision by a majority of the court that grounds exist for declaring the office vacant.

Section 15. Temporary mental or physical disability of Governor. When the Governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of that office because of mental or physical disability, the Lieutenant Governor or, if that office is vacant, the President of the Senate or, if that office is vacant, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall exercise the powers and duties of the office of Governor until the Governor is again able to discharge the powers and duties of that office, or until the office of Governor is declared vacant or until another Governor is duly qualified.

When the Governor is unable to discharge the powers and duties of that office, the Governor may certify that inability to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, who shall certify that the Lieutenant Governor or, if that office is vacant, the President of the Senate or, if that office is vacant, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall exercise the powers and duties of the office of Governor until the Governor certifies to the Chief Justice that the Governor is able to discharge the powers and duties of that office and the Chief Justice notifies the officer who has been exercising the powers and duties of the office of Governor of that fact.

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When the Secretary of State has reason to believe that the Governor is unable to discharge the duties of that office, the Secretary of State may certify that inability to the Supreme Judicial Court, declaring the reason for that belief. After notice to the Governor, a hearing before the court and a decision by a majority of the court that the Governor is unable to discharge the duties of the office of Governor, the court shall notify the Lieutenant Governor or, if that office is vacant, the President of the Senate or, if that office is vacant, the Speaker of the House of Representatives of that inability and that officer shall exercise the functions, powers and duties of the office of Governor until the Secretary of State or the Governor certifies to the court that the Governor is able to discharge the duties of the office of Governor and the court decides, after notice to the Governor and a hearing before the court, that the Governor is able to discharge the duties of that office and notifies the officer who has been exercising the powers and duties of the office of Governor of that fact.

When either the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives exercises the office of Governor, the officer is entitled only to the compensation of the Governor and the officer's duties as President or Speaker are suspended. The Senate or the House of Representatives shall fill the vacancy resulting from the suspension until the officer ceases to exercise the office of Governor.

Constitution, Art. V, Part First, §§16 to 19 are enacted to read:

Section 16. Qualifications for Lieutenant Governor. The Lieutenant Governor, at the commencement of the Lieutenant Governor's term, must be at least 30 years of age; must be a citizen of the United States for at least 15 years and a resident of the State for 5 years; and, at the time of election and during the term for which elected, be a resident of the State.

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Section 17. Disqualifications for Lieutenant Governor. A person holding an office or place under the United States, this State or any other power may not assume or exercise the office of Lieutenant Governor, except as provided by this Constitution.

Section 18. Compensation of Lieutenant Governor. At stated times the Lieutenant Governor is entitled to receive a compensation, which may not be increased or diminished during the Lieutenant Governor's continuance in office.

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Section 19. Duties of Lieutenant Governor. The Lieutenant Governor shall assist the Governor in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of Governor.

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Constitutional referendum procedure; form of question; effective date. Resolved: That the municipal officers of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide election, at the next statewide election in the month of November following passage of this resolution, to vote upon the ratification of the amendment proposed in this resolution by voting upon the following question:

"Do you favor amending the Constitution of Maine to provide for the election of Governor and Lieutenant Governor by a single vote, the Lieutenant Governor to assist the Governor in the responsibilities and duties of that office and to succeed the Governor in the event of a vacancy in the office of Governor?"

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The legal voters of each city, town and plantation shall vote by ballot on this question and designate their choice by a cross or check mark placed within the corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." The ballots must be received, sorted, counted and declared in open ward, town and plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary of State in the same manner as votes for members of the Legislature. The Governor shall review the returns and, if it appears that a majority of the legal votes are cast in favor of the amendment, the Governor shall proclaim that fact without delay and the amendment becomes part of the Constitution on the date of the proclamation; and be it further

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Secretary of State shall prepare ballots. Resolved: That the Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this resolution necessary to carry out the purpose of this referendum.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

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This constitutional resolution establishes the office of Lieutenant Governor. The Lieutenant Governor is elected with the Governor on the same ballot and assists the Governor with the responsibilities and duties of the office of Governor. The Lieutenant Governor succeeds the Governor in the event the office of Governor is vacant.