



117th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1995

Legislative Document

No. 46

H.P. 52

House of Representatives, January 12, 1995

An Act to Regulate the Practice of Cosmetology and Barbering Outside of Licensed Shops.

Reference to the Committee on Business and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative LOVETT of Scarborough. (By Request)

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
4	Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §14203, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 728, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
6	2. Exceptions. The practice of cosmetology, barbering, aesthetics or manicuring may be carried on only by persons duly
8	licensed to practice in this State and only in an establishment licensed by the board, except as provided in this subsection.
10	Duly licensed persons may practice their respective practices:
12	A. In a nursing home, hospital or residence, when a client for reasons of emergency is unable to leave that client's
14	residence regularly to conduct routine affairs of daily life. Emergency circumstances include, but are not limited
16	to:
18	(1) Chronic illness or injury that leaves the client bedridden or with severely restricted mobility;
20	(2) Extreme general infirmity such as that associated
22	with the aging process;
24	(3) Temporary conditions, including, but not limited
26	to, immobilizing injury and recuperation from serious illness or surgery;
28	(4) Having sole responsibility for the care of an invalid dependent who requires constant attention;
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32	(5) Being an inmate or resident of an institution of the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation;
34	(6) Being a nonstaff resident of a summer camp; or
36	(7) Any other conditions that, in the opinion of the board, meet the general definition of emergency
38	<u>circumstances;</u>
40	<u>B. On persons in their residences who live in a community having a population of less than 1,000 people that is not</u>
42	within 25 miles of a community of more than 1,000 people; and
44	C. At charitable events.
46	<u>Arrangements for the performance of services in a location other</u> than a licensed establishment must be made through a licensed
48	establishment.

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2	The exceptions listed in this subsection do not permit the
2	practice of barbering, cosmetology, manicuring or aesthetics in food establishments or food preparation areas.
4	100d establishments of 100d preparation areas.
7	Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §14212, sub-§2, ¶¶C and D, as enacted by PL
6	1991, c. 397, §6, are amended to read:
8	C. Reasonable requirements, including sanitary standards,
	to govern the practice of cosmetology, barbering, manicuring
10	and aesthetics within licensed establishments as well as for
	persons practicing outside of licensed establishments as
12	authorized by section 14203; and
14	D. Requirements for licenses, including, but not limited
	to, requirements for active and inactive licenses,
16	consistent with this chapter <u>; and</u>
18	Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §14212, sub-§2, ¶E is enacted to read:
20	E. The surrender or revocation of the active license of any
20	person who does not maintain or is not employed in a
22	licensed establishment or school.
24	Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §14235, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 397,
	§6, is amended to read:
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	The board shall furnish to each licensed cosmetologist,
28	barber, manicurist or aesthetician a <u>an active or inactive</u>
	license certifying that, subject to the provisions of this
30	chapter, the holder of that license is entitled to practice in
	this State. The holder of a license shall post it in a
32	conspicuous place where it may be readily seen and read by all
	persons served. The reproduction, altering or defacing of any
34	license is prohibited. An active license may be retained only by
	a person who maintains or is employed in a licensed establishment
36	or school. A person who ceases to maintain or work in a licensed
	establishment or school shall surrender that person's active
38	<u>license. Upon request and payment of a fee, a person</u>
	surrendering an active license may receive an inactive license as
40	provided pursuant to section 14212, subsection 2. The board
	shall revoke the active license of a person who fails to
42	surrender that license within 30 days after the person ceases to
	<u>maintain or be employed in a licensed establishment or school.</u>
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	Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §14238, sub-§1, ¶¶M and N, as enacted by PL
46	1991, c. 397, §6, are amended to read:
48	M. For a late fee, \$30; and

For a late filing penalty fee for repeat offenders, N. 2 \$100-; Sec. 6. 32 MRSA §14238, sub-§1, ¶¶O and P are enacted to read: 4 6 O. For an original or biennial renewal of an inactive license, \$100; and 8 P. For records modification, including, but not limited to, 10 change of address, employer or name, \$25. Sec. 7. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 1996. 12 14 STATEMENT OF FACT 16 18 This bill requires that barbers, cosmetologists, aestheticians and manicurists limit their practice to services 20 in licensed establishments except in emergency performed circumstances, in rural communities or at charitable events. The 22 bill also establishes a dual licensing system by which only a person who practices in a licensed shop or instructs in a 24 licensed school is entitled to an active license. Once leaving a licensed establishment or school the licensee must surrender the

26 active license and may acquire an inactive license by request and payment of a fee. The Board of Barbering and Cosmetology shall 28 revoke the active license of a person who fails to surrender that license within 30 days after the person ceases to maintain or be 30 employed in a licensed establishment or school. The board is given rule-making authority to implement and govern the dual 1 licensing system. The effective date of the bill is July 1, 1996.

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