



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1994

Legislative Document

No. 1999

H.P. 1471

House of Representatives, March 31, 1994

An Act Authorizing a Tribally Owned Casino in the City of Calais.

Reported by Report "C" from the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary pursuant to Joint Order H.P. 1416.

W). Mayo

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

PART A

Sec. A-1. 8 MRSA §275-D, sub-§§1 and 9, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 388, §8, are amended to read:

1. Off-track betting on simulcast racing. A person may conduct pari-mutuel wagering at a Class A restaurant, as defined in Title 28-A, section 2, subsection 15, paragraph R, or at a gaming facility licensed under Title 17, chapter 16 in this State if the restaurant or the gaming facility is licensed as an off-track betting facility under this section.

Annual report. The commission shall report annually by 9. January 1st to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over legal affairs matters and to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over agricultural matters on the effect of off-track betting facilities, including those located at gaming facilities licensed under Title 17, chapter 16, on the local economy, the public interest, the integrity of live racing and other matters the commission finds appropriate. The commission may include in its report any recommendations for necessary changes in laws governing off-track betting.

Sec. A-2. 17 MRSA c. 16 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 16

INDIAN GAMING

32

34

2

- 4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

<u>\$361. Findings and purpose; tribal revenues</u>

	1.	Opport	tunities.	The	<u> Leqi</u>	slature	rec	ognizes	<u>the</u>
36	<u>importance</u>	of	providing	feder	ally	recogni	zed s	elf_gov	<u>verning</u>
	Indian t	ribes	with	improve	d opj	portuni	ties	for	tribal
38	self-suffic	iency	and self	-detern	nination	n, and	that	there	are 2
	such tribes	s, the	Passamaqu	loddy T	ribe an	<u>d the P</u>	enobsc	ot Nati	.on, in
40	this State.	-	_	-					

42 2. Economic impact. The Legislature finds that Indian gaming has been demonstrated to be an effective means of support
44 for tribal governments and programs and has provided economic stimulus to many of the remote areas of the United States where
46 Indian tribes are now located, if the gaming is well managed and well regulated. The Legislature further finds that the
48 Washington County area, where the Passamaguoddy Indian Reservations are located, has long had a declining regional
50 economy, with few prospective economic opportunities.

·	Oversight. The Legislature finds that effective state
2	<u>oversight and regulation can be expected to maintain the</u>
	integrity of gaming conducted at individual Indian facilities and
4	adequately protect the health, welfare and safety of the citizens
	<u>of the State.</u>
б	
	Purpose. The purposes of this chapter are:
8	
	A. To provide a statutory basis for the operation of gaming
10	<u>by Indian tribes as a means of promoting tribal economic</u>
	development, self-sufficiency and strong tribal governments;
12	
	<u>B. To provide a statutory basis for the regulation of</u>
14	Indian gaming adequate to shield it from organized crime and
	other corrupting influences, to ensure that the Indian tribe
16	is the primary beneficiary of the gaming operation and to
	ensure that gaming is conducted fairly and honestly by both
18	the operator and the players;
20	<u>C. To establish a regulatory structure encompassing both</u>
	tribal and state responsibilities, which is determined to be
22	necessary to alleviate legislative concerns about gaming as
	an economic enterprise, and to protect gaming as a means of
24	generating tribal revenues;
64	generating tribar revenues,
26	D. To provide Indian tribes with revenues from gaming
20	operations licensed under this chapter:
28	operacions ricensed under chis chapter.
20	(1) To fund tribal government operations or programs;
30	(1) 10 Iuna cribar government operacions of programs,
50	(2) To provide for the general welfare of the Indian
32	<u>tribe and its members;</u>
32	tribe and its members;
34	(3) To promote tribal economic development;
54	(3) To promote tribal economic development;
36 [.]	
30	(4) To donate to charitable organizations; or
2.0	
38	(5) To help fund operations of state or local
	government; and
40	
	E. To provide capital for local economic development and
42	for the costs of regulation of gaming under this chapter.
44	§362. Definitions
46	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
48	
	 Bazaar game. "Bazaar game" means a game, amusement,
50	contest or enterprise in which chance, fortune, luck or lot is

Page 2-LR3311(1)

the predominating factor or element in the winning or awarding of a prize. "Bazaar game" does not include a lottery or any game, amusement, contest or enterprise where the skill, accomplishment, art or adroitness of the operator or participant is the primary factor in the winning or awarding of a prize.

2. Electronic gaming device. "Electronic gaming device" means any electrical device, contrivance or machine that, upon 8 insertion of a coin, currency, token or similar object, or upon payment of any consideration, is available to play or operate and 10 the play or operation is dependent in whole or in part upon chance, and that may deliver or entitle the person playing or 12 operating the machine to receive cash or tokens to be exchanged 14 for cash or to receive any merchandise or thing of value, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other 16 manner.

18 3. Enterprise. "Enterprise" means any individual, trust, corporation, partnership or other legal entity of any kind other 20 than a tribal enterprise wholly owned by a tribe licensed under this chapter. With respect to a corporation, the term 22 "enterprise" includes any other corporation or other legal entity that, directly or indirectly, controls a majority of the voting 24 interests in the corporation. With respect to a partnership, trust, or other form of unincorporated business organization, the term "enterprise" includes any corporation or other legal entity 26 that, directly or indirectly, controls a majority of the voting 28 interests in that organization.

30

2

4

6

4. Gaming employee. "Gaming employee" means any natural person employed in the operation or management of gaming facilities licensed under this chapter, whether employed by the 32 tribal licensee or by any enterprise providing on-site services to the tribal licensee within a gaming facility. "Gaming employee" includes, but is not limited to, gaming facility 34 managers and assistant managers; accounting personnel; gaming 36 facility security personnel; gaming facility surveillance personnel; credit executives; gaming facility cashier 38 supervisors; dealers or croupiers; box bosses; floorworkers; pit 40 bosses; electronic gaming device mechanics and attendants; shift bosses; cage personnel; collection personnel; lottery ticket sellers; persons employed in the acceptance or redemption of 42 pari-mutuel wagers; simulcasting equipment operators; computer 44 operators and technicians; food and beverage service personnel; and any other natural person whose employment duties require or authorize access to restricted areas of the gaming facilities not 46 otherwise opened to the public. "Gaming employee" does not 48 include a State Police inspector or auditor who has access to those restricted areas under section 368 or section 377. 50

5. Gaming equipment. "Gaming equipment" means a machine or device that is specially designed or manufactured for use in the 2 operation of a licensed gaming activity under this chapter, 4 including, but not limited to, electronic gaming devices, lottery tickets, lottery on-line computer equipment, lottery drawing equipment and pari-mutuel electronic totalizator systems. б 6. Gaming facility. "Gaming facility" means any room or 8 rooms in which gaming authorized under this chapter is conducted. 10 7. Gaming premises. "Gaming premises" means any building 12 containing a gaming facility. 14 8. Gaming school. "Gaming school" means any enterprise organized to provide specialized training to gaming employees for 16 the conduct of gaming under this chapter, other than programs operated by a tribal licensee, or the person or enterprise under 18 an approved contract to a tribal licensee, for the management of the gaming facility. 20 9. Gaming services. "Gaming services" means any goods or services provided to a tribal licensee under this chapter 22 directly in connection with the operation of gaming in a gaming facility, including, but not limited to, maintenance or security 24 services for the gaming facility, junket services, gaming 26 schools, printing or manufacture of lottery or pari-mutuel betting tickets, laboratory testing of gaming equipment, including electronic gaming devices or lottery tickets, and 28 manufacture, distribution, maintenance or repair of gaming 30 equipment. 10. Indian tribe. "Indian tribe" or "tribe" means any 32 Indian tribe or nation of Indians that is recognized by the Government of the United States as eligible for the services 34 provided by the United States to Indians and that possesses 36 substantial powers of self-government over Indian territory as defined in Title 30, section 6205, title to which is either held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the tribe or 38 held by the tribe subject to restriction by the United States against alienation. 40 11. Institutional investor. "Institutional investor" means 42 any investment company registered under the Investment Company

44 Act of 1940, 15 United States Code, Sections 80a-1 to 80a-64, any investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act 46 of 1940, 15 United States Code, Sections 80b-1 to 80b-21, and other types of institutional managers of pooled investment 48 resources approved by rule. 12. Junket services. "Junket services" means an arrangement to facilitate the attendance at a gaming facility of customers selected by reason of their propensity to gamble by providing to those customers any consideration, including cash or rebates or reduced charges for goods or services such as transportation, lodging, food, beverages or entertainment. "Junket services" does not include providing common transportation to a gaming facility to the public without limitation to selected customers.

13. Key employee. "Key employee" means any natural person employed in the operation of licensed gaming in a supervisory capacity or empowered to make discretionary decisions that regulate gaming operations, including, but not limited to, pit bosses, shift bosses, credit executives, casino cashier supervisors, casino managers and assistant managers, and managers or supervisors of casino security employees.

14. Lottery."Lottery" means any game for which tickets20are sold, the winning ticket or tickets are secretly
predetermined or ultimately selected in a chance drawing and the22holders of winning tickets receive money or something of value.

24 15. Principal employee. "Principal employee" means any employee of an enterprise contracting to manage a gaming facility 26 licensed under this chapter who, by reason of a management, supervisory or policy-making position or other criteria 28 established by rules, holds or exercises authority sufficiently related to the operation of licensed gaming so as to require 30 review by the Chief of the State Police in considering a gaming facility management contract in the protection of the public 32 interest.

34

2

4

6

8

10

18

§363. Legislative approval of location

36 **1. Legislative approval.** An Indian tribe may not conduct gaming authorized under this chapter without the enactment of 38 legislation approving a location. The legislative approval of a location required by this section is essential to the conduct of 40 gaming under this chapter, but does not relieve the licensee from the requirements of any other applicable state or local laws or 42 ordinances.

 2. Passamaquoddy Tribe; Calais. Pursuant to subsection 1, the Passamaquoddy Tribe is authorized to conduct gaming in any
 one area not exceeding 100 acres in the City of Calais approved for that purpose by the Calais City Council within one year after
 the effective date of this chapter.

A

3. Geographic conditions. The location of a gaming 2 facility not authorized under subsection 2 may not be approved under subsection 1 unless the following conditions are met at the time of approval. 4 б A. A gaming facility may not be located less than 75 miles from a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in the State. 8 B. The unemployment rate in the county where the gaming 10 facility will be located must exceed 7% averaged over the 12 12 months before the first day of the legislative session at which the legislation is introduced. 14 C. The gaming facility must be located closer to a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in 16 another state or country than it is to a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in this State. 18 20 §364. Jurisdiction; law enforcement Legal jurisdiction and the law enforcement authority of the 22 State and a tribe holding a license under this chapter with 24 respect to any gaming conducted pursuant to this chapter are allocated as set forth in the Act to Implement the Maine Indian Claims Settlement. Each applicant for a license under this 26 chapter shall consult with the Bureau of State Police about law 28 enforcement, security and public safety arrangements with respect to the gaming premises. The bureau and the applicant must agree on those arrangements before issuance of a license under section 30 366. 32 §365. Specified gaming legalized 34 1. Permissible games. An Indian tribe, as defined in 36 section 362, may apply for a license to conduct any of the games or activities identified in this section or identified by rule within each of the following types of gaming: 38 40 A. Games of chance, including the following: 42 (1) Blackjack; (2) Poker; 44 46 (3) Dice; 48 (4) Money-wheels; (5) Roulette; 50

> Page 6-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

2	(6) Baccarat;
4	(7) Minibaccarat;
б	(8) Chuck-a-luck;
8	(9) Pan game;
10	(10) Over and Under;
12	(11) Horse Race game;
14	(12) Acey-deucey;
16	(13) Beat the Dealer;
18	(14) Bouncing Ball;
20	(15) Caribbean Stud Poker; and
22	(16) Red Dog Poker;
24 26	B. Electronic gaming devices in which the payback value of each type of game offered by each device is at least 80%;
28	<u>C. Any bazaar game, other than bingo or beano, not listed</u> in paragraph A, but only if conducted solely for merchandise prizes;
30 32	D. Any lottery game conducted exclusively within the licensed premises; and
34	E. Off-track betting pursuant to Title 8, sections 275-C and 275-D.
36	2. Licensed gaming unrestricted. When licensed for a game
38	or activity, an Indian tribe may conduct the game or activity without restriction as to number, hours or wagering.
40	
42	3. Notice of odds. Language describing the theoretical odds of the game must be prominently displayed at each game.
44	4. Prohibited gaming. A tribe, or any member or agent of a tribe, may not conduct a form of gaming on the gaming premises
46	licensed under this chapter that is not:
48	A. Expressly authorized by the terms of a license issued under this chapter; or
50	

B. Otherwise legal under state law.

2

Z	
	5. Prohibition on attendance of minors. A person under 21
4	<u>years of age may not be admitted into any gaming facility or be</u>
	permitted to place any wager, directly or indirectly, except that
б	<u>a person under the specified age may be employed in a gaming</u>
	facility operated under this chapter if that person is not
8	employed in the serving of alcoholic beverages or in the conduct
•	of gaming.
10	<u>or gaining.</u>
10	6 Dechibition on series by series and series) series
10	6. Prohibition on gaming by gaming employees. A person
12	licensed as a gaming employee under section 370 may not place any
	wager, directly or indirectly, or otherwise participate in gaming
14	at the gaming facility where the person is employed.
16	7. Off-track betting application required. An application
	for a gaming license under section 366 must include a proposal to
18	conduct off-track betting.
	<u> </u>
20	§366. Gaming license
20	3000. Gaming ricense
2.2	
22	1. License application. An Indian tribe, as defined in
	<u>section 362, may apply to the Bureau of State Police for a</u>
24	license to conduct any of the games identified in section 365 or
	<u>in implementing rules. With its application, the tribe must</u>
26	produce information, documentation and assurances concerning:
28	A. The financial resources available to establish, operate
	and maintain the proposed gaming premises, including all
30	financial backers, investors, mortgagees, bond holders, and
00	holders of indentures, notes or other evidences of
32	indebtedness, either in effect or proposed, that bear any
52	
	relation to the gaming operations proposed. Except with
34	respect to regulated banks and other licensed lending
	institutions providing financing in the ordinary course of
36	business, these submissions must include bank references;
	and those business or personal income and disbursement
38	schedules, tax returns and other reports filed with
	governmental agencies, business or personal accounting and
40	check records and ledgers as are appropriate or requested.
	Each applicant shall, in writing, authorize the examination
42	of all bank accounts and records considered necessary by the
42	
	<u>Bureau of State Police;</u>
44	
	B. The ability and experience of the applicant, by itself
46	<u>or through contractual relationships, to successfully</u>
	operate the proposed gaming activities. The applicant shall
48	produce the names of all proposed key employees as they
	become known, together with identifying personal information
50	and a description of their respective or proposed
. – 🕶	responsibilities;
	TOPOURTRITICES!

C. The good character, honesty and integrity of key employees of the proposed gaming facility, and of any tribal officials and tribal employees having direct authority over gaming management or operations. The application must include information pertaining to family, habits, character, reputation, criminal and arrest record, business activities, financial affairs and business, professional and personal associates, covering at least the 10-year period immediately preceding the filing of the application. Each applicant must notify the Bureau of State Police of any civil judgments obtained against any such person;

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

44

D. The history in other gaming jurisdictions of any person or enterprise providing, writing or designing management structures, security systems or internal operating controls for the proposed gaming operations. With respect to that person or enterprise, the applicant shall produce letters of reference, when requested by the Bureau of State Police, from the gaming or casino enforcement or control agency from those jurisdictions. The letters of reference must specify the experiences of the agency with the person or enterprise, the person's associates and the person's gaming operation. If no such letters are received within 60 days of request, the applicant may submit a statement under oath that the person or enterprise is or was in good standing with the gaming or casino enforcement or control agency in the requested jurisdiction; and

E. A full description of the management structures, security systems and internal operating controls and standards under which the proposed gaming will be conducted.

2. Licensing criteria. The Bureau of State Police shall determine, as soon as practicable after receipt of a completed application, whether each of the following criteria is satisfied.

 A. The sources and means of financing the proposed gaming premises are sufficient to reasonably ensure the financial stability, integrity and responsibility of the gaming operations proposed and the applicant has or will have adeguate financial resources to establish, operate and maintain the proposed gaming premises.

B. The proposed gaming will be conducted by persons with
 sufficient business ability and gaming experience to
 establish the likelihood that a successful, efficient gaming
 operation will be created and maintained.

C. The key employees of the proposed gaming facility and 2 any tribal officials and tribal employees having direct authority over gaming management or operations are persons 4 of good character, honesty and integrity. 6 D. Any person or enterprise providing, writing or designing management structures, security systems or internal 8 operating controls for the proposed gaming operations who has performed similar functions in any other gaming jurisdiction is or was in good standing in that gaming 10 jurisdiction. 12 Ε. The management structures, security systems and internal operating controls and standards under which the proposed 14gaming will be conducted are adequate for the proper 16 operation of the gaming proposed and to carry out the purposes set forth in section 361. 18 3. Issuance. If the Bureau of State Police finds that the 20 tribe's proposal satisfies the criteria of subsection 2, the bureau shall promptly issue the tribe a license for the conduct 22 of gaming subject to the terms of the license and the provisions of this chapter. 24 §367. Management contracts 26 1. Approval required. A written agreement between a gaming licensee or a tribe, as defined in section 362, and any person or 28 enterprise for the management of a gaming facility is not valid 30 and enforceable unless submitted to and approved by the Bureau of State Police. A management contract may not be approved unless: 32 A. Each director, each principal employee, each person who 34 directly or indirectly owns or controls more than 5% of the managing enterprise and each person who in the opinion of 36 the Bureau of State Police has the ability to control the contracting enterprise or elect a majority of its directors, 38 other than a banking or other licensed lending institution that holds a mortgage or other lien acquired in the ordinary 40 course of business, is individually qualified for approval as a key employee pursuant to the provisions of this chapter 42 or is an institutional investor exempted under subsection 2; 44 B. The contract provides for adequate accounting procedures to be maintained, and for verifiable financial reports to be 46 prepared, by or for the tribal governing body on a monthly

 48
 <u>C. The contract provides for minimum guaranteed payments to</u>
 50 <u>the tribal licensee that have preference over the retirement</u> of development and construction costs;

basis;

Page 10-LR3311(1)

D. The contract is for a definite term, not to exceed 7 years, sufficient to ensure reasonable continuity, stability and independence in the management of the gaming; and

E. If the contract provides for the payment to the managing enterprise of an interest or share of revenues or profits, the payment does not exceed 40% of the net revenues of the gaming enterprise, after deduction of all payments made on wagers and of all ordinary and reasonable operating expenses other than management fees, as those expenses are defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

2. Institutional investors. An institutional investor holding less than 10% of the equity securities of an enterprise contracting to provide management services to a gaming licensee under this chapter or holding debt securities consisting of less than 20% of the total outstanding debt or less than 50% of any issue of the outstanding debt of such an enterprise is exempt from qualification under subsection 1 if:

22 24

26

28

30

32

34

50

2

4

б

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

A. The securities are those of a publicly traded corporation;

B. The securities were purchased for investment purposes only and the institutional investor has no intention of influencing or affecting the affairs of the issuing enterprise, other than by voting on matters put to the vote of the holders of the securities; and

C. The Chief of the State Police has no reason to believe that the institutional investor would be ungualified under licensing standards for key employees.

The Chief of the State Police may require any institutional 36 investor claiming exemption under this subsection to file a certified statement to the effect that the securities were 38 purchased for investment purposes only and that the institutional investor has no intention of influencing or affecting the affairs 40 of the issuing enterprise, other than by voting on matters put to the vote of the holders of the securities. If an institutional 42 investor changes its investment intent or if the Chief of the State Police has reasonable cause to believe that the 44 institutional investor may be found unqualified, no action other than divestiture may be taken by the investor with respect to its 46 security holdings in the enterprise until the directors, officers and each person who directly or indirectly owns or controls more than 5% of the institutional investor is found to be individually 48 qualified for approval as a key employee under this chapter.

> Page 11-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

§368. State supervision of gaming operations

	<u>3368. State supervision of gaming operations</u>
2	
	1. Oversight. The Bureau of State Police has primary
4	responsibility for oversight of tribal gaming operations and
	shall, for that purpose, employ nonuniformed inspectors who are
6	<u>entitled to be present in all parts of any gaming premises during</u>
	all hours of operation. The tribal licensee shall provide the
8	bureau with copies of its gaming facility floor plans and
	surveillance systems and confer with the bureau regarding the
10 .	adequacy of those plans and systems. Any tribe proposing to
	operate or operating a gaming facility licensed under this
12	chapter may establish its own tribal gaming commission to provide
12	
٦.4	tribal oversight of tribal gaming operations, in cooperation with
14	the State Police and local law enforcement agencies.
16	2. Access. State Police inspectors must have unrestricted
	access to all areas of the gaming premises at all times, without
18	prior notice, and personnel employed by the tribal gaming
	<u>operation shall for that purpose provide State Police inspectors</u>
20	<u>access to areas of the gaming premises that are locked and secure</u>
	in accordance with the standards and management structures
22	approved pursuant to section 366, subsection 2, paragraph E.
24	State Police inspectors may attend the regular count conducted by
	the tribal gaming operation. Auditors employed by the State
26	Police must have unrestricted access for audit purposes during
	ordinary hours of operation, without prior notice, to inspect and
28	copy all records of the tribal gaming operations, including
	<u>computer log tapes and cash transaction reports required to be</u>
30	maintained under federal law, and personnel employed by the
50	tribal gaming operation shall for those purposes provide State
32	Police auditors access to areas of the gaming premises that are
34	
24	locked and secure in accordance with the standards and management
34	structures approved pursuant to section 366, subsection 2,
	paragraph E, except that all records of the tribal gaming
36	operations obtained by the State Police are confidential and
	proprietary financial information belonging to the tribe and may
38	not be disclosed by the State without the express written consent
	<u>of the tribe.</u>
40	
	<u>A tribal licensee shall provide the State Police with access to</u>
42	<u>reasonable office space within the gaming premises for use of</u>
	<u>their personnel for the purpose of oversight and audit</u>
44	activities. Personnel employed by the State Police may not
	interfere with the conduct of the tribal gaming operations except
46	as required to perform those functions provided for by law.
48	3. Investigation. The State Police may conduct
	investigations it considers appropriate to investigate violations
50	of applicable law and for that purpose the Chief of the State
+	

Police may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence relevant to any fact at issue. If a witness refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the Chief of the State Police or to give any evidence relevant to proper inquiry by the chief, the Attorney General may petition the Superior Court in the county where the refusal occurred to find the witness in contempt. The Attorney General shall cause to be served on the witness an order requiring that witness to appear before the Superior Court to show cause why that witness should not be adjudged in contempt. The court shall, in a summary manner, hear the evidence and, if it warrants the court to do so, punish the witness in the same manner and to the same extent as for contempt committed before the Superior Court or with reference to the process of the Superior Court.

4. Enforcement. The Bureau of State Police shall consult 16 frequently on an informal basis with the tribal gaming commission 18 or other designee of the licensee with respect to the conduct of gaming and may provide written notice to the tribal licensee of any violation, specifying the remedial action needed. As a 20 temporary remedy only, pending consultation with the licensee and any remedial action by the licensee considered necessary, the 22 bureau has the authority to require the shutdown of any machine, table or form of gaming for as long as the bureau has cause to 24 question the integrity of the gaming. The notice specified in 26 this subsection must be provided before the commencement of any civil enforcement action against any licensee, whether 28 administrative or judicial. If a violation is not remedied to the satisfaction of the bureau within 5 days from delivery of written notice of the violation to the licensee, or any longer 30 time specified in the notice, the licensee is liable for a civil forfeiture of \$500 per day thereafter. Any violation of this 32 chapter or its implementing rules or of the terms or conditions of a license issued under section 366 may be enjoined in an 34 action for that purpose brought in the name of the State.

36

2

4

б

8

10

12

14

<u>§369. Rulemaking</u>

38

1. Authority. Following consultation with any Indian tribe 40 potentially affected, the Chief of the State Police may adopt rules, under Title 5, chapter 375, that are necessary for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and for the 42 licensing, conduct and operation of Indian gaming under this 44 chapter. These rules must have the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the gaming from the dangers of unfair or illegal practices, methods or activities in the conduct of gaming and 46 decreasing the likelihood of criminal activity resulting from the conduct of gaming under this chapter and must interfere as little 48 as possible with the efficient management of the gaming for the benefit of the tribal licensee. The rules must include, but are 50 not limited to, provisions for:

The licensing of an Indian tribe, as defined under 2 section 362, for the conduct of specified gaming on lands approved for that purpose under the terms of this chapter; 4 6 B. The individual licensing of all persons engaged in the operation or management of tribal gaming, using licensing 8 requirements reflecting the different nature of the jobs; 10 C. The licensing of any enterprise providing gaming services or gaming equipment to a tribal licensee; 12 D. Describing the criteria for licensing determinations to 14 be made under this chapter; 16 E. The identification by any tribal licensee of each enterprise providing nongaming goods or services with an expected value of more than \$50,000 per year and of any 18 labor union seeking to represent gaming employees. The 20 rules must require contracts between the tribal licensee and those enterprises to give notice of the authority of the State Police to investigate those enterprises, the 2.2 enterprises' duty to cooperate in any such investigation and the authority of the State Police to bar an enterprise from 24 providing goods or services to the gaming operation; 26 F. The enforcement of this chapter, of implementing rules, and of the terms and conditions of any license issued under 28 this chapter in accordance with section 368; 30 G. Preventing the practice of fraud or deception upon any 32 customers of the gaming facility; 34 Technical standards or specifications for gaming H. equipment; and 36 The establishment of a list of persons who must be Ι. 38 excluded or ejected from any licensed gaming facility. These provisions must define the standards for exclusion, 40 and must include standards relating to persons: 42 (1) Who are career or professional offenders; 44 (2) Who have been convicted of a criminal offense under the laws of any state or of the United States that is 46 punishable by more than 6 months in prison or any crime or offense involving moral turpitude; or 48 (3) Whose presence in a licensed gaming facility would, 50 in the opinion of the Chief of the State Police, be

Page 14-LR3311(1)

inimical to the interest of the State or licensed Indian gaming, or both.

Gaming licensees shall cooperate with the State Police in maintaining a list of persons to be excluded from the gaming facilities under these criteria and shall keep from their premises persons known to them to be within the classifications declared in this paragraph and the rules adopted under this paragraph.

2. Change; consultation. After a hearing pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, a substantial change may not be made to any proposed rule except after consultation with any Indian tribe affected.

3. Tribal petition. Any Indian tribe potentially affected 16by this chapter may petition the Chief of the State Police under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act for the adoption, 18 amendment or repeal of any rule pertaining to gaming conducted 20 under this chapter. Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 5, section 8055, the Bureau of State Police shall initiate 22 appropriate rule-making proceedings within 30 days after receipt of such a petition pertaining to what gaming is authorized, the 24 technical standards or specifications of gaming equipment or the rules of conduct of authorized gaming and shall conclude the 26 proceeding and issue its decision not more than 120 days after receipt of the petition, unless the licensee consents to further 28 proceedings. When rulemaking is commenced in response to a petition under this subsection, the Chief of the State Police 30 shall take rule-making action to accomplish the objective of the petition, except when failure to do so is supported by a written 32 justification for the conclusion that the requested course or action would threaten the integrity of the gaming at issue or 34 enhance the likelihood of criminal activity.

36 4. Schedule. Initial rules governing operation of a gaming facility in the City of Calais by the Passamaquoddy Tribe must be 38 proposed no later than 75 days after the effective date of this chapter and adopted no later than 135 days after the effective 40 date of this chapter.

<u>§370. Licensing of gaming employees and enterprises supplying</u> 42 gaming services or equipment

44

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

1. Requirement for employee licensing. A person may not be 46 employed as a gaming employee unless that person is the holder of a valid gaming employee license issued by the Bureau of State 48 Police in accordance with the provisions of this section and applicable rules. 50

2. Requirement for licensing providers of gaming services or equipment. An enterprise may not provide gaming services or 2 gaming equipment to a tribal gaming facility unless the enterprise is the holder of a valid gaming services license 4 issued by the Bureau of State Police in accordance with the provisions of this section and applicable rules. 6 8 3. Fee for gaming services licensing. Any enterprise filing an application for a gaming services license pursuant to this section shall pay the Bureau of State Police a fee 10 established by the bureau and sufficient to compensate the bureau for the costs of review of the license applications. 12 14 4. Procedure for license applications. The Chief of the State Police shall develop appropriate license application forms 16 after consultation with Indian tribes affected by this chapter. Each applicant for a license under this section shall submit a 18 completed license application to the Bureau of State Police, with a copy to the tribe, on forms provided by the bureau. The application must contain a statement by the tribe or licensed 20 gaming service enterprise that submission of the application is 22 approved. Each employee license application submitted to the bureau pursuant to the provisions of this section must be 24 accompanied by the applicant's fingerprint card and photograph in the form required by the bureau. 26 The application must contain, but is not limited to, the 28 following information regarding the applicant and, in the case of an enterprise, each officer and director of the enterprise and 30 each partner or owner of any interest in the enterprise greater <u>than 5%:</u> 32 A. Full name; 34 B. Full current address and addresses for the prior 5 years; 36 C. A record of previous gaming employment, gaming school education and any issuance, refusal to issue and revocation 38 of a gaming license in any jurisdiction; and 40 Answers to the following guestions posed in D. substantially the following form. 42 (1) Have you ever been convicted of a crime in this or 44 any other jurisdiction that is punishable by 46 imprisonment for one year or more or adjudicated as having committed a juvenile offense that involves conduct that, if committed by an adult, would be 48 punishable by imprisonment for one year or more? 50

(2) Are you a fugitive from justice? 2 (3) Are you an illegal alien? 4 (4) Are you a drug abuser, drug addict or drug-dependent person? 6 8 (5) Is there a formal charging instrument now pending against you in this or any other jurisdiction for a 10 crime that is punishable by imprisonment for one year or more? 12 (6) Is there a formal charging instrument now pending 14 against you in this or any other jurisdiction for a juvenile offense that involves conduct that, if committed by an adult, would be punishable by 16 imprisonment for one year or more? 18 (7) Have you been dishonorably discharged from the 20 military forces within the past 5 years? 22 (8) To your knowledge, have you been the subject of an investigation by any law enforcement agency within the 24 past 5 years regarding the alleged abuse by you of family or household members? 26 (9) Have you been convicted within the past 5 years of 28 crimes punishable by imprisonment of less than one year? 30 (10) Have you been adjudged within the past 5 years to have committed juvenile offenses involving conduct 32 that, if committed by an adult, would be punishable by imprisonment of less than one year? 34 (11) To your knowledge, have you engaged in the past 5 36 years in reckless or negligent conduct that has been the subject of an investigation by a governmental 38 entity? 40 5. Signature as certification. The applicant, by signing the application, certifies the following: 42 A. That the statements made in the application and any documents made part of the application are true and correct; 44 46 B. That the applicant understands that an affirmative answer to one or more of the questions in subsection 4, paragraph D, subparagraphs (2) and (3) will result in 48 refusal to issue a license; 50

That the applicant understands that the answers to C. 2 guestions in subsection 4, paragraph D are used by the Chief of the State Police, along with other information, in judging good moral character and an affirmative answer to 4 one or more of those questions may be cause for refusal to 6 issue a license; and 8 D. That the applicant understands that knowingly making any false statement in the application or in any document made a part of the application is grounds for a refusal to issue a 10 license or revocation or suspension of a license. 12 6. Consent to review of records. At the request of the 14 Chief of the State Police, the applicant shall take whatever action is necessary to permit an examination of the accounts and records in the applicant's possession, under the applicant's 16 control or under the control of 3rd parties but accessible by 18 consent of the applicant and shall authorize all 3rd parties in possession or in control of those accounts or records to allow 20 the Chief of the State Police or the chief's designee to examine the accounts and records as the Chief of the State Police 22 determines necessary to ascertain: 24 A. Whether the information supplied on the application or in any documents made a part of the application is true and 26 correct; 28 B. Whether each of the requirements of this section has been met; and 30 C. Whether the applicant meets the requirements for 32 licensure under this chapter. 34 The requirements of this subsection include the applicant taking whatever action is necessary to permit the Chief of the State 36 Police or a designee to have access to confidential records held by banks, the courts, law enforcement agencies and the military 38 for the purposes stated in this subsection. 40 7. Background investigation of applicants. A nontemporary license may not be issued under this section without an 42 appropriate background check of the applicant, including the applicant's previous experience with gaming in any jurisdiction. 44 For that purpose, any officials designated by the Chief of the State Police from the Department of Public Safety or from any 46 official gaming commission of a tribe licensed under section 366 are authorized to obtain criminal records information maintained 48 by the Federal Bureau of Investigation or other federal agencies, subject to applicable restrictions on the use and dissemination 50 of that information. If criminal history information is obtained

by designated tribal gaming commission officials, it must be submitted to the Bureau of State Police with the application or upon receipt of the information.

2

4

28

46

48

50

Upon receipt of an application for a gaming license that does not include the necessary criminal history information, the Bureau of 6 State Police shall promptly cause both state and federal criminal record checks to be done on the applicant to determine whether 8 the applicant or, in the case of an applicant that is an 10 enterprise, any of the applicant's officers, directors, partners or owners has any criminal history. The State Police may undertake any further investigation of the applicant and the 12 applicant's background it considers appropriate and shall, as soon as is practicable after receipt of the completed license 14 application, report to the tribe to the extent permitted by law 16 on the results of the investigation.

18 8. Temporary licensing. Unless the state criminal record check undertaken by the State Police within 10 days of the 20 receipt of a completed application discloses that a gaming employee applicant has a criminal history, or unless other 22 grounds sufficient to disqualify the applicant pursuant to subsection 9 are apparent on the face of the application, the 24 State Police shall, upon request of the tribal licensee involved, issue a temporary gaming employee license to the applicant, which 26 expires upon the determination by the State Police of the applicant's suitability for a gaming employee license.

Any provider of gaming services or equipment who submits a 30 completed application for a license under this section, together with evidence of a valid nontemporary license issued by any other 32 gaming jurisdiction, approved for the purposes of this subsection by rule of the Bureau of State Police if that license encompasses 34 or allows the provision of substantially similar gaming services 36 or equipment, must immediately be issued a temporary gaming 36 services license by the State Police pending determination of the 38 in subsection 9.

40 The Bureau of State Police may, in the bureau's discretion, issue a temporary license to any applicant for a gaming employee
42 license or for a license to provide gaming services or equipment, based upon the applicant's prior licensing in any other gaming
44 jurisdiction.

9. Action by State Police. The Bureau of State Police shall, as soon as is practicable after receipt of a completed license application, either grant or deny the license based upon the standards set forth in this subsection. An individual must be issued a license to be a gaming employee if the individual:

2	<u>A. Is of good moral character as determined pursuant to subsection 10;</u>
4	B. Is current in payment of all taxes, interest and
б	penalties owed to the State, excluding property taxes and taxes, interest and penalties under formal dispute or appeal
8	pursuant to applicable statutes or being paid according to a schedule approved by the taxing authority;
10	<u>C. Has not been involved in any criminal activity or has</u>
12	not been convicted of a crime punishable by one year or more imprisonment in any jurisdiction unless at least 10 years
14	have passed since satisfactory completion of the sentence or probation imposed by the court for the crime;
16	
18	D. Has not been convicted of a violation of this chapter or chapter 13-A or 14 or Title 17-A, chapter 39;
20	E. Is not a fugitive from justice, an illegal alien or a person who was dishonorably discharged from the military
22	forces within 5 years prior to the date of application;
24	F. Has completed the application form and complied with the requirements of subsection 6; and
26	G. Has not knowingly made a false statement of material
28	fact to the Chief of the State Police in applying for a license under this chapter, chapter 13-A or chapter 14.
30	10. Determination of good moral character. The Chief of
32	the State Police shall make a determination of moral character
2.4	solely on the basis of information recorded by governmental
34	<u>entities within 5 years of receipt of an application, including,</u> <u>but not limited to, the following matters:</u>
36	
38	A. Information of record relative to incidents of abuse of family or household members by the applicant, provided pursuant to Title 19, section 770, subsection 1;
40	
	B. Information of record relative to convictions of the
42	<u>applicant for crimes punishable by imprisonment for less</u> than one year or adjudications of the applicant for juvenile
44	offenses involving conduct that, if committed by an adult,
46	are punishable by imprisonment for less than one year;
-10	C. Information of record indicating that the applicant is a
48	drug abuser, a drug addict or a drug-dependent person or has engaged in reckless or negligent conduct;
50	

D. Information of record relative to adjudications of the applicant for civil violations; and

4

б

2

E. Information of record regarding charges against the applicant for any crime in any jurisdiction.

11. Duration of license; renewal. Any gaming license issued under this section by the Bureau of State Police is 8 effective for a term provided by rule of not less than one year 10 and not more than 3 years, except when revoked or suspended, except that a licensee who has applied for renewal may continue to be employed or to provide gaming services or equipment under 12 the expired license until final action is taken on the renewal 14application by the bureau. Previously licensed applicants or applicants for renewal under this section shall provide updated application material but may not be required to resubmit 16 historical data already available to the State Police. Additional background investigation of an applicant for renewal 18 may not be required unless new information concerning the renewal 20 applicant's continuing suitability or eligibility for a license comes to the attention of the State Police.

22

12. Nontransferability. A license issued under this 24 section is not transferable or assignable.

26 13. Badges. All licensed gaming employees having access to gaming facilities must, upon the commencement of employment, be provided with identification badges as required by the State Police. Badges must be displayed or carried by licensed employees at all times within the gaming facilities. The tribe shall employ its best efforts to recover badges from an employee upon the termination of employment at a gaming facility.

14. Examination of prototypes. The Chief of the State 34 Police and the Attorney General shall examine, and the Chief of the State Police may approve, prototypes of electronic gaming 36 devices and associated equipment necessary to the operation or monitoring of the devices provided by manufacturers or vendors 38 seeking a license as required in this chapter. The Chief of the State Police shall require the manufacturer or vendor seeking the 40 examination and approval of the electronic gaming device or associated equipment to pay the anticipated actual cost of the 42 examination before the examination occurs. After the examination occurs, the Chief of the State Police shall refund overpayments 44 or charge and collect amounts sufficient to reimburse for underpayments of actual costs. The Chief of the State Police may 46 contract for the examinations of electronic gaming devices and 48 associated equipment as required by this section.

Registration of electronic gaming devices. An 15. 2 electronic gaming device may not be placed in use or operated in a gaming facility licensed under this chapter unless the device 4 is registered by the Chief of the State Police and employs a game or games approved by the Chief of the State Police. The registration must be prominently displayed on the device. б

- 8 §371. Actions relating to licenses

10 1. Revocation or suspension of license; refusal to renew. The Chief of the State Police may refuse to renew a license issued under section 370 after a hearing in accordance with the 12 Maine Administrative Procedure Act. The Chief of the State 14Police may suspend a license issued under section 370 for a period of no longer than 90 days. The Administrative Court may suspend or revoke a license issued under section 370. The Chief 16 of the State Police may suspend or refuse to renew, and the 18 Administrative Court may revoke or suspend, a license issued under section 370 for just cause, which includes any of the 20 following:

- 22 A. The person made or caused to be made a false statement of material fact in obtaining a license or in connection 24 with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
- 26 B. The person or the person's agent violated a provision of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter; or
 - C. The holder of a license becomes ineligible to hold that <u>license.</u>

32 2. Ineligibility period following refusal to issue or renew license or revocation of license. A person may not apply to the 34 Chief of the State Police for any license under section 370 for a period of 2 years after the effective date of a refusal to issue 36 or renew a license or the revocation of a license issued under section 370, except that the period of ineligibility terminates 38 immediately if the refusal or revocation is vacated or reversed in later legal proceedings.

40

28

30

§372. Investigation of nongaming employees and enterprises

42 The Bureau of State Police may investigate misconduct of 44persons who are not gaming employees but who are employed in conjunction with any tribal gaming facility and those employees 46 must be dismissed from that employment upon notification to their employer by the bureau that their conduct in the course of their 48 employment in those facilities poses a threat to the effective regulation of gaming or creates or enhances the dangers of unfair 50 or illegal practices, methods and activities in the conduct of gaming licensed under this chapter.

2 Any enterprise that is expected to provide goods or services to tribal gaming operations authorized under this chapter, other than gaming services or gaming equipment, in a total amount 4 exceeding the sum of \$50,000 in a single 12-month period or any labor organization seeking to represent gaming employees must be 6 identified by the tribal licensee to the Bureau of State Police and that enterprise or organization shall agree to cooperate with 8 the bureau in any investigation necessary relating to the fitness 10 of the enterprise or labor organization to engage in business with a gaming operation or relative to the conduct of the 12 enterprise or labor organization in connection with licensed gaming activity. The bureau may bar an enterprise from providing 14 goods or services to the gaming operation or a labor organization from receiving dues from licensed employees at the gaming 16 facility or may bar the principal of any labor organization from representing licensed gaming employees, if the enterprise or labor organization refuses to cooperate with an investigation or 18 upon a determination that the enterprise or labor organization or 20 a principal of the enterprise or labor organization is a person or entity whose prior activities, criminal record or reputation, 22 habits and associations pose a threat to the effective regulation of gaming or create or enhance the dangers of unfair or illegal practices, methods and activities in the conduct of gaming or 24 enhance the likelihood of criminal activity resulting from the conduct of gaming under this chapter. 26

Every agreement within the scope of this section is deemed to include a provision to the effect that, if the Bureau of State Police exercises its authority under this section to bar performance of the agreement, neither the licensee nor any agent of the licensee who is a party to the agreement or any related agreement has any civil liability as a result of the action of the bureau. Failure to include such a provision in the agreement does not constitute a defense in any action brought with respect to the agreement.

38 **§3**

<u>§373. Violations by licensees</u>

 40 1. Class C crimes. A licensee commits a Class C crime if the licensee, through its employees or agents, engages in the
 42 following conduct and the conduct is authorized, requested, commanded, performed or recklessly tolerated by the chair of the
 44 licensee's tribal gaming commission or by the licensee's tribal council or tribal gaming commission, acting within the scope of
 46 the officials' office or employment and to the benefit of the licensee:

- 48
- A. Conducts, carries on, operates or deals, or allows to be 50 conducted, carried on, operated or dealt, any cheating or thieving game or device; or

2 B. Deals, conducts, carries on, operates or exposes for play any game or games played with cards, dice or any 4 mechanical device, or any combination of games or devices, that have in any manner been marked or tampered with, or placed in a condition, or operated in a manner, the result 6 of which tends to deceive the public or tends to alter the normal random selection of characteristics or the normal 8 chance of the game so as to determine or alter the result of 10 the game. 12 2. Class D crimes. A licensee commits a Class D crime if the licensee, through its employees or agents, permits a person 14 under 21 years of age to engage in gaming in a gaming facility licensed under this chapter and the conduct is authorized, requested, commanded, performed or recklessly tolerated by the 16 chair of the licensee's tribal gaming commission or by the licensee's tribal council or tribal gaming commission. 18 20 3. Individual action not necessary. It is not a defense to criminal liability under this section that the individual upon whose conduct liability under this section is based has not been 22 prosecuted or convicted, has been convicted of a different 24 offense or is immune from prosecution. 26 §374. Violations by managers 28 1. Class C crimes. A natural person or enterprise under contract to manage a gaming facility commits a Class C crime if 30 the person or enterprise, through its employees or agents, engages in the following conduct and the conduct is authorized, requested, commanded, performed or recklessly tolerated by the 32 person or by the board of directors of the enterprise or a high 34 managerial agent acting within the scope of the agent's office or employment and to the benefit of the enterprise: 36 A. Conducts, carries on, operates or deals, or allows to be 38 conducted, carried on, operated or dealt, any cheating or thieving game or device; or 40 B. Deals, conducts, carries on, operates or exposes for 42 play any game or games played with cards, dice or any mechanical device, or any combination of games or devices, that have in any manner been marked or tampered with, or 44 placed in a condition, or operated in a manner, the result 46 of which tends to deceive the public or tends to alter the normal random selection of characteristics or the normal 48 chance of the game so as to determine or alter the result of the game. 50

2. Class D crimes. A natural person or enterprise under 2 contract to manage a gaming facility commits a Class D crime when the person or enterprise, through its employees or agents, 4 permits a person under 21 years of age to engage in gaming in a gaming facility licensed under this chapter and the conduct is authorized, requested, commanded, performed or recklessly б tolerated by the person or by the board of directors of the enterprise or a high managerial agent acting within the scope of 8 the agent's office or employment and to the benefit of the 10 enterprise. 3. High managerial agent. For purposes of this section, 12 the term "high managerial agent" means an officer of a 14 corporation or any other agent of an enterprise having duties of a degree of responsibility that the person's conduct may fairly 16 be assumed to represent the policy of the enterprise. 18 4. Individual action not necessary. It is not a defense to criminal liability under this section that the individual upon 20 whose conduct liability under this section is based has not been prosecuted or convicted, has been convicted of a different 22 offense or is immune from prosecution. 24 §375. Violations by any person 26 1. Class C crimes. A natural person who knowingly performs any of the following acts commits a Class C crime: 28 A. Conducts, carries on, operates or deals, or allows to be 30 conducted, carried on, operated or dealt, any cheating or thieving game or device; 32 B. Deals, conducts, carries on, operates or exposes for 34 play any game or games played with cards, dice or any mechanical device, or any combination of games or devices, 36 that have in any manner been marked or tampered with, or placed in a condition, or operated in a manner, the result 38 of which tends to deceive the public or tends to alter the normal random selection of characteristics or the normal chance of the game so as to determine or alter the result of 40 the game; 42 C. Tampers with an electronic gaming device with intent to interfere with the proper operation of that device; 44 46 D. Manipulates or intends to manipulate the outcome, payoff or operation of gaming equipment by physical tampering or

other means;

48

E. Wins or attempts to win money or property or a representative of either or reduces a losing wager or attempts to reduce a losing wager by any trick or sleight of hand performance or by a fraud or fraudulent scheme, cards, dice or device for that person or another person in connection with gaming, where the value of the money, property or representative is greater than \$1,000;

2

4

6

R

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

F. Uses or possesses on licensed gaming premises bogus or counterfeit chips or gaming billets or substitutes or uses in any licensed gaming activity cards or dice that have been marked, loaded or tampered with;

<u>G. Uses or possesses any cheating device with intent to cheat or defraud;</u>

H. Uses a coin or tender other than a lawful coin or legal tender of the United States, or uses any coin not of the same denomination as the coin intended to be used in any slot machine in a licensed gaming facility, except that, in the playing of any electronic gaming device, it is lawful for any person to use gaming billets, tokens or similar objects approved by the State Police;

I. Uses or possesses while on licensed gaming premises any cheating or thieving device, including but not limited to tools, drills, wires, coins or tokens attached to strings or wires, or electronic or magnetic devices, to facilitate the alignment of any winning combination or to remove from any electronic gaming device any money or other contents, except that a person employed in connection with a gaming facility may possess and use any of the foregoing only as required in the course of employment in the gaming facility; or

J. Uses or possesses while on licensed gaming premises any key or device designed for the purpose of or suitable for opening or entering any electronic gaming device or drop box, except that an authorized employee or agent of the licensee, the gaming commission of the licensee or the State may possess and use any of the foregoing only as required in the course of employment.

2. Class D crimes. A natural person who knowingly performs any of the following acts commits a Class D crime:

 46 <u>A. Violating any provision of this chapter or any rule</u> adopted under this chapter for which a specific penalty is
 48 <u>not provided;</u>

> Page 26-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

B. Winning or attempting to win money or property or a representative of either or reducing a losing wager or 2 attempting to reduce a losing wager by any trick or sleight of hand performance or by a fraud or fraudulent scheme, 4 cards, dice or device for that person or another person in connection with gaming, where the value of the money, б property or representative is \$1,000 or less; 8 C. Entering any licensed gaming facility when listed among those persons excluded from those facilities pursuant to any 10 rule of the Bureau of State Police; 12 D. Wearing or presenting an employee badge or a facsimile of an employee badge in any licensed gaming facility when 14 not licensed as an employee of the tribe operating that 16 facility; E. In playing a game in a licensed gaming facility, using 18 or assisting another person in the use of an electronic or mechanical device that is designed, constructed or 20 programmed specifically for use in obtaining an advantage at playing any game. A device used by any person in violation 22 of this section is subject to forfeiture; 24 F. Making any false statement or material omission in any 26 application or in any documents made a part of an application for a license under this chapter; or 28 G. Permitting a person under 21 years of age to engage in 30 gaming in a gaming facility licensed under this chapter. 3. Continuing offenses. A violation of any of the 32 provisions of this chapter that is an offense of a continuing 34 nature is a separate offense on each day during which it occurs. 36 §376. Authority to detain persons suspected of cheating; immunity 38 A licensee or its officers, employees or agents may question any individual in a licensed gaming facility reasonably suspected of violating any of the provisions of section 373, subsection 1; 40 section 374, subsection 1; or section 375, subsection 1. A 42 licensee or an officer, employee or agent of the licensee is not criminally or civilly liable by reason of any questioning under 44 this section. 46 A licensee or an officer, employee or agent of the licensee who has probable cause to believe there has been a violation of 48 section 373, subsection 1; section 374, subsection 1; or section 375, subsection 1 in the gaming facility by any person may take 50 that person into custody and detain that person in the gaming

Page 27-LR3311(1)

premises in a reasonable manner for a reasonable length of time 2 for the purpose of requiring the person detained to provide identification, verifying the identification, notifying and 4 surrendering the person to law enforcement authorities and, when the detained person is a minor, informing a law enforcement 6 officer or the parents or guardian of the minor of the detention and surrendering the minor to the person so informed. The act of 8 taking into custody and detention under this section does not render the licensee or its officers, employees or agents 10 criminally or civilly liable, including but not limited to liability for false arrest, false imprisonment, slander or 12 unlawful detention, unless the taking into custody or detention is unreasonable under all the circumstances. 14

A licensee or an officer, employee or agent of the licensee is not entitled to any immunity from civil or criminal liability provided in this section unless there is displayed in a conspicuous manner in the licensee's gaming facility a notice in boldface type clearly legible and in substantially this form:

"Any gaming licensee or any officer, employee or agent of a
 gaming licenses who has probable cause to believe that
 person is violating a provision of law prohibiting cheating
 or swindling in gaming may detain that person in the
 establishment for the purpose of notifying law enforcement
 authorities."

28 §377. Independent audit

30 Each tribal licensee under this chapter shall cause its licensed gaming operations to be subjected to an annual audit by 32 an independent certified public accountant in accordance with procedures established by that accountant following consultation 34 with the State Police. Each audit must include any additional procedures required by the State Police not otherwise required by 36 the independent auditor. Additional procedures required by the State Police must be reasonable and necessary to gaming 38 regulation.

40 §378. Smoking permitted

 Any general law or rule of the State or any political subdivision of the State regulating smoking in places accessible
 to the general public is inapplicable to any gaming facility licensed under this chapter. This section does not restrict the
 power of a tribal government to regulate or restrict smoking within its Indian territory.

48

§379. Transportation of gaming devices

50

Pursuant to the provisions of 15 United States Code, Section 1172 governing the transportation of gambling devices in 2 interstate and foreign commerce, the State exempts from that statute the transportation of any gambling device used or 4 intended for use at, and transported to or from, a gaming facility licensed under this chapter. б

§380. Other laws; applicability 8

Other laws providing any penalty or disability for the 10 conduct of games of chance or other gambling activity, or any acts done in connection with gambling activity, do not apply to 12 games of chance or any other gambling activity authorized 14 pursuant to this chapter. This section does not constitute a defense to any crime under the Maine Criminal Code.

16

18

24

§381. Confidential records

The following records and information furnished to the Bureau of State Police or otherwise obtained by the State Police 20 in the administration of this chapter are confidential for purposes of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph A and 22 are not open for public inspection:

Personal information. All information and data 1. pertaining to an applicant's criminal history, personal and 26 family history and personal background submitted or obtained in connection with the issuance of a license under section 370; 28

30 2. Financial information. Any financial statement, supporting information, assessment of credit or financial condition or tax return of any person, Indian tribe or enterprise; 32

34 3. Proprietary information. Any business or marketing plan of any person, Indian tribe or enterprise when the owner or subject of that plan has requested that it be designated confidential and any record or information that would be protected from public disclosure by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission;

4. Internal controls. Information concerning security systems and management controls of a facility licensed or proposed to be licensed under this chapter; and

44

36

38

40

42

5. Investigative records. All records, correspondence and reports of any allegation or investigation of any violation of 46 this chapter, or of any rule or license issued under this 48 chapter, but the confidential nature of the records, correspondence or reports does not limit or affect the use of those materials in any prosecution or civil or criminal 50 enforcement proceeding.

Page 29-LR3311(1)

2 §382. Disclosure

	·
4	1. Gaming regulation or enforcement. Documents or
	information made confidential by section 381 may be disclosed
б	upon request to a law enforcement agency of another jurisdiction
	engaged in the investigation or regulation of gaming, if the
8	requesting agency certifies that it is entitled to maintain the
	information under confidentiality protections similar to those
10	provided in this chapter.
12	Judicial proceedings. Documents or information made
	<u>confidential by section 381 may be used in any judicial</u>
14	proceeding authorized by this chapter or disclosed pursuant to
	the terms of any subpoena, warrant or other judicial process, if
16	<u>the order or process has been first served upon the person or</u>
	<u>enterprise to whom the confidential information pertains or</u>
18	<u>belongs and if the order or process appears on its face or</u>
	<u>otherwise to have been issued or made upon lawful authority.</u>
20	
	<u>§383. Education and treatment</u>
22	
	Any contributions or payments, up to a total of \$50,000 per
24	year, made by a gaming operation under this chapter for use in
	the education, prevention, treatment or aftercare of compulsive
26	or addictive disorders, including compulsive gambling, must be
	considered an operating expense of the gaming operation, if the
28	contributions or payments for the programs are divided equally
	between the tribal licensee and any public entity or nonprofit
30	organization providing those services in the county where the
	licensed gaming premises are located. If no public entity or
32	nonprofit organization other than the licensee provides the
	services in the county where the licensed gaming premises are
34	located, payments or contributions of up to \$50,000 in any year
	to the tribal licensee must be considered an operating expense of
36	the gaming operation.
2.0	food a local a
38	<u>§384. Approval of Governor</u>
4.0	1 Conditions Duion to the incurrence by the Bureau of

40 1. Conditions. Prior to the issuance by the Bureau of State Police of any gaming license under section 366, the Governor must make a written finding that projects undertaken in 42 connection with the license will have a significant, favorable and sustainable economic impact in the region in which it is to 44 be located. In connection with the issuance of that finding, the Governor may consider the existence of such collateral economic 46 development obligations and conditions upon the licensee as the Governor considers appropriate to ensure the economic stability 48 of the region where the proposed gaming facility is located. The Governor may require the licensee to make such other investments 50

 in the region, separate from the proposed gaming facility, as the
 Governor considers appropriate, whether or not the investments are directly related to the proposed gaming facility, except that
 the total cost of such a commitment is not required to exceed \$15,000,000 for projects not directly related to the proposed
 gaming facility. These requirements may include requiring the licensee to develop or cause others to develop hotel, educational
 and recreational infrastructures prior to, at or after the proposed gaming facility's opening.

10

22

2. Certificate of satisfaction. Until such time as the 12 Governor makes the finding described in subsection 1, the Bureau of State Police may not issue a gaming license. If the Governor 14 issues such a finding subject to designated conditions, the Bureau of State Police may not issue the gaming license until all the designated conditions have been satisfied. A separate 16 certificate of satisfaction from the Governor is necessary to determine whether the conditions have been satisfied and both the 18 finding and the certificate of satisfaction must exist and be 20 delivered to the Bureau of State Police before the license may be issued.

Sec. A-3. 17 MRSA §3204, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 315, is further amended to read:

26 This section does not apply to: The the operation or maintenance of common, contract and private carriers; taxicabs; 28 airplanes; newspapers; radio and television stations; hotels, rooming houses, and tourist motels, and trailer camps; 30 restaurants; garages and motor vehicle service stations; retail dealers; automatic laundries; machines that monument vend 32 anything of value, including, but not limited to, a product, facility money or service; a satellite approved by the 34 Superintendent of Banking under Title 9-B; or comparable facility approved by the appropriate federal authority; pharmacies; 36 greenhouses; seasonal stands engaged in sale of farm produce, dairy products, sea food or Christmas trees; public utilities; 38 industries normally kept in continuous operations, including, but not limited to, pulp and paper plants and textile plants; processing plants handling agricultural produce or products of 40 the sea; ship chandleries; marinas; establishments primarily selling boats, boating equipment, sporting equipment, souvenirs 42 and novelties; motion picture theatres theaters; public dancing; 44 Indian gaming facilities licensed under chapter 16; sports and displaying athletic events; bowling alleys; or exploding fireworks, 46 Title 8, under chapter 9-A; musical concerts; religious, educational, scientific or philosophical lectures; 48 scenic, historic, recreational and amusement facilities; real estate brokers and real estate sales representatives; mobile home 50 brokers and mobile home sales representatives; previded except

that this section does not exempt the businesses or facilities 2 specified in sections 3205 and 3207 from closing in any a municipality until the requirements of those sections have been 4 met; stores wherein where no more than 5 persons, including the proprietor, are employed in the usual and regular conduct of 6 business; stores which that have no more than 5,000 square feet of interior customer selling space, excluding back room storage, office and processing space; and stores with more than 5,000 8 square feet of interior customer selling space which that engage 10 in retail sales and which that do not require, as a condition of employment, that their employees work on Sundays. If an employer 12 decreases the average weekly work hours of an employee who has declined to work on Sundays, it is prima facie evidence that the 14 employer has required Sunday work as a condition of employment in violation of this section, unless the employer and employee 16 agreed that the employee would work on Sundays when the employee was initially hired. In-no-event,-however,-may-any A store 18 having more than 5,000 square feet of interior customer selling space <u>may not</u> be open on Easter Day, Thanksgiving Day and 20 Christmas Day.

Sec. A-4. 17-A MRSA §951, as amended by PL 1989, c.502, Pt. A, §48, is further amended to read:

24 26

22

§951. Inapplicability of chapter

Any <u>A</u> person licensed by the Chief of the State Police as
provided in Title 17, chapter 13-A er, chapter 14, or chapter 16 or who is authorized to operate or conduct a raffle pursuant to
Title 17, section 331, subsection 6,-shall-be is exempt from the application of the provisions of this chapter insofar as that
person's conduct is within the scope of the license.

34

36

38

40

Sec. A-5. 21-A MRSA §1015-A, sub-§2 is enacted to read:

2. Indian gaming operations. Any Indian tribe licensed under Title 17, chapter 16 and its gaming enterprise, whether or not incorporated, is considered a single entity for purposes of any contribution to a political campaign governed by this chapter.

Sec. A-6. 28-A MRSA §2, sub-§15, ¶I-1 is enacted to read:

- 42[.]
- 44

46

48

50

<u>I-1. "Indian gaming premises" means gaming premises as</u> <u>defined in Title 17, section 362 that are operated by an</u> <u>Indian tribe.</u>

Sec. A-7. 28-A MRSA §601, sub-§1, ¶D is enacted to read:

D. If the applicant is a federally recognized Indian tribe, it must hold a valid license issued under Title 17, chapter <u>16.</u>

Page 32-LR3311(1)

Sec. A-8. 28-A MRSA §705, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1993, 2 c. 266, \S 9, is further amended to read: 4 A. Credit may be extended: 6 By a hotel or club to bona fide registered guests (1) 8 or members: 10 By a hotel, Indian gaming premises or Class A (2)restaurant to the holder of a credit card that 12 authorizes the holder to charge goods or credits; and 14 (3)By an on-premise licensee or Indian gaming premises to the host of a private, prearranged function 16 without a credit card. Sec. A-9. 28-A MRSA §1001, sub-§3, ¶H-1 is enacted to read: 18 20 H-1. Indian gaming premises; Sec. A-10. 28-A MRSA §1054, sub-§2-A is enacted to read: 22 24 Exception. A licensee for the sale of liquor on <u>2-A.</u> Indian gaming premises does not require a special amusement permit for the conduct of any gaming licensed under Title 17, 26 chapter 16. 28 Sec. A-11. 30 MRSA §6205, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 720, §1 and affected by §2, is further amended to read: 30 first 150,000 acres of land acquired by the 32 в. The secretary for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy Tribe from the following areas or lands to the extent that those lands 34 are acquired by the secretary prior to January 31, 1991 are not held in common with any-ether another person 36 2001, or entity and are certified by the secretary by January 31, 1991 2001, as held for the benefit of the Passamaquoddy 38 Tribe: 40 The lands of Great Northern Nekoosa Corporation located in T.1, R.8, W.B.K.P. (Lowelltown), T.6, R.1, N.B.K.P. (Holeb), 42 T.2, R.10, W.E.L.S. and T.2, R.9, W.E.L.S.; the land of 44 Raymidga Company located in T.1, R.5, W.B.K.P. (Jim Pond), T.4, R.5, B.K.P.W.K.R. (King and Bartlett), T.5, R.6, B.K.P.W.K.R. and T.3, R.5, B.K.P.W.K.R.; the land of the 46 heirs of David Pingree located in T.6, R.8, W.E.L.S.; any portion of Sugar Island in Moosehead Lake; the lands of 48 Prentiss and Carlisle Company located in T.9, S.D.; any 50 portion of T.24, M.D.B.P.P.; the lands of Bertram C. Tackeff

> Page 33-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

or Northeastern Blueberry Company, Inc. in T.19, M.D.B.P.P.; any portion of T.2, R.8, N.W.P.; any portion of T.2, R.5, W.B.K.P. (Alder Stream); the lands of Dead River Company in T.3, R.9, N.W.P., T.2, R.9, N.W.P., T.5, R.1, N.B.P.P. and T.5, N.D.B.P.P.; any portion of T.3, R.1, N.B.P.P.; any portion of T.3, N.D.; any portion of T.4, N.D.; any portion of T.39, M.D.; any portion of T.40, M.D.; any portion of T.41, M.D.; any portion of T.42, M.D.B.P.P.; the lands of Diamond International Corporation, International Paper Company and Lincoln Pulp and Paper Company located in Argyle; and the lands of the Dyer Interests in T.A.R.7 W.E.L.S., T.3 R.9 N.W.P., T.3 R.3. N.B.K.P. (Alder Brook Township), T.3 R.4 N.B.K.P. (Hammond Township), T.2 R.4 (Pittston Academy т.2 N.B.K.P. Grant), R.3 N.B.K.P. (Soldiertown Township), and T.4 R.4 N.B.K.P. (Prentiss Township), and any lands in Albany Township acquired by the Passamaquoddy Tribe before January 1, 1991; and any lands not exceeding 100 acres in the City of Calais approved by the legislative body of that city for acquisition by the tribe.

Sec. A-12. 36 MRSA c. 373 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 373

CASINO EXCISE TAX

28 **§2881.** Casino tax

2

4

б

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

30 1. Excise tax imposed. An excise tax is imposed on each tribal licensee under Title 17, chapter 16. The tax is imposed at the rate of 10% of gross gaming revenues for each licensed tribe. The tax must be paid monthly based on gross gaming 34 revenues for the preceding month.

 36 2. Gross gaming revenues. For purposes of this section, "gross gaming revenues" means the total dollar value of all 38 receipts from licensed gaming pursuant to Title 17, chapter 16 reduced by the dollar value of all prizes or winnings paid as a 40 result of that gaming.

42 3. Additional payments. In addition to the tax imposed by subsection 1, the following payments to the State Tax Assessor
 44 are required.

46A. Upon the first submission to the Bureau of State Police
of a petition for initial rulemaking under Title 17, chapter4816, a petitioner must make a one-time payment of \$115,000.

Upon submission to the Bureau of State Police of an в. application for a gaming license under Title 17, chapter 16, 2 the applicant must pay \$1,385,000 in equal quarterly 4 installments, with the first payment due at the time of submission of the application and each of the 3 subsequent guarterly payments due 3 months after the previous 6 installment. 8 4. Exemption. A taxpayer under this section is allowed an exemption from the excise tax on gross gaming revenues in the 10 following amounts. 12 A. For the 12-month period beginning with the first month 14 in which there are gross gaming revenues, the taxpayer is entitled to a monthly exemption of \$2,084,000. 16 B. For the 13th to the 60th month after the first month in 18 which there are gross gaming revenues, the taxpayer is entitled to a monthly exemption of \$833,333. 20 5. Carry forward of unused exemption amounts. Unused 22 monthly exemption amounts may be carried forward. The oldest amount carried forward must be used to reduce gross gaming revenues in the earliest subsequent month or months in which 24 gross gaming revenues exceed the exemption provided in subsection 4. An unused monthly exemption amount may not be carried forward 26 for more than 36 months. 28 6. Administration. The tax and the additional payments 30 imposed under this section must be administered in the same manner as the tax imposed on taxable services under Part 3 unless 32 otherwise provided by this chapter. 34 7. Transfer. Amounts received by the State Tax Assessor under this section must be deposited in the casino tax account. 36 §2882. Casino Tax Account 38 **1. Casino regulatory costs.** For the purposes of this section, "casino regulatory costs" means the reasonable and 40 necessary costs of the State in administering the casino excise 42 tax, regulating gaming operations and conducting law enforcement activities pursuant to Title 17, chapter 16. 44 2. Special account. The Treasurer of State shall establish 46 the Casino Tax Account, referred to in this section as the "account," which is a special revenue account into which must be 48 deposited any receipts under section 2881 and from license fees under Title 17, sections 366 and 370. 50

3. Purpose of account. Money in the account may be used only to pay casino regulatory costs or to make payments to the City of Calais or the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund as provided in subsection 4.

4. Payments from account. Beginning with the month in 6 which there are revenues under section 2881, by the 15th day of 8 each subsequent month, the Treasurer of State, after reserving the amount of additional payments received under section 2881, subsection 3 and 1/12 of the amount allocated for that fiscal 10 year for casino regulatory costs plus any amount from a previous 12 month by which the available account balance was less than the 1/12 of casino regulatory costs and that was not reserved, shall pay 35% of the balance in the account to the City of Calais and 14 65% of the balance in the account to the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund established in Title 10, section 1076 16 until combined payments to the City of Calais and the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund equal \$2,000,000 for the year. 18

- 20 If the total amount paid in the fiscal year to the City of Calais and the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund is less
 22 than the payment limit for that year, the payment limit in the following year is increased by the amount of the deficiency.
- Any remaining balance in the account must be transferred to the 26 <u>General Fund</u>.

28 §2883. Application of other taxes

2

4

24

For purposes of taxation under this Title and Title 28-A, a
 tribal licensee under Title 17, chapter 16 is deemed to be acting
 in a business capacity under Title 30, section 6208 but is not
 subject to taxation under chapter 817 on income from gaming
 activities licensed under Title 17, chapter 16.

Sec. A-13. Tribal ratification. That section of this Part that 36 amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30, section 6205, 38 subsection 1, paragraph B does not take effect unless, within 60 days of the adjournment of the Legislature, the Secretary of State receives written notification by the Joint Tribal Council 40 of the Passamaquoddy Tribe that the tribe has agreed to the provisions of that section pursuant to 25 United States Code, 42 Section 1725(e)(1), copies of which must be submitted by the 44 Secretary of State to the Secretary of the Senate, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Office of the Revisor of 46 Statutes.

48 Sec. A-14. Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission. At a meeting held May 14, 1993, the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission 50 recommended

Page 36-LR3311(1)

that land in the City of Calais be included in Passamaquoddy Indian Territory for economic development purposes, if the Calais City Council approves. On February 4, 1994, the Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission voted to support the concept of casino-based tribal initiatives to foster the economic welfare of the tribes and the economic conditions within the State.

Sec. A-15. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from Other Special Revenue to carry out the purposes of this Part.

10

12

14

16

2

4

Ġ

8

1994-95

PUBLIC SAFETY, DEPARTMENT OF

Casino Tax Account

•	
Positions	(17.0)
Personal Services	\$519,328
All Other	166,576
Capital Expenditures	247,750
	Personal Services All Other

22	Provides funds for one State Police
	Lieutenant position, 2 Sergeant positions, 7
24	Detective positions, one Field Examiner III
	position, 2 Field Examiner II positions, one
26	Clerk Steno III position and 3 Clerk Typist
	II positions to regulate gaming operations
28	and conduct law enforcement activities.

30 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY TOTAL

\$933,654

ATTORNEY GENERAL, DEPARTMENT OF THE

34

36

32

Administration - Attorney General

	Positions	(2.0)
38	Personal Services	\$50,801
	All Other	1,750
40	Capital Expenditures	2,500

42	Provides funds from the Casino Tax Account
	for one Assistant Attorney General position
44	and one Senior Legal Secretary position to
	provide legal services in support of the
46	Indian gaming legislation.

2	DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TOTAL	\$55,051
4 6	ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF	
8	Bureau of Taxation	
10	Positions	(1.0)
12	Personal Services All Other	\$10,000 110,000
14	Capital Expenditures	7,645
16	Provides funds from the Casino Tax Account for one Senior Revenue Agent position, effective April 1, 1995, computer system	
18	modifications and operating expenses.	
20	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES	
22	TOTAL	\$127,645
.24	TOTAL ALLOCATIONS	1,116,350
26	The A TH CT I THE	
28	PART B	
20	Sec. B-1. 5 MRSA §12004-F, sub-§16 is enacted to read:	
30 32	16. Rising Tide <u>Expenses</u> <u>10 MRSA §1075</u> <u>Regional Development</u> <u>Only</u> <u>Program Fund Board</u>	
34		
36	Sec. B-2. 10 MRSA c. 110, sub-c. IV-A is enacted to read	
50	SUBCHAPTER IV-A	
38	<u>RISING TIDE REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM</u>	
40		
[•] 42	<u>§1075. Rising Tide Regional Development Program</u>	
44	The Rising Tide Regional Development Program is est to provide loans to businesses for investment in the Calais and Washington County.	
46		
48	1. Definitions. As used in this subchapter, un context otherwise indicates, the following terms h following meanings.	<u>less the</u> ave the

2	A. "Board" means the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund Board.
4	B. "Fund" means the Rising Tide Regional Development Fund.
6	<u>C.</u> "Program" means the Rising Tide Regional Development
8	Program.
10	2. Board. The board is established as follows.
12	A. The board consists of 3 members appointed by the Joint Tribal Council of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, at least 2 of
14	whom must have expertise in business, commercial finance or economic development.
16	
18	B. The members must be appointed for 4-year terms, except for initial appointees, and may be removed by the Joint Tribal Council of the Decomposed Triba for source
20	<u>Tribal Council of the Passamaquoddy Tribe for cause. A</u> vacancy must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired term of that position.
22	
24	<u>C. The initial terms of office of members are as follows.</u>
26	(1) One member must be appointed for 2 years.
28	(2) One member must be appointed for 3 years.
30	(3) One member must be appointed for 4 years.
32	D. Members are entitled to compensation according to Title 5, chapter 379.
34	3. Duties of board. The board has the following powers and duties.
36	
38	A. The board may accept and receive transfers from the Passamaquoddy Tribe and gifts, grants, bequests or devises from any other source, including funds from the Federal
40	Government or any of its political subdivisions.
42	B. The board may enter into any necessary contracts and
44	agreements.
44	C. The board shall administer the Rising Tide Regional
46	Development Program and shall contract with the authority
48	for such assistance in administering the program as the board requires and the authority agrees to provide.

Page 39-LR3311(1) L.D.1999 **4. Eligibility for loans.** Businesses may apply to the board for loans under the program as follows.

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

A. The projects to be financed must be located in the City of Calais, except that, to the extent of funds representing the repayment of loans made from the fund, additional loans may be made to businesses located anywhere in Washington County. Projects must provide significant public benefit in relation to the amount of the loan, as determined by the board. Public benefits include, but are not limited to, increased opportunities for employment, increased capital flows, particularly capital flowing in from outside the State, increased state and municipal tax revenues, rehabilitation of blighted or underutilized areas, enhanced quality of life and sense of community, opportunities for individual advancement of local residents and provision of necessary services. Loan proceeds may be used for any appropriate commercial purpose as determined by the board, including working capital.

B. The board must determine that the borrower is a for-profit or nonprofit commercial entity, including an entity owned by the Passamaquoddy Tribe, and that it is creditworthy and reasonably likely to repay the loan.

C. The board must determine that the loan is necessary to implementation of the project either because the borrower has insufficient access to other funds or because the borrower demonstrates and the board determines that the project would not provide the projected public benefits without the availability of the loan.

D. The board shall give preference to projects that it has determined to be highly sustainable economic development and that will not have a long-term adverse impact on the environment, that result in the addition of value to the natural resources of Washington County and that increase the skill levels and economic opportunities for residents of Washington County.

E. The board shall consider the extent to which any project will result in sustainable economic development. In considering a project's sustainability, the board shall consider the following factors: the impact on ecology, the nature and direction of the flow of income from the project and its impact on the community, the impact of the project on the quality of life for people in the community, the impact on the community's infrastructure and the impact on the community's human capital, present and future.

Page 40-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

		5. Loan terms and conditions. The board may establish
2		prudent terms and conditions for loans, including limits on the amount of loans for any one project and the requirement of
4		adequate collateral for the loans. Loan terms may not exceed 20 years in the case of loans primarily secured by real estate, 10
<u>,</u> б.		years in the case of loans primarily secured by rear estate, it years in the case of loans secured primarily by machinery and equipment and 7 years for other loans. The interest rate charged
8		on each loan may not be less than 1% and may not exceed the prime rate of interest less 1%, as determined by the board.
10		6. Rulemaking. The board shall adopt rules for the
12		implementation of the program established by this subchapter, including, but not limited to, the establishment of fees that may
14		be charged for the administration of the program.
16		§1076. Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund
18		1. Creation. The Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund is created under the jurisdiction and control of the board.
20		The fund must be deposited with, maintained and administered by the authority.
22		2. Sources of money. The fund consists of the following:
24		A. All money appropriated or allocated for inclusion in the
26		fund, from whatever source;
28		<u>B. Subject to any pledge, contract or other obligation, all interest, dividends or other pecuniary gains from investment</u>
30		of money from the fund;
32 34		<u>C. Subject to any pledge, contract, fee or other obligation, any money that the board receives in repayment of advances from the fund; and</u>
36		D. Any other money available to the board and directed by the board to be paid into the fund.
38		3. Application of fund. Money in the fund may be applied
40		to carry out any power of the board under or in connection with this subchapter or to pay obligations incurred in connection with
42		the fund. Costs and expenses of maintaining, servicing and administering the fund may be paid out of amounts in the fund.
44	•	Money in the fund not needed currently to meet the obligations of the board as provided in this section may be invested in a manner
46		permitted by law.
.48		4. Accounts within fund. The board may divide the fund into separate accounts it determines necessary or convenient for
50		carrying out this section.

Page 41-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

2	5. Revolving fund. The fund is a nonlapsing, revolving
4	fund. All money in the fund must be continuously applied by the board to carry out this subchapter.
6	PART C
8	Sec. C-1. Effective date. This Act takes effect when the
10	Constitution of Maine has been amended to provide, recognizing the unique quasi-sovereign status of the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation, that each tribe or nation may operate one
12	casino and other casino gambling may not be authorized in the State. Each casino proposal must be specifically authorized by
14	legislation and must meet the following criteria at the time of approval.
16	
18	1. A casino may not be located less than 75 miles from a municipality with a population of greater than 30,000 in the State.
20	
22	2. A casino must be located closer to a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in another state or country than it is to a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in
24	this State.
26	The constitutional amendment must provide that the Legislature enact laws providing for the regulation of casino
28	gambling and that the laws may not be subject to ratification under the Act to Implement the Maine Indian Claims Settlement nor
32	may consent of the tribe or nation be required for the enactment of that legislation.
34	FISCAL NOTE
36	1994-95
38	APPROPRIATIONS/ALLOCATIONS
40	Other Funds \$1,116,350
42	REVENUES
44	Other Funds \$1,200,000
46	This Act will not become effective unless a constitutional amendment is approved by the voters of the State. Currently, no
48	constitutional amendment is pending related to this subject. If a constitutional amendment is submitted to the Legislature and
50	approved at the November 1994 general election, this bill will have the following fiscal impact.
	Page 42-LR3311(1)

L.D.1999

.

This bill imposes a 10% casino excise tax on gross gaming revenues less the value of all prizes and winnings paid. For the first 5 years of operation, the casino will be allowed to exempt \$10,000,000 of gross revenue per year to cover debt service and management fees. In addition, the casino will be allowed to exempt another \$15,000,000 of gross revenue in the first year of operation to offset its \$1,500,000 advance to cover regulation and enforcement costs for fiscal year 1994-95.

The bill also establishes the Casino Tax Account to pay regulatory costs from casino tax revenue collected as well as to make payments of up to \$2,000,000 per year to the City of Calais and the Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund.

Based on projections of \$45,000,000 to \$50,000,000 annually 16 in gaming revenues, after deducting the exemption, regulatory and enforcement costs and payments to the City of Calais and the 18 Rising Tide Regional Development Program Fund, the General Fund 20 will not receive any direct revenue from the casino excise tax for the next 3 to 5 years. Indirectly, the gaming and hotel complex is expected to generate additional sales and income tax 22 revenue from incremental increases of economic activity. The amounts of this incremental revenue can not be estimated at this 24 time.

The Department of Public Safety will require additional allocations of \$933,654 in fiscal year 1994-95 to provide funds 28 for one State Police Lieutenant position, 2 Sergeant positions, 7 30 Detective positions, one Field Examiner III position, 2 Field Examiner II positions, one Clerk Steno III position and 3 Clerk Typist II positions to provide regulatory and law enforcement 32 services for casino gambling. The Department of the Attorney 34 General will require additional allocations of \$55,051 in fiscal year 1994-95 to provide funds for an Assistant Attorney General 36 and a Senior Legal Secretary to provide legal services in support of the Indian gaming. The Bureau of Taxation within the 38 Department of Administrative and Financial Services will require additional allocations of \$127,645 in fiscal year 1994-95 to 40 provide funds for a Senior Revenue Agent for the final quarter, computer system modifications and operational expenses. Ongoing 42 future costs beginning in fiscal year 1995-96 are estimated to be approximately \$1,600,000.

In addition to these direct costs, the Department of Public Safety may require additional General Fund and Highway Fund resources for increased enforcement in that region. The amounts will depend on the increased activity in the region, which can not be estimated at this time.

26

44

46

48

50

2

4

б

8

10

12

14

Revenue required to fund regulatory and law enforcement 2 activities will be generated by licensee fees and a flat fee assessed against a tribe that conducts casino gambling. These fees are deposited into the Casino Tax Account, a dedicated revenue account. The amount of dedicated revenue generated in fiscal year 1994-95 is estimated to be \$1,200,000. The dedicated revenue available in the Casino Tax Account beginning in fiscal year 1995-96 will be sufficient to provide for the ongoing regulatory costs.

These estimates are based on the location approval of one 12 casino in the City of Calais. If other tribes elect to conduct Indian gaming in other locations, future revenue estimates and 14 allocations will be required.

16 This bill establishes several new Class C and Class D Sentences of more than 9 months and, beginning January crimes. 18 1, 1995, more than 12 months imposed for Class C crimes must be served in a state correctional institution. The cost to the 20 State per sentence is \$45,352 based upon an average length of stay of one year and 9 months. The State also must reimburse counties for sentences served in county jails of 9 months or less 22 and, beginning January 1, 1995, 12 months or less for Class C 24 crimes. Sentences imposed for Class D offenses must be served in a county jail. The average cost per sentence for a Class D crime is \$8,320 based upon an average length of stay of 119 days. 26 The additional costs to the counties for the housing of each offender 28 sentenced under this new crime are not reimbursed by the State.

30 The Judicial Department may require additional General Fund appropriations to cover indigent defense costs related to these 32 The amounts can not be estimated at this time. new cases. The additional workload and administrative costs associated with the 34 minimal number of new cases filed in the court system can be budgeted absorbed within the resources of the Judicial 3б Department's administrative account. The collection of additional fines may also increase General Fund revenue by minor 38 amounts.

40

4

б

8

10

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill is the minority recommendation of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary.

The bill allows gaming by the Passamaquoddy Tribe in the City of Calais and establishes a structure for the licensing of gaming by either the Passamaquoddy Tribe or the Penobscot

> Page 44-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

42

- 44
- 4б
- 48

Nation. The location of any gaming facility must be approved by the Legislature.

Before it may conduct gaming under this bill, a tribe must obtain licenses for a proposed gaming operation, including approval of its financing, management and professional qualifications and the character and integrity of each of its key employees. Broad rule-making power over licensing and the gaming itself is given to the State Police to protect the integrity of the permitted gaming.

12 A casino excise tax is enacted to fund law enforcement and regulatory costs and provide revenues for regional development 14 and infrastructure improvements. Off-track betting and alcoholic beverage laws are amended to allow off-track betting and retail 16 liquor sales at licensed Indian gaming premises. The bill provides for a contribution by a licensed gaming operation for 18 the purpose of funding services related to compulsive gambling and addictive disorders.

PART A

Specifically, Part A:

2

4

6

8

10

20

22

24

Authorizes off-track betting at a licensed Indian gaming
 facility;

28 2. Enacts a new chapter, authorizing and regulating gaming by the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation to provide self-sufficiency 30 the revenue necessary to enable and self-government for these tribes. Α comprehensive state regulatory system is established. Legislative approval of the 32 location of any gaming facility is required, in addition to other permits required by law. 34

Indian gaming proposals, management contracts, gaming employees 36 and providers of gaming services must be approved or licensed by 38 the State Police, based upon appropriate background investigations. Each license is subject to revocation or suspension. Law enforcement is the responsibility of the State 40 Police and local law enforcement agencies, who are given full access to gaming premises and records. Special gaming crime laws 42 are enacted. Rule-making authority is given to the State Police, in consultation with the affected tribes. 44 A contribution is required from a licensee toward the services for the education, 46 prevention, treatment and aftercare of compulsive or addictive Before a license may be issued, the Governor must disorders. make a finding that projects undertaken in connection with the 48 license will have a significant, favorable and sustainable 50 economic impact on the region in which it is located. A special

> Page 45-LR3311(1) L.D.1999

fund regulatory, law enforcement and account to tax administration costs is established, made up of fees from licenses, the casino excise tax and initial regulatory assessments;

2

4

6

8

32

38

40

46

48

- 3. Exempts licensed Indian gaming facilities from the Sunday closing laws;
- 4. Makes clear that gaming licensed under this bill is not 10 unlawful gambling under the Maine Criminal Code;

12 5. Makes any tribe licensed to operate a gaming facility and its gaming operation, however organized, one entity for 14 purposes of campaign finance laws;

- 6. Authorizes the licensing of Indian gaming premises for retail liquor sales and exempts any licensed games from the
 requirement of a separate amusement permit;
- 7. Approves taking land in the City of Calais into
 Passamaquoddy Indian Territory, provided that the Calais City
 Council has also approved the acquistion;
- 8. Establishes a graduated casino excise tax on the gross gaming revenues of Indian gaming operations. Credits are allowed
 for initial assessment costs and up to \$2,000,000 in contributions to fund infrastructure improvements for the City of
 Calais and for an economic development fund. The excise tax is administered in the same manner as the sales tax on services, but
 would not be subject to any reductions for state-municipal revenue sharing; and
- 9. Provides for tribal ratification of the provision of the
 34 bill relating to the incorporation of land into Passamaquoddy
 Indian Territory as required by the terms of the Maine Indian
 36 Claims Settlement Act of 1980, 25 United States Code, Section
 1725(e)(1).

PART B

Part B creates the Rising Tide Regional Development Program 42 to provide funds to enhance the economic growth of the City of Calais and Washington County. The program would be operated by a 44 local board and administered through the Finance Authority of Maine.

PART C

Part C provides that the bill will take effect only if a 50 constitutional amendment is adopted that provides that the

Page 46-LR3311(1)

L.D.1999

Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation may operate one casino each and that no other casino gambling may be authorized in the State. Each casino must be specifically authorized by legislation and must be located at least 75 miles from a municipality in this State with a population greater than 30,000 and be closer to a municipality with a population greater than 30,000 in another state or country than to a municipality in this State of that population.

2

4

6

8