MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1994

Legislative Document

No. 1774

S.P. 640

In Senate, January 25, 1994

An Act to Create the Maine Office Development Authority.

Submitted by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator FOSTER of Hancock. Cosponsored by Senator: CLEVELAND of Androscoggin.

	Sec. 1. 4 MRSA c. 35 is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 35
	MAINE OFFICE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ACT
§ 170	1. Short title
-	
Deve	This chapter may be known and cited as the "Maine Office lopment Authority Act."
<u>§170</u>	2. Maine Office Development Authority; members;
	compensation; executive director
	1 Patchlichments membership Who Maine Office Development
Auth	1. Establishment; membership. The Maine Office Development ority is created as a body corporate and politic and a public
	rumentality and agency of the State. The exercise by the
	ority of powers conferred by this Act is considered the
perf	ormance of essential governmental functions. The authority
	ists of 5 members, 2 of whom are the Treasurer of State and
	Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services, each
	ing as an ex officio, voting member, and 3 other members who
	serve for a term of 5 years and are appointed by the removed by the
	rnor for cause. In the event of vacancy occurring in the
	ership, the Governor shall appoint a replacement member for
the	remainder of that term. Any member of the authority is
elig	ible for reappointment.
	A. The initial appointed members of the authority are
	appointed in a manner to stagger the terms of the members.
	Of the initial 3 appointed members, one is appointed to a
•	term of 3 years; one is appointed to a term of 4 years; and one is appointed to a term of 5 years.
	one is appointed to a term of 5 years.
	2. Oath. Each member of the authority before commencing
duti	es takes an oath to administer the duties of that member's
	ce faithfully and impartially, and that oath is filed in the
offi	ce of the Secretary of State.
	3. Officers; quorum. The authority elects from its
	ership a chair, a vice-chair, a secretary and a treasurer. e members of the authority constitute a quorum and the vote
	members is necessary for any action taken by the authority.
	cancy in the membership of the authority does not impair the
	t of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the
	es of the authority.

	4. Compensation. Each member of the authority is entitled
2	to compensation in accordance with Title 5, chapter 379. Each
	member of the authority is indemnified by the authority against
4	expenses actually and necessarily incurred in connection with the
	defense of an action or proceeding in which that member is made a
6	party by reason of being or having been a member of the authority
	and against a final judgment rendered against that member in that
8	action or proceeding.
10	5. Executive director; other employees. The Director of
	the Bureau of General Services serves as the executive director
12	and may contract with consulting engineers, architects,
- 4	attorneys, board counsel, auditors, construction and financial
14	experts and other employees and agents as necessary;
16	81702 Definitions
16	§1703. Definitions
18	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
10	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
20	indicaces, the forfowing terms have the forfowing meanings.
20	1. Act. "Act" means the Maine Office Development Authority
22	Act.
	AND CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
24	2. Authority. "Authority" means the Maine Office
	Development Authority established by this Act.
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	3. Bonds. "Bonds" means any bonds of the Maine Office
28	Development Authority issued pursuant to this Act.
30	4. Cost. "Cost," as applied to a project, includes, but is
	not limited to:
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	A. The purchase price or acquisition cost;
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	B. The cost of construction, building, alteration,
36	enlargement, reconstruction, renovation, improvement and
	remodeling;
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	C. The cost of all labor, materials, machinery and
40	equipment;
42	D. The cost of all lands, structures, real or personal
	property, rights, easements, interests and franchises
44	acquired;
16	The cost of all utility outsides a second of the second of
46	E. The cost of all utility extensions, access roads, site
48	development, financing charges, premiums for insurance,
±0	interest before and during construction and for 6 months
50	after construction;

	F. The cost of working capital;
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	G. The cost of plans and specifications, surveys and
4	estimates of cost and revenues;
6	H. The cost of engineering, feasibility, legal and other
	<pre>professional services;</pre>
8	
	I. The cost of reserves for payment of future debt service
10	on securities;
12	J. The cost of contracting for job-site inspectors, with
	contracts for those services administered by the Bureau of
14	General Services;
	0020102 001710007
16	K. The cost of all other expenses necessary or incident to
10	determining feasibility or practicability;
18	decermand reductively or practicalizing,
10	L. Administrative and operating expenses; and
20	b. Administrative and Operating expenses, and
20	W Other owners recognize or insident to a project and
2.2	M. Other expenses necessary or incident to a project and
22	financing or refinancing authorized, including the refunding
2.4	of outstanding obligations, mortgages or advances issued,
24	made or given by a person for the costs in this subsection.
26	5. Holder of securities or holder. "Holder of securities,"
	"holder" or any similar term, when referring to securities of the
28	Maine Office Development Authority, means a person who is the
	bearer of outstanding securities of the authority registered to
30	bearer or not registered, or the registered owner of outstanding
	securities of the authority that, at the time, are registered to
32	other than the bearer.
2.4	E Natas UNatas unana notas of the Maine Office
34	6. Notes. "Notes" means notes of the Maine Office
	Development Authority issued pursuant to this Act.
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	7. Project. "Project" means projects, a project or part of
38	a project and includes the acquisition, construction,
	improvement, reconstruction or equipping of, or construction of
40	an addition or additions to, a structure designed for use as a
	state office building. The structure may include facilities for
42	the use of agencies of State Government and other political
	subdivisions of the State and for other governmental functions.
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	8. Securities. "Securities" means bonds, notes or other
46	evidences of indebtedness authorized by this Act.
48	\$1704. Powers
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50	To carry out the purposes of this Act, the authority has the
	following powers with respect to a project, together with all

	powers incidental to or necessary for the performance of those
2 .	powers:
4	1. Have perpetual succession. To have perpetual succession
••	as a body politic and corporate and an instrumentality or agency
6	of the State:
8	2. Sue and be sued. To sue and complain, in its own name,
10	and to plead;
10	3. Adopt official seal. To adopt and have an official seal
12	and alter that seal at pleasure;
14	4. Make bylaws; rules. To make and enforce bylaws or rules
16	for the conduct of its affairs and business and for use of its services and facilities;
16	services and facilities;
18	5. Acquire, improve and release real or personal property.
	To acquire real or personal property or interest in real or
20	personal property, including rights or easements, on either a
22	temporary or long-term basis by gift, purchase, transfer, foreclosure, lease, lease-purchase or otherwise; to improve,
22	hold, sell with or without public bidding, assign, lease, rent,
24	encumber, mortgage or otherwise dispose of real or personal
5	property or interest in real or personal property, or mortgage
26	interests owned or in its control, custody or possession; and to
	release or relinguish a right, title claim, lien, interest,
28	easement or demand, however acquired, including threat of
30	foreclosure;
30	6. Prepare and plan projects and facilities. To prepare or
32	cause to be prepared plans, subject to Title 5, section 1742;
34	7. Improve, furnish and equip project and attendant
	facilities. By contract or contracts to construct, acquire,
36	alter, repair, reconstruct, rehabilitate, improve, furnish and
38	equip the project and necessary and usual attendant facilities;
50	8. Maintain, reconstruct and operate until securities no
40	longer outstanding. To maintain, reconstruct and operate the
	project until the cost and the outstanding securities issued are
42	no longer considered outstanding. The lessee, with reasonable
	notification of the authority, may make necessary alterations to
44	facilitate the efficient operations of State Government;
46	9. Fix and collect fees. To fix and collect fees, rentals
±0	and other charges for the use of the project; in accordance with
48	Title 5, section 1742-D, to contract with holders of its
. .	securities for the fixing and collection of those fees, rentals
EΩ	and other changes and to movide for the eduction of magnetic

and proper rules as necessary to ensure the maximum use of the facilities of the project at all times;

10. Provide financing or refinancing. To provide financing for the project or to provide refinancing of existing indebtedness, and, for the financing of that project and of other necessary and usual attendant facilities, to borrow money and issue negotiable securities and to provide for the rights of the holders of those securities;

11. Make and execute contracts and other financial documents. To make and execute contracts and all other instruments, including trust agreements and other financial documents, and enter into transactions as necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers and functions under this Act;

12. Enter agreements; accept contributions, aid and grants. To enter into agreements with and accept loans, aid, contributions and grants from and the cooperation or assistance of the United States or an agency of the United States, or of the State or an agency or governmental subdivision of the State, including but not limited to the development, maintenance, operation and financing of the project, and to do all things necessary to avail itself of those loans, aid, contributions, grants and cooperation;

13. Enter agreements or other transactions. To enter into agreements or other transactions with any person, including construction agreements, purchase or acquisition agreements and loan or lease agreements with leasing corporations or other financial intermediaries;

14. Accept aid or contributions. To accept from any source aid or contributions of money, property, labor or other things of value, subject to the conditions upon which those grants and contributions are made, including, but not limited to, gifts or grants from a department or agency of the United States or the State for a purpose consistent with this Act;

15. Procure insurance. To procure insurance against any loss connected with its securities, its property and other assets in amounts and from insurers it considers desirable, including the Bureau of General Services, Division of Risk Management;

16. Consent to modification of contract, lease, indenture or agreement. To the extent permitted under its contract with the holders of securities, to consent to modification of a contract, lease, indenture or agreement to which the authority is a party;

- 17. Manage or operate real and personal property. To
 manage or operate real and personal property, take assignments of
 leases and rentals or take other action necessary or incidental
 to the performance of its duties;
- 18. Lease or rent land, buildings, structures, facilities 6 or equipment. To lease or rent to the State or an agency, instrumentality or department of the State, for amounts the 8 authority determines, land, buildings, structures, facilities or equipment comprising all or a portion of the project. The 10 obligation of the State or of an agency, instrumentality or 12 department to make rental or other payments is considered executory only to the extent of money made available by the 14 Legislature, and liability may not be incurred by the State or an agency, instrumentality or department beyond the money available 16 for that purpose;
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 19. Make secured or unsecured loans. To make secured or unsecured loans to provide temporary or permanent financing or refinancing of all or part of the cost of the project, including the refunding of outstanding obligations, mortgages or advances issued, made or given by a person or other entity for the cost of the project;
- 20. Invest funds. Except as otherwise provided in this
 26 Act, to invest funds not needed for immediate use, including funds held in reserve, in property or securities in which
 28 fiduciaries in the State may legally invest funds;
- 30 <u>21. Make appearances.</u> To appear in its own behalf before boards, commissions, departments or agencies of Federal Government, State Government or municipal government;
- 34 <u>22. Take action granted or implied.</u> To take any action necessary to exercise the powers granted in this Act or reasonably implied from this Act; and
- 23. Accept federal funds, gifts and contributions. For the purposes set forth in section 1718, to accept federal funds,

 40 gifts and contributions that include, but are not limited to:
 money; annuities and investments; furnishings, including
 paintings, artifacts and similar items; or anything of value.

§1705. Issuance of securities

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1. Resolution for issuance of securities. At one time or from time to time the authority may provide by resolution for the issuance and sale by the authority of securities, in the authority's own name, to pay the cost of a project approved by the authority or to refinance existing indebtedness. Securities

of the authority may not be authorized and issued except pursuant to a resolution adopted by the majority vote of the members of the authority. The resolution must include the general purpose or purposes for which the securities are issued and the maximum principal amount of those securities.

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2. Limitation on securities issued. The authority may not issue outstanding securities in excess of \$25,000,000 at any one time except for the issuance of revenue-refunding securities authorized by section 1709. The amount of securities that may be outstanding in the name of the authority may be increased by the Legislature upon a showing by the authority that its available revenues are sufficient to support additional issuance of bonds and that the issuance of bonds will not materially impair the credit standing of the authority, the investment status of bonds issued by the authority or the ability of the authority to fulfill its commitments to bondholders.

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3. After issuance. After issuance, all securities of the authority are presumed to be fully and duly authorized and issued under the laws of the State, and any person or governmental unit is estopped from questioning their authorization, sale, issuance, execution or delivery by the authority.

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4. Form of securities. The securities of each issue must 26 be dated, must mature at a time or times not exceeding 40 years from their date or dates of issuance and must bear interest at a 28 rate or rates, including variable, floating or adjustable rates, authorized by the authority. These securities may be made 30 redeemable, callable or subject to purchase or tender before maturity, at a price or prices and under terms and conditions 32 provided by the authority before the issuance of the securities. The authority shall determine the form of the securities, 34 including any interest coupons to be attached to the securities, and the manner of execution of the securities and shall fix the 36 denomination or denominations of the securities and the place or places of payment of principal and interest, which may be at a 38 bank, national banking association or trust company in or outside the State. Securities must be executed in the name of the 40 authority by the manual or facsimile signature of the official or officials authorized in the resolution to execute those 42 securities. Coupons attached to securities, if any, must be executed with the facsimile signature of the official or 44 officials designated in the resolution. If an official whose signature or a facsimile of whose signature appears on securities 46 or coupons ceases to be an official before the delivery of those securities, the signature or the facsimile is valid and 48 sufficient for all purposes, with the same effect as if that official had remained in office until the delivery.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Act or recitals in securities issued under this Act, all such securities are considered negotiable instruments issued under the laws of the State. The securities may be issued in coupon or registered form, or both, as the authority determines. Provisions may be made for the registration of coupon securities as to principal alone and as to both principal and interest, and for the reconversion into coupon securities of securities registered as to both principal and interest. The authority may sell the securities at either public or private sale in a manner and for a price it determines to be for the best interests of the authority.

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- 5. Award and select securities. The power to fix the date
 of sale of securities, to receive bids or proposals, to award and
 sell securities, to set the terms and provisions of securities
 and to take all actions necessary to sell and deliver securities
 may be delegated to any officer of the authority by a majority of
 the members of the authority.
- 20 6. Proceeds of securities. The proceeds of the securities of each issue must be used solely for the purpose or purposes for 22 which the securities were authorized and must be disbursed in that manner and under those restrictions the authority provides 24 in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the securities or in the trust agreement securing the securities. If the proceeds of the securities are less than the cost, additional securities 26 may be issued in like manner to provide the amount of the 28 deficiency and, unless otherwise provided in the authorizing resolution or in the trust agreement securing the securities, are considered to be of the same issue and are entitled to payment 30 from the same fund without preference or priority of the 32 securities first issued for the same purpose. The resolution providing for the issuance of securities and any trust agreement 34 securing the securities may contain limitations upon the issuance of additional securities the authority considers proper. Additional securities must be issued under restrictions and 36 limitations prescribed by the resolution or trust agreement. The authority may provide for the replacement of securities that 38 become mutilated, destroyed, stolen or lost. Securities may be 40 issued under this Act without obtaining the consent of any department, division, commission, board, bureau or agency of the State and without any proceedings or conditions other than those 42 specifically required by this Act.
 - 7. Use of proceeds. The proceeds of the securities of each issue must be used for the payment of all or part of the cost of the project for which authorized and must be disbursed in the manner and under the restrictions provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in the trust agreement securing the securities. Bond proceeds may be used to pay all

costs incurred in issuing the bonds and interest on the bonds for the time authorized by the authority, subject to the provisions of this Act, and to establish reserve funds and sinking funds for the bonds.

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- 8. Interim or temporary securities. Before the preparation of definitive securities, the authority may, under like restrictions, issue interim or temporary securities with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive securities when those securities are executed and are available for delivery.
- 12 9. Securing of principal and interest. The principal of and interest on securities issued by the authority must be secured by a pledge of the revenues and receipts derived by the 14 authority from the project financed and from other revenues of 16 the authority specially pledged by the authority and may be secured by a mortgage covering all or part of the project, 18 including enlargements of and additions to the project. The resolution under which the bonds may be issued and any mortgage may contain agreements and provisions respecting the maintenance 20 of the project covered; the fixing and collection of rents, fees 22 or other charges; the creation and maintenance of special funds from the revenues and any reserve funds; and the rights and 24 remedies available in the event of default, all as the authority considers advisable and not in conflict with the provisions of this Act. Each pledge, agreement and mortgage made for the 26 benefit or security of the holders of securities continues in effect until the principal of and interest on the securities for 28 the benefit for which the securities were made have been fully paid. 30

§1706. Pledges and covenants; trust agreement

34 In the discretion of the authority, securities issued under this Act may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the 36 authority and a corporate trustee, which may be any trust company or bank or national banking association having the powers of a 38 trust company in or outside the State. The trust agreement or the resolution providing for the issuance of the securities may 40 pledge or assign all or any portion of the revenues of the authority or a project of the authority and may contain 42 provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the holders of securities that are reasonable and proper and 44 not in violation of law. The provisions may include covenants setting forth the duties of the authority in relation to the 46 acquisition of property and the construction, reconstruction, renewal, replacement and insurance of a project in connection 48 with which the securities have been authorized; the fees, charges or rents to be charged or other payments to be made for the use 50 of or payment for securities; and the custody, safequarding and

application of all money. It is lawful for a bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the State that may act as depository of the proceeds of securities or of revenues of the authority or a project to furnish indemnifying bonds or to pledge those instruments as required by the authority. Such a trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the holders of the securities and of the trustee and may restrict the individual right of action by holders of securities.

To secure the payment of the securities, a trust agreement or other financial document may mortgage or assign the mortgage of a project and create a lien upon any or all of the revenues of the authority or a project or upon any or all of the real or personal property constituting a part of that project. The trust agreement, financial document or resolution may contain other provisions the authority considers reasonable and proper for the security of the holders of securities.

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A trust agreement or financial document containing a mortgage or assignment of a mortgage in respect to a project may authorize the trustee or mortgagee in the event of a default as defined, in respect to the securities issued to provide for the costs of that project, to take possession of all or any part of the mortgaged property constituting the project; to hold, operate and manage the project; and, with or without taking possession, to sell or from time to time lease the project. A judgment for possession may be without conditions and such a sale or lease is not subject to a right to redeem the mortgaged property. Upon satisfaction of the obligations secured by the mortgage in respect to the project, which includes all applicable fees and expenses, surplus proceeds from the operation, sale or lease of the project must be paid to the mortgagor of the project or to those claiming under the mortgagee and, subject to sale or lease under this paragraph, the mortgaged property in respect to the project reverts to or is returned to the mortgagor or to those claiming under the mortgagee.

All expenses incurred in carrying out the trust agreement, financial document or resolution may be treated as part of the cost of the operation of a project. All pledges of revenues under this Act are valid and binding from the time the pledge is made. All revenues pledged and received by the authority are immediately subject to the lien of the pledges without physical delivery or further action under the Uniform Commercial Code or otherwise. The lien of the pledges is valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the authority, irrespective of whether the parties have notice of the lien.

A resolution or resolutions authorizing securities or any issue of securities, or a trust agreement with respect to securities, may contain provisions, which are a part of the contract or contracts with the holders of the securities, that:

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- 1. Pledge the full faith and credit of authority. Pledge the full faith and credit of the authority or of all or any specified revenues or assets of the authority to secure the payment of the securities or of any issue of securities, subject to agreements with holders of securities that may then exist;
- 2. Pledge unencumbered revenues or assets of authority.

 Pledge all or part of the unencumbered revenues or assets of the

 authority to secure the payment of the securities or of any issue of securities, subject to agreements with holders of securities that may then exist;
- 18 3. Set aside reserves or sinking funds. Set aside reserves or sinking funds and provide for the regulation and disposition of the funds;
- 4. Limit use of proceeds of sale of securities. Limit the purpose to which the proceeds of sale of securities may be applied and pledge the proceeds to secure the payment of the securities or of any issue of securities;
 - 5. Limit issuance of additional securities. Limit the issuance of additional securities, the terms upon which additional securities may be issued and secured and the refunding of outstanding or other securities;
- 5. Amend or abrogate contract terms; procedure. Prescribe the procedure, if any, by which the terms of a contract with holders of securities may be amended or abrogated, the amount of securities the holders of which must consent to that amendment and the manner in which the consent may be given;
- 7. Limit money expended by authority for expenses. Limit the amount of money that may be expended by the authority for operating, administrative or other expenses of the authority:
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 8. Vest in trustee rights, powers and duties in trust.

 Vest in a trustee any property, rights, powers and duties in trust the authority determines, which may include any or all of the rights, powers and duties of the trustee appointed for the holders of securities issued pursuant to this Act;
- 9. Define default; provide rights and remedies. Define the acts or omissions to act that constitute a default in the obligations and duties of the authority to the holders of the

securities and provide for the rights and remedies of the holders of the securities in the event of that default, including as a matter of right the appointment of a receiver, but only if those rights and remedies are not inconsistent with the general laws of the State and the other provisions of this Act; and

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10. Affect security. Include other matters that affect the security or protection of the holders of the securities.

§1707. Trust funds

All money received pursuant to the authority of this Act is considered to be trust funds, to be held and applied solely as provided in this Act. An officer to whom, or a bank, trust company or other fiscal agent or trustee to which, that money is paid shall act as trustee of the money and shall hold and apply the money for the purpose of this Act, subject to rules that may be adopted by the authority pursuant to this Act and that the resolution or trust agreement may provide.

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\$1708. Remedies

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By action, mandamus or other proceeding, a holder of securities issued under this Act or of any of the coupons attached to those securities and the trustee under an applicable financial document, a resolution or a trust agreement, except to the extent the rights given are restricted by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the securities or the trust agreement, may protect and enforce all rights under the laws of the State or granted under this Act or under the resolution, financial document or trust agreement, including the appointment of a receiver, and may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by this Act or by the resolution, financial document or trust agreement to be performed by the authority, including the collecting of rates, rents, fees and charges for the use of any or all of the project's facilities. Any such suit, action or proceeding must be brought for the benefit of all the holders of the securities and coupons, subject to the terms of such a resolution, trust agreement or financial document.

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§1709. Revenue-refunding securities

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The authority may provide by resolution for the issuance of revenue-refunding securities of the authority to refund obligations of the authority or to refinance existing indebtedness, then outstanding, issued or incurred under this Act, including the payment of a redemption premium and interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of those obligations and in addition, if considered advisable by the authority, to construct improvements, extensions, enlargements or

additions of the project in connection with which the obligations to be refunded were issued. The authority may provide by resolution for the issuance of securities of the authority to refund outstanding obligations or revenue-refunding securities; to refinance existing indebtedness, which must have been issued 6 or incurred under this Act, including the payment of any redemption premium on that indebtedness and interest accrued or 8 to accrue to the date of redemption of the obligations; or to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring, constructing or enabling 10 the acquisition or construction of an additional project or making improvements, extensions, enlargements or additions to a project. The issuance of the securities; the maturities and other 12 details of the securities; the rights and remedies of the holders of the securities; and the rights, powers, privileges, duties and 14 obligations of the authority with respect to the securities are governed by this Act. 16

\$1710. Tax exemption

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Securities issued under this Act constitute a proper public purpose and those securities, their transfer and the income from those securities, including profits from their sale, are exempt from taxation in this State.

§1711. Governmental functions

The authority's exercise of the powers and duties conferred upon it by this Act is the performance of an essential function. Nothing contained in this Act limits or restricts the powers and duties of the authority.

§1712. Liberal construction

This Act is necessary for the welfare of the State and its inhabitants and is liberally construed to effect its purposes. In the event of a conflict between this Act and another law, this Act prevails. The power and authority granted by this Act are in addition to and not in derogation of power and authority granted by any other law.

§1713. Securities as legal investment

The securities of the authority are legal investments in which all public officers and public bodies of the State and its political subdivisions; all municipalities and municipal subdivisions; all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business; all banks, bankers, banking associations, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons

- carrying on a banking business; all administrators, guardians,

 executors, trustees and other fiduciaries; and all other persons who are now or may be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, that are in their control or belong to them.

 The securities are also, by this Act, made securities that may properly and legally be deposited with and received by all public officers and bodies of the State or an agency or political subdivision of the State and all municipalities and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of securities or bonds or other obligations of the State is authorized by law.
 - \$1714. Conflicts

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A member of the authority may not participate in a decision

16 on a contract entered into by the authority under this Act if
that member has a direct or indirect interest in a firm,

18 partnership, corporation or association that is party to the
contract. The interest must be disclosed to the authority in

20 writing and set forth in the minutes of the authority.

§1715. Actions against authority

A member of the authority acting within the scope of this
Act is not subject to personal liability resulting from the
exercise of the authority's purposes or powers.

§1716. Contract of State

30 The State pledges and agrees with the holders of securities that the State will not limit or alter the rights vested in the 32 authority to acquire, construct, reconstruct, equip and operate a project and related facilities; to establish and collect fees, charges, rentals and other charges referred to in this Act; and 34 to fulfill the terms of agreements made with the holders of the securities, or impair the rights and remedies of the holders of 36 the securities, until those securities together with interest on 38 the securities, interest on unpaid installments on interest and all costs and expenses in connection with an action or a proceeding by or on behalf of the holders of those securities are 40 fully met and discharged.

§1717. Credit of State not pledged

Securities issued under this Act do not constitute or create debts or liabilities on behalf of the State or of a political subdivision of the State other than the authority or a loan of the credit of the State or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or of a political subdivision other than the authority, but are payable solely from the funds provided for that payment.

Those securities must contain on their face a statement to the effect that neither the State nor a political subdivision of the State is obligated to pay the securities or the interest on those 4 securities except from revenues of the authority or the project for which they are issued and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or of a political subdivision of the State is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the securities. The issuance of securities under 8 this Act does not directly, indirectly or contingently obligate 10 the State or a political subdivision of the State to levy or to pledge a form of taxation or to make an appropriation for their 12 payment. Nothing contained in this section prevents or may be construed to prevent the authority from pledging its full faith and credit to the payment of securities authorized pursuant to 14 this Act.

\$1718. Gifts and contributions

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The authority may accept gifts and contributions as provided in section 1704, subsection 23 to design, construct, reconstruct, renovate or acquire a project in accordance with section 1705, subsection 2. The authority may accept gifts to furnish state office buildings. Furnishings include, but are not limited to, paintings, artifacts, furniture and similar articles.

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1. Acceptance of money. In accepting gifts of money, federal funds or other types of income, the authority shall place this money in a special account for the purpose for which it is provided. The authority may invest the money as provided in this chapter, subject to limitations imposed by the donor.

32 34 2. Acceptance of furnishings. In accepting furnishings for a project, the authority shall allocate the furnishings as directed by the donor.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

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This bill creates the Maine Office Development Authority for the purpose of renovating or constructing state-owned facilities to house the functions of State Government when practicable and in the best interests of the State.

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This document has not yet been reviewed to determine the need for cross-reference, stylistic and other technical amendments to conform existing law to current drafting standards.