MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1562

S.P. 540

In Senate, June 29, 1993

An Act to Clarify Tax on Intangible Income.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator SUMMERS of Cumberland. (GOVERNOR'S BILL). Cosponsored by Senator: BALDACCI of Penobscot, Representatives: SPEAR of Nobleboro, TARDY of Palmyra.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

4

б

2

Whereas, the Maine Supreme Judicial Court has recently decided <u>Boulet v. State Tax Assessor</u> and the holding on that case is contrary to the established practice of the Bureau of Taxation; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §5142, sub-§3, as enacted by P&SL 1969, c. 154, §F, is amended to read:

20

22

24

26

16

18

3. Intangibles. Income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest and gains from the disposition of intangible personal property, shall—eenstitute constitutes income derived from sources within this State only to the extent that such the income is from property of the taxpayer employed in a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this State.

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

52

Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §5217-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. N, §16 and affected by §17, is further amended to read:

§5217-A. Income tax paid to other taxing jurisdiction

A resident individual is allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this Part, excluding the tax imposed by section 5203-A, for the amount of income tax imposed on that individual for the taxable year by another state of the United States, a political subdivision of any such state, the District of Columbia or any political subdivision of a foreign country that is analogous to a state of the United States with respect to income derived from sources in that taxing jurisdiction also subject to tax under this Part, except that a tax imposed by another jurisdiction on intangible income is eligible for the credit only to the extent that the income is derived from property of the taxpayer employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in that jurisdiction. credit, for any of the specified taxing jurisdictions, may not exceed the proportion of the tax otherwise due under this Part, excluding the tax imposed by section 5203-A, that the amount of the taxpayer's Maine adjusted gross income derived from sources in that taxing jurisdiction bears to the taxpayer's entire Maine adjusted gross income; provided that, when a credit is claimed for taxes paid to both a state and a political subdivision of a state, the total credit allowable for those taxes does not exceed the proportion of the tax otherwise due under this Part, excluding the tax imposed by section 5203-A, that the amount of the taxpayer's Maine adjusted gross income derived from sources in the other state bears to the taxpayer's entire Maine adjusted gross income.

Sec. 3. Application. This Act applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1990, except that this Act does not apply to a request for a refund pursuant to Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5217-A that is filed during the period beginning May 21, 1993 and ending 15 days after the effective date of this Act.

14

16

2

4

Я

10

12

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

18

STATEMENT OF FACT

20

22

24

26

28

This bill responds to the decision of the Maine Supreme Judicial Court in the recent case of <u>Boulet v. State Tax Assessor</u> and is intended to clearly establish the Legislature's support for the long-standing practice of the Bureau of Taxation in denying a credit for tax paid to another jurisdiction on intangible income when the income in question is not derived from a taxpayer's property employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in that jurisdiction.