



# 116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

# FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1553

H.P. 1154

House of Representatives, June 4, 1993

An Act to Expand the Duties of the Judicial Council to Include Implementing the Recommendations of the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts and to Implement Certain Other Recommendations of the Commission.

## (EMERGENCY)

Reported by Representative COTE for the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary pursuant to Joint Order H.P. 1134.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the recommendations of the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts are comprehensive and include incremental changes over a long period of time, necessitating a group interested in putting into place the recommendations to ensure that the changes are implemented; and

Whereas, the Judicial Council is the appropriate body, when augmented by persons who were involved in the commission's efforts, to oversee the implementation of the recommendations; and

Whereas, the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts goes out of existence this year, and no other entity has the statutory mandate to continue the work; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

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#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §451, as amended by PL 1989, c. 891, Pt. A, §8, is further amended to read:

#### 30 **§451. Establishment**

32 A Judicial Council, as established by Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 51, shall make a continuous study of the organization, rules and methods of procedure and practice of the .. 34 judicial system of the State, the work accomplished and the 36 results produced by that system and its various parts. The council is charged with the responsibility to monitor, adapt as necessary and work to implement the recommendations of the 38 Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts. The council must be composed of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial 40 Court, who shall also serve as chair, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice of the Superior Court, the Chief Judge of the 42 District Court, the chairs of the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters or their 44 designees, and the Dean of the University of Maine System School 46 of Law, each to serve ex officio, and an Active or Retired Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court, one Justice of the Superior Court, one Judge of the District Court, one Judge of a 48 Probate Court, one clerk of the judicial courts, 2 members of the 50 bar and, 6 members of the public, and 4 persons who served on or participated in the activities of the Commission to Study the 52 Future of Maine's Courts to be appointed by the Governor. The

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appointments by the Governor are for such periods, not exceeding 4 years, as the Governor determines.

Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §451-A is enacted to read:

<u>§451-A. Courts' future implementation by Judicial Council</u>

8 The Judicial Council shall monitor, adapt as necessary and work to implement the recommendations of the Commission to Study 10 the Future of Maine's Courts, established by Public Law 1989, chapter 891, Part B.

The Judicial Council shall report on the status of 14 implementation of the recommendations, accompanied by any suggested legislation, by January 31st of each year.

The Judicial Council is authorized to seek funding from 18 sources other than the General Fund.

Sec. 3. 14 MRSA §7482, as amended by PL 1983, c. 678, is further amended to read:

§7482. Definition of a small claim

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A "small claim" means a right of action cognizable by a 26 court if the debt or damage does not exceed \$1,400 <u>\$3,000</u> exclusive of interest and costs. It shall <u>does</u> not include an 28 action involving the title to real estate.

 Effective July 1, 1997 and every 4 years after that date, the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters shall review the monetary limit on small claims actions and the Judicial Department shall
 periodically provide information and comments on the monetary limit on small claims actions to that committee.

Sec. 4. Interim Advisory Committee on Alternative Dispute Resolution in the Public Sector. There is established the Interim Advisory Committee on Alternative Dispute Resolution in the Public Sector, referred to in this section as the "committee," to provide assistance to state, municipal and other governmental entities in developing plans and policies for negotiated rulemaking and dispute resolution as recommended in the final report of the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts, established by Public Law 1989, chapter 891, Part B.

1. Charge. The committee shall:

A. Conduct a systematic inventory and review of present state agency dispute resolution policies and procedures and make recommendations designed to encourage the effective use of dispute resolution in State Government;

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B. Study the use of negotiated rulemaking by state agencies and by agencies of the federal and other state governments and make recommendations designed to expand and encourage the use of negotiated rulemaking by state agencies;

C. Provide guidance and expertise to state agencies, municipalities and other governmental entities in developing negotiated rulemaking and dispute resolution plans, policies and procedures;

D. Design and initiate a continuing study and analysis of the costs and benefits of negotiated rulemaking and public sector alternative dispute resolution to governmental agencies, private groups and individuals;

F. Seek funding to support the committee's work and to provide training for agency personnel; and

E. Develop a proposal for a state center for dispute resolution that will assume the responsibilities and functions of the committee.

**2. Appointment.** The committee consists of ll members appointed or designated as follows:

A. Two members with experience as municipal officials, one appointed by the President of the Senate and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

B. Two members with professional experience in dispute resolution or negotiated rulemaking, one appointed by the President of the Senate and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

36 C. Four members from state agencies, who shall coordinate and communicate with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act 38 liaisons of all state agencies, appointed by the Governor;

40 D. Two members representing the general public, one appointed by the Governor and one appointed by the Speaker
42 of the House of Representatives; and

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E. The Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee.

3. Convening of committee. When the appointment of all committee members is completed, the Executive Director of the
 Legislative Council shall convene the first meeting. The members shall elect a chair from among the membership.

4. Reports; legislation. The committee shall submit a 52 progress report to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary by

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January 1, 1994. The committee may recommend legislation at any The committee shall present a summary of its activities time. and findings, together with any recommended legislation, to the First Regular Session of the 117th Legislature by January 31, 1995.

Staffing. If funding permits, the committee may employ 5. staff and may contract for administrative, professional and clerical services.

Assistance. The committee may request assistance from 6. the Legislative Council with drafting legislation.

147. Funding. The committee is authorized to seek, accept and expend funds from outside sources to carry out the committee's activities. 16 Expenditures that have an impact on the General Fund may not be incurred.

The members of the committee shall serve 8. Compensation. 20 without compensation.

Sec. 5. Family court project continuation and expansion. 22 The family court project established pursuant to Public Law 1989, chapter 891, Part A, section 12 may be continued and expanded 24 into other geographic areas with large numbers of family law cases as well as in other areas determined appropriate. 26 The current jurisdiction of the Superior Court, District Court and 28 Administrative Court is not altered to ensure access. In those areas in which the family court project exists or into which the 30 project is expanded, it must be structured as the Family Court Division of the District Court, Superior Court and Administrative The Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court shall 32 Court. designate one judge or justice from the Superior Court, District Court or Administrative Court to direct the project. 34 The designated judge shall convene a preliminary planning committee 36 on the development of a nonadversarial administrative forum that includes social services for family matters. The designated judge shall report to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary 38 by January 15, 1994, and annually thereafter, and shall make a final report concerning the family court project by January 15, 40 1999.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the 44preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

#### STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill is the unanimous recommendation of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary. This bill takes the place of Legislative Document 1373, which would have established a 52 separate temporary commission to guide the implementation of the

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recommendations of the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts. This bill instead directs the Judicial Council to carry out those functions and adds to the membership of the Judicial Council to include members of or participants in the commission's work. No additional appropriation is necessary if these duties are absorbed by the Judicial Council.

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8 This bill covers 3 recommendations included by the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts in Legislative 10 Document 1354.

12 An interim advisory committee on alternative dispute resolution and negotiated rulemaking is created. It is smaller 14 than that included in Legislative Document 1354, but still requires that General Fund money not be used.

The jurisdictional limit for small claims cases is raised 18 from \$1,400 to \$3,000, and the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary is required to review the limit, with the help of the 20 Judicial Department, every 4 years.

The family court project, started in 1990 at the same time the Commission to Study the Future of Maine's Courts was established, is continued until 1999.