MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1510

H.P. 1115

House of Representatives, May 14, 1993

An Act to Promote Financial Responsibility and Family Planning.

Reference to the Committee on Human Resources suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative MacBRIDE of Presque Isle. (GOVERNOR'S BILL) Cosponsored by Senator KIEFFER of Aroostook and Representatives: KUTASI of Bridgton, QUINT of Paris.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA $\S3741$, as amended by PL 1983, c. 849, $\S1$, is further amended to read:

§3741. Aid to dependent children

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The department may administer and operate a program of aid to dependent children within the United States Social Security Act and any amendments and additions thereto. The department shall also implement and operate a program of aid to the dependent children of intact families with unemployed parents in accordance with the 42 United States Code, Title-42, Section 607, as amended.

The department shall seek a waiver from the United States Department of Health and Human Services to establish special eligibility requirements for assistance under this chapter as follows. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in determining the level of benefits for which a family is eligible, the department may not increase the payment level due to an increase in family size beyond that which corresponds to the family's size at the time of application or determination of eligibility, whichever is later. If a child is born to the family while a family member is a recipient of aid to families with dependent children benefits, the payment level may not increase to that ordinarily paid to the larger family. This limitation does not apply in the following circumstances.

- 1. Other children. A child who meets the eligibility requirements and is not the biological child of a family member receiving aid to families with dependent children benefits establishes residence with a family receiving benefits.
- 2. Pregnant women. The mother of a newborn child was pregnant with the child at the time of application or determination of eligibility.
- 3. Good cause. The department develops criteria under which children not originally included in the aid to families with dependent children benefit at the time of application or eligibility determination may be included at a later date.
- When a family reapplies for aid to families with dependent children benefits and no member of the eligible unit has been in receipt of aid to families with dependent children for a minimum of 12 consecutive months immediately preceding the date of application, a child previously excluded from the eligible unit in accordance with this section must be included in the eligible unit for cash assistance purposes.

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The purpose of this bill is to change the State's welfare laws to encourage responsible family planning and to discourage recipients of aid to families with dependent children from having additional children while receiving benefits. The bill directs the Department of Human Services to pursue a federal waiver to provide no additional benefit to most recipients who have additional children while receiving benefits. An additional child would, however, be eligible for Medicaid benefits. The bill provides 3 categories of exceptions to mitigate what might be harsh results: children who are not the biological offspring of a recipient of aid to families with dependent children who come to reside with the recipient family; the mother of a newborn child is pregnant with that child at the time she applies for benefits; and a broad "good cause" exception.

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