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No. 1509

H.P. 1113

House of Representatives, May 13, 1993

An Act to Amend Certain Laws Pertaining to the Department of Environmental Protection's Bureau of Hazardous Materials and Solid Waste Control.

(EMERGENCY)

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

VJOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative ANDERSON of Woodland.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, there is a need to exempt certain oil terminal facilities from unnecessary licensing requirements; and

Whereas, it is necessary to resolve questions raised in a recent law court decision concerning procedural provisions of the 3rd-party oil damage claims process in order to achieve efficiencies in the resolution of disputed claims; and

Whereas, it is important to exempt certain underground oil 14 storage facilities from daily inventory and annual statistical inventory requirements in cases where they are not technically 16 feasible; and

18 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of 20 Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and 22 safety; now, therefore,

- 24 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
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Sec. 1. 37-B MRSA §797, sub-§§6 and 7, as amended by PL 1989, c. 464, §3, are further amended to read:

6. Information withholding. An indication if the person is
 30 electing to withhold information from disclosure under section
 800; and

7. Transportation. A description of the manner in which
 34 the substance is shipped to the facility;-and .

36 Sec. 2. 37-B MRSA §797, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §3, is repealed.

Sec. 3. 37-B MRSA §799, as amended by PL 1989, c. 929, §4, is 40 further amended to read:

42 §799. Toxic chemical release forms

Under this section, the owner or operator of every facility 44 with 10 or more employees and within Standard Industrial Classification Codes 20-39 must file toxic chemical release forms 46 United for routine releases with the States Environmental 48 Protection Agency, the commission and the local emergency planning committee by October 1, 1989, and annually thereafter 50 consistent with the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

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of 1986, Public Law 99-499, Title III, Section 313, and 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372. Those forms must be made available to the public by the commission and the local emergency planning committee. The--owner-or-operator-of-every-faeility required-to-report-under-this-section-must-also-submit-a-report on-the-progress-made-by-the-facility-toward-meeting-the-texies release-reduction-goals-established-in-Title-38,-section-2303.

Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §421, as amended by PL 1991, c. 499, §15, is 10 repealed.

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Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §542, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §9, is amended to read:

3-A. Coastal waters. "Coastal waters" means all waters of the State within the rise and fall of the tide and within-the marine-limits-of-the-jurisdiction-of-the-State to a distance of 18 <u>12 miles from the coastline of the State</u> but does not include areas above any fishway or dam when the fishway or dam is the dividing line between tidewater and fresh water.

Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §542, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1991, c. 698, §4, is further amended to read:

7. Oil terminal facility. "Oil terminal facility" means any facility of any kind and related appurtenances, located in, on or under the surface of any land or water, including submerged lands, which is used or capable of being used for the purpose of transferring, processing or refining oil, or for the purpose of storing the same, but does not include any facility used or capable of being used to store no more than 500 <u>1500</u> barrels <u>or 63,000 gallons</u>, nor any facility not engaged in the transfer of oil to or from waters of the State. A vessel is considered an oil terminal facility only in the event of a ship-to-ship transfer of oil, but only that vessel going to or coming from the place of ship-to-ship transfer and a permanent or fixed oil terminal facility. The term does not include vessels engaged in oil spill response activities.

Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §544, sub-§1, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §109, is further amended to read:

1. Jurisdiction. The <u>rights</u>, powers and duties ef <u>conferred on</u> the department <u>and other persons</u> under this subchapter shall extend to-the-areas-described-in-section-543-and to a distance of 12 miles from the coastline of the State.

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Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §545, sub-§1, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §110, is further amended to read:

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4 1. Expiration of license. Licenses shall--be are issued upon application and shall-be are for a period of not less than 6 12 months to expire no later than 24 60 months after the date of issuance. The department may issue a temporary license for a 8 shorter period of time if it finds that the applicant has substantially complied but has failed to comply with one or more 10 provisions of existing rules. Licenses shall--be are issued subject to such terms and conditions determined by the department 12 as necessary to carry out the purposes of this subchapter.

Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §545, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1969, c. 572, §1, is amended to read:

A. Persons engaged in the business of servicing the fuel requirements of pleasure craft, fishing boats and other commercial vessels, where the purchaser and the consumer are the same entity and the serviced vessel is 75 <u>200</u> feet or less in overall length.

Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §551, as corrected by RR 1991, c. 2, §147, is amended by adding after the first paragraph a new paragraph to read:

Buildings or portions of buildings constructed with funds 28 from the Maine Coastal and Island Surface Oil Clean-up Fund are the property of the department.

Sec. 11. 38 MRSA §551, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 817, §11, is further amended by amending the first paragraph to read:

34 2. Third-party damages. Any person claiming to have suffered property damage or actual economic damages, including, but not limited to, loss of income and medical expenses arising 36 from physical bodily injury, directly or indirectly as a result of a discharge of oil prohibited by section 543 including all 38 discharges of oil from interstate pipelines, in this subsection called the claimant, may apply within 12 months after the 40 occurrence of a discharge to coastal waters and for other surface discharges within 2 years after the occurrence or discovery of 42 injury or damage, the whichever date is later, to the commissioner stating the amount of damage alleged to have been 44 suffered as a result of that discharge. The commissioner shall prescribe appropriate forms and details for the applications. 46 The commissioner may contract with insurance professionals to process claims. The commissioner may, upon petition and for good 48

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cause shown, waive the time limitation for filing damage claims. All 3rd-party damage claims for which no determination of award has been made or that have not been referred to a board of arbitration must be processed in accordance with the substantive and procedural provisions of this section.

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Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §551, sub-§2, ¶¶A and B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 817, §11, are further amended to read:

Α. When--a-responsible-party--is-known--the--commissioner shall-send-by-certified-mail-to-the-responsible-party-notice of--elaim--and--written--notice--of---the--right--to--join--the 3rd-party-damage-elaim-process-as-an-interested-party---A responsible-party-shall-provide-written-notification-to-the department-of-the-responsible-party-s-intent-to-join-within 10--working--days--of--receipt--of--this--notice----If--the responsible-party-joins -as -an-interested - party -and -formally agrees-in-writing-to-the-amount-of-the-damage-claim,--the determination--of--the--amount--of--the--claim--and--award--is binding--in-any-subsequent--action-for--reimbursement-to--the fund. If a claimant has not been compensated for 3rd-party damages by the responsible party, and the claimant, the responsible -- party and the commissioner agree as to the amount of the damage claim, er-if-the-responsible-party-dees not--join - as--an--interested - party--or--when - the--responsible party--is--not--known--after--the--commissioner--has--exercised reasonable-efforts-to-ascertain-the-responsible-party--and the-claimant- and the commissioner - agree - as to the camount - of the-damage-claim, the commissioner shall certify the amount of the claim and the name of the claimant to the Treasurer of State and the Treasurer of State shall pay the amount of the claim from the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund.

B. If the claimant, -- the -- responsible -- party and the commissioner are not able to agree as to the amount of the damage claim, or -if -- the -- responsible -- party -- does -- not -- join - as an -- interested -- party -- or -- when -- the -- responsible -- party -- is -- not known -- after -- the -- commissioner -- has -- exercised -- reasonable efforts -- to -- ascertain -- the -- responsible -- party -- and -- the -- elaimant and -- the -- commissioner -- are -- not -- agree -- as -- to -- the -- amount of -- the -- damage -- elaim, the claim is subject to subsection 3-A.

Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §551, sub-§3-A, ¶¶A and D, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §14, are amended to read:

A. An independent hearing examiner appointed by the commissioner shall hear and determine any disputed 3rd-party damage claims. <u>When a responsible party is known, the</u> <u>commissioner shall send by certified mail to the responsible</u>

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party a copy of the 3rd-party damage claim and written notice of the right to join the hearing before the hearing examiner as an interested party. A responsible party shall provide written notification to the department of the responsible party's intent to join as an interested party within 10 working days of receipt of this notice. If the responsible party joins as an interested party, any determination of the amount of the claim and award by the independent hearing examiner is binding on the interested party in any subsequent action for reimbursement to the fund. The parties to the hearing are the commissioner, the interested party, if any, and the claimant.

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D. Determinations made by the hearing examiner are final and binding on the parties and those determinations may be subject to review by-a-Justice-of-the-Superior-Court,-but only-as-to-matters-related-to-abuse-of-discretion-by-the hearing-examiner, pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII. The commissioner-or-a-claimant party seeking review of a hearing examiner's determination must file an appeal in the Superior Court within 30 days of the determination. Determinations made by the hearing examiner must be accorded a presumption of regularity and validity in a subsequent reimbursement action, but this presumption may be rebutted by responsible parties who do not become interested parties.

Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §551, sub-§6, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 454, §12, is amended by amending the first paragraph to read:

6. Reimbursements to Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund. For the use of the fund, the commissioner shall may seek recovery of all disbursements from the fund for the following purposes, including overdrafts and interest computed at 15% a year from the date of expenditure, unless the department finds the amount involved too small or the likelihood of success too uncertain, provided that recoveries resulting from damage due to an oil pollution disaster declared by the Governor pursuant to section 547 must be apportioned between the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund and the General Fund so as to repay the full costs to the General Fund of any bonds issued as a result of the disaster:

Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §562-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 865, §2, is amended to read:

 48 2. Applicant. "Applicant" means the owner or operator of an underground oil storage facility that-may-have-a-discharge-of
 50 oil at the time the oil discharge is discovered and who is

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seeking coverage of eligible clean-up costs and 3rd-party damage claims from the fund.

Sec. 16. 38 MRSA §562-A, sub-§10-A is enacted to read:

10-A. General fuel storage tank. "Generator fuel storage tank" means an underground oil storage tank that supplies oil to
 fuel an electric power generator.

Sec. 17. 38 MRSA §564, sub-§2-A, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 66, Pt. B, §5, are amended to read:

A. Collection of inventory data for each day that oil is being added to or withdrawn from the facility or tank, reconciliation of the data, with monthly summaries, and retention of records containing all such data for a period of at least 3 years either at the facility or at the facility owner's place of business. Daily inventory data is not required for facilities with secondary containment and continuous interstitial space monitoring or for generator fuel storage tanks;

Β. Annual statistical inventory analysis, the results of reported to the commissioner. which must be Annual analysis statistical inventory is not required for equipped with interstitial double-walled tanks space monitors, facilities with secondary containment and continuous interstitial space monitoring or generator fuel storage tanks;

Sec. 18. 38 MRSA §564, sub-§2-A, \P H, as amended by PL 1991, c. 763, §5, is further amended by amended subparagraph (1) to read:

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(1) Unexplained differences in daily inventory reconciliation values that, over a 30-day period, exceed -5% <u>1.0%</u> of the product delivered;

Sec. 19. 38 MRSA §568-A, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 494, §10, is further amended by amending subparagraph (4) to read:

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(4) For motor fuel storage and marketing and retail facilities, the following requirements:

44 (a) Applicable design and installation requirements in effect at the time of the
46 installation or retrofitting requirements for leak detection as covered by section 564, subsections 1
48 and 1-A;

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(b) Section 564, subsection 1-B, overfill and spill prevention equipment, and any rules adopted pursuant to that subsection;

(c) Section 564, subsection 2-A, paragraphs B to I, not including paragraph G, and any rules adopted pursuant to that subsection; and

(d) Payment of any fees required under section 569, subsection 4-A, paragraph C; and

(e) Submission of a site assessment for the presence of discharges of oil as required under section 566-A, subsection 4, and any rules adopted pursuant to that subsection.

Sec. 20. 38 MRSA §568-A, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1991, c. 817, §24, is repealed.

Sec. 21. 38 MRSA §569-A, 4th ¶, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, 22 §26, is repealed.

Sec. 22. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §26, is amended by amending the first paragraph to read:

2. Third-party damages. Any person claiming to have suffered property damage or actual economic damages, including, 28 but not limited to, loss of income and medical expenses directly 30 or indirectly as a result of a discharge of oil to ground water prohibited by section 543, in this subsection called the "claimant," may apply to the commissioner within 2 years after 32 the occurrence or discovery of the injury or damage, whichever date is later, stating the amount of damage alleged to have been 34 suffered as a result of that discharge. The commissioner shall 36 prescribe appropriate forms and details for the applications. The commissioner may contract with insurance professionals to 38 process claims. The commissioner, upon petition and for good cause shown, may waive the 2-year limitation for filing damage For-claims-made-on-discharges-eligible-for-coverage-by 40 claims. the--3rd-party--commercial--risk-pool--account,--the--commissioner 42 shall-pay-the-first-\$100,000-per-claimant-out-of-the-3rd-party commercial-risk-pool-account-as-long-as-funds-are-available---The 44 commissioner--shall--pay--any--alaims--that--exceed--\$100,000--or available -- money - in--the -- 3rd -- party - commercial -- risk - pool -- account from-the-fund-46

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<u>All 3rd-party damage claims for which no determination of award has been made or that have not been referred to a board of</u>

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arbitration must be processed in accordance with the substantive and procedural provisions of this section.

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Sec. 23. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§2, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §26, are amended to read:

When-a-responsible-party--is-known/-the-eemmissioner Α. shall-send-by-certified-mail-to-the-responsible-party-netice ef-claim- and written -notice -ef-the-right- to -join -the-claims proceeding--as--an--interested - party---A-responsible--party shall-provide-written-notification-of-intent-to-join-to-the department--within--l0--working--days--of--receipt--of--this notice----If--the--responsible-party--joins--as-an--interested party-and-formally-agrees-in-writing-to-the-amount-of-the damage-claim--any-determination-of-the-amount-of-the-elaim and --- award -- is -- binding -- in -- any -- subsequent -- action -- for reimbursements -- to---the -- fund. Ιf a claimant is not compensated for 3rd-party damages by the responsible party er-the-expenses-are above the applicant's deductible and the claimant,--the--responsible-party and the commissioner agree as to the amount of the damage claim, er-if-the-responsible party-does-not--join-as-an-interested-party-or-when-the responsible-party-is-not-known-after-the-commissioner-has exercised--reasonable-efforts--to--ascertain-the--responsible party, - and - the - claimant - and - the - commissioner - agree - as - to - the amount-of-the-damage-elaim, the commissioner shall certify the amount of the claim and the name of the claimant to the Treasurer of State and the Treasurer of State shall pay the amount of the claim from the fund.

Sec. 24. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§4, ¶¶A and D, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §26, are amended to read:

A. An independent hearing examiner appointed by the commissioner shall hear and determine any disputed 3rd-party
 damage claims. When a responsible party is known, the commissioner shall send by certified mail to the responsible
 party a copy of the 3rd-party damage claim and written notice of the right to join the hearing before the hearing
 examiner as an interested party. A responsible party shall

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provide written notification to the department of the responsible party's intent to join as an interested party within 10 working days of receipt of this notice. If the responsible party joins as an interested party, any determination of the amount of the claim and award by the independent hearing examiner is binding on the interested party in any subsequent action for reimbursement to the fund. The parties to the hearing are the commissioner, the interested party, if any, and the claimant.

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D. Determinations made by the hearing examiner are final and binding on the parties and those determinations may be subject to review by-a-Justice-of-the-Superior-Court,-but only-as-to-matters-related-to-abuse-of-discretion-by-the hearing--examiner, pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII. A elaimant party seeking review of a hearing examiner determination shall file an appeal in the Superior Court within 30 days of the determination. Determinations made by the hearing examiner must be accorded a presumption of regularity and validity in a subsequent reimbursement action, but this resumption may be rebutted by responsible parties who do not become interested parties.

Sec. 25. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§5, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §26, is amended to read:

C. The owner or operator of an underground oil storage facility that stores motor fuel or is used in the marketing and distribution of oil shall pay an annual fee of \$130 per tank not constructed of fiberglass, cathodically protected steel or other noncorrosive material. These-funds--must-be deposited-in-the-3rd-party-commercial-risk-pool-account. If the funds in the account fund are inadequate to pay the claims, costs and expenses for which payment from the account fund is authorized, the board may increase the per tank assessment up to \$500 per tank. Any-shortfall-in-the account -- occurring -- after -- the -- maximum -- accessment -- has -- been levied-must-be-paid-out-of-the-fund. Upon payment of the annual fee, the commissioner shall issue a certificate of coverage for the tank.

Sec. 26. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§8, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 44 817, §26, is amended to read:

Α. Administrative expenses, personnel expenses and equipment costs of the department related to the administration and enforcement of this subchapter and any loans to the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund made pursuant to this section. Administrative

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expenses, personnel expenses and equipment costs may not exceed \$1,734,000 per fiscal year. Capital expenditures for the acquisition of property needed to conduct remedial actions or for equipment used in the cleanup and remediation of sites are not included in the limitation of \$1,734,000 per fiscal year;

Sec. 27. 38 MRSA §569-A, sub-§8, ¶F, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 817, §26, is repealed.

Sec. 28. 38 MIRSA §569-A, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 12 817, §26, is repealed.

Sec. 29. 38 MRSA §570, 2nd ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 735, §72, is amended to read:

In any suit filed under this section, the State need not prove negligence in any form or matter by a defendant. The State need only prove the fact of the prohibited discharge and that a defendant is a responsible party, as defined in section 562 <u>562-A</u>.

Sec. 30. 38 MRSA §570-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 817, §31, is further amended to read:

§570-A. Budget approval

The commissioner shall submit budget recommendations for disbursements from the fund in accordance with section 569-A, subsection 8, paragraphs A, C, G, H and I for each biennium. The budget must be submitted in accordance with Title 5, sections 1663 to 1666. The State Controller shall authorize expenditures from the fund as approved by the commissioner. Expenditures pursuant to section 569-A, subsection 8, paragraphs B, D, E_r -F and J may be made as authorized by the State Controller following approval by the commissioner.

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This section is repealed December 31, 1999.

Sec. 31. 38 MRSA §1271, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 448, 40 §1-C, is amended to read:

42 The Legislature finds that the presence of friable and potentially friable asbestos in public and private buildings is a 44 public health hazard; that State Government and local government agencies are conducting major abatement programs; that it is 46 critical to the safe conduct of <u>all</u> asbestos <u>abatement activities</u> <u>such as monitoring</u>, <u>design</u>, <u>analysis</u>, <u>training</u>, <u>identification</u>, 48 encapsulation, removal, handling and disposal activities that trained and qualified personnel from the public and private 50 sectors be employed; and that work practice standards for

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asbestos abatement activities must be established and enforced to ensure protection of the public health.

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Sec. 32. 38 MRSA $\S1272$, sub- $\S2$, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, $\S2$, is further amended to read:

activity. abatement 2. Asbestos "Asbestos abatement 8 activity" means activity involving the removal, demolition, enclosure, repair, encapsulation, handling, transportation or 10 disposal of friable asbestos-containing materials in an amount greater than 3 square feet or 3 linear feet. "Asbestos abatement 12 activity" includes the associated activities such as design, and inspection monitoring, analysis of any friable 14 asbestos-containing material in an amount greater than 3 square feet or 3 linear feet, and conducting training for persons seeking a state certificate or license. 16

Sec. 33. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 448, §1-C, is amended to read:

design consultant. 4. Asbestos abatement "Asbestos abatement design consultant" means a-person an individual engaged 22 in preparing and supervising the implementation of facility plans 24 for the removal or abatement of asbestos. These activities include, but are not limited to, the performance of air quality and bulk sampling; advising building owners, contractors and 26 project supervisors on health impacts of asbestos abatement 28 activities; and supervising the conduct of training courses. This category of specialists includes, but is not limited to, 30 architects, health professionals, engineers, industrial hygienists, private consultants or other individuals involved in asbestos risk assessment or regulatory activities. 32

Sec. 34. 38 MRSA 1272, sub-55, as amended by PL 1989, c. 630, 1, is further amended to read:

5. abatement project supervisor. Asbestos "Asbestos 38 abatement project supervisor" means a-persen an individual with responsibility for the supervision of asbestos abatement 40 Those persons include, but are not limited to, activities. abatement project supervisors employed by contractors, in-house 42 asbestos abatement units, employees of governmental or public entities who coordinate or directly supervise asbestos abatement 44 activities performed by public schools, governmental or other public employees in a school district, governmental or other public buildings and project supervisors employed as consultants 46 to monitor and direct abatement contractors.

Sec. 35. 38 MRSA 1272, sub-6, as amended by PL 1989, c. 325, 2, is further amended to read:

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6. Asbestos abatement worker. "Asbestos abatement worker" means any--werker--perferming an individual engaging in any asbestos abatement activity for any employer.

Sec. 36. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§6-B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 473, §4, is amended to read:

6-B. Asbestos analytical laboratory. "Asbestos analytical laboratory" means a public or private <u>business</u> entity that scientifically analyzes samples of solids, liquids or gases to determine the presence and concentration of asbestos fibers.

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Sec. 37. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§§6-C and 6-D are enacted to read:

 16 <u>6-C. Asbestos air analyst. "Asbestos air analyst" means an</u> individual engaging in the analysis of air samples for fiber
 18 count including, but not limited to asbestos fibers.

 <u>6-D. Asbestos bulk analyst.</u> "Asbestos bulk analyst" means an individual engaging in the analysis of bulk samples for
 asbestos or other material composition.

Sec. 38. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§§8-A, 8-B and 8-C, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 473, §7, are amended to read:

8-A. Asbestos consultant. "Asbestos consultant" means a
 business entity that engages in, or intends to engage in, the design, inspection or monitoring of asbestos abatement activities.
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8-B. Asbestos inspector. "Asbestos inspector" means a
 32 persen <u>an individual</u> whose activities include, but are not limited to, collecting bulk samples and assessing the potential
 34 for exposure associated with the presence of asbestos-containing material.

8-C. Asbestos professional. "Asbestos professional" means
a-persen-lieensed-and an individual certified by the commissioner to werk engage in the asbestos abatement field activities,
including, but not limited to, an asbestos abatement worker, an asbestos abatement project supervisor, an asbestos air monitor,
an asbestos inspector, and an asbestos <u>abatement design</u> consultant, an asbestos air analyst, an asbestos bulk analyst and
an asbestos management planner.

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Sec. 39. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§8-D is enacted to read:

8-D. Asbestos management planner. "Asbestos management planner" means a person who assesses hazards associated with the

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presence and condition of asbestos-containing materials in schools and who develops a response action plan based upon the assessment.

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Sec. 40. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, §8, is further amended to read:

8. 10. Certificate. "Certificate" means a document issued to an individual by the commissioner affirming that an individual 10 has successfully completed the training and other requirements set forth in this chapter to qualify as an asbestos professional 12 abatement -- design -- consultant -- - an -- asbestos -- abatement -- project supervisor, -an-asbestos-abatement-worker, -an -asbestos -air-monitor er-an-asbestos-inspector,-whether-held by -an-individual,-business er-public-entity.

Sec. 41. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 448, §1-C, is amended to read: 18

Employee. "Employee" means every-person an individual 12. who may be permitted, required or directed by an employer in consideration of direct or indirect gain or profit, to engage in any employment.

Sec. 42. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§13, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 473, §9, is amended to read: 26

28 13. Friable. "Friable" means materials that, when dry, the potential to readily release asbestos fibers when have crumbled, pulverized, handled, deteriorated or subjected to 30 mechanical, physical or chemical processes. It also means 32 previously -- nonfriable potentially friable material that has deteriorated or has been or will be processed to the extent that, when dry, it may readily release asbestos fibers. 34

Sec. 43. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§15, as affected by PL 1989, c. 36 890, Pt. A, $\S40$ and amended by Pt. B, $\S218$, is further amended 38 to read:

15. "License" means a document issued by the 40 License. Commissioner -- of -- Environmental -- Protection commissioner to a business entity or public entity affirming that the entity has 42 met the requirements set forth in this chapter to engage in asbestos abatement activities as--an including, but not limited 44 to, asbestos abatement contractor, er in-house asbestos abatement unit, asbestos consultant, asbestos analytical laboratory and 46 training provider.

Sec. 44. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§15-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 473, §10 is amended to read: 50

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15-A. Owner or operator. "Owner <u>or operator</u>" means any <u>a</u> person who owns, leases, operates, controls or supervises any <u>an</u> <u>asbestos abatement activity within a</u> building, structure or facility having-asbestes-containing-materials.

Sec. 45. 38 MRSA §1272, sub-§18 is enacted to read:

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18. Training provider. "Training provider" means a person 10 providing training that is necessary to fulfill certification or licensing requirements under this chapter.

Sec. 46. 38 MRSA §1273, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 448, 14 §1-C, is amended to read:

 License or certificate required. No person or owner or operator may engage in any asbestos abatement activities in the State, unless licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter; and

Sec. 47. 38 MRSA §1273, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, §11, is further amended to read:

2. Notification required. A person or owner or operator 24 may not engage in any planned asbestos abatement project activity over 3 linear feet or 3 square feet of friable 26 asbestos-containing material unless that person or owner or operator notifies the commissioner in writing at least 10 calendar days before beginning any on-site work, including 28 on-site preparation work, that has the potential to release 30 asbestos fibers. Asbestos abatement activities greater than 160 square feet or 260 linear feet, excluding residential dwellings of fewer than 5 units, require a notification period of 10 32 working days.

Sec. 48. 38 MRSA §1274-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 473, §14, is amended to read:

38 §1274-A. Certification and licensing requirements

40 The board may adopt and amend rules necessary to govern the certification-and-licensing-of-asbestos-abatement-contractors, asbestos--abatement--design--consultants,--asbestos--inspectors, asbestos--air-monitors,--asbestos--abatement-project--supervisors, asbestos--abatement--workers,---asbestos--consultants,---asbestos analytical-laboratories-and-other-persons-undertaking-asbestos
46 abatement--activities licensing of business or public entities including but not limited to asbestos abatement contractors, analytical laboratory and training providers; and the

<u>certification of asbestos professionals undertaking asbestos</u> <u>abatement activities</u>.

Sec. 49. 38 MRSA §1275, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, §15, is further amended to read:

§1275. Approval of training courses

The board, after consultation with the Commissioner of Administration Administrative and Financial Services and the Commissioner of Labor, shall develop rules establishing criteria and procedures for the eertification approval of training courses and examinations which-shall that ensure the qualifications of applicants for certification as required in this chapter. The board shall promulgate adopt these rules in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II.

18 1. Course requirements. To qualify for eertification approval, a training course shall must contain a combination of 20 instruction, practical application and public health class procedures of a length and content which that, to the satisfaction of the commissioner, -- shall must ensure adequate 22 training for the level and type of responsibility for each named 24 certification category.

26 Instructors. All courses certified under this section 2. shall must be conducted by instructors whose training and 28 experience is determined by the commissioner to be appropriate for subject matter being taught the and the level of certification category for which the course is designed. A11 30 courses shall must be designed and conducted under the guidance of an asbestos abatement design consultant. 32

34 з. Transition. Training courses conducted by, and instructors employed by, a firm with in-house asbestos abatement 36 units contracting for asbestos removal with the Federal Government are considered certified under this section pending 38 review for certification if the firm has submitted to the commissioner by March 1, 1990, a training course that meets 40 training requirements set forth in this chapter.

Sec. 50. 38 MRSA 1278, sub-1, A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, 18, is further amended to read:

A. The fees are:

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(1) Asbestos abatement contractor: \$250;

(1-A) In-house asbestos abatement unit: \$250;

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(2)--Asbestos-abatement-design-consultant:--\$50; 2 (2-A)--Asbestes-inspector:-\$50; 4 (3)--Asbestes-air-meniter:--\$50; 6 (4)--Asbestos-abatement-project-supervisor+--\$50;-8 (5)--Asbestes-abatement-werker+--\$25; 10 (6) Asbestos consultant: \$250; 12 Asbestos analytical laboratory: \$250; (7) 14(8) Asbestes--abatement--training Training provider: 16 \$500 or the equivalent value of training of department personnel; and 18 (9) Other-categories Categories of asbestos abatement 20 professionals: \$50. 22 Sec. 51. 38 MRSA §1278, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1989, c. 630, $\S9$, is further amended to read: 24 2. Notification fees. Notification of a-planned asbestos 26 abatement project activities pursuant to section 1273, subsection 2, must be accompanied by a notification fee unless the activity 28 occurs in single-unit residential buildings. The fees are: 30 Ά. 32 Projects involving more than 100 square feet or (1)100 linear feet, but less than 1,000 square feet or 34 5,000 linear feet: \$100; and 36 (2) Projects involving more than 1,000 square feet or 5,000 linear feet: \$200. 38 Sec. 52. 38 MRSA §1280, as amended by PL 1991, c. 473, §§19 and 20, is further amended to read: 40 §1280. Standard of acceptable work practice 42 44 The board shall adopt rules that establish criteria and acceptable work practices procedures of for licensees and certificate holders and persons exempt 46 from licensing and certification requirements under section 1273, subsection 4 48 engaged in the following asbestos hazard abatement activities.

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1. Removal; demolition; encapsulation; enclosure; repair; handling; transportation; analysis; disposal; storage; design; monitoring; or inspection. For any asbestos activity that involves more than 3 linear feet or 3 square feet of friable asbestos-containing material, the board shall consider the following:

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A. Proper work practices for the removal of asbestos-containing materials;

B. Proper work practices for the encapsulation of asbestos-containing materials;

C. Proper work practices for enclosure of asbestos-containing materials;

D. Proper work practices for the demolition of a structure or position of a structure which contains structural members or components of or covered by asbestos-containing materials;

E. Proper work practices for the storage, transport and disposal of asbestos-containing materials;

F. Administrative penalties and cessation of operations to ensure compliance with this subsection;

G. Air monitoring, bulk and air sample analysis and criteria governing public access to sites where asbestos abatement activity has occurred; and

H. Asbestos abatement, monitoring, inspection, design and analysis activities.

34 In adopting these rules, the board shall consider cost-effective methods and alternatives that do not sacrifice public or worker 36 health or safety.

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Sec. 53. 38 MRSA §1303-C, sub-§12, as amended by PL 1991, c. 72, §1, is further amended to read:

12. Disposal. "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, incineration, spilling, leaking or placing of any 42 dumping, hazardous, biomedical or solid waste, waste oil, refuse-derived fuel, sludge or septage into or on any land, air or water and the 44 incineration of any solid waste, refuse-derived fuel, sludge or septage so that the hazardous, biomedical or solid waste, waste 46 oil, refuse-derived fuel, sludge or septage or any constituent thereof may enter the environment or be emitted into the air, or 48 discharged into any waters, including ground waters.

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Sec. 54. 38 MRSA §1303-C, sub-§39, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, Pt. E, §4, is amended to read:

39. Treatment. "Treatment" means any process, including, but not limited to, incineration designed to change the character or composition of any hazardous <u>waste</u>, waste oil or biomedical waste so as to render the waste less hazardous <u>or infectious</u>.

Sec. 55. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§11, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §228, is repealed.

Sec. 56. 38 MRSA §1310-F, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 519, §10, is further amended to read:

2. Eligibility. Any municipality that owns, rents or leases a solid waste landfill for which a remediation or closure 16 plan has been adopted is eligible for grants. A municipality that has acted to close its solid waste landfill or to remedy 18 environmental and public health hazards posed by the landfill 20 prior to the adoption of a closure or remediation plan under this subchapter or that closed a landfill or remediated environmental 22 or public health hazards posed by a landfill, is also eligible for reimbursement of closure or remediation costs incurred after February 1, 1976, as long as the closure or remediation actions 24 were in conformance with all applicable laws or rules in effect 26 at the time. Costs incurred by closure or remediation actions taken after the adoption of a closure or remediation plan under 28 this subchapter are eligible for reimbursement only if those actions conform to that plan. Grant payments may not be made to 30 any municipality for any portion of payments to settle civil or criminal judgments against that municipality for damages or 32 injuries caused by the landfill. In addition, for landfills in operation prior to January 1, 1993, grant payments may not be made to a municipality for remediation to mitigate any threat 34 posed by that landfill to structures built, or permitted by the 36 municipality to be built after January 1, 1994 unless the commissioner determines that the municipality could not have 38 reasonably anticipated these threats. Any interest paid by a municipality prior to reimbursement on a municipal bond issued to raise funds for remediation and closure activities during this 40 period is a cost eligible for reimbursement under this section. The commissioner shall use at least 1/3 of the available funds 42 for municipalities eligible for reimbursement of closure and remediation costs under this subsection until all those 44 municipalities have been reimbursed. landfill Α that is privately owned and privately operated is not eligible for 46 reimbursement under this subchapter.

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A. The commissioner may act to abate public health, safety and environmental threats at sites identified as

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uncontrolled hazardous substance sites under section 1362, subsection 3 or at federally declared Superfund sites. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the commissioner shall determine the amount of funds expended at such sites.

B. The commissioner may enter into contracts with the Maine Municipal Bond Bank to manage bonds issued under this article, as long as the management fee structure does not allow dilution of the bond principal.

Sec. 57. 38 MRSA §1310-G, sub-§2, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §239, is repealed.

Sec. 58. 38 MRSA §1310-I, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §241, is repealed.

18 Sec. 59. 38 MRSA §1310-P, first ¶, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §243, is further amended to read:

The department shall apply this section to every license for a new or expanded solid waste disposal facility and to the license of every existing solid waste disposal facility at the time of relicensing <u>or by April 9, 1994, whichever date occurs</u> <u>first</u>.

Sec. 60. 38 MRSA §1310-P, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §25, is amended to read:

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1. Escrow account. The owner or operator of every solid 32 waste disposal facility shall accrue an amount sufficient to satisfy the estimated costs of closure and post-closure care and 34 The owner or operator of every municipal solid maintenance. waste landfill shall accrue an amount or provide other financial 36 assurance sufficient to satisfy the estimated cost of corrective action for known releases from the landfill. The owner or operator shall deposit the amount or provide financial assurance 38 according to rules adopted by the board pursuant to subsection 40 3. The account established pursuant to this subsection shall constitute constitutes an escrow account for the closure and 42 post-closure care and maintenance of that solid waste disposal facility or financial assurance for corrective action of the municipal solid waste landfill. No withdrawals from the escrow 44 account may be made without written approval of the commissioner 46 or as otherwise authorized by the commissioner.

Sec. 61. 38 MRSA §1310-P, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 517, §25, is repealed.

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Sec. 62. 38 MRSA §1310-X, as amended by PL 1991, c. 382, is further amended to read:

4 §1310-X. Future commercial waste disposal facilities

1. New facilities. Notwithstanding Title 1, section 302, the department may not approve an application for a new commercial solid waste <u>disposal</u> or biomedical waste disposal <u>or treatment</u> facility after September 30, 1989, including any applications pending before the department on or after September 30, 1989.

Relicense or transfer of license. The department may
 relicense or approve a transfer of license for a commercial solid waste <u>disposal</u> or biomedical waste disposal <u>or treatment</u> facility
 after September 30, 1989, if the facility had been previously licensed by the department prior to October 6, 1989, and all
 other provisions of law have been satisfied.

3. Expansion of facilities. The department may license an expansion of a commercial solid waste <u>disposal</u> or biomedical
 waste disposal <u>or treatment</u> facility after September 30, 1989 if:

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A. The department has previously licensed the facility prior to October 6, 1989;

B. The department determines that the proposed expansion is contiguous with the existing facility and is located on property owned by the licensee on September 30, 1989; and

C. For a commercial solid waste disposal facility and prior to the adoption of the state plan and siting criteria under chapter 24, the department determines that the proposed expansion is consistent with the provisions of section 1310-R, subsection 3, paragraph A-1 or, after the adoption of the state plan and siting criteria under chapter 24, the agency determines that the provisions of section 2157 are met.

40 4. Exemption. A commercial biomedical waste disposal or treatment facility is exempt from the prohibitions of this
42 section if at least 51% of the facility is owned by a hospital or hospitals as defined in Title 22, section 382, subsection 7 or an
44 affiliated interest or interests as defined in Title 22, section 396-L, subsection 1, paragraph A.

Sec. 63. 38 MRSA §1318-C, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 208, §3, is amended to read:

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A. The hazardous matter and substances covered including the reportable quantity for each hazardous matter and mixture measured in pounds Θ_{\pm} if a solid and in pounds and gallons if a liquid;

Sec. 64. 38 MRSA \$1319-E, sub-\$1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 499, \$23, is further amended to read:

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1. Money disbursed. Money in the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund may be disbursed by the commissioner for the following purposes, but for no other:

A. Costs incurred in the removal or abatement of an unlicensed discharge or threatened discharge of hazardous waste eff, waste oil or biomedical waste. Whenever practical, the commissioner shall may offer the responsible party the opportunity to remove or abate the discharge or threatened discharge;

C. Costs incurred for the purchase of necessary hazardous waste, and waste oil <u>and biomedical waste</u> testing, response, inspection and monitoring equipment and supplies, response and compliance personnel and training of personnel in accordance with an allocation approved by the Legislature;

D. Amounts necessary to reimburse municipalities as required by section 1319-R, subsection 3;

E. Costs incurred in the inspection or supervision of hazardous waste, waste oil and biomedical waste activities and hazardous-waste handlers; and

F. A one-time allocation of \$100,000 to the department and the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission to develop mining rules pursuant to section 349-A. This allocation must be repaid by any preapplication fees assessed pursuant to section 352, subsection $4-A_{\tau}$; and

40 <u>G. Costs incurred in the administration of chapter 26 or</u> 40 <u>the provision of technical assistance under the toxics use,</u> <u>toxics release and hazardous waste reduction program</u> 42 <u>established in chapter 26.</u>

Sec. 65. 38 MRSA §1319-Q, sub-§2, as reallocated by PL 1987, c. 517, §13, is amended to read:

Report to the board. The commissioner shall annually
 biennially, prior to May 1st, prepare a report to the board covering the prior <u>2</u> calendar year-which-shall years that must
 include the following data:

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The amount of hazardous waste by type that is generated, Α. handled or transported within the State;

The amount of hazardous waste by type that is handled at commercial hazardous waste facilities within the State;

C. The number of hazardous waste facility permits by type currently active and the number granted and revoked in the year;

D. The amount of hazardous waste by type generated outside the State that was handled at permitted facilities within the State, and the amount of hazardous waste generated within the State that was handled at facilities located outside the State;

A list of hazardous waste facilities located within the Ε. State and those located outside the State which are available for use by generators in the State; and

F. A list of known firms that provide testing, consulting, brokerage, waste exchange, transport or other services to hazardous waste generators.

Sec. 66. 38 MRSA §1319-Q, sub-§3, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §262, is repealed.

Sec. 67. 38 MRSA §1319-Q, sub-§4, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §262, is further amended to read:

4. Legislative recommendations. The commissioner shall make 34 an-annual a biennial status report to the Legislature concerning hazardous waste management, including any recommendations of the board for legislative action to develop and establish needed 36 hazardous waste facilities. These recommendations may include tax 38 and other financial incentives or recommendations to directly, or through an instrumentality, acquire suitable sites for hazardous waste facilities, or to construct and operate hazardous waste 40 facilities. Recommendations in the annual <u>biennial</u> status report must be based solely on the information and plans prepared pursuant to this section and information obtained at public hearings.

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Sec. 68. 38 MRSA §1362, sub-§§4 and 5, are enacted to read:

48 Environmental site assessment. "Environmental site assessment" means an environmental investigation of a site that 50 involves intrusive research such as sampling, drilling and

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test-pitting and includes monitoring information and analytical data to determine if hazardous substances have been discharged into the environment.

5. Site. "Site" means a licensed or unlicensed area or location where hazardous substances are handled or were handled or otherwise came to be located. "Site" includes all structures, appurtenances, improvements, equipment, machinery, containers, tanks and conveyances on the site.

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Sec. 69. 38 MRSA §1363-A is enacted to read:

<u> \$1363-A. Reporting</u>

A person responsible for conducting an environmental site assessment who discovers evidence that hazardous substances have been released at the site is responsible for submitting the assessment report to the commissioner within 30 days of discovery of the evidence.

Sec. 70. 38 MRSA §1364, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1985, c. 746, §33, is further amended to read:

The board may adopt rules related to the 24 2. Rules. handling of hazardous substances; the investigation, abatement, mitigation and cleanup of spills of hazardous substances; and the 26 investigation, designation and mitigation of uncontrolled 28 hazardous substance sites. The board may provide by rule that any person who knows or has reason to believe that any hazardous 30 substance is present in ground water or soils beneath a site which-is-owned-or-operated-by-that-person provide notice of that condition to the department if the concentration of the hazardous 32 substance in ground water exceeds state or federal recommended contaminant levels for drinking water or the concentration in 34 soils exceeds contaminant levels established by the board.

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Sec. 71. 38 MRSA §1365, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

 6. Enforcement; penalties; punitive damages. Any
 responsible party who fails without sufficient cause to undertake removal or remedial action promptly in accordance with an order
 issued pursuant to section 1304, subsection 12 and section 1367 may be liable to the State for punitive damages in an amount at
 least equal to, and not more than 3 times, the amount expended by the commissioner as a result of such failure to take proper
 action.

48 <u>The Attorney General is authorized to commence a civil action</u> <u>against any such responsible party to recover the punitive</u> 50 <u>damages, which are in addition to any fines and penalties</u>

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established pursuant to section 349. Any money received by the 2 commissioner pursuant to this subsection must be deposited in the Uncontrolled Sites Fund. 4 Sec. 72. 38 MRSA §2174, sub-§§1, 3 and 4, as affected by PL б 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, $\S40$ and amended by Pt. B, $\S292$, are repealed. 8 Sec. 73. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§1, ¶B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 520, §13, is amended to read: 10 в. The following facilities are exempt from the planning and reporting requirements for toxics use: 12 14Water Drinking water supply treatment facilities; (1)and 16 Municipal wastewater treatment facilities - ; and (2) 18 (3) Wholesale distributors of chemicals. 20 Sec. 74. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§2, ¶B, as repealed and replaced 22 by PL 1991, c. 520, §13, is amended by amending subparagraph (1) to read: 24 (1)The following facilities are exempt from the planning 26 and reduction requirements for toxics release: 28 (a) Water Drinking water supply treatment facilities; 30 Municipal wastewater treatment facilities; (b) Retail and wholesale motor fuel and heating oil 32 (c) distributors; and 34 (d) Agricultural activities. 36 Sec. 75. 38 MRSA §2307, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, is amended to read: 38 $\dot{40}$ Toxics use reduction reports. As--set--forth--in-Title · 1. 37-Br-seetion-797r-toxies Toxics users must report their progress 42 toward meeting the toxics use reduction goals as-part-of-their reporting-requirements-to-the-State-Emergency-Response-Commission annually to the commissioner on forms developed by the department. 44 Sec. 76. 38 MRSA §2307, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, 46 §16, is further amended to read: 48 Toxics release reduction reports. As-set-forth-in-Title 2. 37-B,--section-799,--texies Toxics releasers must report their 50

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progress toward meeting the toxics release reduction goals as part--of--their--reporting-requirements-to--the--State--Emergency Response--Commission annually to the commissioner on forms developed by the department. After January 1, 1994, the commissioner may require a toxics releaser to submit a summary of the toxics release reduction plan required under section 2305 within 60 days when:

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A. A facility has not made sufficient progress in reducing toxics release as evidenced by failure to meet the toxics release reduction goals;

B. A facility has received an exemption under section 2304, subsection 2, paragraph B, subparagraph (2), and has not made sufficient progress toward meeting the alternate toxics release reduction goals established by the commissioner in section 2304, subsection 2, paragraph B, subparagraph (2); or

C. A new facility has toxics release rates that are significantly greater per unit of product than in similar facilities within the same standard industrial code category.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 37-B, 30 sections 797 and 799 to eliminate the requirement to report toxics reductions to the State Emergency Response Commission. 32 Amendments to Title 38, section 2307 require that toxics reductions be reported to the Commissioner of Environmental ·34 Protection. Title 38, section 2304 is amended to clarify that the exemption for water supply treatment facilities from the requirement to report progress toward meeting reduction goals 36 applies only to drinking water and provides an exemption for wholesale distributors of chemicals. 38

The bill amends the definition of an oil terminal facility to exclude certain vessels from licensing requirements and extend
the maximum period of a license from 2 to 5 years.

44 The bill amends the statutes pertaining to 3rd-party damage claims made to the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up
46 Fund and the Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund to clarify that claims that have not been settled or referred to arbitration are
48 to be processed in accordance with existing statute as opposed to the statute in effect at the time the application for a claim was
50 filed. The bill removes the responsible party from the 3rd-party

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damage claims process unless the responsible party agrees to become an interested party who is bound by the results of that process for purposes of a subsequent reimbursement action. Interested parties are entitled to participate in hearings before independent hearing examiners and to appeal their decisions. The decisions of independent hearing examiners are granted a presumption of regularity in subsequent reimbursement actions that may be rebutted by responsible parties who do not become interested parties.

The bill amends the underground oil storage facilities and ground water protection laws to: exempt certain tanks from daily inventory and annual statistical inventory requirements; change the daily product inventory trigger for reporting evidence of a leak; clarify that certain capital expenditures are not included in the spending limitation of \$1,743,000 per fiscal year; and eliminate the commercial risk pool account.

The bill amends the definitions of disposal and treatment to 20 identify incineration of hazardous waste, waste oil and biomedical waste as treatment, not disposal. Title 38, section 22 1310-X is amended to reflect the change in the definitions of disposal and treatment in order to preserve the intent of section 24 1310-X.

26 The bill amends the solid waste facility siting provisions by repealing the exemption for solid waste disposal facilities 28 that are owned by municipalities from the escrow closure account requirements of state law. This exemption conflicted with United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations that require 30 all municipal solid waste landfill owners and operators to 32 demonstrate financial assurance sufficient to meet the costs of closure, post-closure care and corrective action for known 34 Recently adopted federal regulations established releases. requirements for state solid waste permit programs. This bill removes a barrier to United States Environmental Protection 36 Agency authorization of the state program.

The bill amends the hazardous matter control laws to require 40 that spill prevention control and clean-up plans report quantities of hazardous matter in pounds if a solid and in pounds 42 and gallons if a liquid.

The bill amends the uncontrolled sites law to include a definition of "site" to require the reporting of the discovery of
 hazardous substances at a site, to expand rule-making authority and to enact an enforcement and penalty provision.

The bill repeals the 300-foot boundary law.

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The changes to section 542, subsection 3-A and section 544 clarify the extent of claims allowed to the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund for damages to real estate or personal property or loss of income as the result of a discharge of oil. Persons suffering damages within 12 miles of the Maine coastline as the result of an oil spill may file a claim.

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The bill amends the Maine Coastal and Inland Surface Oil Clean-up Fund to ensure that buildings constructed with fees from the fund remain under the control of the department.

The bill amends the Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund coverage requirements to: clarify that there must be evidence of a discharge, require the submission of the site assessment and repeal a time requirement related to uncompensated 3rd-party damage claims that are in conflict with other laws.

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The bill amends section 1271 through section 1280 to define terms and clarify changes made to the asbestos laws by Public Law 1991, chaper 473.

This bill amends section 1310-F to prohibit grant payments to municipalities for civil or criminal judgments against them or for rehabilitation of some structures constructed in the municipality after January 1, 1994.

The bill repeals the following reporting requirements: 28 imported waste report, closure and remediation program progress report and the hazardous waste facility needs plan. The 30 hazardous waste management status report to the Legislature is changed from an annual to a biennial report.

The amendments to section 1319-E clarify the costs allowable 34 under the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund.

The bill amends section 1362 to include a definition of environmental site assessment.

The amendments to Title 38 of the Maine Revised Statutes, section 2174 repeal the requirement that the commissioner establish a host municipality solid waste facility inspector training and certification program. Corresponding order and inspection provisions also are repealed.

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