

L.D. 1506

DATE: 3/23/94

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(Filing No. H-901)

## LEGAL AFFAIRS

Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.

## STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 116TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

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 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " H" to H.P. 1110, L.D. 1506, Bill, "An
 20 Act to Amend the Laws Governing Municipal Elections"

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the statement of fact and inserting in its place the following:

'Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §1202, sub-§5, ¶A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

A. Municipalities voting on the questions of district formation under Title 30-A, sections 2528 to 2531, <u>2531-A</u> shall open the polls at 10 a.m. and shall close the polls at 7 p.m.

Sec. 2. 28-A MRSA §121, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1987, c. 147, §1, is further amended to read:

1. Petition. A petition for a local option election must be signed by a number of voters equal to at least 15% of the number of votes cast in that municipality in the last gubernatorial election. All petition signatures must have been signed since the last general election. The petition must be addressed to and received by the municipal officers at least 42 <u>45</u> days before holding any primary, special statewide, general or municipal election or town meeting.

Sec. 3. 28-A MRSA §121, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 45, Pt. A, §4, is amended to read:

Page 1-LR1296(2)

3. Conduct of election. Except as provided in this section, the petition process and the voting at elections held in towns and plantations shall must be held and conducted in accordance with Title 30 <u>30-A</u>, sections 2061 <u>2528</u>, 2062 <u>2529</u> and 2065 <u>2532</u>, even if the town or plantation has not accepted the provisions of section 2061 <u>2528</u>. The voting at elections held in cities must be held and conducted in accordance with Title 21-A. No referendum questions except those set out in section 123 may be printed on the ballot. The municipal clerk shall make a return of the results, certify the results and send it to the office of the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall forward the results to the commission.

Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §2102, sub-§4,  $\P$ C, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

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C. When an original or supplementary petition has been certified insufficient, the committee, within 2 days after receiving the copy of the clerk's certificate, may file a request with the municipal officers for review.

The municipal officers shall inspect the petitions in substantially the same form, manner and time as a recount hearing under section 2531 2531-A and shall make due certificate of that inspection. The municipal officers shall file a copy of that certificate with the municipal clerk and mail a copy to the committee. The certificate of the municipal officers is a final determination of the sufficiency of the petitions.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA  $\S2354$ , sub- $\S5$ , as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C,  $\S\$$  and 10, is further amended to read:

5. Inspection and recount. Upon written application of 10% of the persons, or 100 persons, whichever is less, whose names were checked on the voting lists at any quasi-municipal corporation or district referendum held under this chapter, a ballot inspection or a recount hearing shall must be granted. The time limits, rules and all other matters applying to candidates under sections 2530 2530-A and 2531 2531-A apply equally to applicants for either the inspection or recount.

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1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, are further amended to read:
C. Completed nomination papers or certificates of political caucus nomination must be filed with the clerk during

business hours by the 35th 45th day prior to election day.

They must be accompanied by the written consent of the

Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §2528, sub-§4, ¶¶C and D, as amended by PL

Page 2-LR1296(2)

person proposed as a candidate agreeing:

(1) To accept the nomination if nominated;

(2) Not to withdraw; and

(3) If elected at the municipal election, to qualify as such municipal officer.

When <u>these papers and certificates are</u> filed, the clerk shall make these-papers and eertificates <u>them</u> available to public inspection under proper protective regulations. The clerk shall keep them in the office for 6 months.

D. A nomination paper or a certificate of political caucus nomination which <u>that</u> complies with this section is valid unless a written objection to it is made to the selectmen <u>municipal officers</u> by the 33rd <u>43rd</u> day prior to election day.

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(1) If an objection is made, the clerk shall immediately notify the candidate affected by it.

(2) The selectmen <u>municipal officers</u> shall determine objections arising in the case of nominations. Their decision is final.

Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §2528, sub-§6,  $\P$ F, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

F. Befere-distribution,-the-ballot-shall <u>Ballots must</u> be folded <u>uniform</u> in marked-creases-to-measure,-when-folded, from-4-1/2-to-5-inches-wide-and-from-6-to-13-1/2-inches-long <u>size</u>. On the back-and-outside,-when-folded,--shall-be printed <u>ballot must appear</u> "Official Ballot for the Town of ....," the date of election and a facsimile of the signature of the clerk.

Sec. 8. 30-A MRSA §2528, sub-§6-A is enacted to read:

 40 <u>6-A. Candidate withdrawal; new ballots. The following</u> provisions govern the withdrawal of a candidate from an elective
 42 race.

 A. A candidate may withdraw from an elective race by notifying the municipal clerk in writing of the candidate's intent to withdraw and the reason for withdrawal at least 45 days before the election. This notice must be signed by the candidate and must be notarized.

Page 3-LR1296(2)

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B. Within the 45-day period before an election, the municipal clerk may allow a candidate to withdraw from an elective race. A candidate who requests to withdraw within the 45-day period before an election shall notify the municipal clerk in writing of the candidate's intent to withdraw and the reason for withdrawal. This notice must be signed by the candidate and must be notarized.

<u>C. The municipal clerk shall ensure that new ballots are produced, if necessary, to reflect the withdrawal of a candidate from an elective race.</u>

Sec. 9. 30-A MRSA §2529, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

2. Absentee ballot. The absentee ballot requirements of Title 21-A, section 752, apply,-provided-that-the-words-"Absentee Ballot"--are-marked--conspicuously,--instead-of--printed,-on-both sides-of-the-folded-ballot,-if-at-least-one-such-marking-includes an-attestation-with-the-written-signature-of-the-elerk-and-is sealed-with-the-municipal-seal.

Sec. 10. 30-A MRSA §2530, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. 24 C, §§8 and 10, is repealed.

- 26 Sec. 11. 30-A MRSA §2530-A is enacted to read:
- 28 §2530-A. Candidate's inspection of ballots and incoming voting lists

This section governs all inspections of ballots and incoming32voting lists cast in any election for municipal office.Inspection procedures for other offices do not apply to elections34for municipal office.

If a candidate other than a declared winner in an election 36 applies in writing to the municipal clerk within 5 days after the 38 result of a city election or an election under section 2528 has been declared, the municipal clerk shall permit the candidate or 40 the candidate's agent, after payment of any deposit required under subsection 2, to inspect the ballots and incoming voting 42 lists under proper protective regulations. The final day of the 5-day period ends at the close of regular business hours in the office of the municipal clerk. The candidate requesting the 44 inspection may request a random or complete inspection of the ballots and incoming voting lists. 46

48 <u>Any inspection of ballots and incoming voting lists is</u> subject to the following provisions.

Page 4-LR1296(2)

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1. Notice. The inspection may be permitted only after 2 written notice by the municipal clerk to: 4 A. The ward officers who signed the election returns in a city or the moderator in a town; and б B. All candidates for the office specified in the 8 application. 10 This notice must state the time and place of the inspection and provide the persons listed in paragraphs A and B with a reasonable opportunity to be present and heard in person or to be 12 represented by counsel. 14 2. When deposit is required. A deposit is not required if 16 the percentage difference shown by the official tabulation is equal to or less than: 18 A. Two and one-half percent, if the combined vote for the 20 candidates is 1,000 or less; 22 Two percent, if the combined vote for the candidates is в. 1,001 to 5,000; or 24 C. One and one-half percent, if the combined vote for the 26 candidates is 5,001 or over. For purposes of this subsection, "percentage difference" means 28 the difference between the percentage of the total votes for an office received by the candidate requesting a ballot inspection 30 and the percentage of the total votes for that office received by 32 the nearest winning candidate. 34 3. Amount of deposit. The amount of the deposit is determined by the clerk of the municipality and must be 50% of the reasonable estimate of the cost to the municipality 36 performing the inspection. 38 4. Forfeiture or refund of deposit. All deposits required 40 by this section must be made with the municipal clerk when a ballot inspection is requested. This deposit, made by the candidate requesting the ballot inspection, is forfeited to the 42 municipality if a subsequent recount fails to change the result of the election. If a recount changes the result of the 44 election, the deposit must be returned to the candidate who paid the deposit. After the completion of the recount, if the recount 46 has not changed the result of the election, the municipality shall calculate the actual cost of the procedure. If the deposit 48 was greater than the actual cost, the overpayment must be refunded to the candidate. If the actual cost was greater than 50

Page 5-LR1296(2)

the deposit, the candidate shall pay the remainder of the actual cost to the municipality. A candidate who is not required to pay a deposit pursuant to subsection 2 may not be charged for the inspection or recount regardless of whether the procedure changes the result of the election.

5. Time of inspection. The inspection must be held within 5 days after the municipal clerk receives the written application requesting an inspection.

6. Packages resealed. After each inspection, the municipal
 12 clerk shall reseal the packages of ballots and the incoming voting lists and shall note the fact and date of inspection on
 14 them.

 16 <u>7. Candidate defined. As used in this section and section</u> <u>2531-A, "candidate" means any person who has received at least</u>
 18 <u>one vote for the municipal office in question.</u>

8. Calculation of time. The periods established in this section must be calculated according to the Maine Rules of Civil
 Procedure, Rule 6(a). The final day of any period calculated pursuant to this section ends at the close of regular business
 hours in the office of the municipal clerk. Actions required to be taken by the end of a day certain that are taken after the close of regular business hours in the office of the municipal clerk. Actions required to be taken by the end of a day certain that are taken after the close of regular business hours in the office of the municipal clerk on the day certain are not timely.

Sec. 12. 30-A MRSA §2531, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. 30 C, §§8 and 10, is repealed.

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Sec. 13. 30-A MRSA §2531-A is enacted to read:

34 §2531-A. Recount hearing

 36 <u>This section governs all recount hearings in any election</u> for municipal office. Recount procedures for other offices do
 38 not apply to elections for municipal office.

 A candidate other than a declared winner in an election may apply in writing to the municipal clerk for a recount, pursuant
 to subsection 4, within 5 days after the results of an election for municipal office are declared or within 5 days after an
 inspection pursuant to section 2530-A. The final day of the periods provided in this paragraph ends at the close of regular
 business hours in the office of the municipal clerk.

48 <u>Any recount pursuant to this section is subject to the following provisions.</u>
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Page 6-LR1296(2)

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1. When deposit is required. A deposit is not required if 2 the candidate requesting the recount has already paid a deposit pursuant to an inspection under section 2530-A for the same 4 office in the same election or if the percentage difference shown by the official tabulation is equal to or less than: б A. Two and one-half percent, if the combined vote for the 8 candidates is 1,000 or less; 10 B. Two percent, if the combined vote for the candidates is 1,001 to 5,000; or 12 C. One and one-half percent, if the combined vote for the candidates is 5,001 or over. 14 For purposes of this subsection, "percentage difference" means 16 the difference between the percentage of the total votes for an 18 office received by the candidate requesting a recount and the percentage of the total votes for that office received by the 20 nearest winning candidate. 2. Amount of deposit. The amount of the deposit is 22 determined by the municipal clerk and must be 50% of the reasonable estimate of the cost to the municipality of performing 24 the recount. 26 3. Forfeiture or refund of deposit. All deposits required by this section must be made with the municipal clerk when a 28 ballot inspection is requested. This deposit, made by the candidate requesting the ballot inspection, is forfeited to the 30 municipality if a recount fails to change the result of the election. If a recount changes the result of the election, the 32 deposit must be returned to the candidate who paid the deposit. After the completion of the recount, if the recount has not 34 changed the result of the election, the municipality shall calculate the actual cost of the procedure. If the deposit was 36 greater than the actual cost, the overpayment must be refunded to the candidate. If the actual cost was greater than the deposit, 38 the candidate shall pay the remainder of the actual cost to the 40 municipality. A candidate who is not required to pay a deposit pursuant to subsection 1 may not be charged for the inspection or 42 recount regardless of whether the procedure changes the result of the election. 44 4. Notarized request. The candidate must request the recount by filing a notarized request with the municipal clerk 46 within the time period provided in this section. The notarized request must state the office for which that person was a 48 candidate and the reason for the recount based on the candidate's own knowledge or on information and belief.

Page 7-LR1296(2)

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5. Date of hearing and notice. When the petition has been filed, the municipal clerk shall immediately set a date for the recount hearing, which must be held within 5 days after the petition is filed. The municipal clerk shall notify the municipal officers, the petitioner and the opposing candidates of the hearing date.

Procedure at recount. The procedure at the recount б. 10 hearing is as follows.

A. The municipal clerk shall sort and count the votes under the supervision of the municipal officers who were in office immediately before the election. If the votes were originally counted by automatic tabulating equipment, the municipal clerk may use automatic tabulating equipment to recount the votes.

B. The municipal officers in making corrected returns, in their discretion, may accept any facts that the candidates agreed upon at the ballot inspection.

The petitioner or the petitioner's opponents may have с. all ballots in any way involved in the election and all records required by law to be kept in connection with absentee ballots displayed for counting or inspection.

D. Witnesses may be called by the candidates and may be sworn by any municipal officer. If authorized by the municipal officers, the municipality shall pay witness fees as provided in Title 16, section 251. A record of the recount proceedings must be kept if a candidate so requests.

E. If, during the recount, the election is conceded to a candidate by a statement signed by the other interested candidates and addressed to the municipal officers, the municipal officers shall stop the recount and issue a certificate of election to the candidate whose election is conceded.

7. Package resealed and marked. After the recount, the municipal clerk shall reseal the packages of ballots and the 42 incoming voting lists and shall note the fact and date of the recount on them. 44

8. Withdrawal from recount. A losing candidate who 46 requests and receives a recount may withdraw from the recount at any time while the recount shows that candidate to be the loser. 48 If, during the recount, the losing candidate overtakes and passes the winning candidate, the losing candidate may not withdraw and 50 the recount must be completed.

Page 8-LR1296(2)

9. Certificate of election. Within 24 hours after the results of a contested election are determined, the municipal officers shall certify the results of their count to the respective candidates involved and issue a certificate of election to the candidate whom they find to have been elected. This certificate of election supersedes any certificate issued previously.

10 10. Calculation of time. The periods established in this section must be calculated according to the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 6(a). The final day of any period calculated 12 pursuant to this section ends at the close of regular business hours in the office of the municipal clerk. Actions required to 14 be taken by the end of a day certain that are taken after the close of regular business hours in the office of the municipal 16 clerk on the day certain are not timely. 18

Sec. 14. 30-A MRSA §2532, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. 20 C, \$\$8 and 10, is further amended to read:

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§2532. Referendum ballot inspection and recount procedure

In the case of a referendum, a ballot inspection or a recount hearing shall <u>must</u> be granted upon written application of 10% or 100, whichever is less, of the persons whose names were checked on the voting list at any town referendum or ballot question under section 2105 or 2528, or any city referendum. The time limits, rules and all other matters applying to candidates under sections 2530 2530-A and 2531 2531-A apply equally to applicants for either the inspection or recount.

Sec. 15. 30-A MRSA §2533, first ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 473,  $\S$ 42 and affected by  $\S$ 46, is further amended to read:

36 Within 20 30 days after election day, a person who claims to have been elected to any municipal office may proceed against 38 another who claims title to the office by the following procedure.

Sec. 16. 30-A MRSA §2556, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

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§2556. Ballot inspection; recount; challenge for office

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Sections 2530 2530-A to 2533 apply in a city and govern ballot inspections, recounts of elections for office, referenda and the procedure for challenging a person who claims title to an office.

Page 9-LR1296(2)

Sec. 17. 30-A MRSA §5404, sub-§1,  $\P A$ , as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

No--revenue Revenue bonds of a town, as distinguished Δ. from a city, may not be issued until the general purpose for which the bonds are to be issued and the maximum principal amount of the bonds to be authorized have been approved by ballot by a majority of the votes cast on the question. The total number of votes cast must be equal to at least 20% of the total vote for all candidates for Governor cast in the municipality at the last gubernatorial election. The ballot submitted to the voters of a town to authorize the issuance of revenue bonds shall must state the general purpose for which the proposed bonds are to be issued and the maximum principal amount of the proposed bonds authorized to be The voting at meetings held in towns shall must be issued. held and conducted in accordance with sections 2528 to 2531 2531-A, even if the town has not accepted the provisions of section 2528.'

## STATEMENT OF FACT

The amendment replaces the original bill and makes the 26 following changes to municipal election laws.

 The amendment changes the deadline for filing nomination papers for municipal office from 35 to 45 days before an election
 to allow more time for producing ballots. The amendment also changes the deadline for filing a petition for a local option
 election from 42 days to 45 days before an election.

34 2. The amendment requires a candidate who wishes to withdraw from an election to notify the municipal clerk at least
36 45 days before the election. The clerk has the discretion to accept a candidate's request for withdrawal within the 45-day
38 period before an election. Candidates who wish to withdraw shall notify the municipal clerk in writing of their intent to withdraw
40 and the reason for withdrawal. The notice must be signed by the candidate and notarized. The clerk must ensure that ballots are
42 prepared to reflect the candidate's withdrawal.

3. The amendment eliminates the requirement that absentee
 ballots be marked as such, making local election law identical
 with state election law.

48 4. The amendment eliminates a specific ballot size requirement and allows municipalities to use paper that is
 50 uniform in size. The amendment also eliminates language that

Page 10-LR1296(2)

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specifies exactly where ballots must be marked as "Official Ballots."

4 5. The amendment clarifies the laws concerning the inspection of ballots and incoming voting lists and recounts by б candidates for municipal offices. The amendment lengthens the time in which a candidate must notify the clerk to request an 8 inspection or recount, sets a new scale for requiring deposits for inspections and recounts and clarifies how time is calculated 10 for purposes of inspections and recounts.

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6. The amendment makes technical changes by correcting old references in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A and Title 28-A to reflect new references created in Title 30-A.

Page 11-LR1296(2)