MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1492

H.P. 1105

House of Representatives, May 11, 1993

An Act Related to the Site Location of Development Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative ANDERSON of Woodland. Cosponsored by Representative: COLES of Harpswell.

	Be it	enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	1007	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by Pl
4	1987	, c. 812, \S 2 and 18, is amended to read:
6	envi	2. Development that may substantially affect the ronment. "Development which that may substantially affect
8		environment," in this article <u>also</u> called "development,"
10 12	educ	ational, charitable, residential, commercial or industrial lopment which on a parcel that:
14		A. Occupies a land or water area in excess of 20 acres;
16	•	BContemplates drilling feror excavating natural resources - on -land -or -under -water - where - the -area -affected -is
18	*	in-excess-of-60,000-square-feet;
20		C. Is a mining <u>or advanced exploration</u> activity as defined in this section;
22		DIs-a-hasardous-activity-as-defined-in-this-section;
24		E. Is a structure as defined in this section; or
26 		FrIs-a-conversion-of-an-existing-structure-that-meets-the definition-of-structure-in-this-section;
30		G. Is a subdivision as defined in this section; -er .
32		HIs-a-multi-unit-housing-development-as-defined-in-this section-located-wholly-or-in-part-within-the-shoreland-sone.
34		-term-does-not-include-state-highways,-state-aid-highways-and ow-pits-for-sand,-fill-or-gravel-of-less-than-5-acres-or-when
36	_	lated-by-the-Department-of-Transportation,-and-such-borrow entirely-within-the-jurisdictionof-the-Maine-LandUse
38	Regu	lation-Commission -under-Title-12,chapter-206-A,and-those vities-regulated-by-the-Department-of-Marine-Resources-under
40	Titl	e-12,-6eetien-6072.
42	§13,	Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-A, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 466, is repealed.
44	£ a a	Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-B, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 466,
46	813,	is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

<u>2-B. Mining or advanced exploration activity. "Mining or advanced exploration activity" means an activity or process necessary for the extraction or removal of the product or</u>

48

_	overburden or for the preparation, washing, cleaning or other
2	treatment of the product and includes one or more of the
_	following:
4	
	A. An excavation of more than 5 acres of land for borrow,
6	topsoil, clay or silt whether alone or in combination;
8	B. The bulk sampling, extraction or beneficiation of
	metallic minerals, not including test sampling methods
10	conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the department
	such as test boring, test drilling, hand sampling and
12	digging of test pits with a limited maximum surface opening
	or methods determined by the department to cause minimal
14	disturbance of soil or vegetative cover; or
- -	distandance of soft of vegetative cover, of
1.0	
16	C. The extraction or removal of more than 1,000 cubic yards
	of product or overburden, other than an excavation for
18	borrow, topsoil, clay, silt or metallic minerals, from the
	earth within 12 successive calendar months.
20	
	"Mining activity or advanced exploration" does not include
22	excavation or grading preliminary to a construction project
	unless intended to circumvent this article. An excavation of 5
24	or fewer acres of land for topsoil, clay or silt must be
	conducted in accordance with the most recent revision of the
26	"Maine Erosion and Sedimentation Handbook for Construction: Best
	Management Practices."
28	
	Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-C, as corrected by RR 1991, c. 2,
30	\$146, is repealed.
50	grio, is repeated.
32	Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-D, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 812,
32	
2.4	$\S\S3$ and 18, is repealed.
34	
	Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-E, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 812,
36	$\S\S$ 3 and 18, is amended to read:
38	2-E. Coastal wetlands. "Coastal wetlands" means all-tidal
	and-subtidal-lands;-all-lands-below-any-identifiable-debris-line
10	left-by-tidal-action;-all-lands-with-vegetation-present-that-is
	telerant-ofsalt-water-and-eccurs-primarily-in-a-salt-water-er
12	estuarine-habitat;-and-any-swamp,-marsh,-beg,-beach,-flat-er
	ethercontiquous - lowlandwhichis-subjecttetidal-actioner
14	nermal-sterm-flowage-at-any-time-except-during-periods-ef-maximum
-	stermactivity has the same meaning as in section 480-B,
16	subsection 2. Coastal-wetlands-may-include-portions-of-coastal
. 0	sand-dunes.
10	
ł 8	Coo 7 20 MDCA SAO2 cub S2 E
	Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§2-F, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 812,
50	663 and 18 , is amended to read:

4	2-1. Ilesimatel wetlands. Ilesimatel wetlands means
	freshwater-swamps,-marshes,-bogs-and-similar-areas-which-are: has
4	the same meaning as in section 480-B, subsection 4.
-1	the same meaning as in section 400-b, subsection 4.
6	AOf-10-or-more-contiguous-acres;
8	BCharacterised-predominately-by-wetland-vegetation;-and
10	<pre>C+Notconsidered-partof-agreat-pondcoastal-wetland- riverstream-or-brook-</pre>
1.0	FIVEFY-Beream-or-Brook*
12	
14	Theseareas-maycontainsmallinelusionsoflandthatdonet conform-to-the-criteria-of-this-subsection.
16	Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1983, c. 513, §2, is repealed.
18	Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§3-B, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 812,
20	$\S\S4$ and 18, is amended to read:
22	3-B. Normal high-water line. "Normal high-water line" means-that-line-which-is-apparent-from-visible-markings,-ehanges
24	in-the-character-of-soils-due-to-prolonged-action-of-the-water-or
	ehangesinvegetation,andwhichdistinguishesbetween
26	predominantly-aquatic-and-predominantly-terrestrial-land has the
	same meaning as in section 480-B, subsection 6.
28	
	Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1971, c. 613,
30	§2, is further amended to read:
32	4. Person. "Person" means any person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, municipal or other local governmental
2.4	
34	entity, quasi-municipal entity, state agency, federal agency,
•	educational or charitable organization or institution or other
36	legal entity.
38	Sec. 11. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§4-B, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §86, is further amended to
40	read:
42	4-B. Reclamation. "Reclamation" means the rehabilitation
	of the area of land affected by mining under a plan approved by
44.	the department, including, but not limited to, the ereation
44 .	stabilization of lakes-or-pends, where practicable slopes and
46	creation of safety benches, the planting of forests, the seeding
	of grasses and legumes for grazing purposes, the planting of
/ Q	crops for harvest and the enhancement of wildlife and aquatic
48	
	resources, but not including the filling in of pits, and the
50	filling or sealing of shafts and underground workings with solid

2	<u>safety</u> .
4	Sec. 12. 38 MRSA $\S482$, sub- $\S4$ -C, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 449, $\S\S6$ and 9, is repealed.
, б	Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§4-E, as enacted by PL 1987, c.
8	812, §§6 and 18, is amended to read:
10	4-E. River, stream or brook. "River, stream or brook"
12	means-a-free-flowing-bedy-ofwater-frem-thatpoint-atwhich-it provides-drainage-fer-a-watershed-ef-25-square-miles-te-its-mouth has the same meaning as in section 480-B, subsection 9.
14	Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§4-F, as enacted by PL 1987, c.
16	812, §§6 and 18, is amended to read:
18	4-F. Shoreland zone. "Shoreland zone" meansallarea within-250-feet-of-the-nermal-high-water-line-of-any-great-pend,
20	river-or-salt-water-body, -or-within-250-feet-of-the-upland-edge ofa-freshwater-or-coastal-wetland has the same meaning as
22	"shoreland areas" in section 435. Terms used within this definition have the same meanings as in section 436-A.
24	Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §482, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1991, c. 500,
26	§3, is further amended to read:
28	5. Subdivision. A "subdivision" is the division of a parcel of land into 5 or more lots to be offered for sale or
30	lease to the general public during any 5-year period if the lots to be offered, together with the roads, common areas, easement
32	areas and all portions of the parcel of land in which rights or interests, whether express or implied, are to be so offered make
34	up an aggregate land area of more than 20 acres except for the following:
36	C. Lots of 40 or more acres but not more than 500 acres
38 -	·
40	(1) The proposed subdivision is located wholly or partly within the shoreland zone;
42	C-1. Lots of more than 500 acres in size shall may not be
44	counted as lots;
46	D. Five years after a subdivider establishes a single-family residence for that subdivider's own use on a
48	let <u>parcel</u> and actually uses <u>all or part of</u> the let <u>parcel</u> for that purpose during that period, that <u>a</u> lot shall
50	containing that residence may not be counted as a lot;

materials unless necessary for protection of ground water or

2	E. Unless intended to circumvent this article, the
	following transactions may not be considered lots offered
4	for sale or lease to the general public:
6	(1) Sale or lease of lots to an abutting owner or to a spouse, child, parent, grandparent or sibling of the
8	developer if those lots are not further divided or
10	transferred to a person not so related to the developer within a 5-year period;
1 2	(2) Personal, nonprofit transactions, such as the
14	transfer of lots by gift or devise <u>, if those lots are not further divided or transferred within a 5-year</u>
	period; or
16	(3) Grant of a bona fide security interest in the
18	whole lot or subsequent transfer of the whole lot by the original holder of the bona fide security interest
20	or that person's successor in interest; and
22	F. In those subdivisions which that would otherwise not
24	require site location approval, unless intended to circumvent this article, the following transactions shall
26	<pre>may not, except as provided, be considered lots offered for sale or lease to the general public:</pre>
28	(1) Sale or lease of common lots created with a
	conservation easement as defined in Title 33, section
30 .	476, provided that the Department of Environmental Protection is made a party.
32	
34	The exception described in paragraph F does not apply, and the subdivision requires site location approval whenever the use of a
36	lot described in paragraph F changes or the lot is offered for sale or lease to the general public without the limitations set
	forth in paragraph F. For the purposes of this subsection only,
38	a parcel of land is defined as all contiguous land in the same ownership provided that lands located on opposite sides of a
40	public or private road shall-be are considered each a separate
42	parcel of land unless that road was established by the owner of land on both sides of the road subsequent to January 1, 1970. \underline{A}
	lot to be offered for sale or lease to the general public is
44	counted, for purposes of determining jurisdiction, from the time
16	a municipal subdivision plan showing that lot is recorded or the
46	lot is sold or leased, whichever occurs first, until 5 years

Sec. 16. 38 MRSA \$482, sub-\$6, as amended by PL 1987, c. 812, \$\$8 and 18, is further amended to read:

48

6. Structure. A "structure" shall-mean means:

A.--A-building-er-buildings-on-a-single-parcel-censtructed er-crected-with-a-fixed-location-on-or-in-the-ground-er attached-to-something-on-or-in-the-ground-which-occupies-a ground-area-in-excess-of-60,000-square-feet-er-contains-a total-floor-area-of-100,000-square-feet-or-more;-or

B. Parking <u>Buildings</u>, <u>parking</u> lots, roads, paved areas, wharves or areas to be stripped or graded and not to be revegetated which-eauses <u>within a calendar year that cause</u> a total project, <u>-including-any-buildings</u> to occupy a ground area in excess of 3 acres.

Sec. 17. 38 MRSA §482-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 680, is repealed.

Sec. 18. 38 MRSA §483-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 499, §19, is further amended to read:

§483-A. Prohibition

No person may construct or cause to be constructed or operate or cause to be operated or, in the case of a subdivision, sell or lease, offer for sale or lease or cause to be sold or leased, any development requiring—approval—under—this—article that may substantially affect the environment without first having obtained approval for this construction, operation, lease or sale from the department. A person having an interest in, or undertaking an activity on, a parcel of land affected by an order or permit issued by the department may not act contrary to that order or permit.

. 34

36

38

40

42

44

46

2

4

6

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

Sec. 19. 38 MRSA §484, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and Pt. B, §91, is further amended to read:

Infrastructure. developer The has made adequate provision of utilities, including water supplies, facilities and, solid waste disposal, and roadways and-epen-space required for the development and the development will not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the existing or utilities, and roadways and open-space in the municipality or area served by those services er-open-space. In-assessing-the impact-on-open-space, - the-department-shall-use-as-a-standard-that which - is - set - forth - in - the - municipality - comprehensive - land - use plan,-when-such-a-plan-exists-

48

50

Sec. 20. 38 MRSA §484, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 812, §§10 and 18, is repealed.

Sec. 21. 38 MRSA §486-A, sub-§7 is enacted to read:

- 7. Minor revisions. An application for an order addressing a minor revision must be processed within a period specified by the department if the applicant meets requirements adopted by the department.
- 8
 Sec. 22. 38 MRSA §487-A, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt.
 10
 A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §§95 and 96, is repealed.
 - Sec. 23. 38 MRSA §488, as amended by PL 1991, c. 160, §2, is further amended to read:

§488. Applicability

5.0

This Article shall <u>does</u> not apply to any development in existence or in possession of applicable state or local licenses to operate or under construction on January 1, 1970, or to any development the construction and operation of which has been specifically authorized by the Legislature prior to May 9, 1970, er-te-public-service-cerperation-transmission-lines,-except transmission-lines-carrying 100 kilovolts or more, nor shall <u>does</u> it apply to the renewal or revision of leases of parcels of land upon which a structure or structures have been located as of March 15, 1972,-ner-to-the-rebuilding-or-reconstruction-of natural-gas-pipelines-or-transmission-lines-within-the-same right-of-way.

Developments—which—consist—only—of—a—municipal—or—private road—or—way—are—exempt—from—the—requirements—of—this—Article—as follows,—except—that—the—administering—agency—may—require—a person—constructing—a—road—to—notify—the—agency—of—the—location of—the—road—within—21—days—

- 1.--Unorganized-areas.--Within-those-areas-of-the-State which-are-subject-to-the-jurisdiction-of-the-Maine-Land-Use Regulation-Commission-under-Title-12,-chapter-206-A,--such-roads and-ways-are-exempt-from-this-Article.
- 2.--Organized areas.--Within all--areas--of-the-State--not subject--to-the-jurisdiction--of-the--Maine-Land--Use--Regulation Commission,--such-roads--and--ways--are--exempt--provided--they--are located,--contructed--and-maintained--in--accordance--with-standards adopted-by--the--board-in--accordance--with-this--section---The--board shall-consider--road-construction--standards--adopted-by--the--Maine Land--Use-Regulation-Commission--in-promulgating--these-standards-
- 3. Standards, guidelines, definitions and revisions. Standards, guidelines, definitions and any revisions adopted

2	after adjournment of the next regular session of the Legislature
	following enactment of this subsection, unless approved by
4	legislative resolve.
6	5. Subdivision exemptions. The following developments are exempt from this article:
8	AAdevelopmentthatconsistsonlyofasubdivision
10	located-entirely-within-the-area-of-the-State-subject-to-the jurisdiction-of-the-Maine-Land-Use-Regulation-Commission
12	under-Title-12,-ehapter-206-A;-and
14	B. A development that consists only of a subdivision if:
16	(1) The average density of the subdivision is not higher than one lot for every 5 acres of developable
18	land in the parcel;
20 .	(2) The developable land in the parcel totals 200 acres or less and at least 50% of the developable land
22	in the parcel is preserved in perpetuity through conservation easements pursuant to Title 33, chapter 7,
24	subchapter VIII-A, in units no smaller than 10 acres in size and of such dimensions asto that accommodate
26	within each unit boundary a rectangle measuring 250 feet by 500 feet;
28	(3) The conservation easements preserve the land in an
30	essentially undeveloped natural state including the preservation of farmland having a history of
32	agricultural use and the preservation of forest land for harvesting by uneven-aged selection methods
34	designed to retain the natural character of the area, except that other methods of harvesting are permissible
36	following a natural disaster;
38	(4) The conservation easements grant a 3rd-party right of enforcement, as defined in Title 33, section 476, to
40	the department. The conservation easements granting a 3rd-party right of enforcement must be submitted to and
42	accepted by the commissioner;
44	(5) All significant wildlife habitat that is mapped or that qualifies for mapping under section 480-B,
46	subsection 10 is included in the preserved land area under subparagraph (3);
48	(6) No clearing grading filling or other development

pursuant to this section shall-be are in effect until 90 days

activity occurs on sustained slopes in excess of 30%;

2	(7) If the developable land in the parcel not subject
4	to the requirements of subparagraphs (3) and (5) is located wholly or in part in the watershed of any lake
	or pond classified GPA under section 465-A, long-term
6	measures to control phosphorus transport are taken in
	accordance with a phosphorus control plan that is
8	consistent with standards for phosphorus control
•	adopted by the board;
10	
	(8) Soil erosion and sedimentation during development
12	of the subdivision is are controlled in accordance with
7.4	a plan approved by the municipality in which the
14	subdivision is located or by the soil and water conservation district for the county in which the
16	subdivision is located;
10	bubarvision is rocated,
18	(9) The nonpreserved, developable land in the parcel
	is not located wholly or partly within the shoreland
20	zone of a lake or pond classified GPA under section
	465-A; and
22	
	(10) At the time all necessary conservation easements
24	are filed with the department and at least 30 days
	prior to the commencement of clearing and construction
26	activity, the person creating the subdivision notifies
	the commissioner in writing on a form supplied by the
28	commissioner that the exemption afforded by this
	paragraph is being used. The person creating the
30	subdivision shall file with that form a set of site
	plans, including the plans required under subparagraphs
32	(7) and (8), and other evidence sufficient to
•	demonstrate that the requirements of this paragraph
34	have been met. The commissioner shall forward a copy
	of the form to the municipality in which the
36	subdivision is located.
	Man
38	For purposes of this paragraph, "developable land in the
40	parcel" means all contiguous land in the same ownership
40	except for coastal wetlands, freshwater wetlands, rivers, streams and brooks as defined in section 480-B and except
42	for any surface water classified GPA under section 465-A- :
76	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
44	<u>and</u>
- T	C. A development consisting only of a residential
46	subdivision of fewer than 30 lots as long as:
±0	Pubarvision of temet than 30 tots as rond as.
4.0	(1) All lake are conved by a municipal govern greaton.

(2) The parcel is located within a municipality having 2 a comprehensive plan and land use ordinances that the Department of Economic and Community Development has determined are consistent with Title 30-A, sections 4312 to 4349; and 6 (3) All lots are restricted to residential or open space use, except that 10 years after a residence is 8 established on a lot, that lot may be converted to a nonresidential use by a lot buyer if allowed under 10 municipal ordinances. 12 A lot in a residential subdivision exempted pursuant to this 14 paragraph is no longer counted toward the 30-lot threshold for purposes of determining jurisdiction more than 5 years after the time a municipal subdivision plan showing the lot 16 is recorded or the lot is sold or leased, whichever occurs first. A residential subdivision is a division of a parcel 18 in which all lots are used for single-family housing or open 20 space. 22 6.--Multi-unit-housing-exemption.--Developments-that-consist only-of-multi-unit-housing-located-entirely-within-the-area-of 24 the -- State - subject -- te -- the -- jurisdiction -- of -- the -- Maine -- Land -- Use Regulation-Commission-under-Title-12,-ehapter-206-A,-are-exempt 26 from-the-requirements-of-this-article-28 7. Exemption for expansion at existing manufacturing facility. New construction that is not a development that may 30 substantially-affect-the-environment at an-existing a licensed manufacturing facility is exempt from review under this article provided that the additional disturbed area not to be revegetated 32 does not exceed 30,000 square feet ground area in any calendar 34 year and does not exceed 60,000 square feet ground area in article required total. When review under this is 36 development at an-existing a licensed manufacturing facility, the applicant shall provide plans for the new development, as well as 38 for those activities which that have been undertaken pursuant to this subsection. The permittee shall notify the department prior to new construction conducted pursuant to this exemption. 40 notice must identify the type, location and ground area of the 42 new construction. 44 Exemption for storage facility. A development that consists exclusively of a storage facility that occupies a ground 46 area of less than 100,000 square feet, contains a total floor area of less than 150,000 square feet and occupies a total area of less than 4 acres of impervious surface area, including 48

buildings, parking lots, roads, paved areas, wharves or areas to

be stripped or graded and not revegetated, is exempt from review

50

under this article if:

2		A. An air emission license is not required under section 590;
4		
6		B. A waste discharge license is not required under section 413;
8		C. During any one-hour period, the development will not result in a level of traffic at any intersection, including
10		the development entrance, that equals or exceeds:
12		(1) Twenty-five vehicles in a left-turn-only lane;
14		(2) Thirty-five vehicles in a through lane, right-turn lane or a combined through and right-turn lane; or
10		(3) After multiplying the left-turn volume by 1.5, 35
18		vehicles in a combined left-turn and through lane or a combined left-turn, through and right-turn lane;
20		
22		D. All significant wildlife habitats within the development that are mapped or that qualify for mapping under section 480-B, subsection 10 are undisturbed;
24		
26	•	E. When the development is located wholly or in part in the watershed of any lake or pond classified GPA under section 465-A, long-term measures to control phosphorus transport
30		are taken in accordance with a phosphorous control plan that is consistent with standards for phosphorus control adopted by the board;
30		by the board;
32		F. Clearing, grading, filling or any other development activity does not occur on sustained slopes in excess of 30%;
34		
36		G. Soil erosion and sedimentation during construction of the development are controlled in accordance with a plan approved by the municipal reviewing authority with
38		jurisdiction over the location of the development or by the soil and water conservation district for the county in which
40		the development is located;
42		H. A storm water management system is installed that is capable of detaining or retaining water for infiltration
44		from a storm of an intensity equal to a 25-year, 24-hour storm such that the rate of the flow of storm water from the
46		development does not exceed the rate of outflow of storm water from the development prior to the undertaking of the
48		development unless the storm water is conveyed exclusively in man-made <u>constructed</u> piped or open drainage systems
50		directly into marine waters other than estuarine waters;

2	I. The development is located entirely within a municipality that has:
4	
6	(1) Established a municipal planning board or site plan reviewing authority, referred to in this subsection as the municipal reviewing authority;
8	(2) Employed a code enforcement officer; and
10	
12	(3) Established procedures for appeal by parties aggrieved by local decisions under this subsection;
14 16	J. The municipal reviewing authority agrees to review the development and finds that the development satisfies this subsection and any local requirements; and
	busicetion and any local requirements, and
18	K. The commissioner is notified of the pending development by the developer at least 15 days prior to undertaking
20	construction; -and .
22	LAny-requirements-for-hazardous-activities-under-section 487-A-are-met.
24	
26	Development whichconsists only of a subdivision or subdivisions located entirely within the area of the State
_ •	subject-to-the-jurisdiction-of-the-Maine-Land-Use-Regulation
28	Gemmissien-under-Title-12,-chapter-206-A,is-exempt-from-the requirements-of-this-articleNew-construction-which-is-not-a
30	"development-which-may-substantially-affect-the-environment"-at
2.2	an-existing-manufacturing-facility-is-exempt-from-review-under
32	this-article-provided-that-the-additional-disturbed-area-not-to be-revegetated-does-not-exceed-30,000-square-feet-in-any-calendar
34	year When-review under-this-article-is-required-for-development
	atanexisting-manufacturingfacility,theapplicantshall
36	provideplansforthe-newdevelopmentaswellasforthose
	activities-which-have-been-undertaken-pursuant-to-this-section-
38	
4.0	9. Development within unorganized areas. A development
40	located entirely within an area subject to the jurisdiction of the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission, other than a metallic
42	mineral mining or advanced exploration activity, is exempt from
	the requirements of this article. For developments within the
14	commission's jurisdiction, the Director of the Maine Land Use
	Regulation Commission may request and obtain technical assistance
16	and recommendations from the department. The commissioner shall
	respond to the requests in a timely manner. The recommendations
18	of the department must be considered by the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission in acting upon a development application.
	reduracion commission in accind abou a desciolment abbitcacion.

10. Roads and railroad tracks. A structure consisting only of a road is exempt from the requirements of this article. Railroad tracks other than tracks within yards or stations are exempt from review under this article.

2

4

22

24

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

11. Transmission lines and natural gas pipelines. 6 rebuilding or reconstruction of an existing public service corporation transmission line within the same right-of-way, the 8 construction of a public service corporation transmission line 10 carrying less than 100 kilovolts or the construction or reconstruction of a natural gas pipeline is exempt from review under this article. The construction of a public service 12 corporation transmission line carrying 100 kilovolts or more is exempt from review under this article as long as it is located, constructed and maintained in accordance with scenic impact 1.6 requirements adopted by the department that specifically address transmission lines. A public service corporation substation 18 located within the same right-of-way is exempt from review as long as it does not constitute a development. 20

12. Farm and fire ponds. A pond or ponds having a total surface area of less than 10 acres, on a parcel, that is used for irrigation of field crops, water storage for cranberry operations or fire protection determined to be necessary in that location by the municipal fire department is exempt from review under this 26 article. This provision does not provide an exemption for mining or advanced exploration activity.

13. Structures within permitted commercial and industrial subdivisions. A person may construct or cause to be constructed, or operate or cause to be operated, a structure on a lot in a commercial or industrial subdivision approved pursuant to this article without obtaining approval under this article for that structure, as long as all terms and conditions of the subdivision permit are met. This subsection applies to commercial or industrial subdivisions approved pursuant to this article on or after the effective date of this subsection.

14. Research and aquaculture leases. Activities regulated by the Department of Marine Resources under Title 12, section 6072 are exempt from the requirements of this article.

Sec. 24. 38 MRSA 489-A, as amended by PL 1991; c. 761, §§1 to 4, is further amended to read:

§489-A. Municipal review of development

The beard commissioner may register municipalities for authority to substitute permits issued pursuant to Title 30-A, chapter 187, subchapter IV, for permits required by section 485-A under the following conditions.

_	be reviewed by registered municipalities pursuant to this section:
4	be reviewed by registered municipalities pursuant to this section.
	A. Residential and nonresidential subdivisions Subdivisions
6	as described in section 482, subsection 5 of more than 20 er
•	mere acres but less than 100 acres;
8	BStructures -as-described-in-section-482,-subsection-6,
10	paragraph-A ₇ -which-occupy-a-ground-area-in-excess-of-60,000
	square-feet-but-less-than-100,000-square-feet;
12	
	GStructures-as-described-in-section-482,-subsection-6,
14	paragraph-A-that-occupy-a-total-floor-area-of-100,000-square
1.0	feet-er-mere-but-less-than-150,000-square-feet-ef-fleer-area;
16	D. Structures as described in section 482, subsection 6,
18	paragraph B that-occupy-a-ground-area in excess of 3 acres
	but less than 7 acres of-nonrevegetated-land; or
20	
	ESand,-fill-or-gravel-pit-mining-operations-consisting-of
22	5-0r-m0re-aeres-
24	F. Excavation on more than 5 acres of land for borrow,
2.4	topsoil, clay or silt, whether alone or in combination as
2 6	described in section 482, subsection 2-B.
28	1-A. Modification. An application for a modification to a
20	development reviewed by a municipality pursuant to subsection 1
30	may be reviewed by the municipality as long as:
32	A. The modification will not cause the total area of the
•	development to exceed an upper area threshold specified in
34	subsection 1; or
36	B. Based upon information submitted by the municipality
38	concerning the development and modification, the department determines that the modification may be adequately reviewed
30	by the municipality.
40	by the manacapearacy.
	In addition, a municipality may modify a permit for a subdivision
42	or structure issued by the department prior to registration of
	the municipality pursuant to section 489-A if the area of the
44	upper area modification does not exceed the upper area threshold
4.0	provided in subsection 1 except as allowed in paragraph B.
46	2. Registration. The beard commissioner shall register
48	2. Registration. The beard <u>commissioner</u> shall register municipalities to grant permits for projects under subsection 1
10	if the beard commissioner finds that the municipality meets all
50	of the following criteria:

2	A. A municipal planning board or reviewing authority is established;
4	
	B. A comprehensive plan consistent with Title 30-A, chapter
6	187 has been adopted with standards and objectives
• .	determined by the department to be at least as stringent as
8	this article;
•	
10	C. Subdivision regulations have been adopted that are
	consistent with Title 30-A, chapter 187, and determined by
12	the beard commissioner to be at least as stringent as
	criteria set forth in section 484;
14	
•	D. Site plan review regulations have been adopted with
16	criteria which-are determined by the beard commissioner to
	be at least as stringent as section 484;
18	
	D-1. Land use regulations have been adopted that regulate
20	all sand, -fill-or-gravel-pit-mining excavation operations
$(e_{i,j}) = (e_{i,j})_{i \in I} = (e_{i,j})_{i \in I}$	censisting-ef-5-or-mere-acres for borrow, topsoil, clay or
22	silt, alone or in combination, as described in section 482,
	subsection 2-B. The regulations must be determined by the
24	beard commissioner to be at least as stringent as the
	criteria set forth in section 484. An excavation of 5 or
26	fewer acres of land for topsoil, clay or silt must be
•	conducted in accordance with the most recent revision of the
28	"Maine Erosion and Sedimentation Handbook for Construction:
	Best Management Practices";
30 ·	
• •	E. The municipality has adequate resources to administer
32 '	and enforce the provisions of its ordinances;
34	F. Procedures for public hearing and notification have been
	established including:
36	
	(1) Notice to the commissioner upon receipt of an
38	application, including a description of the project;
	approacton, including a accoragination of and project,
40	(2) Notice of issuance and denial to the applicant and
	commissioner, including the reason for denial;
42	commissioner, including the reason for deniar,
	(3) Public notification of the application and any
44	hearings; and
46	(4) Satisfactory hearing procedures;
	(1) baciblactory medicing procedures,
48	G. Procedures for appeal by aggrieved parties of local
	desisions are defined. and

- A registration form, provided by the commissioner, has 2 completed and submitted the by municipality, demonstrating compliance with the criteria under this 4 subsection. б 2-A. Current requirements. Municipalities registered under this section shall ensure that municipal regulations continue to meet the criteria listed in section 489-A, subsection 2. 8 The commissioner shall immediately notify registered 10 municipalities of new or amended regulations adopted by the department pursuant to this article. 12
 - B. Amendments to municipal regulations must be adopted by the municipality within one calendar year of the effective date of new or amended department regulations and submitted to the commissioner for approval within 45 calendar days of adoption by the municipality.
 - 3. Certification. A municipality certified by the Department of Economic and Community Development under Title 30-A, chapter 191, may be registered if the beard commissioner finds the municipality has fulfilled the requirements of subsection 2 and applies to be registered.
 - 3-A. Record of review and basis for decision. The municipality shall submit one copy of the record or review and basis of decision for each development or modification of a development approved pursuant to this section within 40 working days of final action by the reviewing authority, unless otherwise approved by the commissioner.
 - 4. Suspension of registration. If the commissioner finds that a municipality no longer meets the criteria set forth under subsection 2 or 2-A, or is not adequately implementing those requirements, the commissioner may suspend the registration and shall notify the municipality accordingly. The notice must contain findings of fact and conclusions of law. If registration is suspended, the commissioner shall recommend actions for the municipality to come into compliance with this section. The commissioner may waive the suspension for new projects that have received at least one substantive municipal review prior to the suspension of registration.
 - 5. Transition. Municipalities registered under former section 489 as it existed on October 1, 1975, shall must be certified under this section for one year from the effective date of this section. Thereafter, the municipality must comply with the requirements under subsection 2.

50

14

16

18

20

22

24

2.6

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

2	shall maintain and make available a list of projects pending municipal review under this section.
4	7. Technical assistance. The commissioner and other state
б.	review agencies shall may provide technical assistance to municipalities upon request for projects reviewed under this
8	section.
10	8. Application review process. Upon final-action-by-the municipal-reviewing authority of an application the determination
12	by the municipal reviewing authority that an application for a permit or permit amendment under this section is complete for
14	processing:
16	A. The municipality shall submit to the commissioner within 14 days of final-action that determination by the municipal
18	reviewing authority, one copy of the project application, one-copy-of-the-record-of-review-and-action and one copy of
20	the notification form provided by the commissioner;
22	B. The commissioner shall review the application and, within 45 <u>30</u> days of final-action-by-the-municipal-reviewing
24	autherity its receipt, or within 30 days of receipt of any subsequent amendment to the application, notify the
26	<pre>municipality if the department intends to exercise jurisdiction as provided in subsection 9; and</pre>
28	C. If the department does not act within the 45-day 30-day
30	period <u>following receipt of the application or within 30 days of receipt of any amendment to the application</u> , this
32	inaction eenstitutesapprovalbythedepartmentandthe municipalpermitsshallbeeffectiveasissuedasthe
34	<pre>municipalpermitanddepartmentpermit constitutes a decision not to exercise jurisdiction as provided in</pre>
36	subsection 9.
38	9. State jurisdiction. The department shall review projects for registered municipalities if:
40	A. The commissioner finds that the project:
42	
44	(1) Meets one or more of the criteria set forth in section 341-D, subsection 2, paragraph A, B or C;
46	(2) Will have a potentially significant environmental effect; or
48	(3) Could affect more than one municipality.
50	In making these findings, the commissioner shall consider
52	all public comments submitted to the department;
	D 17 TD0F00(1)

	D mbs less assistant subtantian for the manifest to the
2	B. The local reviewing authority <u>for the municipality</u> in which the project is located petitions the commissioner in writing; <u>or</u>
4	GThelocalreviewingauthorityinamunicipality
6	adjeining-the-municipality-in-which-a-project-is-located, petitions-the-commissioner-in-writing;-or
8	D. The proposed project is located in more than one
10	municipality.
12	State jurisdiction must be exerted if at all, within 45 30 days of final-action by-the-municipal-reviewing-authority receipt of
14	the completed project application by the commissioner from the municipality or within 30 days of receipt of any modification to
16	that application from the municipality.
18	10. Appeal of decision by commissioner to review. An aggrieved party may appeal the decision by the commissioner to
20	exert or not exert state jurisdiction over the proposed project to the board. Review and actions taken by the department are
22	subject to appeal procedures governing the department under section 341-D, subsections 4 and 5.
24	10-A. Appeal of decision by commissioner to grant, withhold
26	or suspend registration. An appeal of the decision by the
28	<pre>commissioner to grant, withhold or suspend registration is as follows.</pre>
30	A. The decision of the commissioner to grant, withhold or suspend the registration may be appealed to the board by a
32	person aggrieved by the decision. The board shall review, may hold a hearing on and may affirm, amend or reverse the
34	decision of the commissioner when the decision is appealed within 30 days of issuance of notification of the decision.
36	The board shall give written notice to persons that have asked to be notified of the commissioner's decision. The
38	board may allow the record to be supplemented if it finds that the evidence offered is relevant and material in
40	determining whether the municipality no longer meets the criteria set forth in subsections 2 and 2-A.
42	B. The board is not bound by the commissioner's findings of
44	fact or conclusions of law but may adopt, modify or reverse findings of fact or conclusions of law established by the
46	commissioner. Any changes made by the board under this
48	paragraph must be based upon the board's review of the record, any supplemental evidence admitted by the board and
50	any hearing held by the board.
	A request for reconsideration may be brought according to the
52	procedures provided in section 341-D, subsection 5.

Page 18-LR0592(1)

2	11. Joint enforcement. Any person who violates any permit issued under this section is subject to the provisions of section
4	349, in addition to any penalties which the municipality may impose. Any permits issued or conditions imposed by a local
6	authority must be enforced by the commissioner and the municipality that issued the permit.
8	Sec. 25. 38 MRSA §490, sub-§2-A, as affected by PL 1989, c.
10	890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §103, is further amended to read:
12	2-A. Metallic ore mines. Security is required of a person
L4	engaged in the mining of metallic ores in order to ensure compliance with reclamation, closure and postclosure care
16	maintenance requirements of the permit and the cleanup and corrective action costs of permitted or accidental releases.
L8	However, - if-the-department-finds-that-the-person's-net-worth-or that-of-any-affiliated-person-who-guarantees-performance, - as
20	shown-on-audited-financial-statements,-exceeds-5-times-the estimated-costs-of-reclamation,-it-may-waive-this-requirement.
22	If-security-is-not-required, that-person or the affiliated-person
	guaranteeingperformanceshallsubmittothecommissioner
24	annually,copies-of-thatperson's-audited-financial-statements.
26	The commissioner-shall-review-these-statements-annually-and,-if
40	thecommissionerfindsatanytimethatthatperson'sor affiliated-person'sfinancial-eapacity-is-insufficient-to-secure
28	adequately-compliance-with-this-chapter,-the-commissioner-shall
	require-a-bond-or-other-security.
30	
	Sec. 26. 38 MRSA §490-A is enacted to read:
32	Page 7 To 1
34	§490-A. Recission
36	The commissioner shall rescind a permit upon request and application of the permittee if no outstanding permit violation
38	exists and:
	1. Development other than a subdivision. The permittee has
40	not constructed or caused to be constructed, or operated or
	caused to be operated, a development other than a subdivision as
12	defined at the time of permit issuance; or
14	2. Subdivision. If the development is a subdivision, the
	permittee has not sold or leased or caused to be sold or leased
46	more than 4 lots.
18	A rescission is considered a minor revision.

Sec. 27. 38 MRSA $\S562\text{-A}$, sub- $\S16\text{-B}$ is enacted to read:

- 50

2	16-B. Primary sand and gravel recharge area. "Primary sand
	and gravel recharge area" means the surface area directly
4	overlying sand and gravel formations that provides direct
	replenishment of ground water in sand and gravel and fractured
6	bedrock aguifers. The term does not include areas overlying
	formations that have been identified as unsaturated and are not
8	contiguous with saturated formations.
10	Sec. 28. 38 MRSA §562-A, sub-§19, as amended by PL 1991, c.
_	494, §1, is further amended to read:
12	151, Ga, 16 Internation of Ioda,
22	19. Sensitive geologic areas. "Sensitive geologic areas'
14	means significant ground water aquifers and primary sand and
7.7	gravel recharge areas, as defined in this section 482, areas
16	located within 1,000 feet of a public drinking water supply and
TO .	
1.0	areas located within 300 feet of a private drinking water supply.
18	Con 20 20 MDCA \$562 A sub \$10 A
20	Sec. 29. 38 MRSA §562-A, sub-§19-A is enacted to read:
20	
	19-A. Significant ground water aquifer. "Significant
22	ground water aquifer" means a porous formation of ice contact and
	glacial outwash sand and gravel or fractured bedrock that
24	contains significant recoverable quantities of water likely to
	provide drinking water supplies.
26	
	Sec. 30. 38 MRSA §1303-C, sub-§19-B is enacted to read:
28	
	19-B. Primary sand and gravel recharge area. "Primary sand
30	and gravel recharge area" has the same meaning as in section
	562-A, subsection 16-B.
32	
	Sec. 31. 38 MRSA §1303-C, sub-§27-A is enacted to read:
34	
	27-A. Significant ground water aguifer. "Significant
36	ground water aguifer" has the same meaning as in section 562-A,
	subsection 19-A.
.38	
-	Sec. 32. 38 MRSA §1304, sub-§2, as affected by PL 1989, c.
40	890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §226, is repealed.
20	oso, ic. a, gio and amended by ic. b, guro, is reposited.
42	Sec. 33. 38 MRSA §1310-N, as amended by PL 1991, c. 745, §3,
T 2	is further amended to read:
44	is further amended to read:
44	Claid W Colid Essility licenses
1.6	§1310-N. Solid waste facility licenses
46	
4.0	No person may locate, establish, construct, expand the
48	disposal capacity of or operate any solid waste facility unless
	approved by the department under the-site-location-of-development
50	laws,-chapter-3,-subchapter-1,-article-6-and the provisions of

this chapter. Where When the proposed facility is located within the jurisdiction of the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission, in 2 addition to any other requirement, the department shall require compliance with existing standards of the commission. 6 The department shall issue a license for a Licenses. waste facility whenever it finds that: 8 The facility will not pollute any water of the State, 10 contaminate the ambient air, constitute a hazard to health or welfare or create a nuisance; 12 the facility In the case of a disposal facility, provides a substantial public benefit; and 14 16 C. In the case of a disposal facility, the volume of the waste and the risks related to its handling and disposal 18 have been reduced to the maximum practical extent by recycling and source reduction prior to disposal. 20 Aquifer protection. 2-A. The department shall may not 22 issue a license for a solid waste disposal facility when it finds that the proposed facility overlies a significant sand and gravel 24 aquifer or when the department finds that the proposed facility poses an unreasonable threat to the quality of a significant sand 26 and gravel aquifer which it does not overlie, or to an underlying fractured bedrock aquifer. 28 "Significant sand and gravel aguifer" is defined as a 30 porous formation of ice-contact and glacial outwash sand and gravel that contains significant recoverable quantities of water which-are likely to provide drinking water supplies. 32 "Fractured bedrock aquifer" is defined as a consolidated 34 rock formation which that is fractured and which that is saturated and recharged by precipitation percolating through 36 overlying sediments to a degree which that will permit wells drilled into the rock to produce a sufficient water supply 38 for domestic use. 40 In determining whether or not the proposed facility poses an unreasonable threat to the quality of a significant 42 sand and gravel aquifer or to an underlying fractured bedrock aquifer, the department shall require the applicant 44 to provide: 46

48

50

thorough hydrogeological assessment

aquifers and fractured bedrock aquifers which that

proposed site and the contiguous area including any classified surface waters, significant sand and gravel

	could be affected by the proposed facility during
2	normal operation or in the event of unforeseen
	circumstances including the failure of any engineered
4	barriers to ground water flow. The assessment must
-,	include a description of ground water flow rates, the
6	direction of ground water flow in both the horizontal
U	
	and vertical directions, and the degree of dilution or
8	attenuation of any contaminants that may be released
	from the proposed site and flow toward any classified
10	surface water, significant sand and gravel aquifer or
	fractured bedrock aquifer.
12	
	2-BTraffic-movementInaddition-toanyrequirements
14	under-section-482,-the-department-may-not-issue-a-license-for-a
	solid-waste-facility-when-it-finds-that-the-developer-has-not
16	made-adequate-provision-for-traffic-movement-of-all-types-into-
_	out-of-or-within-the-proposed-solid-waste-facilityThe
18	departmentshallconsidertrafficmovementbothon-siteand
	off-siteIn-makingitsdetermination,thedepartmentshall
20	
20	eensider-the-fellowing-factors+
22	AVehicular-weight-limits;
24	BRead-censtruction-and-maintenance-standards;
26	CVehiele-types;
28	DPublic-safety-and-congestion-on-any-public-or-private
	read-traveled-by-vehicles-transporting-waste-to-or-from-the
30	proposed-facility;-and
32	EOther-relevant-factors-
-	a. odnoż rozovane zaczora.
34	The-department-shall-establish-vehiele-weight-limits-for-any
, 4	vehieletransportingsolidwasteteerfromtheproposed
6	facilityThe-department-shall-base-the-vehicle-weight-limits-on
	theroadconstruction-and-maintenancestandardsoftheroads
8	likely-to-be-traveled-by-vehicles-transporting-solid-waste-to-or
	from-the-proposed-facility-
.0	
	2-D. Setback requirements for transfer stations. The
2	department may not issue a permit or a license for a municipal
	solid waste transfer station unless the location of the handling
4	site conforms to the following setback requirements.
_	
6	A. For a transfer station on an island that is not
	connected to the mainland by a road, there is no setback
	connected to the maintain by a road, there is no seconder

48

50

requirement. The department shall review the proposed

location of the handling site and determine whether the

property setbacks proposed by the developer are reasonable

	and compatible with the abutting land uses. To the fullest
2	extent possible, the department shall ensure that the
4.0 · 5	handling site of a transfer station on an island is located
4	in a manner that minimizes any adverse impact on the island
	residents.
6	
8	B. For all other transfer stations, the handling site may not be within 250 feet of any abutting property boundary,
	unless:
10	
12	(1) The department finds the abutting property to be a conforming use. If the department finds an abutting
14	property to be a conforming use, the handling site may be within 250 feet of the boundary but not within 250
16	feet of any permanent structure on that abutting property; or
7.0	
18	(2) The municipality obtains the written permission of all property owners within 250 feet of the proposed
20	handling site.
22	This subsection does not apply to transfer station permit or
,	license renewals.
24	
	2-E. Automobile dismantling, recycling and salvage
26	operations. The department may not issue a license for a solid
	waste facility that is larger than 3 acres in size and that is
28	the location of automobile dismantling, recycling and salvage if
	the automobile dismantling, recycling and salvage operations take
30	place within 100 feet of a well that serves as a public or
	private water supply. This prohibition does not include a
32	private well that serves only the facility or the owner's or
٠	operator's abutting residence.
34	
	2-F. Siting standards. The department shall issue a
36	license for a new or expanded solid waste facility when it finds
	that the following standards, in addition to any other
38	requirements of this chapter, have been met.
40	A. The applicant has the financial and technical ability to
	develop the project in a manner consistent with state
42	environmental standards and with the provisions of this
	<u>chapter.</u>
44	
	B. The applicant has made adequate provision for traffic
46	movement of all types into, out of and within the proposed
	solid waste facility. The department shall consider traffic
48	movement both on site and off site. In making its
÷	determination, the department shall consider the following
50	factors:

2	(1) Vehicular weight limits;
4	(2) Road construction and maintenance standards;
6	(3) Vehicle type;
8	(4) Public safety and congestion on any public or
10	<pre>private road traveled by vehicles transporting waste to or from the proposed facility; and</pre>
12	(5) Other relevant factors.
14	C. The applicant has made adequate provision for fitting the proposed solid waste facility harmoniously into the
16	existing natural environment and the proposed solid waste facility will not unreasonably adversely affect existing
18	uses, scenic character, air quality, water quality or other natural resources in the municipality or in neighboring
20	municipalities.
22	D. The proposed solid waste facility will be built on soil types that are suitable to the nature of the undertaking and
24	will not cause unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment.
2 6	E. The proposed solid waste facility will not pose an unreasonable risk that a discharge to a significant ground
28	water aquifer will occur.
30	F. The applicant has made adequate provision for utilities including water supplies, sewerage facilities, solid waste
32	disposal and roadways required for the project, and the proposed solid waste facility will not have an unreasonable
34	adverse effect on the existing or proposed utilities and
36	<u>roadways in the municipality or area served by those</u> <u>services.</u>
38.	3. Public benefit determination. The department shall
40	determine the public benefit of a proposed facility according to the following provisions.
42	A. Prior to the initial adoption of the state plan, the
44	department shall find that a proposed facility provides a substantial public benefit when the applicant demonstrates
46	that the facility is designed, located and will be operated so that it is consistent with and meets the needs identified
48	in the capacity needs analysis under former section 1310-0.
50	B. Subsequent to the initial adoption of the state plan and for those facilities not subject to chapter 24, subchapter

IV, the department shall employ a rebuttable presumption of public benefit.

2

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

3.4

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

C. Subsequent to the adoption of the state plan and for those facilities subject to chapter 24, subchapter IV, the agency shall determine whether or not the proposed facility meets the requirements of section 2157.

5. Recycling and source reduction determination. The department shall find that the provisions of subsection 1, paragraph C_7 are satisfied when the applicant demonstrates that all requirements of this subsection have been satisfied.

- A. The proposed solid waste disposal facility will accept solid waste which that is subject to recycling and source reduction programs, voluntary or otherwise, at least as effective as those imposed by this chapter and other provisions of state law.
 - (1) The department shall attach this requirement as a standard condition to the license of a solid waste disposal facility governing the future acceptance of solid waste at the proposed facility.
- B. The applicant has shown consistency with the recycling provisions of the state plan.
- 6. Terms and compliance schedules. Licenses are issued under the terms and conditions as the department may-prescribe prescribes, and for a term not to exceed 5 years. The department may establish reasonable time schedules for compliance with this article and rules adopted by the board. Notwithstanding any rules adopted pursuant to this section, licensed or unlicensed municipal solid waste landfills operating on December 31, 1991 may continue to operate until December 31, 1992, unless the commissioner finds that continued operation of a landfill poses immediate hazard to the public health or environment, including, without limitation, a threat to a public or private water supply.

6-A. Relicensing. Notwithstanding subsection 6, a transfer station or a recycling facility licensed under this chapter is not subject to relicensing unless the standards in effect at the time the previous license was issued are changed or if the facility significantly changes its operation. For the purposes of this subsection, a transfer station includes any associated area or use that is permitted by the license, such as areas used to burn or chip wood or brush and areas used to store or handle white goods or tires, but does not include any associated wood waste or demolition debris landfills.

2 7. Criminal or civil record. The department may refuse to grant a license under this article if it finds that the applicant 4 or, if the applicant is other than a natural person, any person having legal interest in the applicant has been found guilty of a criminal or civil violation of laws administered by the 6 department or other laws of the State, other states, the United 8 States or another country. The disposal of construction and demolition 1.0 8. Exemption. debris, land clearing debris and wood wastes is exempt from the 12 requirements of this chapter when: 1.4 A. The disposal facility is less than one acre in size; B. The disposal facility is located on the same parcel of 1.6 property where the waste is generated; and 18 C. Only one exempt disposal facility is located on a single 2.0 property, except that additional facilities on the same parcel that are less than one acre in 22 size and that were in existence prior to the effective date of this subsection do not require a license under this 24 chapter if no additional waste is disposed of in those additional facilities after the effective date of this 26 subsection. Sec. 34. 38 MRSA §1319-R, sub-§§7 and 8 are enacted to read: 28 30 7. Criteria for facility development. In addition to other criteria established by law or rule for facilities under this section, the following criteria for facility development apply to .32 an application for treatment, storage and disposal facilities for 34 hazardous waste. 36 The applicant has the financial capacity and technical ability to develop the project in a manner consistent with 38 state environmental standards. B. The applicant has provided adequately for fitting the 40 project harmoniously into the existing natural environment and has ensured that the project will not adversely affect 42 existing uses, scenic character, air quality, water quality or other natural resources in the municipality or in 44 neighboring municipalities. 46 The proposed project does not pose an unreasonable risk

48

50

occur.

that a discharge to significant ground water aquifer will

	D. The project will be built on soil types suitable to the
2	nature of the undertaking and will not cause unreasonable
	erosion of soil or sediment.
4	
	E. The applicant will provide adequately for traffic
6	movement of all types into, out of or within the project
	area. The department shall consider traffic movement both
8	on site and off site including public safety and congestion
	along waste conveyance transportation routes. The
10	Department of Transportation shall provide the department
	with an analysis of traffic movement of all types into, out
12	of or within the project area.
14	F. The applicant has provided adequately for utilities
16	including water supplies, sewerage facilities, solid waste disposal and roadways required for the project and has
10	ensured that the project will not have an unreasonable
18	adverse effect on the existing or proposed utilities and
	roadways in the municipality or area served by those
20	services.
22	8. Prohibition. The department may not issue a license for
	a hazardous waste disposal facility or any commercial hazardous
24	waste facility if the proposed facility overlies a significant
	ground water aquifer or a primary sand and gravel recharge area.
26	
- 0	Sec. 35. 38 MRSA §1319-X is enacted to read:
28	Rizio V. Gritaria for Jamelanana of material alabama facilities
30	§1319-X. Criteria for development of waste oil storage facilities and biomedical waste facilities
30	and promedical waste lacificies
3 2	The following criteria for facility development apply to an
	application for a waste oil storage facility or a new or
34	substantially modified biomedical waste treatment or disposal
•	facility in addition to other criteria established by law or rule
36	for those facilities.
38	1. Financial capacity. The applicant has the financial
	capacity and technical ability to develop the project in a manner
40	consistent with state environmental standards.
4.5	
12	2. No adverse effect on the natural environment. The
14	applicant has provided adequately for fitting the project
± ' ± ' .	harmoniously into the existing natural environment and the
16	project will not adversely affect existing uses, scenic character, air quality, water quality or other natural resources
	in the municipality or in neighboring municipalities.
18	o marrararararar or an mordination illumitararar
,	3. Ground water. The proposed project does not pose an
50	unreasonable risk that a discharge to a significant ground water
	aquifer will occur.

	z. boil cypes and closion. The project will be built on
•	soil types suitable to the nature of the undertaking and will not
4	cause unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment.
6	5. Traffic movement. The applicant has provided adequately
	for traffic movement of all types into, out of or within the
8	project area. The department shall consider traffic movement
	both on site and off site, including safety and congestion along
10	waste conveyance transportation routes. The Department of
	Transportation shall provide the department with an analysis of
12	traffic movement of all types into, out of or within the project
	area.
14	
	6. Infrastructure. The applicant has provided adequately
16	for utilities including water supplies, sewerage facilities,
	solid waste disposal and roadways required for the project and
18	the project will not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the
10	existing or proposed utilities and roadways in the municipality
20	
20	or area served by those services.
2.2	
22	The department may not issue a license for a waste oil
2.4	storage facility if the proposed facility overlies a significant
24	ground water aquifer or a primary sand and gravel recharge area.
	C
26	Sec. 36. 38 MRSA §1478, sub-§1, as affected by PL 1989, c.
	890, Pt. A, $\S40$ and amended by Pt. B, $\S272$, is further amended to
28	read:
30	1. Notice. Any person intending to construct or operate a
	low-level radioactive waste storage or disposal facility shall
32	file a preliminary notice with the commissioner and the
	municipality in accordance with section 485-A, subsection 1 and-
34	section-487-A,-subsection-1.
36	Sec. 37. Transition. This transition provision applies to
	sections 1 to 26 of this Act.
38	beccions I to 20 of this Act.
30	Tor numbers of determining invisdintion, this hat does
40	1. For purposes of determining jurisdiction, this Act does
40	not apply to a development for which a permit was required under
	this article prior to the effective date of this Act.
42	
	2. Unless a subdivision has been proposed or created prior
44	to the effective date of this Act:
46	A. A lot that is offered for sale or lease to the general
ŧ	public 5 years or more prior to the effective date of this
48	Act, and still offered on that date, is no longer counted
	for purposes of determining jurisdiction as of that date;
EO	1. 1

B. A lot that is first offered for sale or lease to the general public within 5 years prior to the effective date of this Act, and still offered on that date, is no longer counted for purposes of determining jurisdiction more than 5 years after the date of the first offering; and

2

4

6

Я

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

48

50

hazardous activities.

- C. Up to 4 lots offered prior to the effective date of this Act may be exempted if they meet the requirements of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 488, subsection 5, paragraph C.
- 3. A permit issued by the department for a development within unorganized territory, other than a permit for metallic mineral mining or advanced exploration activity, may be modified by the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission. Modification of a permit for a metallic mineral mining or advanced exploration activity requires approval by the department and the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission.
- 4. Municipalities registered under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 489-A are considered registered under this article as amended by this Act but must meet the requirements of this article as amended by this Act.
- Sec. 38. Effective date. The repeal of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 487-A, subsections 2, 3 and 4, the amendment of Title 38, section 488, first paragraph and the enactment of Title 38, section 488, subsection 11 take effect on the effective date of rules or amendments to rules adopted by the Board of Environmental Protection that specifically address the scenic impacts of transmission lines.

STATEMENT OF FACT

38 The bill eliminates permitting thresholds and standards determined redundant or of low priority by the Department of Environmental Protection. These thresholds include conversion of 40 an existing structure, multi-unit housing, drilling or excavating 42 natural resources where the area affected is in excess of 60,000 square feet and structures with a 60,000 square foot ground area 44 or 100,000 square foot floor area. In addition, the bill raises the threshold for topsoil, clay and silt mining to 5 acres as 46 long as best management practices are followed for excavations under 5 acres. The bill eliminates notification requirements for

Exemptions are added for certain residential subdivisions in municipalities with approved growth management programs,

Page 29-LR0592(1)

developments other than metallic mineral advanced exploration or mining activities in unorganized areas, certain roads and railroad tracks, gas pipelines, transmission lines meeting scenic impact standards and certain farm and fire ponds. The standard addressing open space is deleted. The exemption for certain borrow pits regulated by the Department of Transportation is deleted.

Clarifying provisions include the following: clarification of the 5-year subdivision clock, specification of permitting requirements for structures within commercial subdivisions, clarification of the homestead exemption and specification of appeal procedures for municipal delegation suspension decisions. Certain site law definitions are amended to be consistent with definitions used in the natural resources protection laws and mandatory shoreland zoning laws. A provision is added that allows municipalities with delegated authority to modify permits. Additional modification of the municipal delegation provisions shifts oversight of individual developments by the Department of Environmental Protection from the end to the beginning of the municipal review process.

Additional provisions address minor revisions, rescissions, requirements that municipalities with delegated authority update ordinances, deletion of discretionary net worth testing for metallic mineral mining activities and amendment of the reclamation definition to accord with common practice.

This bill also moves certain provisions of the site laws into appropriate sections of the oil discharge prevention, pollution control and waste management laws and makes revisions appropriate to those programs. These provisions include definitions pertaining to aquifers and criteria for hazardous waste, waste oil and biomedical waste facilities that have been previously adopted in rules pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, chapter 13, subchapters I and I-A. This bill also enacts new prohibitions on the siting of waste facilities in certain sensitive geologic areas.