MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1477

S.P. 478

In Senate, May 10, 1993

An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Special Commission on Electoral Practices.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 27. Reference to the Committee on Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CAREY of Kennebec. Cosponsored by Representative STEVENS of Sabattus.

Be i	t enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
§6.	Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §1, sub-§38, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, is amended to read:
30,	
red	38. Registrar. "Registrar" means the registrar, <u>or</u> deputy istrar erthebeardofregistrationofveters of a
_	icipality.
rep	Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA $\S31$, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, $\S6$, is ealed.
	Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §§32 and 33 are enacted to read:
§32.	. Violations and penalties
pers	1. Class E crime. A person commits a Class E crime if that
	A. Knowingly violates a provision of this Title for which no penalty has been provided; or
	B. Knowingly displays or distributes political advertisements in or on state-owned or state-leased property.
	This paragraph does not apply to acts on state highways or to displays on motor vehicles not owned by the State while temporarily parked in parking areas on land maintained by
	the State. This paragraph does not apply to acts in or on a state-owned or state-leased building for a period beginning
	48 hours before and ending 48 hours after that building is used by a political party to conduct a political activity
	within the building.
	2. Class D crime. A person commits a Class D crime if that
pers	son:
	A. Is a public official and knowingly fails or refuses to perform a duty required of that official under this Title.
§33.	Prosecution of violations
	The Attorney General shall designate a Deputy Attorney
	eral or an Assistant Attorney General to investigate and
pros	secute alleged violations of the election laws. This section not preclude a district attorney from investigating and
466	

2	Within 10 days after the regular election of municipal
	officials, the municipal officers shall appoint in writing a
4	qualified registrar of voters who has been nominated by the municipal clerk.
6	
	Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §102, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,
8	§6, is amended to read:
10	The registrar may appoint one or more deputies, who must be
10	registered voters of the municipality. The deputies must be
12	selected so that the number of deputies from a political party or
12	from the list of unenrolled voters does not exceed the number of
1.4	
14	deputies from another political party or from the list of
16	unenrolled voters by more than one. If the registrar is to be
16	absent from the municipality for a period exceeding 15
7.0	consecutive days, he the registrar shall appoint a deputy
18	registrar or deputy registrars who must be physically present in
	the municipality. If the registrar and his the appointed deputy
20	or deputies are absent from the municipality for more than 15
	consecutive days, the clerk shall-serve serves as registrar pro
22	tem.
24	Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §103, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862, §§1
	and 2, is repealed.
26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Sec. 7. 21-A MRSA §104, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is
28	repealed.
30	Sec. 8. 21-A MRSA §112, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161,
	§6, is amended to read:
32	
	1. Residence. The residence of a person is that place in
34	which his the person's habitation is fixed, and tewhich,
3 =	whenever-he-is-absent,-he-has-the-intention-to-return.
36	whenever-he-ib-abbener-he-hab-ehe-iheeneith-ed-reedrh.
30	Soc 0 21 A MDSA \$121 sub \$1 A in anathral to manda
	Sec. 9. 21-A MRSA §121, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
38	
	1-A. Identification and proof. Persons registering to vote
40	must show identification and proof of residency. If proof of
	residency is unavailable at the time of registration, residency
42	must be verified by mail.
44	Registrations taken by outside agencies or through the mail must
	be received in the registrar's office by the close of business 15
46	days before election day in order for the persons who registered
	to appear on the voter list as registered for the election.
48	
	A person who registers during the 15 days before election day or
50	on election day shall register in person and show proof of

identity and residency. If satisfactory proof can not be 2 provided to the registrar or deputy, the person casts challenged ballot. Sec. 10. 21-A MRSA §159, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read: 6 False statement or false oath. ...8 A person who makes a false statement or who takes a false oath before an official 10 concerning the qualifications of any person for registration or enrollment and who does not believe the statement to be true is guilty-of commits a Class -E- D crime. 12 Sec. 11. 21-A MRSA §161, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 14 466, \$10, is further amended to read: 16 List current. The registrar shall keep a list current at all times by adding the names of new voters and by removing 18 the names of those who have died, moved from the municipality 20 with an apparent intention of abandoning their residence in the municipality or become disqualified to vote. When the registrar 22 employs the facilities of the United States Postal Service to determine which voters have moved from the municipality and when 24 the United States Postal Service reports to the registrar that a voter has moved from the address shown on the voting list without having notified the United States Postal Service of a forwarding 26 address, the registrar shall remove the name of the voter from 28 the voting list and is not required to send, or to attempt to send, a notice to the voter in accordance with section 162. The 30 registrar may not remove the name of a registered voter from the voter list solely for not voting in previous elections. 32 The registrar may contact other municipalities within the 34 representative district or senatorial district in which the registrar's municipality is apportioned to ascertain whether voters on that municipality's voting list are also registered in 36 another municipality in the district. 38 Sec. 12. 21-A MRSA §167, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read: 40 §167. Violation and penalty 42

Sec. 13. 21-A MRSA §503, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §18, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

A person who places or removes the name of another on or from a voting list or general register, knowing he <u>that person</u> has no legal right to do so is-quilty-ef, commits a Class -E-C

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crime.

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2	1. Appointment. The municipal clerk of each municipality
	shall appoint election clerks for each polling place no later
4	than May 1st of each general election year. The election clerks
	must be registered voters of the municipality in which
б	appointed. The clerk shall consider persons nominated by the
	local committees of the major political parties. The workers
8	must be selected so that the number of workers from a political
	party or from the list of unenrolled voters does not exceed the
10	number of workers from another political party or from the list
	of unenrolled voters by more than one.
12	
	Sec. 14. 21-A MRSA §503, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1985, c.
14	314, is further amended to read:
16	2. Number appointed. The municipal officers shall appoint
7 .	2 election clerks, who must be residents of the municipality, for
18	each voting place in each municipality.
20.	A. They The municipal officers may appoint additional
	election clerks, if necessary, who are nominated as provided
22	in subsection 1.
24	B. They The municipal officers shall appoint alternate
	election clerks who are nominated as provided in subsection
26	1 and who may be called into service by the warden, as
	needed, to fill a vacancy on election day.
28	
	C. The municipal clerk may appoint a sufficient number of
30	election clerks, an-equal-number-from-each-political-party,
	who are nominated as provided in subsection 1, to serve as
32	counters when the polls close. Counters shall-be-paid-a are
	entitled to receive reasonable compensation as determined by
34	the municipal officers.
36	If the municipal eemmittee clerk fails to nominate a sufficient
	number of election clerks, the municipal clerk or municipal
38 ·	officers shall appoint the necessary number to fill the vacancy
	on election day
10	on creecion day.
	Sec. 15. 21-A MRSA §503, sub-§8 is enacted to read:
12	Desired markets governo go in chance to read,
~ •	8. Training. The Secretary of State shall encourage
14	municipalities to provide training biennially to election
~ ~	officials.
16	
	Sec. 16. 21-A MRSA 8601, sub-81, as enacted by PL 1985, c.

161, §6, is amended to read:

	1. Arrangement. The ballot must be arranged in ene-celumn
2	the same format as the ballots used for scanning devices.
4	Sec. 17. 21-A MRSA §601, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
6	
	A. The following instructions must be printed in bold type
8	at the top of the ballot: "MAKE-A-CROSS-(X)-OR-A-CHECK-MARK
10	(-)-IN-THE-SQUARE-AT-THE-LEFT-OF-THE-NAME-OF-THE-CANDIDATE FOR-WHOM-YOU-WISH-TO-VOTE+ "TO VOTE FOR A CANDIDATE OF YOUR
10	CHOICE, COMPLETE THE ARROW POINTING TO THE CANDIDATE OF YOUR
12	CHOICE, LIKE THIS (show completed arrow). YOU MAY VOTE FOR
14	A PERSON WHOSE NAME DOES NOT APPEAR ON THE BALLOT BY WRITING IT THE PERSON'S NAME AND MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE OR BY
7.4	PASTING A STICKER WITH THE PERSON'S NAME AND MUNICIPALITY OF
16	RESIDENCE ON IT IN THE PROPER BLANK SPACE AND MARKING
18	<u>COMPLETING</u> THE SQUARE <u>ARROW</u> AT THE LEFT <u>RIGHT</u> . DO NOT ERASE NAMES."
2.0	Co. 19 21 A RADEA SAGUE TO C2 due 1022 A 20TM A 1 7 1 2 2 2
20	Sec. 18. 21-A MRSA §601, sub-§2, ¶F, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
22	101, 30, is repeated and the fortowing enacted in its place.
	F. An arrow must be printed at the right of each name or
24	write-in space so that a voter may designate the voter's
	choice clearly by connecting the arrow.
26	C 10 21 A BADCA COLA L C2 67A
28	Sec. 19. 21-A MRSA §601-A, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 797, §3, is amended to read:
30	A. The following instructions must be printed in bold type
30	at the top of the ballot.
32	
	"MAKE - A- CROSS- (X)-OR - A- CHECK- MARK-(-)-IN-THE-SQUARE-AT-THE
34	LEFT-OF-THE-NAME-OF-THE-CANDIDATE-FOR-WHOM-YOU-WISH-TO-VOTE-
	"TO VOTE FOR A CANDIDATE OF YOUR CHOICE, COMPLETE THE ARROW
36	POINTING TO THE CANDIDATE OF YOUR CHOICE, LIKE THIS (show completed arrow). YOU MAY VOTE FOR A PERSON WHOSE NAME DOES
38	NOT APPEAR ON THE BALLOT BY WRITING IT THE PERSON'S NAME AND
50	MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE OR BY PASTING A STICKER WITH THAT
40	THE PERSON'S NAME AND MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE ON IT IN THE
	PROPER BLANK SPACE AND MARKING-A-CROSS-(X)-OR-A-CHECK-MARK-(
42)-IN COMPLETING THE PROPER-SQUARE ARROW AT THE LEFT RIGHT.
	DO NOT ERASE NAMES.
44	TE NOVI MICH MO NOME FOR INCOMMEND WAYS & GROCG (W) OR A
46	IF YOU WISH TO VOTE FOR UNCOMMITTED, MAKE-A-CROSS-(X)-QR-A
- U	CHECK-MARK-()IN <u>COMPLETE</u> THE SQUARE <u>ARROW</u> AT THE LEFT <u>RIGHT</u> OF THE WORD 'UNCOMMITTED.' MARK <u>COMPLETE</u> ONLY ONE
48	SQUARE ARROW."

2	Sec. 20. 21-A MRSA §602, sub-§2, ¶¶A and C, as enacted by PL
2	1985, c. 161, §6, are amended to read:
4	A. The names of all nominees for office must as far as
_	pessible-be-placed-in-one-vertical-columnWhen-there-are
6	over-25-names-to-be-printed-on-the-ballot,-another-column-or
8	eelumnsmaybeaddedferthenameseftheadditional nomineesWhen-2-or-more-columns-are-used,the-same-number
0	of-names,so-far-as-possible,-must-be-printed-in-each
10	eelumn. The names of candidates for any one office may not
	be split into more than one column regardless of number.
12	The initial letter letters of the last name names of the
	several candidates in-each-eelumn must be printed directly
14	beneath each other in a vertical line and the initial letter
	<u>letters</u> of the respective party designations of each nominee
16	must be printed directly beneath each other in a vertical
1 0	line.
18	C. The following instructions must be printed in bold type
20	at the top of the ballot: "MAKE-A-CROSS-(X)-OR-A-CHECK-MARK
	(-)-in-the-square-at-the-left-of-the-nominee-for-whom-you
22	WISH-TO-VOTE TO VOTE FOR A NOMINEE OF YOUR CHOICE,
	COMPLETE THE ARROW POINTING TO THE NOMINEE OF YOUR CHOICE,
24	LIKE THIS (show completed arrow). YOU MAY VOTE FOR A PERSON
	WHOSE NAME DOES NOT APPEAR ON THE BALLOT BY WRITING IT-AND
26	THE PERSON'S NAME AND MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE IN THE
28	PROPER BLANK SPACE AND MARKING <u>COMPLETING</u> THE SQUARE <u>ARROW</u> AT THE LEFT <u>RIGHT</u> . DO NOT ERASE NAMES."
20	AT THE BEF# RIGHT. DO NOT ERASE NAMES.
30	Sec. 21. 21-A MRSA §602, sub-§2, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1985, c.
	161, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
32	
	G. An arrow must be printed at the right of each name or
34	write-in space so that a voter may designate the voter's
36	choice clearly by connecting the arrow.
30	Sec. 22. 21-A MRSA §605, sub-§2, ¶A is enacted to read:
38	bee. 22. 21-11 Million 3005, Sab-32, In 13 endeced to read.
	A. A notice must be conspicuously posted at the entrances
1 0	to all polling places and voter registration places
	informing voters and others that knowingly violating the
42	State's election laws is a crime punishable by up to 10
	years in state prison and a fine not to exceed \$20,000.
14	Sec. 23. 21-A MRSA §674, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6,
16	is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
	is repeated and the following chatted in its place.
18	§674. Violations and penalties
50	1. Class E crime. A person commits a Class E crime if that
	person:

2	,	A. Knowingly removes a ballot from a voting place on
		election day except as authorized by this Title;
4		
		B. Interferes with a voter attempting to cast a vote or
6		interferes with or attempts to influence a voter in marking
Ū		that voter's ballot;
8	·	that voter s barrot,
0		
		C. Assists or offers to assist another person at the voting
10		place in marking that other person's ballot, unless the
		person has been requested to do so by the warden or ward
12		clerk; or
14		D. Shows that person's marked ballot to another with the
		intent to reveal how that person voted.
16		ELECTION OF LOT ONLY
10		2. Class D crime. A person commits a Class D crime if that
10		
18	pers	<u>on:</u>
20		A. Assists another person in voting, knowing that the other
		person is not eligible to vote; or
22		
		B. Solicits votes from another person, knowing that the
24		other person is under quardianship because of mental illness.
26		3. Class C crime. A person commits a Class C crime if that
بي ع		
20	pers	011;
28		
•		A. Knowingly causes a delay in the registration or
30		enrollment of another or knowingly causes a delay in the
		delivery of an absentee ballot or absentee ballot
32	*	application with the intent to prevent a person from voting
		or to render that person's vote ineffective;
34		
		B. Votes or attempts to vote knowing that the person is not
36		eligible to do so or having once voted, whether within or
30	:	outside this State, again votes or attempts to vote at the
2.0		
38		same election; or
40		C. Votes or attempts to vote by using the name of another.
42		4. Class B crime. A person commits a Class B crime if that
	pers	on:
44		· ·
		A. Tampers with ballots or voting lists or opens or breaks
16		
46		a seal of a sealed box or package of ballots or voting
_		lists, except as permitted by this Title.
48		
		Sec. 24. 21-A MRSA §682, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c.
50	161.	<pre>66. is amended to read:</pre>

2	Influence prohibited. Within 250 feet of the entrance
	to the voting place as well as within the voting place itself, me
4	a person may not influence or attempt to influence another
	person's eheiee-of-eandidates decision regarding a candidate of
6	
J	<u>prohibited</u> from attending the voting place anderally
,8	
	influence-their-wete except for the purpose of voting.
10	G AF A4 1 7/77 G1 0 000 1 00
	Sec. 25. 21-A MRSA §682, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1991, c.
12	466, §20, is further amended to read:
14	3. Advertising prohibited. No A person may not display any
	advertising material, operate any advertising medium, including a
16	sound amplification device, or distribute campaign literature,
	posters, palm cards, buttons or stickers intended to influence
18	the opinion of any voter, within 250 feet of the entrance to
10	either the voting place or the registrar's office. The term
20	"sound amplification device" includes, but is not limited to,
-20	
2.2	sound trucks, loudspeakers and blowhorns.
22	
	Party workers and others who remain in the voting place outside
24	the guardrail enclosure may not use within the polling place
	cellular phones, beepers, voice or signal pagers or similar
26	devices that make noise or allow direct audible voice
	communication within the polling place.
28	
	A. This subsection does not apply to advertising material
-30.	
	does not prohibit a person from passing out stickers at the
32	voting place to be pasted on the ballot at a primary
- 0	election. It does not prohibit a person, other than an
34	election official, from wearing a campaign button when the
2 .	
2.6	longest dimension of the button does not exceed 3 inches.
3,6	
_	B. A person who knowingly engages in activities prohibited
38	by this section is-guilty-of commits a Class E crime.
40	Sec. 26. 21-A MRSA §692, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1985, c.
	161, §6, is amended to read:
42	
	3. Referendum question. In voting on a referendum
44	question, he the voter shall place complete the markinthe
	square-of-his arrow of the voter's choice at-the-left-of next to
46	the question.
±υ	cue dreacton.
. 40	Sec. 27. 21-A MRSA §696, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1985, c.
48	
	357, $\S\S4$ and 19, is further amended to read:

2	the same as a regular ballot. The validity of a challenged ballot need not be determined unless it affects the results of an
4	election.
6	If the challenged ballot affects the result of an election, the
	envelope containing the challenge certificate shall must be
8	submitted to the Commission-on-Governmental-Ethics-and-Election
	Practices Supreme Judicial Court and its validity shall must be
10.	determined, subject-to-the-right-of-appeal-for-county-offices
	under-section-746, except where when final determination of the
12	election of a candidate is governed by the Genstitution-of-Maine er-the United States Constitution. The challenge certificate
14	shall must be in such a form as the Secretary of State may
	establishes by rule establish.
16	Coo 70 71 A RAIDCA SCOO cont. S7
18	Sec. 28. 21-A MRSA §698, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1987, c. 188, §6, is repealed.
,	
20	Sec. 29. 21-A MRSA §698, sub-§§2-A and 2-B are enacted to read:
22	2-A. Used ballots placed in containers. The election
	clerks shall place the sealed packages of used ballots, envelopes
24	containing challenge certificates, spoiled ballots, defective
	ballots, void ballots, used absentee ballots, used absentee
26	envelopes and used absentee applications in tamper-proof ballot
	containers. These containers must be furnished by the Secretary
28	of State.
30	All hallot hower must be sealed before leaving the president with
	All ballot boxes must be sealed before leaving the precinct with a numbered seal that must correlate with a certificate
3 2	identifying the person sealing the box and the time of the
	sealing. These ballot boxes must have padlocks.
34	bearing. Inche barrot boxes made have paurocks.
	A. Transfer and resealing of the ballots to other
36	containers for permanent storage must be done 60 or more
	days following the election. The municipal clerk shall make
8 8	the transfer in the presence of one representative from each
	of the major political parties. The containers must be
10	securely sealed.
12	2-B. Unused ballots placed in containers. At the close of
	the polls, all unused, unsealed absentee and regular ballots must
14	be voided by a physical mark unless all voted ballots have been
	validated in the course of the election. All sealed ballots must
16	be left sealed and wrapped with tamper-proof tape. All unused
	ballots, including both the unsealed and the sealed ballots, must
1 0	the contract for the contribution in which the meanings believe with

1. Challenged ballot. A challenged ballot must be counted

delivered. The boxes containing the unused ballots must be

	clearly marked to indicate that the boxes contain unused
2	ballots. These ballots must be stored separately from the used
_	<u>ballots.</u>
4	Sec. 30. 21-A MRSA §698, sub-§5, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1985, c.
6	161, §6, is amended to read:
8	A. The portions of subsection 1, paragraph A, and subsection-2-which subsections 2-A and 2-B that deal with
10	absentee ballots do not apply to municipalities with 2 or more voting districts where absentee ballots are counted
12	separately.
14	Sec. 31. 21-A MRSA §712, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
1,6	
18	§712. Return not delivered
	If an election return is not delivered to the Secretary of
20	State within 7 3 business days after an election, the Secretary of State must shall send a messenger to the municipality
22	concerned, and the clerk shall give him that messenger a certified copy of the return.
24	
26	Sec. 32. 21-A MRSA §724, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:
28	Within a reasonable time after an election, the Governor
	shall issue an election certificate, in accordance with Title 5,
30	section 84, or a notice of apparent election to each person
32	elected to office, according to the tabulation under section 722. Fer-cases-involving-elections-finally-determined-by-the
	Governor,aeertificateshallbeissuedundersection744,
34	subsection-3,-paragraphs-B-and-C,-For-cases-involving-elections
36	net-finally-determined-by-the <u>The</u> Governor,-the Governor-shall may not issue a certificate while the election is contested
50	before the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election
3 8	Practices-under-Article-IV court. If,-before-the-convening-of
	the-finally-determinative-body-in-an-election-not-determined-by
10	the-Governor,-the-commission the court finds that a candidate has
12	been apparently elected, the commission court shall immediately
± Z	notify the Governor of that apparent election. The Governor shall issue a notice of apparent election to the person
14	apparently elected, according to the findings of the eemmissien court.
16	COULC.
	Sec. 33. 21-A MRSA §736, as amended by PL 1987, c. 258, §§1
18	and 2, is repealed.
50	Sec. 34. 21-A MRSA §737, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §23,

is repealed.

4 §737-A. Recount

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- If, after an initial tally of the ballots, the margin between the number of votes cast for the leading candidate and the number of votes cast for the 2nd-place candidate is less than 1% of the total number of votes cast in that race, a recount is presumed necessary.
- Once a recount is triggered by this presumption, or a recount is requested, the Secretary of State shall notify the State Police, who shall take physical control of all ballots and related materials involved in the recount as soon as possible.
- The State Police shall store and maintain exclusive control

 18 over the ballots and other materials pending and during the
 recount except when the counting is being conducted by the

 20 Secretary of State.
- A losing candidate in any election who desires a recount must file with the Secretary of State a written request for a recount within 7 business days after the election. The recount is held under the supervision of the Secretary of State, who shall allow the candidate or the candidate's counsel to recount the ballots.
- If, after the official tabulation is submitted to the Governor, the apparent winner is determined the losing candidate, that candidate may request another recount within 3 business days after the date the Governor receives the tabulation.
- 1. Deposit for recount. All deposits required by this section must be made with the Secretary of State when a recount is requested. Once the recount has begun, the deposit made by the candidate requesting the recount is forfeited to the State if the resulting count fails to change the outcome of the election. If the recount reverses the election, the deposit must be returned to the candidate requesting the recount. The amount of the deposit is calculated as follows.
- A. If the difference shown by the official tabulation between the leading candidate and the 2nd-place candidate is 1% or less, a deposit is not required.
- B. If the percentage difference is at least 1% and less than 2%, the deposit is \$500.
- 50 <u>C. If the percentage difference is 2% or more, the deposit</u> is \$1,000.

. 2	2. Recount request. If a ballot contains state and local
	candidates or questions, the Secretary of State shall determine
4	which requests for recount must be honored first when more than
	one request is presented.
6	
	3. Notice of recount. The Secretary of State shall send
8	written notice of a recount to the candidates for the office in
	question, stating the time and place of the recount.
10	
	4. Time of recount. The recount must be held as soon as
12	reasonably possible at a time and place that affords the
	candidates a reasonable opportunity to be present.
.14	
	5. Persons prohibited from working at recount. State
16	employees, including legislative employees, may not participate
	in ballot recounts in any capacity, except that this subsection
18	does not prohibit employees within the Department of the
	Secretary of State, election officials and staff of the
20	Department of the Attorney General from performing their duties
~~ 0	with respect to a recount.
22	<u> </u>
	6. List of recount personnel. The Secretary of State must
24	maintain a list of recount personnel for 2 years after the
24	
26	recount.
20	7. Disputed ballots segregated. At the recount, the
28	
40	Secretary of State shall segregate disputed ballots. Disputed
30	ballots that are not resolved must be photocopied by a
30	representative of the Secretary of State. The photocopy of the
3.0	ballot is not a public record and must be kept separate from the
32	original ballots.
2.4	
34	When a recount is requested by a write-in candidate who did not
2.5	receive the minimum number of votes required, if the write-in
36	candidate is the only candidate at the recount and if it appears
	from the recount that a sufficient number of votes for that
38	candidate has been received at the election, then all ballots
	from that election are considered "disputed."
40	
	8. Mistake in ballot count. If it is found that a mistake
42	was made in counting the ballots on election day, the Secretary
	of State shall submit a corrected tabulation to the Governor.
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	9. Package resealed and marked. After a recount, the
46	Secretary of State shall reseal the packages of ballots and
	incoming voting lists, noting the fact and date of the recount on
48	the packages. All challenged and disputed ballots must be
	packaged separately. The challenged and disputed ballots must be
50	kept until released to the court in case of an appeal.

10.	Appeal	to c	ourt.	If t	nere ar	e enoug	<u>h challer</u>	nged or
disputed								
Secretary								
for that								

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court shall determine the result of the election pursuant to procedures adopted by court rule. The decision of the Chief Justice is final and must be certified to the Governor by the Chief Justice.

11. Withdrawal from recount. A candidate who requests and receives a recount may withdraw from the recount at any time while the recount shows that candidate to be the loser. If, during the recount, the candidate requesting the recount overtakes and passes the candidate who initially appeared to win the election, the candidate requesting the recount may not withdraw the request and the recount must be completed.

Sec. 36. 21-A MRSA $\S738$, as amended by PL 1987, c. 188, $\S10$, is further amended to read:

§738. Statewide referendum ballots

On petition signed by 100 or more affected voters, an inspection—and a recount may be held on any referendum question by applying to the Secretary of State within the deadlines deadline provided in sections—736—and—737 section 737—A. A deposit shall—be is required if the percentage difference between the yes and no votes falls within the requirements of section 737—737—A, subsection 2 1. Appeal of challenged or disputed ballots must—be is to the Commission—on—Governmental—Ethics—and—Election Practices—as—provided—under—Article—IV Supreme Judicial Court.

If a ballot contains state and local candidates or questions, the Secretary of State shall set--pfierities--en determine which requests for inspection-and recount shall must be honored first if when more than one request is presented.

Sec. 37. 21-A MRSA §739, first \P , as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, \S 6, is amended to read:

On request, a municipal clerk or the Secretary of State, or both, shall produce any ballots or incoming voting lists in his their custody before the Governor, the-Commission-on-Governmental Ethies-and-Election-Practices, either branch of the Legislature, any legislative committee or any a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 38. 21-A MRSA c. 9, sub-c. III, art. IV is repealed.

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- 1-A. Able-bodied person. An able-bodied person who votes by absentee ballot must vote in the presence of the municipal clerk prior to or on election day;
- Sec. 40. 21-A MRSA §751, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §24, is further amended to read:

7. Resident of certain facilities. Resident of a licensed nursing home, as defined in Title 22, chapter 405; licensed boarding home, as defined in Title 22, chapter 1665, eer; certified congregate housing unit, as defined in Title 22, chapter 1457-A; or housing for the elderly or handicapped, when the clerk is present;

Sec. 41. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1991, c. 466, §29, is further amended to read:

Application or request received. On receipt of a completed application or a request for an absentee ballot signed by the applicant, the clerk may immediately send or deliver an absentee ballot and return envelope to the applicant er. Ballots may be issued to a 3rd person designated in the application or request only on the last 5 business days before the election as well as on election day. There must be satisfactory proof provided to the municipal clerk that the voter is hospitalized or physically unable to vote in person. The clerk may not deliver an absentee ballot to any 3rd person whose name appears on an absentee ballot. The clerk may not deliver to a 3rd person any absentee ballot requested under subsection 2-A. If a municipal election is to be held on the same date as a statewide election, absentee ballots for the municipal and statewide election may be issued in response to the same application. The clerk shall issue to any 3rd person designated in an application or request only enough-absentee ballots to insure that person will not have--mere--than--10 2 absentee ballots for voters in a the municipality at any time. A 3rd person must, unless good cause is shown, return an absentee ballot to the clerk's office within the time limits provided in section 755. The clerk shall include a ballot application to be completed by the person who signed only a written request, unless the written request is sufficient under subsection 2. The clerk shall type or write in ink the name and the legal address of the person for whom the absentee ballot is intended in the upper left hand section of all return envelopes.

A. If the clerk receives a duplicate application from a person from whom the clerk has received a return envelope

apparently containing an absentee ballot, the clerk may not furnish another absentee ballot for that person.

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- B. The clerk may issue a 2nd absentee ballot to an applicant, if the applicant requests one, in person or in writing and:
 - (1) The applicant states good cause, including, but not limited to, loss of, spoiling of or damage to the first absentee ballot; or
 - An absentee ballot for the applicant which that (2) furnished to a designated 3rd person is not returned to the clerk's office within 5 2 business days of the date that ballot was sent or delivered to the 3rd person or e∉ the date that 3rd person was notified by the clerk that the ballot was available, or by 10 a.m. on the day before election day, whichever is If a ballot for an applicant is not returned earlier. to the clerk within 5 2 days of notification, then the clerk shall mail a ballot to that applicant on the 6th 3rd day after notification and shall may issue no other ballot to the applicant except for good cause as provided in this subsection. This subparagraph may does not be-construed-to affect the time for delivery of absentee ballots under section 755.
- Sec. 42. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§3-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 862, §6, is further amended to read:

Alternate method of balloting by residents of licensed nursing homes, licensed boarding homes, certified congregate housing units or housing of the elderly or handicapped. municipal clerk shall designate one or more times during the 30-day period prior to an election during which the municipal clerk must be present in any licensed nursing home, as defined in Title 22, chapter 405; licensed boarding home, as defined in Title 22, chapter 1665; er certified congregate housing unit, as defined in Title 22, chapter 1457-A; or housing for the elderly or handicapped, for the purpose of absentee balloting by the residents of these homes er, units or housing. The clerk shall designate which areas in these facilities constitute the voting place, the voting booth and the quardrail enclosure. Sections 681 and 682 apply to voting in these facilities within the areas designated by the clerk.

Sec. 43. 21-A MRSA §753, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1985, c. 357, §§10 and 19, is further amended to read:

	5. Clerk to list. The clerk shall keep a list of th
2	persons to-whom-he-furnishes furnished absentee ballots unti
	after election day, or the clerk shall file the applications an
4	requests in alphabetical order. The clerk shall keep a list o
	the persons who vote in the presence of the clerk unde
6	subsection 7. The clerk shall submit this list to the registra
	for certification before the close of business on the day before
8	election day.
10	The clerk shall keep a list of the 3rd persons, designated is
	applications or requests, to whom absentee ballots are sent of
12	delivered under subsection 3 and of the number of absente
	ballots sent or delivered to these persons. These 3rd persons may
14	not have more than 40 2 absentee ballots for voters in a the
	municipality at any time.
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	Sec. 44. 21-A MRSA §765 is enacted to read:
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	§765. Early voting
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	In addition to the regular election day, municipalities may
22	authorize the Saturday before election as a day for early
	voting. The voting may be done in a centralized location. This
24	location is deemed to be a polling place, and all laws relative
	to polling places apply. The ballots cast may not be counted
26	until the polls close on election day. If electronic scanning
	machines are used, the results may not be totaled until the polls
28	close on election day.
30	Sec. 45. 21-A MRSA §791, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1987, c.
	572, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
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	2. Class D crime. A person commits a Class D crime if that
34	person:
36	A. Delivers, receives, accepts, notarizes or witnesses an
	absentee ballot, other than that person's own absentee
38	ballot, for compensation other than reasonable reimbursement
	for actual meals and mileage. This paragraph does not apply
40	to a governmental employee handling ballots in the course of
	that employee's official duties or a person who handles
42	absentee ballots before the unvoted ballots are delivered to
	the municipality or after the voted ballots are returned to
44	the clerk.
•	C AC AT A REPORT OFFICE 1 CO
46	Sec. 46. 21-A MRSA §791, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
48	3. Class C crime. A person commits a Class C crime if that

person:

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- A. Forges the name of another on an absentee ballot, the return envelope or the application for an absentee ballot; or
- Is a candidate who, notwithstanding this subchapter, delivers, receives, accepts, notarizes or witnesses an б absentee ballot, other than the candidate's own absentee ballot, furnished by the clerk of a municipality in this This paragraph does not apply to an elected 8 municipal clerk in an election when no other name for the 10 office of clerk appears on the ballot. In a contested election for the office of clerk, a clerk may not be 12 exempted from the provisions of this paragraph but shall instead appoint a deputy or an assistant, to whom the 14 municipality shall pay all associated costs for the duration of the deputy's or assistant's temporary employment in that 16 capacity.

Sec. 47. 21-A MRSA §809, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:

- 1-A. Decertification of voting machines and devices. The Secretary of State shall decertify Shoup voting machines, automatic voting machines, Shouptronic voting devices and electronic voting devices that use punch cards. The decertification must take effect after the 1996 general election.
- Sec. 48. 21-A MRSA §829, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

§829. Violation and penalty

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Any person who alters, adjusts, operates, moves, unlocks or unseals a voting machine or any part of a voting machine, or who attempts such an act, with the intent of changing the outcome of any election is-quilty-of commits a Class D B crime.

Sec. 49. 21-A MRSA §860, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

§860. Violation and penalty

The-penal-laws-and-election-laws-relating-to-misconduct-at elections-apply-te-elections-conducted-with-voting-devices-and automatic-tabulating-equipment. Any person who, before, during or after an election, tampers with or willfully injures any voting device, ballot cards or other records or equipment used in the election, or interferes or attempts to interfere with the correct operation of such a device or equipment or the secrecy of voting, is-guilty-ef commits a Class D C crime.

Sec. 50. 21-A MRSA §906, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

2	1. Referendum questions on separate ballot. Referendum
	questions must be printed on a ballot separate from the general
4	election ballots, except for municipalities using electronic
	scanning devices. Two squares arrows must be printed at-the-left
6	ef- any-referendum <u>next to the</u> question submitted, with <u>a</u> "Yes'
	aboveoneand <u>or</u> "No" above the othersothatavotermay
8	designate-his choice elearly-by-a-cross-or-a-check-mark. The
	voter shall complete the arrow to designate the voter's choice.
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	Sec. 51. 30-A MRSA §2533, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt.
12	C, $\S\S 8$ and 10, is further amended to read:
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14	§2533. Title to municipal office
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16	Within 20 days after election day, a person who claims to
10	have been elected to any municipal office may proceed against
18	another who claims title to the office by following the procedure outlined in Title $21-A$, section $746 \frac{737-A}{2}$.
20	outlined in little 21-A, Section 740 137-A.
20	Sec. 52. 34-A MRSA §3007, sub-§4, amended by PL 1985, c. 161,
22	§15, is further amended to read:
	313, 15 Idicher amended to read.
24	4. Violation. The posting of written political material
	under this section is not a violation of Title 21-A, section 31,
26	subsection-3, 32 or Title 21-A, section 674, subsection 1,
	paragraph C.
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	Sec. 53. 34-B MRSA §1410, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1985, c.
30	506, Pt. A, §71, is further amended to read:
32	4. Violation. The posting of written political material
	under this section is not a violation of Title 21-A, section 31,
34	subsection-3 32 or Title $21-A$, section 674, subsection 1,
	paragraph C.
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38	CONT. A CONTROL ACTION ACTION ACTION ACTION
4.0	STATEMENT OF FACT
40	This hill implements the accommodations of the Country
42	This bill implements the recommendations of the Special
44	Commission to Review the Electoral Process convened by the Secretary of State.
44	secretary or state.
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