MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1463

S.P. 471

In Senate, May 6, 1993

An Act to Permit Collection of Public Assistance Overpayments by Administrative Process.

Reference to the Committee on Human Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BUTLAND of Cumberland. (GOVERNOR'S BILL). Cosponsored by Senator: CAREY of Kennebec, Representatives: BARTH of Bethel, KERR of Old Orchard Beach.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	Sec. 1. 22 MRSA c. 1054-C is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 1054-C
	COLLECTION OF OVERPAYMENTS
	§3801. Definitions
	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
_	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
	1. Assistance unit. "Assistance unit" means the
	individuals whose income the department considers when
	<u>determining whether an applicant or recipient is eligible for program benefits.</u>
	2. Obligor. "Obligor" means an individual who receives an
	overpayment or an individual who is a member of an assistance
1	unit that receives an overpayment.
	3. Overpayment. "Overpayment" means program benefits that
	an individual or assistance unit receives that exceed the amount
	of program benefits for which the individual or assistance unit
	is eligible or program benefits that are paid out or issued by a
J	program in error.
	4. Program benefits. "Program benefits" means money
	payments or food coupons issued by the department pursuant to an
	application for benefits made by an individual to any of the following programs: Aid to Families with Dependent Children
	established in chapter 1053; the Additional Support for People in
	Retraining and Education program established in chapter 1504-A
	and other programs the department may administer to comply with
	federal Job Opportunity and Basic Skills training program
	requirements; the emergency assistance program for needy families
	with children established in chapter 1053-A; the food stamp
	program established in chapter 851; the Maine Health Program
	established in chapter 855; and the Medicaid program established
	in chapter 855.
	§3802. Notice to repay
	33007. WOLICE TO LEBSA
	1. Repayment. The department may serve a notice to repay
	upon an individual or other member of an assistance unit that
	received an overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or
	otherwise recovered by the department if the individual or other
	member of the assistance unit no longer receives benefits from
	the benefit program that issued the overpayment.

2	2. Notice. A notice to repay must state the following:
4	A. The name of the obligor;
б	B. The amount of the overpayment, when the overpayment was made and when it was established;
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10	C. The name of the benefit program that issued the overpayment;
12	D. The amount of the overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department;
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16	E. That the obligor may contact the department to execute an assignment of earnings or enter into an agreement to repay the overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or
18	otherwise recovered by the department;
20	F. That if the amount of the overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department is
22	not repaid within 21 days, the department may collect the amount owed by income withholding, may file liens against
24	the obligor's real and personal property for the amount owed and may report the obligor to a consumer credit reporting
26	agency; and
28	G. That the obligor has the right to request a hearing within 21 days of service of the notice and that if the
30	obligor requests a hearing, collection action is stayed pending a decision after hearing.
32	gending a decision direct mediting.
34	3. Collection action. The department may use the remedies available under this chapter to collect the amount of an
36	overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department 21 days after service of a notice to
30	repay, unless the obligor timely requests a hearing. The
38	department may execute an assignment of earnings with the
40	obligor's consent at any time for repayment of the amount of an overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise
10	recovered by the department.
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44	4. Hearing. An obligor served with a notice to repay may request a hearing within 21 days of the date of service of the
=	notice. The obligor may contest at hearing the accuracy of the
46	notice to repay and whether the notice was issued in accordance
48	with the requirements of this section. The obligor may not contest the amount of an overpayment that the obligor previously
∓ 0	had an opportunity to contest or the amount of an overpayment

that was established by judicial or administrative action, by

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agreement of the obligor and the department or by operation of law. The department shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the requirements of Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV.

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- 5. Decision after hearing. The department shall render a decision after hearing without undue delay. The decision must be based on the hearing record and rules adopted by the commissioner. The decision must include a finding of the amount of the overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department. The decision must inform the obligor that the obligor may file a petition for judicial review of the decision within 30 days of the date of the decision. The department shall send an attested copy of the decision to the obligor by regular mail to the obligor's most recent address of record. If the finding contained in the decision is that the obligor has received an overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department, the department may use the remedies available under this chapter to collect the amount not recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered 10 days after the decision is issued.
- 6. Stay. If the obligor named in a notice to repay timely requests a hearing to contest the notice to repay, the department shall stay all collection action pending a decision after hearing.

§3803. Service

The department may serve a notice to repay by certified mail, return receipt requested, by personal service by an authorized representative of the commissioner, or as specified by the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.

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§3804. Exempt property

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An obligor's weekly income equal to 30 times the federal minimum wage as prescribed by the United States Code, Title 29, Section 206(a)(1), is exempt from collection by income withholding. Property otherwise exempt from trustee process, attachment and execution is exempt from collection by lien and foreclosure.

\$3805. Income withholding

1. Payor duty. Twenty-one days after the department has served a notice to repay, the department may serve an income withholding order upon the obligor's employer or other payor of income to collect the amount of the overpayment not recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered by the department, unless collection action is stayed in accordance with section 3802, subsection 6. Upon receipt of an income withholding order issued

	by the department, the employer of other payor of theome brain
2	begin withholding immediately from the obligor's income the
	amount specified in the withholding order. Income withheld must
4	be sent to the department within 10 days of the date of the
	withholding. The department shall send the obligor a copy of an
6	income withholding order issued under this section to the
	obligor's most recent address of record.
8	2 Withhelding orders power notice by income withhelding
10	<u>2. Withholding order; payor notice.</u> An income withholding order must state:
10	Older mase seaces
12	A. The name of the obligor;
14	B. The amount owed to the department;
16	C. The amount of income that the employer or other payor of
	income is required to withhold;
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	D. That withholding must take place when the obligor is
20	normally paid and that income withheld must be sent to the
	department within 10 days of each withholding;
22	E. That the withholding order applies to current and
24	subsequent periods of employment;
	Danded were beriods or emproyment.
26	F. The income exemption amount and limitation on
	withholding provided for by this chapter; and
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2.0	G. The substance of any other rights, obligations and
30	liabilities of the employer or other payor of income provided for or imposed by this chapter.
32	provided for or imposed by this chapter.
0 -	3. Limitation of amount. An income withholding order may
34	not exceed 10% of the obligor's gross income and is subject to
	the income exemption amounts specified in section 3804.
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2.0	4. Hearing. An obligor may request a hearing to contest
38	the issuance of an income withholding order. A request for hearing must be received by the department within 30 days of the
40	date of mailing of the obligor's copy of the withholding order.
10	The department shall notify the obligor in writing of the right
42	to hearing at the time of mailing of the obligor's copy of the
	withholding order. At hearing the obligor may contest the
44	accuracy of the income withholding order and whether the order
	was issued in accordance with the requirements of this section.
46	The department shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the requirements of Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV.
48	requirements of fitte 5, chapter 3/5, subchapter IV.
	5. Decision after hearing. The department shall render a

	the terms of the withhording order and whether the order was
	issued in accordance with the requirements of this section. The
	decision must be based on the hearing record and rules adopted by
	the commissioner. A copy of the decision must be sent to the
	obligor's most recent address of record. The decision must state
	that the obligor may file a petition for judicial review of the
	decision within 30 days of the date of the decision.
	6. Duration of withholding. An income withholding order
	remains in effect until:
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	A. Released in writing by the department; or
	A. Moredaed in writing by the department, or
	B. The order is released or superseded by a subsequent
	court order.
	court order.
	§3806. Assignment of earnings
٠	35000. Assignment of earnings
	The department may seek to collect an overpayment by
	executing an assignment of earnings with the obligor. An
	employer or other payor of income shall honor an assignment of
	earnings executed by the department and an obligor. An
	assignment of earnings continues until released in writing by the
	department. Income withheld from an obligor pursuant to an
	assignment of earnings must be sent to the department within 10
	days of withholding. The department shall provide an employer or
	other payor of income served with an assignment of earnings the
	same payor notice the department is required to provide under
•	section 3805, subsection 2.
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	§3807. Payor compensation
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	The department may establish by rule a fee that an employer
	or other payor of income may deduct from the obligor's income as
	compensation for honoring an income withholding order or
	assignment of earnings.
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•	§3808. Payor protected
	An employer or other payor of income may not be held liable
	for action taken to honor a duly executed income withholding
	order or assignment of earnings issued by the department.
	§3809. Failure to honor
	An employer or other payor of income who knowingly fails to
	honor an income withholding order or assignment of earnings is
	liable to the department for the amount of income not withheld or
	the amount of income withheld and not sent to the department, as
	applicable. A court may award the department costs, interest and
	applicable. A court may award the department costs, interest and attorney's fees in an action brought under this section.

§3810. Employee protected

An employer may not discharge, refuse to hire, discipline or otherwise discriminate against an employee because of action by the department under this chapter. An employer who violates this section is subject to a fine of up to \$5,000 payable to the State to be recovered in a civil action. The employer is also subject to an action by the employee for compensatory and punitive damages, plus attorney's fees and court costs.

§3811. Liens

The department may issue a certificate of lien 21 days after service of a notice to repay, unless collection action is stayed in accordance with section 3802, subsection 6. A lien issued by the department under this section attaches to all nonexempt real and personal property of the person named in the notice to repay. The department shall send the obligor a copy of a certificate of lien issued under this section to the obligor's most recent address of record.

1. Filing. The department may file a certificate of lien issued under this section in the registry of deeds of any county in which the obligor may own property with the Secretary of State or with any other appropriate office. The certificate must state the name of the obligor named in the notice to repay, the obligor's most recent address of record, the amount of the overpayment that has not been recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered, the date of the notice to repay, and the name and address of the department's agent who issued the lien.

2. Effect. If the department has issued a certificate of lien in accordance with the requirements of this section, no person having notice of the lien or in possession of any property that may be subject to the lien may pay over, release, sell, transfer, encumber or convey such property, unless:

A. An authorized representative of the commissioner executes a release or waiver and delivers it to the person in possession; or

- B. A court of competent jurisdiction orders the department to release the lien.
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 3. Hearing. An obligor may request a hearing to contest the issuance of a certificate of lien. A request for hearing must be received by the department within 30 days of the date of mailing of the obligor's copy of the certificate of lien. The department shall notify the obligor in writing of the right to

- hearing at the time of mailing of the obligor's copy of the

 certificate of lien. At hearing the obligor may contest the
 accuracy of the certificate of lien and whether the lien was

 implemented in accordance with the requirements of this section.
 The department shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the
 requirements of Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV.
 - 4. Decision after hearing. The department shall render a decision after hearing without undue delay as to the accuracy of the terms of the certificate of lien and whether the lien was issued in accordance with the requirements of this section. The decision must be based on the hearing record and rules adopted by the commissioner. A copy of the decision must be sent to the obligor at the obligor's most recent address of record. The decision must inform the obligor that the obligor may file a petition for judicial review of the decision within 30 days of the date of the decision.

§3812. Foreclosure on liens

The commissioner shall proceed as follows with respect to foreclosures on liens filed pursuant to section 3811.

- 1. Liens on real property. Actions to foreclose liens on real property issued under section 3811 may be brought in the county where the property is located pursuant to the procedures of Title 14, chapter 403, subchapter II.
- 2. Liens on personal property. Actions to foreclose liens on personal property issued under section 3811 may be brought in the county where the obligor resides or the county where the property is located pursuant to the procedures of Title 14, chapter 509, subchapter III.

§3813. Credit reporting

The department may submit the names of obligors and the amounts of overpayments not recouped, repaid or otherwise recovered to a consumer credit reporting agency. The department may submit the name of an obligor and the amount owed only if the amount owed was established by judicial or administrative action, by agreement of the obligor and the department or by operation of law.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of the bill is to establish an administrative method for the collection of overpayments made by benefit programs administered by the Department of Human Services after

the individuals who have been overpaid stop receiving benefits. The bill would permit the Department of Human Services to collect overpayments by issuing income withholding orders to employers, executing wage assignments, filing liens against the obligor's property and reporting unpaid amounts to consumer credit reporting agencies. Necessary due process requirements for prior notice, opportunity for hearing and right to judicial review are included in the bill.

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Currently, the department's Fraud Investigations and Recovery Unit attempts to recover benefit program overpayments after an individual stops receiving benefits. The unit's ability to collect overpayments is currently limited to negotiating voluntary repayment agreements, recovering the debts through court action, and to submitting the obligors' names and debt amounts to the State Tax Assessor for setoff of the debt against a state income tax refund.