



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1414

S.P. 447

In Senate, May 3, 1993

An Act to Modify the Legal Doctrine of Joint and Several Liability.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CIANCHETTE of Somerset. Cosponsored by Senator: BERUBE of Androscoggin, Representatives: CAMPBELL of Holden, JACQUES of Waterville, PLOURDE of Biddeford, PLOWMAN of Hampden, REED of Dexter.

Sec.1. 14 MRSA §156-A is enacted to read:
<u>§156-A. Joint and several liability</u>
1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless context otherwise indicates, the following terms have following meanings.
A. "Economic damages" means objectively verifia pecuniary damages arising from medical expenses and medi
<u>care, rehabilitation services, custodial care, loss</u> <u>earnings and earning capacity, loss of income, burial cos</u> <u>loss of use of property, costs of repair or replacement</u>
property, costs of obtaining substitute domestic service loss of employment, loss of employment or busing
<u>opportunities and other objectively verifiable monet</u> <u>losses.</u>
B. "Environmental action" means a civil action seek damages for property damage, personal injury or death whe the cause of the harm is use of, disposal of, handling of
storage of, treatment of or exposure to chemicals, hazard waste or toxic substances.
C. "Fault" has the same meaning as in section 156.
<u>D. "Noneconomic damages" means subjective, nonpecunia</u> damages including punitive damages or those arising fi
<u>pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairme</u> disfigurement, mental anguish, emotional distress, loss society and companionship, loss of consortium, injury
reputation, humiliation and other nonpecuniary damage including those arising from theories of damages such fear of loss, illness or injury.
2. Joint and several liability. Except as otherw
provided in subsection 3 and Title 28-A, section 2512, in activity to which section 156 applies involving multiple defendants, experimentation of the section of the sectio
the full amount of the plaintiff's economic and noneconor damages. Each defendant has the right through the use of spec
interrogatories to request of the fact finder the percentage fault contributed by each defendant.
3. Several liability. Except in environmental actions,
any defendant in an action involving multiple defendants to wh section 156 applies request of the fact finder the percentage
fault contributed by each defendant, a defendant is severa liable for noneconomic damages if:

- A. The fact finder establishes the percentage contributed by each defendant to the aggregate fault of the defendants; and
- B. The fact finder finds that the percentage of fault contributed by a defendant under paragraph A is less than 25%.

10 4. Damages recoverable. In an action to which subsection 3 applies, the court shall multiply the amount of noneconomic 12 damages recoverable by the plaintiff after the fact finder has made any reduction required by section 156 by the percentage of 14 fault of each defendant who meets the requirements for several liability established in subsection 3. The amount determined 16 under this subsection is the maximum amount recoverable for noneconomic damages from each defendant.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill modifies the legal doctrine of joint and several liability. It provides that in actions involving multiple defendants, each defendant is jointly and severally liable for the full amount of the plaintiff's economic and noneconomic damages. Defendants may request a determination of each defendant's percentage of fault. The bill also establishes a formula for determining the amount of damages recoverable from each defendant.