# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1337

H.P. 996

House of Representatives, April 26, 1993

An Act to Clarify Child Support Laws.

(EMERGENCY)

Submitted by the Department of the Attorney General pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative COTE of Auburn.

2	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
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6	Whereas, ambiguities exist in the expedited paternity laws that have created a situation in which the benefits of these laws can not be realized, thus severely limiting the number of
8	paternity cases that can be processed in any given year; and
10	Whereas, this limitation restricts the amount of money reimbursed to the State for the costs of the aid to families with
12	dependent children program, restricts the number of cases in which child support can be paid to families utilizing the aid to
14	families with dependent children program and threatens the ability of the State to comply with federal law; and
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18	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
20	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and
22	safety; now, therefore,
	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
24	Sec. 1. 19 MRSA §281, as enacted by PL 1967, c. 325, §2, is
26	amended to read:
28	§281. Judgment
30	Judgments under this subchapter may be for periodic payments which that may vary in amount. The court may order payments to be
32	made to the mether person to whom the support is owed or to some person, corporation or agency designated to administer them under
34	the supervision of the court.
36	The court may also order an initial allocation of parental rights and responsibilities. The order of the court must provide
38	notice that if either party objects to the allocation that party must notify the court in writing within 20 days of entry of the
40	judgment and the matter will be referred to mediation and
4.7	hearing. The objecting party is responsible for the costs of
42	mediation.
44	Sec. 2. 19 MRSA §521, sub-§2, ¶¶B, C, I, J and L, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256, are amended to read:
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reason for filing the record of the proceeding in court.

A statement identifying any of the following as the

2	(1) The alleged father fails to deny paternity within 20 days of service of notice.
4	(2) The alleged father refuses to submit to blood or tissue typing tests.
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8	(3) The alleged father fails to execute and deliver to the department an acknowledgment of paternity <u>after</u>
10	<pre>blood or tissue typing tests have failed to exclude him as the father;</pre>
12	C. A statement that, if the department files a record of the proceeding, the department may seek relief under section
14	522 and the Maine Rules of Court, including a default judgment;
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18	I. A statement that the alleged father may deny the allegation of paternity by filing a written denial of paternity with the department within 20 days after service
20	of the notice; that if the alleged father fails to file a written denial, the proceeding will be filed in a court as a
22	paternity preceeding <u>action</u> ; and that the question of paternity and any related issues under this subchapter may
24	be resolved against him by the court;
26	J. A statement that if the alleged father files a written denial of paternity:
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30	(1) The department will provide an expert examiner of blood or tissue types to conduct blood or tissue typing tests on the mother, child and alleged father and the
32	tests will be conducted as follows:
34	(a) The alleged father is required to submit to tests, - which - may -include, -but - are - not - limited - to,
36	tests-of-red-cell-antigens,-red-cell-isoensymes, human-leukoeyte-antigens-and-serum-proteins;
38	(b) The department will pay the initial cost of
40	the tests; and
42	(c) An indigent alleged father is not liable for reimbursement of the cost of the tests;
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46	(2) If the alleged father refuses to submit to <u>the</u> tests under subparagraph (1), the proceeding will be filed in a court as a paternity proceeding <u>action</u> ;
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	(3) If the alleged father is not excluded by the test
50	results and he does not, within 15 days of the ordinary

	mailing to him of a report and copy of the blood or
2	tissue typing results, execute and deliver to the
	department an acknowledgment of paternity of the child
4	in-accordance-with-the-laws-of-the-state-in-which-the
	ehild-was-bern, the proceeding will be filed in a court
6	as a paternity preceding action; and
Ū	as a pacernicy proceeding accion, and
8	(4) If the alleged father is excluded by the test
U	results as the natural father of the child, the
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10	proceeding will be filed in a court as a paternity
	proceeding action for disposition under section 280,
12	subsection 1, paragraph A;
14	L. A statement that the alleged father may, within 25 20
	days after notice has been mailed to him that the record has
16	been filed in a court, assert any defense, in law or fact,
	if the record is filed because the alleged father:
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	(1) Refuses to submit to blood or tissue typing tests;
20	or
22	(2) Fails to execute and deliver to the department an
	acknowledgment of paternity after blood or tissue
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24	typing test have failed to exclude him as the father.
2.6	Soc 2 10 NATES A 5522 cmb 50
26	Sec. 3. 19 MRSA §522, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256,
	is amended to read:
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	8. Other relief. Grant such other relief as the court
30	determines just and proper, including an initial allocation of
	parental rights and responsibilities as allowed by section 281.
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	Sec. 4. 19 MRSA §525, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256, is
34	amended to read:
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36	§525. Failure of alleged father to deny paternity
38	If the alleged father fails to file a written denial of
50	paternity with the department within 20 days after service of
40	notice upon him, the department's attorney may file the record of
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4.5	T
42	filing-constitutes-a-filing-under-the-Maine-Rules-of-Givil
	Precedure, -Rule-3. The filing of the record, along with proof of
44	service pursuant to section 520, constitutes a filing under the
	Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 3(1) and further service is
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- •	not required. The alleged father's failure to file a written
- 0	not required. The alleged father's failure to file a written denial with the department constitutes a default under the Maine

forward to the alleged father by ordinary mail a copy of any request for a default judgment. The mailing of the request to

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the alleged father's last known address constitutes adequate notice of the default proceeding and further notice is not required.

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Sec. 5. 19 MRSA §527, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

#### §527. Refusal of alleged father to submit to blood or tissue tests

If the alleged father denies paternity and subsequently fails to submit to blood tests ordered, the record may be filed in court as a paternity action and the department may seek an adjudication of paternity pursuant to section 277. The alleged father's refusal to submit to a blood test constitutes a refusal to submit under section 277. The filing of the record, along with proof of service pursuant to section 520, constitutes compliance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 3(1). Notice of the filing of this paternity action must be sent by ordinary mail to the alleged father. Within 20 days of the mailing of this notice, the alleged father may assert any defense, in law or fact. The department shall forward to the alleged father by ordinary mail a copy of any request for a default judgment or an order pursuant to section 277. If the alleged father does not notify the court in writing within 20 days of the date the department's request was mailed that he opposes the relief requested by the department, the court may grant the relief requested without a hearing. Any notice mailed must contain the substance of this subsection.

Sec. 6. 19 MRSA §528, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256, are amended to read:

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2. Exclusion of alleged father. If the alleged father is excluded by the test results as the natural father of the child, the department may file the record of the proceeding in a court as a paternity preceding action for disposition under section 280, subsection 1, paragraph A.

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3. Nonexclusion of alleged father. If the alleged father is not excluded by the test results and he does not, within 15 days of the mailing to him of a copy of the blood or tissue typing results and report, execute and deliver to the department by ordinary mail an acknowledgment of paternity of the child in accordance—with—the—laws—of—the—state—in—which—the—child—was bern, the department may file the record of the proceeding, inclusive of the blood or tissue typing test results, in a court as a paternity preceeding action. The filing of the record, along with proof of service pursuant to section 520, constitutes compliance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 3(1). Notice of the filing of this paternity action must be sent to the alleged father by ordinary mail and must include notice that if

the father claims any additional defenses, in law or fact, he must assert them within 20 days of the date the notice was mailed. Any notice mailed must contain the substance of this subsection. Section 280 applies to the action even though the tests were performed and the results prepared as part of an administrative proceeding. The alleged father's participation in the tests may not prejudice any application by the alleged father under section 278 for an order appointing an additional examiner of blood or tissue types.

Sec. 7. 19 MRSA §529, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 256, is amended to read:

#### §529. Applicability; Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(b)

If a record of the proceeding is filed under section 527 or section 528, subsection 3, the alleged father is not required to file an additional denial of paternity. He-may-assert-any defense, in-law-or-fact, --Any-defense-must-be-asserted-within-25 days-after-the-mailing-by-ordinary-mail-ef-a-notice-te-the alleged-father-that-the-record-has-been-filed-in-court---The netice-must-contain-the-substance-of-this-section, However, any defenses or motions beyond a mere denial of paternity must be asserted in compliance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 12.

Sec. 8. 19 MRSA §530, as corrected by RR 1991, c. 2, §52, is amended to read:

### §530. Acknowledgment of paternity

If, prior to the filing in a court, the alleged father executes and delivers to the department an a notarized acknowledgment of paternity of the child in-accordance with the laws-of-the-state-in-which-the-child-was-bern, the proceeding must be terminated and the department may proceed against the father under subchapter V with respect to any remedy provided under that subchapter.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

#### STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill clarifies the procedures of the expedited paternity action and improves the notice received by alleged fathers when the State is requesting a default judgment because

- the father has refused to respond to the State's efforts to determine paternity.
- This bill also gives the court discretion in a paternity action to make an initial allocation of parental rights and
- 6 responsibilities.

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