MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1162

H.P. 857

House of Representatives, April 5, 1993

An Act to Help Clarify the Application of the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure to Probation Revocation Proceedings, Including the Appeal Process.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative COTE of Auburn.

Cosponsored by Representative: FARNSWORTH of Hallowell, Senator: CONLEY of

Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §1206, sub-§§2 to 4, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 510, §73, are amended to read:

- 2. The hearing on the motion to revoke probation shall must be held in the court which that sentenced the person to probation in either the county or division in which the person resides or is incarcerated, unless the court orders otherwise in the interests of justice. A motion for revocation of probation need not be heard by the justice or judge who originally imposed probation, but may be heard by any justice or judge.
- 3. If a hearing is ordered, the person on probation shall must be notified, and the court may issue a summons or may issue a warrant for his the person's arrest and order him the person committed, with or without bail, pending the hearing.
- 4. If a hearing is held, the person on probation shall must be afforded the opportunity to confront and cross-examine witnesses against him the person, to present evidence on his that person's own behalf and to be represented by counsel. If he eannet the person on probation can not afford counsel, the court shall appoint counsel for him the person. Assignment of counsel, to the extent not covered in this subsection, and withdrawal of counsel must be in accordance with the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure.
 - Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §1206, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1983, c. 450, §7, is further amended to read:
 - 7. If a person on probation is convicted of a new crime during the period of probation, the court may sentence him that person for such the crime and revoke probation. If the person has been sentenced for the new crime and probation revocation proceedings are subsequently commenced, the court which that conducts the revocation hearing may revoke probation. Sentencing for the multiple offenses shall-be is subject to section 1256. If concurrent terms of imprisonment are imposed and the terms do not commence on the same date, any time served as a result of the new conviction shall must be deducted from the time the person is required to serve as a result of the probation revocation.
 - Sec. 3. 17-A MRSA §1207, as amended by PL 1981, c. 238, §9, is further amended to read:

§1207. Review

Review of a revocation of probation pursuant to section 1206 shall must be by appeal. In a probation revocation proceeding in

the District Court, a person whose probation is revoked may
appeal, as under Title 15, section 2111 and the applicable Maine
Rules of Criminal Procedure, to the Superior Court and if
unsuccessful to the Supreme Judicial Court, sitting as the Law
Court, as under Title 15, section 2115 and the applicable Maine
Rules of Criminal Procedure. In a probation revocation
proceeding in the Superior Court, a person whose probation is
revoked may appeal, as under Title 15, section 2115 and the
applicable Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure, to the Supreme
Judicial Court, sitting as the Law Court. Assignment and
withdrawal of counsel must be in accordance with the Maine Rules
of Criminal Procedure.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 17-A, section 1206 by making it gender-neutral and incorporating the substance of Rule 32(e) of the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure. The bill also makes Rules 44(a)(2), (b), (c) and (d) and 44B of the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure applicable to probation revocation hearings.

This bill also amends Title 17-A, section 1207 by ensuring that Part VII of the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure has application both to the 2-tiered appeal process applicable to an aggrieved person whose probation has been revoked in the District Court and to the unitary appeal process applicable to an aggrieved person whose probation has been revoked in the Superior Court.