



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1161

H.P. 856

House of Representatives, April 5, 1993

An Act to Regulate the Practice of Cosmetology and Barbering Outside of Licensed Shops.

Reference to the Committee on Business Legislation suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative PENDLETON of Scarborough. Cosponsored by Representatives: CHONKO of Topsham, CROSS of Dover-Foxcroft, HILLOCK of Gorham, MELENDY of Rockland, REED of Dexter, RUHLIN of Brewer.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
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	Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §14203, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 728,
4	\$1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
6	2. Exceptions. The practice of cosmetology, barbering,
	aesthetics or manicuring may be carried on only by persons duly
8	licensed to practice in this State and only in an establishment
10	<u>licensed by the board, except as provided in this subsection.</u> <u>Services may be performed by a licensed person in a location</u>
	other than a licensed establishment, including a nursing home,
12	hospital or residence, when a client for reasons of emergency is
	unable to leave that client's residence regularly to conduct
14	routine affairs of daily life. Emergency circumstances include,
16	but are not limited to:
TO	A. Chronic illness or injury that leaves the client
18	bedridden or with severely restricted mobility;
20	B. Extreme general infirmity such as that associated with
	the aging process;
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24	<u>C. Temporary conditions, including, but not limited to, immobilizing injury and recuperation from serious illness or</u>
24	surgery;
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	D. Having sole responsibility for the care of an invalid
28	<u>dependent who requires constant attention; or</u>
30	E. Any other conditions that, in the opinion of the board,
	meet the general definition of emergency circumstances.
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34	<u>Arrangements for the performance of services in a location other</u> <u>than a licensed establishment must be made through a licensed</u>
74	establishment.
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	Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §14212, sub-§2, ¶¶C and D, as enacted by PL
38	1991, c. 397, §6, are amended to read:
40	C. Reasonable requirements, including sanitary standards,
	to govern the practice of cosmetology, barbering, manicuring
42	and aesthetics within licensed establishments as well as for
4.4	persons practicing outside of licensed establishments as
44	authorized by section 14203; and
46	D. Requirements for licenses, including, but not limited
	to, requirements for active and inactive licenses,
48	consistent with this chapter ; and

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Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §14212, sub-§2, ¶E is enacted to read:

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E. The surrender or revocation of the active license of any person who does not maintain or is not employed in a licensed establishment.

Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §14235, first \P , as enacted by PL 1991, c. 397, §6, is amended to read:

The board shall furnish to each licensed cosmetologist, 12 barber, manicurist or aesthetician a an active or inactive license certifying that, subject to the provisions of this chapter, the holder of that license is entitled to practice in 14 The holder of a license shall post it in a this State. conspicuous place where it may be readily seen and read by all 16 persons served. The reproduction, altering or defacing of any 18 license is prohibited. An active license may be retained only by a person who maintains or is employed in a licensed establishment. A person who ceases to maintain or work in a 20 licensed establishment shall surrender that person's active 22 license. Upon request, a person surrendering an active license may receive an inactive license as provided pursuant to section 24 14212, subsection 2. The board shall revoke the active license of a person who fails to surrender that license within 30 days after the person ceases to maintain or be employed in a licensed 26 establishment.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill requires that barbers, cosmetologists, 32 aestheticians and manicurists limit their practices to services performed in licensed establishments except in emergency circumstances. 34 The bill also establishes a dual licensing system by which only a person who practices in a licensed shop is 36 entitled to an active license. Once leaving a licensed establishment, the licensee must surrender the active license and 38 may request an inactive license. The Board of Barbering and Cosmetology shall revoke the active license of a person who fails 40 to surrender that license within 30 days after the person ceases to maintain or be employed in a licensed establishment. The 42 board is given rule-making authority to implement and govern the dual licensing system.