## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 1082

H.P. 796

House of Representatives, March 30, 1993

An Act Adopting the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative OTT of York.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 13 MRSA c. 95, as amended, is repealed.
4	Sec. 2. 13 MRSA c. 97 is enacted to read:
6	CHAPTER 97
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10	UNIFORM MANAGEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS ACT
	§4100. Short title
12	This chapter may be known and cited as the "Uniform
14	Management of Institutional Funds Act."
16	§4101. Definitions
18	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
20	
22	1. Endowment fund. "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund, or any part of an institutional fund, not wholly expendable
	by the institution on a current basis under the terms of the
24	applicable gift instrument.
26	2. Gift instrument. "Gift instrument" means a will, deed,
	grant, conveyance, agreement, memorandum, writing or other
28	governing document, including the terms of any institutional solicitations from which an institutional fund resulted, under
30 -	which property is transferred to or held by an institution as an
	institutional fund.
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34	3. Governing board. "Governing board" means the body responsible for the management of an institution or an
	institutional fund.
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	4. Historic dollar value. "Historic dollar value" means
38	the aggregate fair value in dollars of:
40	A. An endowment fund at the time it became an endowment
42	fund;
	B. Each subsequent donation to an endowment fund at the
4.4	time it is made; and
46	C. Each accumulation made pursuant to a direction in the
4.0	applicable gift instrument at the time the accumulation is
48	added to an endowment fund.
50	The determination of historic dollar value made in good faith by
	the institution is conclusive.

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- 5. Institution. "Institution" means an incorporated or unincorporated organization organized and operated exclusively for educational, religious, philanthropic or other charitable purposes, or a governmental organization to the extent that it holds funds exclusively for any of these purposes.
- 6. Institutional fund. "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an institution for its exclusive use, benefit or purposes, but does not include:
  - A. A fund held for an institution by a trustee that is not an institution; or
- B. A fund in which a beneficiary that is not an institution has an interest, other than possible rights that could arise upon violation or failure of the purposes of the fund.

#### §4102. Appropriation of appreciation

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The governing board may appropriate for expenditure for the uses and purposes for which an endowment fund is established as much of the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, in the fair value of the assets of an endowment fund over the historic dollar value of the fund as is prudent under the standard established by section 4106. This section does not limit the authority of the governing board to expend funds as permitted under other law, the terms of the applicable gift instrument or the charter of the institution.

#### §4103. Rule of construction

Section 4102 does not apply if the applicable gift instrument indicates the donor's intention that net appreciation not be expended. A restriction upon the expenditure of net appreciation may not be implied from a designation of a gift as an endowment or from a direction or authorization in the applicable gift instrument to use only income, interest, dividends or rents, issues or profits or to preserve the principal intact or a direction that contains other words of similar import. This rule of construction applies to gift instruments executed or in effect before or after the effective date of this chapter.

#### §4104. Investment authority

In addition to an investment otherwise authorized by law or by the applicable gift instrument, and without restriction to investments a fiduciary may make, the governing board, subject to any specific limitations set forth in the applicable gift instrument or in the applicable law other than a law relating to investments by a fiduciary, may:

	1. Investment of fund in property. Invest and reinvest an
2	institutional fund in any real or personal property considered
	advisable by the governing board, regardless of whether it
4	produces a current return, including mortgages, stocks, bonds,
_	debentures and other securities of profit or nonprofit
6	corporations; shares in or obligations of associations,
	partnerships or individuals; and obligations of any government or
8	subdivision or instrumentality of that government;
10	2. Retention of contributed property. Retain property
10	contributed by a donor to an institutional fund for as long as
12	the governing board considers advisable;
12	the governing board considers advisable,
14	3. Inclusion of fund in another fund. Include all or any
	part of an institutional fund in any pooled or common fund
16	maintained by the institution; and
18	4. Investment of fund in another fund. Invest all or any
	part of an institutional fund in any other pooled or common fund
20	available for investment, including shares or interests in
	regulated investment companies, mutual funds, common trust funds,
22	investment partnerships, real estate investment trusts or similar
	organizations in which funds are commingled and investment
24	determinations are made by persons other than the governing board.
26	§4105. Delegation of investment management
28	Except as otherwise provided by the applicable gift
	instrument or by applicable law relating to governmental
30	institutions or funds, the governing board may:
2.2	1 Delegation of sutherity Delegate to its semmittees.
32	1. Delegation of authority. Delegate to its committees;
34	officers or employees of the institution or the fund; or agents, including investment counsel, the authority to act in place of
34	the governing board in investment and reinvestment of
36	institutional funds;
30	institutional lunus;
38	2. Contracts. Contract with independent investment
	advisors, investment counsel, investment managers, banks or trust
40	companies to act in place of the governing board in investment or
	reinvestment of institutional funds; and
42	,
- <b>-</b>	3. Payment. Authorize the payment of compensation for
44	investment advisory or management services.
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46	§4106. Standard of conduct
48	In the administration of the powers to appropriate

appreciation, to make and retain investments and to delegate investment management of institutional funds, members of a governing board shall exercise ordinary business care and

prudence under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time

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	of the action or decision. In so doing they shall consider
2	long-term and short-term needs of the institution in carrying out
	its educational, religious, philanthropic or other charitable
4	purposes; its present and anticipated financial requirements;
	expected total return on its investments; price-level trends; and
6	general economic conditions.
8	§4107. Release of restrictions on use or investment
10	1. Release of restriction with written consent. With the
	written consent of the donor, the governing board may release, in
12	whole or in part, a restriction imposed by the applicable gift
	instrument on the use or investment of an institutional fund.
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	2. Release of restriction without written consent. If
16	written consent of the donor can not be obtained by reason of the
	donor's death, disability or unavailability or the impossibility
18	of identification, the governing board may apply in the name of
	the institution to the appropriate court for release of a
20	restriction imposed by the applicable gift instrument on the use
	or investment of an institutional fund. The Attorney General
22	must be notified of the application and must be given an
	opportunity to be heard. If the court finds that the restriction
24	is obsolete, inappropriate or impracticable, it may by order
	release the restriction in whole or in part. A release under
26	this subsection may not change an endowment fund to a fund that
	is not an endowment fund.
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	3. Purposes must remain charitable. A release under this
30	<u>section may not allow an institutional fund to be used for</u>
	purposes other than the educational, religious, philanthropic or
32	charitable purposes of the institution affected.
34	4. Cy pres doctrine unaffected. This section does not
	limit the application of the doctrine of cy pres.
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	§4108. Uniformity of application and construction
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	This Act must be applied and construed as to effectuate its
40	general purpose to make uniform the laws with respect to the
	subject of this Act among those states that enact it.
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	§4109. Application
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	This chapter applies to all institutional funds and
46	endowment funds existing as of the effective date of this Act.

Sec. 3. 18-A MRSA  $\S 3-906$ , sub- $\S (a)$ ,  $\P (4)$ , as enacted by PL 1979, c. 540,  $\S 1$ , is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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7 J	(4) The residuary estate must be distributed in an
2	equitable manner.
19 Table 19	
4	Sec. 4. 19 MRSA §146, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 302, is
a saartii. Ta	repealed.
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	Sec. 5. 33 MRSA §1670, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 641,
8	§5, is repealed.
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10	STATEMENT OF FACT
10	SIAIEWIENI OF FACI
12	This bill adopts the Uniform Management of Institutional
14	Funds Act drafted by the National Conference of Commissioners on
	Uniform State Laws. It addresses several areas not previously
16	dealt with by the current law, including:
. I I	
18	1. Broadening the scope of application to all organizations
	operated for educational, religious, philanthropic or other
20	charitable purposes, as well as governmental organizations
or details	holding funds exclusively for any of these purposes;
22	
of the second second	2. Defining the scope of investment powers available to
24	these organizations; and
26	3. Establishing a system for release of obsolete
20	restrictions on the use of funds.
28	mhis hill shower the section of the Duckets Orde that
30	This bill changes the section of the Probate Code that established a preference for distribution in kind to a preference
-30	for distribution in an equitable manner.
32	Tor discribation in an equicable manner.
Ju	This bill repeals the provision that voids a premarital
34	agreement upon the birth, adoption or guardianship of a child.
36	This bill repeals the provision that requires a routine
	Probate Court accounting by a custodian prior to the termination
38	of the custodian's responsibilities.
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