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Legislative Document

No. 1023

H.P. 756

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House of Representatives, March 25, 1993

An Act to Amend and Clarify the Solid Waste Management Laws.

Submitted by the Maine Waste Management Agency pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative MARSH of West Gardiner. Cosponsored by Senator LUDWIG of Aroostook and Representative: JACQUES of Waterville.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 32 MRSA 1734, sub-2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 177, 1 and affected by 2, is further amended to read:

2. requirements; Health and safety feasibility; post-consumer materials. The manufacturer, supplier or distributor petitions the agency for an exemption for а particular package or packaging component and the agency grants an exemption for one or more of the following reasons.

A. The package or packaging component contains lead, cadmium, mercury or hexavalent chromium added in the manufacturing, forming, printing or distribution process in order to comply with health or safety requirements of state or federal law.

B. There is no feasible alternative to the use of lead, cadmium, mercury or hexavalent chromium in the package or packaging component. For the purposes of this section, "no feasible alternative" means a use in which the regulated substance is essential to the protection, safe handling or function of the package's contents.

C. The addition of post-consumer materials causes the package or packaging component to exceed the maximum concentration levels set forth in section 1733, subsection 3.

For packages or packaging components exempted under paragraph A or B, a 2-year exemption may be granted and that exemption may be renewed for an additional 2 years. An exemption granted under paragraph C expires 4 6 years after the effective date of this chapter; or

Sec. 2. 32 MRSA §1735, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 849, §1, is amended to read:

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§1735. Certificate of compliance

A certificate of compliance is a document developed by a 42 manufacturer and filed--with---the--agency furnished to its purchasers that attests that one or more packages or packaging 44 components meets meet the standards established in section 1733 or $\pm s$ are exempt under the provisions of section 1734. Τf compliance is achieved under the exemptions provided in section 46 1734, the certificate must state the specific basis upon which 48 the exemption is claimed. A certificate of compliance must be signed by an authorized official of the manufacturer. А 50 certificate of compliance may cover more than one type of package or packaging component as long as they are separately identified.

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1. New or reformulated packaging. If the manufacturer reformulates or creates a new package or packaging component, the manufacturer shall provide-the-ageney furnish its purchasers with an amended or new certificate of compliance for the reformulated or new package or packaging component.

2. Presentation of certificates. Each manufacturer shall furnish the agency, at its request, with an-original a copy of any certificate of compliance and each manufacturer or supplier shall furnish, at the agency's request, copies of a certificate of compliance for distribution to the public.

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §2123, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, 14 Pt. A, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §2141, as amended by PL 1991, c. 644, §§2 to 4, is further amended to read:

§2141. Waste reduction and recycling labeling program

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By February 1, 1993, the agency shall adopt rules establishing a waste reduction and recycling labeling program. The rules must include recycling emblems, standards for the use of the recycling emblems and standards for the use of the terms "reusable," "recyclable," "recycled" and "recycled content." To the fullest extent possible, emblems and standards adopted by the agency under this section must be consistent with emblems and standards adopted by the Northeast Recycling Council of the Council of State Governments and standards adopted by other northeastern states.

By January 1, 1993, the agency shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and natural resources matters on rule-making activities undertaken pursuant to this section.

By February 1, 1994, the agency shall adopt rules 38 <u>establishing standards for the use of the terms "compostable" and</u> "biodegradable."

 Applicability. After July 1, 1993, a person may not use
the recycling emblem or the terms "reusable," "recyclable," "recycled" and "recycled content" on a package or product that is
sold or offered for sale, or in the promotion or advertisement of a package or product, unless that package or product conforms to
the standards in the labeling program adopted by the agency under this section.

After July 1, 1994, a person may not use the recycling emblem or 50 the terms "compostable" and "biodegradable" on a package or product that is sold or offered for sale, or in the promotion or

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advertisement of a package or product, unless that package or product conforms to the standards in the labeling program adopted by the agency under this section.

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2. Statement of fact. A person may use the term "reusable," "recyclable," "recycled" "recycled θ£ content," "compostable" or "biodegradable" on a package or product that does not meet the standards adopted by the agency if the term is used in a properly qualified statement of fact for the purpose of conveying accurate information to consumers about the package or product and the term is displayed no more prominently than the other words in the statement of fact.

3. Penalty. A violation of this section is a violation of Title 5, chapter 10, the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act.

Sec. 5. 38 MRSA c. 24, sub-c. V, first 2 lines are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

SUBCHAPTER V

HOST COMMUNITY COMPENSATION and FACILITY OVERSIGHT

Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §2171, first \P , as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, Pt. A, §7, is amended to read:

The municipal officers of each municipality identified by the Facility Siting Board as a prepesed <u>potential</u> site for a <u>solid</u> waste disposal facility er-a-faeility-which-preduces 30 refuse-derived--fuel--under--this--chapter and each contiguous municipality which <u>that</u> may be affected by the construction or 32 operation of that facility shall jointly establish a single citizen advisory committee within 60 days of notification 34 pursuant to section 2155.

Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §2171, sub-§3, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, Pt. A, §7, is amended to read:

C. Provide the ageney <u>project developer</u> and department with any alternative contract provisions, permit conditions, plans or procedures it deems <u>considers</u> appropriate; and

Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §2171, sub-§3, $\P D$, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §291, is further amended to read:

D. Serve as a liaison between the community and the ageney, project developer or the commissioner to facilitate communications during the development and operation of the facility, and provide residents with updated information about the project, including providing explanations of any technical terms.

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Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §2172, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, Pt. A, 2 §7, is amended to read:

4 §2172. Dispute resolution

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6 A host municipality may establish a process, including, but not limited to, negotiation, mediation and arbitration to resolve 8 disputes and to negotiate additional rights and benefits relating related to the siting and operation of a solid waste disposal er 10 refuse-derived-fuel-processing facility within the municipality. The citizen advisory committee shall must be consulted and shall 12 assist in the development and implementation of any process established under this section. At the option of the 14municipality, the Chair of the Board of Environmental Protection appoint a neutral mediator to resolve disputes. The may 16 municipality shall-be is eligible for grants from the agency to fund dispute resolution programs under this section related to 18 the siting and operation of a solid waste disposal facility owned or operated by the agency.

Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §2175-A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 794, §7, 22 is amended to read:

24 §2175-A. Property value offset

26 Owners of property whese the value of which has been affected by an-agency-operated-or-agency-approved a solid waste 28 disposal facility licensed-under-chapter-13 owned, operated or approved by the agency are eligible for reimbursement for loss in property value directly attributable to the construction and 30 operation of the facility. Reimbursement for such losses must be 32 paid by the facility owner or operator. The agency shall adopt rules to establish the formula and procedure for reimbursement, 34 including, without limitation, definition of the impact area, a process for establishing baseline real estate values, a time 36 frame within which the property value offset program will be in effect and an accounting of real estate trends in the area.

Sec. 11. 38 MRSA \$2176, first ¶ and sub-\$1, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 585, Pt. A, \$7, are amended to read:

In addition to payment in lieu of taxes provided in section 2105, the agency shall make impact payments to a municipality in which an agency-owned solid waste landfill <u>disposal</u> facility is located or, in the case of an unorganized territory, to the State Tax Assessor upon request by the community involved or by the State Tax Assessor. The agency shall base its impact payments on measurable criteria including, without limitation:

50 1. Roads. Improvement, maintenance and repair of local roads directly affected by traffic to and from an agency-owned 2 landfill <u>disposal</u> facility;

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Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §2177, first ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 517, 2 Pt. B, §14, is further amended to read:

Upon written request from persons owning land contiguous to a solid waste landfill <u>owned, operated or</u> approved under subchapter-IV by the agency, the operator of the landfill shall must have quarterly sampling and analysis conducted of private water supplies used by the requestors for drinking water. The sampling and analysis must be conducted in a manner specified by and that meets criteria developed by the department. 10

12 Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §2177, sub-§3, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and amended by Pt. B, §293, is further amended to 14 read:

16 Written notice of rights. On or before December 1, 3. 1989, for permits issued under this chapter prior to October 1, 18 1989, and at or before the time of permit issuance for permits issued under this chapter after October 1, 1989, the operator of 20 each solid waste landfill shall provide owners of contiguous land with written notice of their rights under this section on a form prepared by the commissioner. 22

Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §2204, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 517, Pt. B, §17, is amended to read:

То 3. Imported municipal solid waste. support those regulatory and administrative costs associated with imported 28 municipal solid wastes, an administrative fee of \$4 per ton is 30 assessed on any municipal solid waste originating outside the State and delivered to a commercial solid waste disposal facility or solid waste disposal facility owned by the agency or a 32 regional association for disposal.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill makes the following changes to the solid waste laws affecting the Maine Waste Management Agency.

1. The bill revises the toxics reduction in packaging laws to require that manufacturers furnish certificates of compliance 42 to purchasers instead of to the agency and to establish a 6-year 44 exemption for packaging that can not meet the statutory concentration levels because of the addition of post-consumer Both of these changes bring Maine's 46 materials. law into compliance with the Coalition of Northeastern Governors' model legislation enacted in 14 other states. 48

50 It repeals the transition section for the first state 2. waste management and recycling plan adopted in 1990. That plan 52 subsequent revision have been and а adopted, no longer necessitating a transition.

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3. It amends the voluntary waste reduction and recycling labeling program to include the terms, "compostable" and "biodegradable." Both terms will be defined by agency rulemaking and the use of the terms to promote packaging and products is voluntary.

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4. It amends the host community benefits provisions of the 8 solid waste management laws by clarifying that the provisions apply to solid waste disposal facilities. The provisions for payments 10 citizen advisory committees and impact are so The dispute resolution provision is clarified to clarified. 12 limit the funding for dispute resolution grants to programs related to the siting and operation of a solid waste disposal 14 facility owned or operated by the agency. The property value offset provision is amended to clarify that reimbursements for such losses are to be paid by the facility owner or operator. 16 The water supply monitoring provision is limited to solid waste disposal facilities owned or operated by the agency. 18

5. It clarifies that the imported municipal solid waste fee is assessed on municipal solid waste going to commercial solid waste disposal facilities.

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