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FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 990

H.P. 731

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House of Representatives, March 22, 1993

An Act to Supplement Environmental Enforcement.

Reference to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

✓JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative COLES of Harpswell. Cosponsored by Representatives: CONSTANTINE of Bar Harbor, MARSH of West Gardiner, MITCHELL of Freeport, RYDELL of Brunswick, WENTWORTH of Arundel.

| | nacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: |
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| S | ec.1. 14 MRSA c.745 is enacted to read: |
| | CHAPTER 745 |
| | CITIZENS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT |
| <u>§8221.</u> | Short title |
| | |
| | <u>his chapter may be known and cited as the "Citizen nmental Protection Act."</u> |
| §8222. | Definitions |
| | s used in this chapter, unless the context otherwing terms have the following terms have the following meanings. |
| | . Person. "Person" means an individual, corporation pality or quasi-municipal corporation. |
| <u>§8223.</u> | Right of action |
| 1 | . Generally. Except as provided in subsection 2 and |
| sectio | n 8224, any person who is a resident of this State ma |
| | <u>ce a civil action on that person's own behalf fo</u> |
| | tive and declaratory relief against any person who |
| | d to be in violation of any law, standard, regulation |
| | nce, rule, requirement, condition, limitation or orde |
| <u>exc</u> ept | |
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| design | <u>ed to prevent or minimize pollution, impairment (</u> |
| design destru | ed to prevent or minimize pollution, impairment ction of any of the natural resources of the State or |
| <u>design</u> destru | <u>ed to prevent or minimize pollution, impairment (</u> |
| <u>design</u> <u>destru</u> the en | ed to prevent or minimize pollution, impairment of the state or of the state o |
| <u>design</u> <u>destru</u> the en <u>2</u> chapte | ed to prevent or minimize pollution, impairment of ction of any of the natural resources of the State or of vironment. <u>Exception.</u> There is no right of action under th r against the State, any instrumentality or agency of the state. |
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2 A. Prior to 60 days after the plaintiff has given notice of the violation and an intention to bring suit under this 4 chapter to: (1) The commissioner, director or chief administrative 6 officer of the department or municipality that 8 administers the law, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, condition, limitation or order allegedly 10 being violated; 12 (2) The Attorney General; and 14 (3) Each person alleged to be violating the law, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, 16 condition, limitation or order; 18 B. If the commissioner, director or chief administrative officer of the department or municipality that administers 20 the law, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, condition, limitation or order allegedly being violated 22 reviews the alleged violation and determines that no violation has occurred and in writing notifies the plaintiff of this determination prior to the end of the 60-day period; 24 C. If the Attorney General or the commissioner, director or 26 chief administrative officer of the department or municipality, at any time prior to the end of the 60-day 28 notice period described in paragraph A, has commenced and is 30 diligently prosecuting an action in a court of the United States or of this State, or an administrative enforcement 32 proceeding commenced pursuant to law that seeks an order or injunction or other remedy for failure to comply with the 34 law, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, condition, limitation or order involved; 36 D. If the Attorney General or the commissioner, director or 38 chief administrative officer of the department or municipality, at any time prior to the end of the 60-day 40 notice period described in paragraph A, has provided written notice to the plaintiff that the person will, within 30 days, commence an action in a court of the United States or 42 of this State, or an administrative enforcement proceeding pursuant to law that seeks an order or injunction or other 44 remedy for failure to comply with the law, permit, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, condition, limitation or 46 order involved. If the Attorney General or the 48 commissioner, director or chief administrative officer of the department or municipality fails to commence the 50 judicial or administrative enforcement proceeding within 30

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<u>days, the plaintiff may commence a civil action under</u> section 8223; or

E. In any action under this section, any person may intervene as a matter of right if that person has a direct interest that is or may be adversely affected by the action and, as a practical matter, the disposition of the action may impair or impede the person's ability to protect that interest unless the court finds that the person's interest is adequately represented by existing parties in the action.

 12 2. Service. A copy of the complaint and other pleadings must be served upon the persons listed in subsection 1, paragraph
 14 A, subparagraphs (1) and (2) at the time of service on the defendant. Copies of all answers and other documents
 16 accompanying the answers must be served upon the persons listed in subsection 1, paragraph A, subparagraphs (1) and (2) at the
 18 time of service on the plaintiff.

 3. Application. The 60-day notice requirement under subsection 1, paragraph A is not applicable when the plaintiff
 shows that the matter in controversy involves an imminent and substantial endangerment to health or the environment.

<u>§8225. Venue</u>

Any action brought under this chapter must be brought in the judicial district in which the violation takes place.

30 §8226. Intervention by the State

The Attorney General may intervene as a matter of right in any action brought under this chapter.

<u>\$8227. Costs and fees</u>

The court, in issuing any final order in any action brought under this chapter, may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees and expert witness fees to any party whenever the court determines that the award is appropriate. The costs, attorney's fees or expert witness fees may not be awarded against the State, any instrumentality or agency of the State or any political subdivision of the State.

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<u>§8228. Existing remedies preserved</u>

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This chapter may not restrict the right that a person has under any statute or common law to seek enforcement of a law, permit, standard, regulation, ordinance, requirement, condition, limitation or order or to seek other relief.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill allows a Maine resident to initiate an enforcement action for an alleged violation of laws protecting the environment and the State's natural resources.

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