# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 934

H.P. 693

House of Representatives, March 18, 1993

An Act to Compensate Towns and Counties for Time Police Officers Spend in Court.

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative LEMONT of Kittery. Cosponsored by Senator GOULD of Waldo and

Representatives: CAMERON of Rumford, CARR of Sanford, DONNELLY of Presque Isle, JOY of Island Falls, LINDAHL of Northport, MARSHALL of Eliot, MURPHY of Berwick,

NORTON of Winthrop, Senator: LAWRENCE of York.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §173, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1991, c. 780, Pt. X, §2, is further amended to read:

- 4. Distribution of fees and fines. All law enforcement officers appearing for a scheduled trial in District Court at times other than their regular working hours, at the order of a prosecuting official and whether or not they are called upon to give testimony, must be compensated out of the General Fund at the-rate-of-\$10-for-each-day-or-part-of-a-day-that-the-officer-is required-to-be-physically-present on an hourly basis equal to that established by the State for the salary range and step level of the officers who are testifying.
- The court officer required to be present at an arraignment may be an officer other than the arresting officer, provided that the municipality has designated the officer to handle the arraignment caseload of that municipality. In addition, one or more municipalities may designate either a municipal law enforcement officer or a county law enforcement officer to represent the municipalities at arraignments on a rotating schedule.
- 24 The court shall pay any municipality a-flat-fee-of-\$10 or county on an hourly basis equal to that established by the State for the 26 salary range and step level of the officer who is testifying for each day or part of a day that a municipal or county law enforcement officer, designated by the municipality or county as 28 its court officer, is required to be physically present in a District Court in order to adequately handle that municipality's 30 or county's caseload. In addition, the court shall pay any municipality a-flat-fee-ef-\$10-per-day or county on an hourly 32 basis equal to that established by the State for the salary range and step level of the officer who is testifying for every day or 34 part of a day, but-no-more-than-\$10-for-any-one-day, the municipality or county loses the services of one or more law 36 enforcement officers because the officer or officers performing some act authorized or required by a Maine Rule of 38 Criminal Procedure or are witnesses in a criminal or traffic 40 infraction case within the jurisdiction of the District Court. A municipality or county is deemed to have lost the services of a 42 law enforcement officer when the officer, who normally performs duties of patrolling or maintaining order, is physically unable 44 to perform those duties of patrolling and maintaining order for the municipality or county.

The sheriffs of the several counties shall designate and furnish deputy sheriffs to serve as bailiffs in each division of the District Court within their counties, if so requested by the Chief Judge. A deputy sheriff designated as bailiff must be approved by the resident judge and may not serve as a court officer for any law enforcement agency.

Compensation for reasonable and necessary expenses, as agreed to by the parties, must be paid by the District Court.

In those municipalities where a police officer has been furnished to serve as a bailiff, the Chief Judge may continue to authorize the use of a police officer as a bailiff and the municipality must be compensated by the District Court. A person now appointed to serve as bailiff may not serve as court officer for a municipal police department, as provided in this subsection.

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#### STATEMENT OF FACT

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This bill permits counties to be reimbursed for the time a law enforcement officer is required to be in court and to compensate officers who are in court on days off. The bill also changes the rate at which an officer and the municipalities and counties will be reimbursed for the time that an officer spends in court from \$10 a day to the hourly rate that the officer is entitled to in accordance with the salary range and step level set by the State.