



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 814

H.P. 599

House of Representatives, March 8, 1993

An Act to Specify Criminal Liability for Tampering with Food or Drugs and Related Crimes.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative DiPIETRO of South Portland. Cosponsored by Senator SUMMERS of Cumberland and Representatives: KERR of Old Orchard Beach, KUTASI of Bridgton, LOOK of Jonesboro, PLOURDE of Biddeford, SIMONEAU of Thomaston, TARDY of Palmyra, YOUNG of Limestone, Senator: CLEVELAND of Androscoggin.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec.1. 22 MRSA §§2166-A to 2166-C are enacted to read:
4	§2166-A. Tampering with food or drugs; criminal liability
6 8	1. Offense. A person is guilty of tampering with food or drugs if that person, knowing that the tampering may cause harm
10	to another person:
12	A. Alters or adds a foreign substance to food intended for human consumption;
14 16	<u>B. Alters or adds a foreign substance to drugs as defined in Title 32, section 13702, subsection 9, intended for human use; or</u>
18	C. Renders materially false or misleading the label, container or packaging of food or drugs.
20 22	2. Penalties. A person convicted of tampering with food or drugs is subject to the following penalties.
24	A. If the tampering causes the death of another human being, it is murder.
26 28	B. If the tampering causes serious bodily injury to another human being, it is a Class B crime.
30 32	C. In other cases, tampering is a Class C crime. §2166-B. Threat of tampering; criminal liability
34	1. Offense. A person is guilty of threatening to tamper
36	with food or drugs if that person intentionally or knowingly threatens, under circumstances in which the threat may reasonably
38	<u>be expected to be believed, to tamper with a food or a drug with the intent to:</u>
40	A. Cause fear that death or bodily injury will occur; or
42	B. Adversely affect the sale of the food or drug.
44	<u>2. Penalty. Threatening to tamper with food or drugs is a Class C crime.</u>
46	<u>§2166-C. False reporting of tampering; criminal liability</u>
48 50	1. Offense. A person is guilty of false reporting of tampering with food or drugs if:

Page 1-LR1006(1) L.D. 814 2 A. That person intentionally conveys false information that tampering with a food or a drug has occurred;

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- B. That person knows that the information communicated is
 false;
- 8 <u>C. That person communicates the false information under</u> <u>circumstances in which the information may reasonably be</u> 10 <u>expected to be believed; and</u>
- 12 D. The tampering, if it had occurred, would create a risk of death or bodily injury to another human being.

2. Penalty. False reporting of tampering with food or 16 drugs is a Class C crime.

STATEMENT OF FACT

22 This bill, modeled after federal legislation and legislation in other states, specifies the elements of the crimes and the 24 penalties for tampering with food or drugs or the labels or packaging of food or drugs; threatening to tamper; and conveying 26 false information of tampering, all of which crimes pose serious threats to human life and health and to business enterprises 28 whose products are the target of tampering or related crimes.