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Legislative Document

No. 756

H.P. 559

House of Representatives, March 2, 1993

An Act to Clarify the Child and Family Services and Child Protection Act.

Submitted by the Department of the Attorney General pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

✓JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative FAIRCLOTH of Bangor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §4005-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 176, §1, is further amended to read:

§4005-A. Foster parents right to standing and intervenor status in child protection proceedings

 Definition. As used in this section, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.

A. "Foster parent" means a person who has had a child in his <u>that person's</u> home for at least one year and who-has received-a-liconse-for-a-family-foster-home-as-defined-in section-81017-subsection-37-or-who-is-a-relativer:

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(1) Has received a license for a family foster home as defined in section 8101, subsection 3; or

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(2) Is a relative.

 2. Petition. A foster parent may petition for standing and intervenor status in any child protection proceeding under this chapter regarding a foster child that lives or has lived in the foster parent's home. The--standing--and--intervenor--status--is limited-te-that-proceeding-unless-otherwise-ordered-by-the-court.
 28 The court shall determine the type and duration of the intervention and specify the nature of the intervention.

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3. Criteria. The court shall make a determination whether
 to grant standing based on the strength and duration of the relationship between the foster parents and the child and <u>allow</u>
 intervention only if it determines that intervention is in the best interests of the child.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to clarify the current law allowing limited intervention in child protection cases. The
bill requires the court to determine when intervention will occur and ensures that intervention will occur only when the court
determines that the intervention is in the child's best interests.