MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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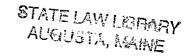
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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 736

S.P. 243

In Senate, March 2, 1993

An Act to Update and Clarify Certain Provisions of Fish and Wildlife Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Fisheries and Wildlife suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LUTHER of Oxford.

Cosponsored by Senator: HALL of Piscataquis, Representatives: CLARK of Millinocket, FARREN of Cherryfield, GREENLAW of Standish, HEINO of Boothbay, JACQUES of Waterville, NICKERSON of Turner, PINEAU of Jay, ROTONDI of Athens, SWAZEY of Bucksport.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §7103-A, sub-§2, ¶A is enacted to read:
4	A. The permit may be for a one-year, 2-year or 3-year
6	period at a fee of \$20 for each year.
8	<pre>Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §7354, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 913, Pt. C, §4, is repealed.</pre>
10 12	Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §7354, sub-§2, ¶¶C and D, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 913, Pt. C, §4, is amended to read:
1.4	C. Sell lawfully acquired specimens of fish and wildlife that have been preserved through the art of taxidermy if
16 18	that sale does not violate regulations of the United States Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act or other federal regulations; <u>and</u>
20	D. Designate others to aid or assist in conducting business at the licensee's place of business #-amd.
22	Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §7354, sub-§2, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
24	913, Pt. C, §4, is repealed.
26 28	Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §7354, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 913, Pt. C, §4, is amended to read:
30	4. Competency standards. The commissioner shall establish standards of competency for the practice of taxidermy and shall provide a copy of these standards to each applicant for a taxidermy license er-a-training-permit.
34	<pre>Sec. 6. 12 MRSA §7356, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 913, Pt. C, §4, is amended to read:</pre>
36	§7356. Licensure.
38	 License required. In order to safeguard the life,
40	health and welfare of the people of this State, any person practicing the art of taxidermy for commercial purposes must hold
12	a taxidermist license $\theta \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{training} - \mathbf{p} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{t}$ as provided in this section.
14	License qualifications. To be eligible for a
16	taxidermist license er-training-permit issued pursuant to this section, an applicant must:
48	A Catiofactorily page a tawidormy evamination as the
50	A. Satisfactorily pass a taxidermy examination, as the commissioner shall prescribe by rule: and

- B. Demonstrate trustworthiness and competence to practice the art of taxidermy in such a manner, as prescribed by the commissioner by rule, as to safeguard the interests of the public.
- 3.--Training-permit.--Any-person-who-is undergoing-taxidermy training-as-defined-in-section-7-354-must-obtain-a-training-permit before-that-person-may-participate-in-taxidermy-training---No person-holding-a-training--permit-may-practice-the-art-of taxidermy-for-commercial--purposes,---except--under-the-direct supervision-of-a-licensed-taxidermist---The-licensed-taxidermist is-responsible-for-the-performance-and-final-product-of-the trainee-
 - 4. License application. Each applicant for a license eftraining-permit must submit a written application to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may require any applicant who has previously held a taxidermist license to provide a notarized statement indicating that the person has not failed to provide services to a customer as promised through a contractual agreement with that customer.
 - A. The application must contain satisfactory evidence of the qualifications required of the applicant under this section and must be sworn to by the applicant.
 - B. Failure or refusal to provide information requested on the application form is sufficient grounds for the commissioner to reject the application.
 - C. The application must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$10.
 - D. Within 10 working days of receipt of any application for a taxidermist license er-training-permit, the commissioner shall notify the applicant as to the acceptability of the application and shall provide the applicant with at least 2 weeks' notice prior to any examination.
 - 5. Examination. Each applicant for a license er-permit shall appear at a time and place designated by the commissioner, to be examined by means of written, practical and oral tests, as the commissioner determines. An-applicant-for-a-training-permit may-net-be-required-te-take-a-practical-examination. The commissioner shall determine the form and content of examinations.
 - 6. Reexamination. The commissioner may require any taxidermist to be reexamined if the commissioner receives a written complaint and, upon investigation, finds that the taxidermist no longer meets the qualifications to be licensed as a taxidermist.

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- 7. Fee. License applicants who successfully meet the qualifications set forth in this section must be issued a license upon payment of a \$3 \$65 fee. This fee is in addition to the \$10 examination fee. Permit-applicants-who-successfully-meet-the qualifications-of-this-section-must-be-issued-a-training-permit
 6 A-fee-in-addition-to-the-\$10-examination-fee-is-not-required-for a-training-permit-
 - 8. Annual renewal of license; fees; effect of failure to renew. Licenses and-permits issued pursuant to this section run for the current year until the 30th day of June following the date of the issuance, on which date the license er-permit terminates unless sooner revoked. Subject to any revocation or suspension, the license or permit may be renewed annually upon application by the licensee er-permittee accompanied by a \$13 \$75 license fee er-\$5-permit-fee.
 - Sec. 7. 12 MRSA §7357, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 913, Pt. C,
 §4, is amended to read:

§7357. Investigation; grounds for suspension of license

The commissioner shall investigate or cause to be investigated all complaints made to the department and all cases of noncompliance with or violation of sections 7354 to 7356 and this section. Any person may register a complaint of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, incompetency or misconduct against any licensee er-permittee. These complaints must be in writing, be sworn to by the person making them and filed with the department.

- 1. Disciplinary action. The commissioner may suspend or revoke a license $e \neq -p \neq m \neq p$ pursuant to sections 7077 to 7079 and Title 5, section 10004. The commissioner may refuse to issue or renew a license or the Administrative Court may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew a license $e \neq -p \neq m \neq p$ for any one of the following causes:
- A. Procuring a license of--permit by fraud or deceit practiced upon the department or a purchaser;
- B. Failure to meet the competency standards established pursuant to section 7354;
 - C. Engaging in the art of taxidermy er-taxidermy-training under a false name or alias with fraudulent intent;
 - D. Incompetence, negligence or neglect in the conduct of the practice of the act of taxidermy er-taxidermy-training, including, but not limited to, entering into a contractual agreement with a customer to provide services and then failing, without just cause, to provide the services as agreed;

- E. Failure to meet the qualifications for a license or permit, including, but not limited to, failing to pass a reexamination pursuant to section 7356, subsection 6; or
- F. For any violation of sections 7354 to 7356 and this section or any rules adopted pursuant to section 7354, subsection 5.
- 2. Reissue of license er-permit. The commissioner may reissue a license er-permit to any former licensee er-permittee whose license er-permit has been revoked.
- Hearings may be conducted by the commissioner Hearings. 14 to assist with investigations, to determine whether grounds exist for suspension, revocation or denial of a license er-permit, or as otherwise necessary to implement the provisions of sections 16 7354 to 7356 and this section. The commissioner shall hold an 18 adjudicatory hearing at the written request of any person who is denied a license er-permit without a hearing for any reason other 20 than failure to pay a required fee, provided that the request for hearing is received by the commissioner within 30 days of the 22 applicant's receipt of written notice of the denial of the application, the reasons for the denial and the right to request 24 Hearings must be conducted in conformity with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, ${ t Title}$ 5, chapter 26 subchapter IV, to the extent applicable. The commissioner may subpoena witnesses, records and documents in any hearing the 28 commissioner conducts.
- 30 **4. Terms of revocation of license.** A person whose license ex-permit has been revoked under this subsection may not apply for a new license for a minimum of 3 years.
- Sec. 8. 12 MRSA §7369, sub-§10, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 786, §8, is repealed.
- Sec. 9. 12 MRSA §7458, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 420, 38 §1, is amended to read:
- 11. Illegally transporting deer. A person is guilty, except as otherwise provided in chapters 701 to 721 and except as provided in subsection 15, paragraph paragraphs C-1, C-2 and D, of illegally transporting deer if he that person, at any time and in any manner, moves or transports any deer, and:
- 46 A. The deer is not open to view;
- B. The deer tag portion of the hunting license bearing the name and address of the person who killed the deer is not securely attached to the deer; or
- 52 C. The person who killed the deer does not accompany the deer while it is being moved or transported.

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	Sec. 10. 12 MRSA §7458, sub-§15, ¶C-2 is enacted to read:
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	C-2. Notwithstanding subsection 11, paragraph B, any person
4	who takes a deer on land that that person owns, in
_	accordance with section 7377, subsection 1, may move or
6	transport that deer if a tag bearing the name and address of
	the person who killed the deer is securely attached to the
8	deer.
10	Sec. 11. 12 MRSA §7464, sub-§7, as repealed and replaced by PL
10	1981, c. 118, $\S 8$, <u>is</u> repealed and the following enacted in its
12	place:
14	7. Illegal possession of a gift moose. A person is guilty,
	notwithstanding subsection 3, of illegal possession of a gift
16	moose if that person possesses any part or parts of a moose given
	to that person and each part is not plainly labeled with the name
18	and address of:
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20	A. The person who registered the moose;
22	B. The person to whom it was given; or
<i>L L</i>	D. The person to whom it was given, or
24	C. The party transporting the part or parts, if a 3rd party
	transports a part or parts.
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	Sec. 12. 12 MRSA §7901, sub-\$12, as enacted by PL 1987, c.
28	742, §11, is amended to read:
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30	12. Guiding without a license. A violation of section
32	7371, subsection 3, as it applies to section 7311, subsection 1, is a Class D crime for which a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment of
J 2	3 days shall must be imposed. Neither the fine nor the
34	imprisonment may be suspended.
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	STATEMENT OF FACT
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	This bill makes the following changes to the fish and
40	wildlife laws.
40	The olders followed by the collection follows
42	1. It allows falconers to obtain a falconry permit for a
44	period of up to 3 years, making it consistent with federal falconry laws.
TI	rateonry raws.
46	2. It eliminates the training permit and increases the fee,
	which was requested by the Maine Professional Taxidermy
48	Association. The Department of Inland Fisheries and
	Wildlife has found the training permit to be ambiguous and
50	unenforceable and the department has had only one
_	application for this permit since it has been in existence.
52	The fee increase will bring this license more in line with
- 4	the department's other professional licenses, such as guides
54	and hide dealers.

2	that conflicts with a revision made to the law in 1989
	concerning when allocations are required.
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	4. It requires that a person who takes a deer on that
6	person's own land under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title
	12, section 7377, subsection 1 must attach a tag bearing
8	their name and address before transporting the deer to be
	registered.
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	5. It replaces the requirement that a person who has
12	legally registered a moose have the parts labeled with the
	registration seal number and the registrant's name and
14	address. This change requires that the parts be labeled

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This change requires that the parts be labeled with the name and address of the person who registered the moose as well as the name and address of the person to whom it is being given as a gift.

3. It deletes a paragraph of the whitewater rafting law

6. It makes it clear that the penalty for guiding without a license is a Class D crime, for which a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment of 3 days are imposed.