MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 725

S.P. 232

In Senate, March 2, 1993

An Act Regarding the Use of Alternate Jurors.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CONLEY of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 14 MRSA \$1204, 3rd \P , as amended by PL 1967, c. 441, \$3, is further amended to read:

Whenever by reason of the prospective length of a civil trial or other civil cause the court in its discretion shall-deem determines it advisable, it may direct that jurors in addition to the regular panel be called and impaneled to sit as alternate jurors. Such The alternate jurors in the order in which they are called shall replace jurors who, --prior--to--the--time-the--jury retires-te-censider-its-verdiet, become unable or disqualified to perform their duties. Such The alternate jurors shall-be are drawn in the same manner, shall have the same qualifications, shall--be are subject to the same examination and challenges, shall take the same oath and shall have the same functions, powers, facilities and privileges and may-be are subject to the same obligations and penalties as jurors on the regular panel. An-alternate-juror-who-does-not-replace-a-juror-on-the-regular panel-shall-be-diseharged-when-the-jury-retires-to-consider-its verdiet. The Supreme Judicial Court shall by-rule-provide adopt rules providing for the number of alternate jurors, the manner of exercising all challenges to alternate jurors, and the order and number of challenges to alternate jurors.

26

2

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

STATEMENT OF FACT

28

30

32

34

36

38

This bill amends current law by removing language that prohibits the seating of an alternate juror once the jury has retired to consider its verdict, thereby permitting the Supreme Judicial Court to adopt a rule governing the procedure for seating an alternate juror under such circumstances. Although such occasions arise infrequently, there are a number of reasons that might prevent a regular juror from continuing to serve, such as illness, accident or weather. This bill may prevent the declaration of mistrial and avoid the expenses associated with conducting a new trial in such circumstances.