MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 618

H.P. 481

House of Representatives, February 23, 1993

An Act Regarding Vessels Stored at Marinas.

Reference to the Committee on Business Legislation suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative RYDELL of Brunswick.

Cosponsored by Representatives: COLES of Harpswell, HOLT of Bath, MITCHELL of Freeport, PFEIFFER of Brunswick, Senator: HARRIMAN of Cumberland.

	be it enacted by the reopie of the State of Maine as follows:
	Sec. 1. 10 MRSA c. 212-A is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 212-A
	MAINE MARINA AND BOATYARD STORAGE ACT
	§1381. Short title
	This Act may be known and cited as the "Maine Marina and Boatyard Storage Act."
1	§1382. Definitions
	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
	1. Default. "Default" means the failure to pay obligations
	incurred by the storage of a boat, boat motor or boat trailer.
	2. Facility. "Facility" means a marina, boatyard or marine repair facility that provides, as part of its commercial
	operation, for the storage of boats, boat motors or boat trailers.
	3. Property. "Property" means a boat, boat motor or boat trailer in storage at a facility.
	<u>\$1383. Lien</u>
	1. Lien created. A facility owner has a lien on any
	property stored at that facility for rent, labor or other charges and for expenses reasonably incurred in the sale of that property
	under the provisions of this chapter.
	§1384. Notice of lien
	A property owner must be notified of the lien created by
	this chapter prior to enforcement of the lien by a facility
	owner. Notification of the lien created by this chapter is satisfied by:
	1. Written storage agreement. A written storage agreement,
	signed by the property owner, that includes a notice of the lien
	created by this chapter; or
	2. Written notice of lien. Written notification of the
	lien sent by the facility owner by registered mail, returned receipt requested, to the property owner at the property owner's
	last known address.

	A facility owner who does not have a written storage
2	agreement that includes a notice of the lien created by this
	chapter may not initiate any enforcement actions under section
4	1385 until 30 days after the written notice of a lien required by
	subsection 2 is delivered to the property owner.
6	
	§1385. Enforcement of lien
8	
	A facility owner may enforce a lien created in this chapter
10	only if the property owner has been notified of the lien as
	required by section 1384.
12	
	1. Sale; use of proceeds. If a property owner is in
14	default for a period of more than 90 days, a facility owner may
1.6	enforce a lien by selling the stored property at a public sale
16	for cash. The facility owner shall use the proceeds from the
10	sale to satisfy the lien and shall hold any balance remaining for
18	delivery on demand to the property owner or any other recorded
20	lienholders. If proceeds of the sale are not sufficient to
20	satisfy the property owner's outstanding obligations to the facility owner, the property owner remains liable to the facility
22	owner for such deficiency.
22	Owner for such deficiency.
24	2. Advertisement; notice of default. Prior to conducting a
	sale under this section, the facility owner shall:
26	base whose dies books and sudstate, on the built
	A. Send a notice of default by certified mail, return
28	receipt requested, to the property owner at the property
	owner's last known address or other address set forth by the
30	property owner in a storage agreement. The notice must
•	include:
32	
	(1) A statement that the property is subject to a lien
34	held by the facility owner;
36	(2) A statement of the facility owner's claim,
	indicating the charges due on the date of the notice,
38	the amount of any additional charges that will become
	<u>due before the date of sale and the date those</u>
40 .	additional charges will become due;
42	(3) A demand for payment of the charges due within a
4.4	specified time, not less than 30 days after the date
44	the notice is delivered;
46	(A) A statement that unless the alain is used within
40	(4) A statement that, unless the claim is paid within
48	the time stated, the property will be sold, specifying
10	the time and place; and
50	(5) The name, street address and telephone number of
	the facility owner, or the facility owner's designated
	restract of the ructility owner a designated

	agent, whom the property owner may contact to respond
2	to the notice; and
4	B. After the expiration of the 30-day period set forth in paragraph A, publish an advertisement of the sale once a
6	week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
8	circulation in the area where the sale is to be held. The advertisement must include a general description of the
	property, the name of the property owner and the time and
10	place of the sale. The date of the sale must be more than 15 days after the date the first advertisement of the sale is
12	published.
14	3. Location of sale. A sale under this chapter must be
16	held at the facility or at the nearest suitable location.
	4. Purchasers. A purchaser of property sold under this Act
18	takes the property free and clear of any rights of persons
20	against whom the lien was valid and all other lienholders.
	Facility owner liability. If the facility owner
22	complies with the provisions of this Act, the facility owner's liability:
24	
26	A. To the property owner is limited to the net proceeds received from the sale of the property; and
28	B. To other lienholders is limited to the net proceeds
30	received from the sale of the property covered by that other lien.
32	6. Denying access to storage facility. A facility owner may deny a property owner who has been notified under subsection
34	2 access to the storage facility, except that the property owner
	is entitled to access to the facility during normal business
36	hours for the purpose of satisfying the lien or viewing and
38	verifying the condition of the property.
	7. Notices by registered mail, return receipt requested.
40	Except as otherwise provided, all notices required by this
42	chapter must be sent by registered mail, return receipt requested. Notices sent to a facility owner must be sent to the
72	storage facility where the property owner's boat, boat motor or
44	boat trailer is stored. Notices to a property owner must be sent
16	to the property owner at the property owner's last known
46	address. Notices are deemed to be delivered when deposited with the United States Postal Service, properly addressed as provided
48	in subsection 2, with postage paid.
50	§1386. Cessation of enforcement actions
52	A facility owner shall cease enforcement actions immediately
J.	if:

- 1. Payment by owner. The property owner pays the facility owner the full amount necessary to satisfy the lien. At any time before the conclusion of a sale conducted under this chapter, the property owner may redeem the property by paying the full amount necessary to satisfy the lien; or
 - 2. Payment by other lienholders. A person other than the facility owner who has a lien on property pays the facility owner the full amount necessary to satisfy the lien held by the facility owner.

Sec. 2. Application. The following provisions apply to property in storage at a facility on the effective date of this Act.

1. Nothing in this Act may be construed to limit or otherwise affect the terms and conditions of a written storage contract valid on the effective date of this Act.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act, and unless otherwise provided in a valid written contract, the 90-day default period required by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 10, section 1384 begins 120 days after the effective date of this Act for any boat, boat motor or boat trailer in storage on the effective date of this Act.

STATEMENT OF FACT

This bill allows marinas, boatyards and other facilities used to store boats, motors and trailers to sell those items if the owners are in default for payment of fees for more than 90 days. The bill includes notification requirements and procedures of sale similar to those in existing law governing property stored at self-service storage facilities and provides for the property rights of owners of items presently in storage by starting the 90-day default period for those items 120 days after the effective date of this legislation.