



116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 510

H.P. 397

House of Representatives, February 16, 1993

An Act to Amend the Laws Relating to Property Tax Appeals.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative NADEAU of Saco. Cosponsored by Representatives: CLARK of Millinocket, DiPIETRO of South Portland, PLOURDE of Biddeford, RUHLIN of Brewer, STROUT of Corinth, SULLIVAN of Bangor, TARDY of Palmyra, Senators: CAREY of Kennebec, ESTY of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §273, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 764, §8, is amended to read:

6 §273. Nonresidential property exceeding \$1,000,000

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8 If the owner of nonresidential property with an equalized municipal valuation of \$599,099 \$1,000,000 or greater appeals to
10 the State Board of Property Tax Review as provided in sections 843 and 844, the state board shall hold a hearing de novo. For
12 purposes of this subchapter, "nonresidential property" means real estate that is appropriated for industrial, commercial or
14 business uses.

Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §843, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1985, c. 764, §17, is further amended to read:

Municipalities. Where-the If a municipality has adopted 1. a board of assessment review, --if and the assessors or the 20 municipal officers refuse to make the abatement asked for, the applicant may apply in writing to the board of assessment review 22 within 60 days after notice of the decision from which the appeal is being taken or after the application is deemed to have been 24 denied, and, if the board thinks he that the applicant is over-assessed, he it shall be--granted grant such reasonable 2.6 abatement as the board thinks proper. Except with regard to 28 nonresidential property with an equalized municipal value valuation of \$500,000 <u>\$1,000,000</u> or greater, either party may 30 appeal from the decision of the board of assessment review directly to the Superior Court, in accordance with Rule 80B of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure. If the board of assessment 32 review fails to give written notice of their its decision within 34 60 days of the date the application is was filed, unless the applicant agrees in writing to further delay, the application 36 shall--be is deemed to have been denied and the applicant may appeal to Superior Court as if there had been a written denial or 38 the applicant may appeal to the State Board of Property Tax Review by following the procedures specified in subsection 2.

Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §843, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 764, 42 §17, is amended to read:

1-A. Nonresidential property exceeding \$1,000,000. With regard to nonresidential property with an equalized municipal valuation of \$599,999 \$1,000,000 or greater, either party may appeal the decision of the local board of assessment review to the State Board of Property Tax Review within 60 days after notice of the decision from which the appeal is taken or after the application is deemed to be have been denied. The board

shall hold a hearing de novo. If the board thinks that the owner is over-assessed, it shall grant such reasonable abatement as the board thinks proper. For the purposes of this subchapter, "nonresidential property" means real estate that is appropriated for industrial, commercial or business uses.

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Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §844, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 764, §18, is amended to read:

10 2. Nonresidential property exceeding \$1,000,000. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the of nonresidential owner 12 property with an equalized municipal valuation of \$500,000 \$1,000,000 or greater may choose to appeal the decision of the assessors or the municipal effieials officers with regard to a 14 request for abatement to the State Board of Property Tax Review within 60 days after notice of the decision from which the appeal 16 is taken or after the application is deemed to be have been board thinks is 18 denied. Ιf the state that the owner over-assessed, it shall grant such reasonable abatement as the 20 thinks proper. For purposes of this subsection, board "nonresidential property" means real estate that is appropriated 22 for industrial, commercial or business uses.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to raise the equalized municipal valuation threshold for appeals of industrial, commercial and business properties to the State Board of Property Tax Review and to clarify the original legislative intent that the term "nonresidential property" does not include the family homes of nonstate residents.