MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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116th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1993

Legislative Document

No. 419

H.P. 331

House of Representatives, February 9, 1993

An Act to More Fully Regulate the Sale of Pets.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative TARDY of Palmyra.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §3933-A is enacted to read:
4	82022 A Det chang colling contiles on suchibines
6	\$3933-A. Pet shops selling reptiles or amphibians
8	A pet shop may sell a species of reptile or amphibian only if licensed to sell that species. The department shall designate on the license which species the pet shop is authorized to sell.
10	The department may authorize a pet shop to sell a species of
12	reptile or amphibian only if the applicant possesses the proper knowledge and facilities to adequately care for the species and
14	the applicant demonstrates a willingness and ability to educate purchasers of the reptile or amphibian on the care of the species.
16	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA c. 745 is enacted to read:
18	CHAPTER 745
20	REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS
22	§4201. Definitions
24	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
26	
28	1. House pet. "House pet" means an animal kept for personal use and enjoyment on residential property.
30	2. Restricted species. "Restricted species" means:
32	A. The following snakes: Burmese Pythons, African Rock
34	Pythons, Reticulated Pythons, Indian Pythons, Sri Lankan Pythons, Green Anacondas, Amethystine Pythons and any other large constrictor that commonly attains a length of more
36	than 12 feet;
38	B. The following lizards: Speckled Caimens, Water Monitors, Papuan Monitors, Salvator Monitors, Rough Neck
40	Monitors, Variegated Monitors, Bengal Monitors, Nile Monitors and any other monitor that has attained a snout to
42	vent length of 2 feet or more, measured from the tip of the snout to the cloaca; and
44	bilde to the cloudy and
46	C. Any reptile or amphibian the possession of which is prohibited or restricted by federal or state law or rule, or
48	which is classified as protected, endangered, threatened or otherwise listed for preservation by any organization
50	pursuant to state or federal law.

§4202. Venomous reptiles prohibited

A person may not offer for sale or purchase or import into the State or maintain in the State a venomous reptile.

§4203. Restricted species

- 1. Registration requirement. A person may not purchase in the State or import into the State any restricted species unless registered pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Process for registration. At the time a restricted species is purchased or imported into the State, the purchaser or importer shall complete and sign a registration form obtained from the department. The purchaser or importer shall retain one copy of the completed form and shall submit a copy to the department. The form must include information indicating that the purchaser or importer will comply with the animal care standards established in this chapter and in any rules established by the department to implement this chapter.
- 3. Ownership by minors. A minor may not own a restricted species without written parental consent and parental acceptance of liability for injury or property damage caused by the animal. In order for any minor to purchase a restricted species, the parent must indicate consent on a registration form.
- 4. Registration for breeding. A person who breeds a restricted species must register with the department if that person intends to sell those species to retail pet stores or to the public.

§4204. Reptiles and amphibians as house pets

A person owning a reptile or amphibian of any type must comply with the standards set forth in this Part.

Animals must be kept in a cage or enclosure or otherwise confined in a manner that will preclude escape and that will not threaten or annoy persons of normal sensitivity to reptiles or amphibians. Owners of reptiles and amphibians shall make adequate safeguards to prevent unauthorized access to the animals and take reasonable steps to capture an escaped animal.

Upon proper and reasonable request, the owner of a reptile or amphibian shall permit any person authorized to enforce this Part to inspect the animal, the equipment used with respect to the animal and the premises on which the animal is located to ensure compliance with this Part. The owner shall also make available to the inspecting authority any license, certificate or permit required as a condition of ownership of the animal.

2	§4205. Public display of reptiles and amphibians
4	A person may not display a reptile or amphibian to the
	general public for educational or other purposes without a
6	license to do so from the department. To obtain a license, the
	person must demonstrate that proper precautions will be taken
8	during the display to protect the animal and the public from
	injury. The department may not issue a license unless the person
0	signs a statement accepting liability for any injury incurred as
	a result of the display.
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	§4206. Liability
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	The owner of a reptile or amphibian is liable for any
	personal injury or property damage caused by the animal that
	results from a violation of this Part.
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	§4207. Enforcement; training
	34201: DHIOICEMERC, CLAIMING
	1. Rules for handling reptiles and amphibians. The
	department may adopt rules requiring authorities who handle
	reptiles and amphibians in enforcing this Title to be trained or
	certified specifically to handle these animals.
	certified specifically to mandre these animals.
	2. Enforcement expenses. In addition to any other penalty
	imposed for violation of this Part, the owner of a reptile or
	amphibian shall pay the enforcing authority for costs incurred by
	that authority in enforcing this Part.
	C 2 12 BATTOCA 97242
	Sec. 3. 12 MRSA §7243 is enacted to read:
	§7243. Exemption for reptiles and amphibians
	Reptiles and amphibians regulated by the Department of
	Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources pursuant to Title 7,
	chapter 745 are not subject to this subchapter.
	Sec. 4. 12 MRSA §7736, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1983, c.
	440, §14, is further amended to read:
	A. A person may keep a wild animal in captivity in
	accordance with sections 7231, 7235, 7241, and 7242; section
	7035, subsection 3; section 7771, subsection 2; or Title 7,
	section 1809: and

Sec. 5. 12 MRSA §7736, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1981, c.

644, §32, is further amended to read:

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2	B. A person may keep a wild animal in captivity if the animal was purchased or obtained originally from a dealer, pet shop or licensed wildlife exhibit.; and
4	Sec. 6. 12 MRSA §7736, sub-§1, ¶C is enacted to read:
6	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8	C. A person may keep a reptile or amphibian in captivity in accordance with Title 7, chapter 745.
10	
12	STATEMENT OF FACT
14	This bill establishes regulation by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources of the ownership, sale and
16	maintenance of reptiles and amphibians. The bill also removes these animals from the requirements for a permit for importation,
18	breeding or display by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife.
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